

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Fisgah News and Views.

Fisgah, Oct. 23.—The heavy rains of last week damaged the hay stacks so many of them had to turn down and dried.

I don't hear of many going to the fair, the fact is many have not the money to go on. What little cotton was made had to go to the debts contracted in making it and when paid there was nothing left.

The box supper here last Friday evening was a very enjoyable affair. The boxes of the girls were beautifully dressed and they read, sold. Old and young entered into the spirit of the occasion. Quite a nice sum was realized, which will go towards paying for the new piano of Fisgah church.

Prof. Burns and wife who are the school teachers here are very pleasant people and have made many friends since they have come here.

I have read the letters on what Sumter needs and agree with parts of many of them. I did not compete for the prize, but here are some things that Sumter needs: A cotton mill. Other towns and cities have them and they are a success. Why can't it be so at Sumter? A cold storage plant, where hogs can be cured to supply the city's needs and country too. Such a plant would stimulate the raising of many hogs and who is it that don't like the home raised meat better than the imported. This plant would be so convenient for farmers could sell their hogs and the good housewives could get what they need without trouble and farmers would not have to peddle their by-products all over the city to find buyers.

A green vegetable market where all vegetables and other things could be sold and farmers could find ready sale for what they raise and bring to town. This would be convenient for all the people.

A market for chickens and eggs, where both could be readily sold. This would stimulate the raising of chickens enough to supply the home and city's needs.

This would keep the money at home for such things. Plants and other industries will come and be established when they are needed. You don't need more money or goods, you have a plenty for the present needs. You have a wheat mill, gins, guano plants, and other industries. Fine schools and churches. By supplying what you have not Sumter will soon develop into a great city.

Death.

Miss Minnie R. Barnett died this morning at the Tuomey hospital, after several weeks' illness. She is survived by three sisters, Misses Jennie and Lena Barnett, and Mrs. H. C. DesChamps, and two brothers, Messrs. Henry D. of Sumter and Isaac of Bishopville.

The funeral services will be conducted at the family residence, corner of Warren and Washington streets, Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock and interment at the Jewish cemetery.

Winthrop Daughters Score Success.

To an audience that filled the auditorium of the Girls' High school, the Winthrop Daughters presented the second of their series of matinees for children last Friday afternoon. The program was opened with a delightful recitation by Miss Dorita Moise. Next came a recitation by dainty little Maude Minter Turner. This was followed by the Pumpkin Head Drill, in which eight little boys took part, and which furnished much amusement to the spectators. A most interesting story by Mrs. Clarence Haynsworth followed. Last of all came the well loved story of the "Sleeping Beauty" presented as a three act play under the direction of Misses Anna Bryan and Margaret Shaw, assisted at the piano by Mrs. M. C. Zemp. Charming indeed it proved, with its quaint and lovely costumes, artistic stage setting and exceptionally well carried out parts. The appearance of a very graceful little girl, beautifully dressed as fairies, and led by Miss Edna Wood, as their queen, brought much applause. Later Miss Wood, in her interpretation of a fairy dance, scored a wonderful success. The chapter wishes to extend sincere thanks to every person who assisted with this entertainment, and to assure the public that the next in the series will be equally as worthy of attendance.

Mr. Alfred Bryan had a narrow escape from gas asphyxiation Wednesday morning. He went into his bath room to shave and a few minutes later became faint and giddy. At first he did not realize what was causing the giddiness, but it finally occurred to him that there was an odor of gas. He got out of the room as quickly as possible, but he was quite ill for an hour or two.

When a man with but a single idea gets where he is going he hasn't seen much on the trip.

FOR SALE—One registered Jersey bull. Can furnish papers. Price reasonable. B. F. Kolb, Sumter, Route 2.

FOR SALE—New line of hats in velvet, felt, duvetyne; novelty line just received. Also ornaments for dresses. Come if you need anything in my line. Mrs. C. W. McGrew, N. Magnolia and Myrtle Sts.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE NOTES

Support your home enterprises and help them to grow bigger—help them to employ more men and women to distribute more home made money at home. Keep Sumter county money at home—keep our boys and girls at home by helping to furnish employment for them in Sumter enterprises. "Buy at Home—buy Sumter and Sumter county made products of every kind and stop the big leak of thousands being sent away for food, clothes, and all kinds of commodities grown, raised, manufactured, made or sold in Sumter county.

Then if those who wish to see the above very desirable things done and who have goods or services to sell will take enough interest in the fight against the mail order business and the habit of ordering things from outside of Sumter will just join the "made in Sumter" and the "Buy it in Sumter" departments of the Sumter County Fair, November 21st to 24th and will put in floats or decorated cars in the get-together, county-wide, mammoth and spectacular pageant of progress parade on Sumter County School Day of the County Fair, Friday, November 24th, these men, producers, sellers, and servers, can do some mighty big talking about "what we did" and what "we are doing" ourselves to help Sumter county dollars, board at home, work at home, and live at the same place "we do."

MARRIED

Mr. John A. Hughes and Miss Dora F. Smith were married at 7 o'clock Wednesday evening at the Catholic Chapel, Columbia, Rev. Father T. J. Hegarty, officiating. The only attendants were Mr. Joseph Hughes of Nashville, Tenn., and Miss Kate Reardon of Sumter and Mr. and Mrs. John Sibert of Sumter. Mr. and Mrs. Hughes left immediately after the ceremony for Nashville, Tenn., the former home of the groom, where they will spend ten days before returning to this city. They will make their home with Mrs. Walter Harby on Chestnut street.

State Convention of Disciples of Christ Meets in Sumter

The state convention of the Disciples of Christ is to be held in Sumter Christian church October 31st, November 1st and 2nd. It begins with Tuesday evening session 8 o'clock. Pastors and various members of the churches will be present; also representatives of the world-wide, missionary and benevolent interests. Mr. C. P. Burch of China, Miss Daisy June Trout of St. Louis, Mr. H. S. Hilley, president of Atlantic Christian College, Mr. E. M. Quick, Regional Bible School secretary from Atlanta, will be among the speakers. Rev. Stanley R. Grubb, pastor of First Christian church of Columbia will give the convention sermon address at Tuesday evening session. One interesting feature of the convention will be the religious education conference in the church basement at 6 p. m. Wednesday evening around the table at which supper will be served by ladies of the Grace Baptist church. This conference will be conducted by Mr. E. B. Quick. It is expected that Mr. Leon Palmer, superintendent of the State Sunday School Association will be present as one of the guests and speakers. Tickets for this supper and conference can be secured of Mr. Quick. Religious educational workers of any church are given special invitation. The Wednesday afternoon session of the convention will be given over entirely to the women's missionary work and will be in charge of the Women's Missionary Society of the State.

At the closing session of the convention Dr. E. M. Lightfoot of Columbia will give the chief address. He is state superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League. His address will have to do with law enforcement.

The presiding officer of the convention will be Mr. W. B. Turner, of Aiken, president of the Bank of Western South Carolina.

The public in general is invited to attend any or all of the sessions of this state meeting.

The special term of the Court of Common Pleas is making progress slowly. If there was some way of putting a little more "pep" into court procedure business could be disposed of with greater promptness and the docket would not be congested. The present session of the court is no exception to the rule—it is doing just as much business as usual, but there seems to be a lot of lost time and lost motion in the way our courts are run. Monday morning there was much delay in getting started on account of arrangements not having been made for a stenographer and when the docket was sounded there were the accustomed requests for continuances or postponements of the cases near the top of the list. And there were thirty-six jurors, the usual number of bailiffs and all the court officers sitting around on the payroll.

On Monday, October 30th, the Civic League will give a very informal tea at the Carnegie Library from six to nine, for the purpose of raising funds for new and interesting books. Everyone is cordially invited to come and bring some friends.

An actress gets rich on the audience's looks.

There are countless tollgates along the road to success.

SUSPEND LIQUOR RULING

Until Decision is Rendered by Supreme Court to Expedite Hearing

Washington, Oct. 25 (By the Associated Press).—Enforcement of the national prohibition law with respect to foreign shipping within American territorial waters will await a final interpretation of that section of the statute by the Supreme Court, it was indicated today by high administration officials. This interpretation is expected late next month, or in December.

Decision to withhold enforcement of the law as construed by Attorney General Daugherty was formally communicated today to Associate Justice Brandeis of the supreme court who subsequently refused to grant various steamship lines a stay against the enforcement of Federal Judge Hand's decision at New York dismissing their application for a permanent injunction restraining federal agents from applying the Volstead law.

Justice Brandeis was understood to have agreed with counsel for the government and the steamship line that the decision to withhold enforcement had removed any necessity for a legal stay through a writ of supercedas, which has been requested by the lines and acquiesced in by the department of justice. The decision as to enforcement was incorporated by Secretary Mellon to customs officers and prohibition agents which was drafted after Mr. Mellon had conferred at length with Attorney General Daugherty. The order was explained in this statement by the Treasury Secretary.

"Regulations are being prepared by this department for putting into effect the opinion of the Attorney General of October 6, 1922, but the subjects to be covered are various and of a complicated nature which are requiring considerable time and the attention of several different departments affected. Until the new regulations have been worked out, those at present in force will prevail, and I have to issue to the chief of the division of customs and the commissioner of internal revenue an order to that effect.

"Therefore, until the new regulations are available, enforcement of the law will continue as heretofore. For instance, foreign ships entering American territorial waters with liquor on board as cargo under seal can for the present proceed under such seal to their destination in a foreign port and sea stores in such foreign ships which are required to be sealed on arrival of the vessel within American ports, can, when such stores are required for the use of the officers and crew of the vessel, be opened only from time to time for withdrawal for such purposes, must be immediately resealed. This applies to foreign vessels only and of course, forbids the sale or service of liquors to passengers within American territorial waters.

"When the regulations governing enforcement of the law are completed and approved, notice will be given of the date on which they will become effective and a reasonable time will be given to foreign shipping to meet the new conditions.

"In the meantime, there is a possibility that the case which is being expedited and which is expected to come before the supreme court during November, may be decided, and in that event, the contemplated regulations in preparation may have to be modified to conform to the anticipated decision of the court."

Counsel for the steamship companies in their petition to Justice Brandeis contended that enforcement of the Daugherty ruling would cause irreparable damage to their business and would lead to diplomatic difficulties. A statement by the department of justice emphasized that the government did not concur in these contentions and acquiesced in the petition for a writ solely on the ground that preparations had been completed to expedite consideration of the case by the supreme court.

One of the elements entering into a discussion to defer enforcement is understood to have been a desire to avoid any possible international embarrassments pending a final interpretation of the law by the court of last resort. Protests against enforcement of the law are expected from foreign governments and more particularly from those whose laws require the serving of alcoholic beverages to members of the crews of ships flying their flags.

Bonar Law Advocates Negative Policy

Premier Tells Glasgow That Country Needs Rest and Tranquillity

Glasgow, Oct. 26.—Premier Bonar Law arrived here today to open his campaign in the general election. A resolution unanimously adopted indorses Law for parliament from the Glasgow central division. Law told the West Scotland Unionist Association that "my strong belief is the nation needs rest and tranquillity above everything else and my policy will be negative in this sense."

When a woman throws herself at a man she usually misses him.

LLOYD GEORGE OUSTED BUT NOT WHIPPED

Retiring Premier Goes Before British Public to Defend His Policies

London, Oct. 25.—Former Prime Minister Lloyd George started off his campaign in London today with a fighting speech to an enthusiastic meeting of the Coalition-Liberal members of Parliament, throwing down the gauntlet to the Conservatives whose attack upon the government, he declared, left no alternative but to "spread the war."

The little Welshman stood by his Manchester speech of last Saturday, reiterating his intention to support any party or government pursuing a policy of peace, economy and steady progress, neither revolutionary nor reactionary.

"We are confronted," said Mr. Lloyd George, "with a very important decision affecting not merely the future of those here and those who support them in the country, but a decision which affects the interest of the country itself. That is a more important matter for us all."

He counseled calmness and courage, and asserted the interests of the country must come first.

"I have seen parties destroyed by personal resentment," continued the former premier, "I have seen parties rendered impotent by personal resentments. I have seen their judgment deflected, and for that reason they are not making the contribution they ought to the well-being of the people for whose prosperity we are deeply concerned. We will not make that mistake, whatever happens. We will consider the land to which we are deeply attached first. Its interests must be deposited in our hearts, its interests must be the highest in our concern—Great Britain first; any party, even our own, second and even last."

"Now, that is our policy. We have stood for national unity, that is, unity of all men, all creeds, parties and sections for the purpose, first of all, of winning the war, and afterwards extricating the country from its after-the-war difficulties."

It was not their fault, declared Mr. Lloyd George to his hearers, if a party faction had arisen and unity had been for the moment broken. The war had been won and the country was getting through its troubles in peace gradually, and throughout the world re-establishment and successful grappling with financial difficulties was being accomplished.

"Our credit was being built up in a way that amazed the whole world," continued he. "Trade was beginning to turn unemployment was going down. In fact success was becoming so manifest that some people thought it time to seize the profits." Factionalism had been revived, and the success of the coalition had made some of the ablest, most experienced and most honorable men in the conservative party say:

"This isn't Jannock" (provincial English for "fair play.") "I can understand," he added, "a revolt of under-secretaries... I can also understand for the reasons indicated why the wiser heads of the party did not join in the revolt."

"The present may look prosperous or promising. The future is dark and difficult and the wiser men hesitated, were reluctant, apart from the fact that as Lord Balfour said, there are certain things gentlemen don't do."

"But what I can not understand is why the majority party took that line," said the former premier, laying emphasis upon those words.

"It is vital that we should not allow our view of the eastern transactions to weigh against the country's interests. This is the thing that matters at the beginning, at the end, and all the time." He expressed doubt as to whether the conservatives alone could defend the fabric of the institutions and the principals of the country for which millions had faced death.

"We are here," he declared, "to see how the situation which has been brought about by indiscreet, impulsive, thoughtless men shall be so handled that Great Britain shall not come to any harm by their deed."

Mr. Lloyd George said he was unable to explain the reasons for the breakdown—that he was perplexed when he tried to find what the differences were.

Mr. Lloyd George asserted that conditions here were tranquil and that he had seen conditions abroad worse than now.

The ex-premier credited the coalition with settling the trouble between Turkey and Greece "by strong and firm action which showed Great Britain meant to have peace on terms honorable to our country and which would be one of security for the world."

To have peace, he said, one must be strong. Great Britain was not going to extend her responsibilities, "but she must not be afraid of her responsibilities. A Britain that goes to the councils of the world afraid of her responsibilities is a Britain that will cease to count from that moment."

He said that in order to follow the traditional policy of the country, "we must stand for moderation in the treatment of foreign affairs and work with our allies to the best of our power, but not hinder the great British policy for which this country has always stood. We must not be tied behind the chariot of any other land."

Mr. Lloyd George said there should be no attempt to impose on Germany any payment beyond her capacity. "And what is within her capacity," he added, "she should pay."

"I do not stand for a policy that would say Great Britain must pay America all her debt but that she must exact nothing from Germany from France or from anybody else."

"I am for fair play but we must have it from our own citizens too."

Mr. Lloyd George said he had never changed his mind regarding the League of Nations and favored the enrolment of all the European nations as its members. "I am in favor," he declared, "of making every reasonable concession in order to induce the United States to associate itself with that great body if it can be accomplished. For until you get all the nations of Europe in (and I still think you can get the United States there) the League of Nations will be crippled."

"Working with the United States of America ought to be one of the chief purposes of any government. There is more in common between us than with any other land. Our ideals approximate in a way that probably the ideals of no other two countries do. If these two countries would work together it would be a most sure guarantee for the just peace which is the only lasting peace."

The remainder of the former Premier's speech deals with home policies. In it Mr. Lloyd George after tilting at Reginald McKenna for changing his allegiance from Asquith to Bonar Law advocated improvement in trade and increase in employment, urged stern economic measures and asserted that capital and labor must work together.

Regarding the attitude to be adopted toward the coming elections, Mr. Lloyd George said: "Labor has declared ruthless war upon us. In self-defense, therefore, you have to fight and resist the onslaughts of the successful party of this country."

EXCHANGE RATES DROP

French, Belgian and Italian Hit Year's Low Mark

New York, Oct. 25.—French, Belgian and Italian exchange rates dropped to their lowest prices of the year today. French francs dropped 16 1/2 points to 6.91; Belgian francs yielded 14 points to 6.35 cents and Italian lire sold off 2 1/2 points to 3.99 1/2 cents.

The par value of each of the Allied continental currencies is 133 cents.

The asphalt surfacing on the Bishopville road will be completed this week and the first section of the hard surface highway will be open to White's Mill.

FOOTBALL DRAWS BIG CROWDS

Standing Room Will Be at Premium at Clemson-Carolina Game

Columbia, Oct. 25.—Nine thousand people will see the Clemson-Carolina game at the fair grounds here tomorrow. The stands in the football area seat approximately nine thousand and up to today there were only a few bleacher seats unsold, and the prospects that these would go during the day and there would be a demand for more.

The state fair is in the midst of its biggest season. With larger crowds than ever before, with better exhibits and more popular attractions, the gala week is drawing thousands each day.

Several hundred Confederate veterans are attending the fair, and camped in tents on the fair grounds, they are having the finest reunion they have known in this state in years. They came to the city railroad fare free; they are admitted to the fair free; they are the guests of the powers that be in every direction, and they are having the times of their lives. Tonight an old-time "fiddlers' convention" will be staged.

Jos. W. Tolbert Is Now Marshal

Gets Recess Appointment For Western District of State

Greenville, Oct. 25.—Joseph W. Tolbert, recently given a recess appointment by President Harding as United States marshal for the western District of South Carolina, took the oath of office before Judge H. H. Watkins at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon and immediately afterwards assumed charge of the office. No effort was made by counsel for former Marshal Lyon to prevent Mr. Tolbert from taking the office. Charles J. Lyon, Jr., son of the former marshal who was a deputy under his father, tendered his resignation immediately upon assumption of the office by Mr. Tolbert.

"Eventually all of the present office force will go," asserted Tolbert this afternoon. "One has already said he intended resigning and I believe two more expect to leave shortly. I have not definitely decided just who I will appoint to fill the vacancies made by those who are leaving now."

Mrs. Maggie Allen, who for some time past has been connected with the marshal's office, said today she would remain in the office about sixty days more, until Mr. Lyon's business could be wound up.

When the political pot boils someone gets into hot water.

AMERICAN RELIEF WORKER IS MISSING

Richmond, Va., Man Disappears in the Moscow Region

Moscow, Oct. 25.—The hat worn by Phillip J. Shield, the missing Richmond, Va., American Relief Worker, has been found on the banks of the Volga five miles from the town, according to a telegram from Joseph Dalton, supervisor of the relief work at Simbirsk.

Ku Klux Klan Active

Effort Made to Have Juror Disqualified

Corsicana, Texas, Oct. 21 (By the Associated Press).—The overruling of the defendant's motion to discharge the jury on account of R. J. Banks' alleged disqualification as juror and the admission by Earle B. Mayfield, the Democratic nominee for senator, that he had once belonged to the Ku Klux Klan, featured today's session of the court in the Mayfield ballot injunction suit.

The motion to discharge the jury and stop the trial was overruled late today by Judge Scarborough, after he had heard Banks, whose qualification as a juror was attacked, and W. H. Brewster, who swore to the charges from which Banks' disqualification was sought, testify. The other eleven members of the jury were out of the court room during the evidence and argument of opposing counsel. The Ku Klux Klan took a prominent part in the proceedings.

It was brought out by Brewster's testimony that there was a meeting of the Corsicana Ku Klux Klan near Kerons last night, and the Mayfield injunction suit was discussed; that there was a "Democratic meeting" in this same vicinity last night was also testified to by Alfred R. Young, of Corsicana, who admitted he is a member of the Klan. Young further testified that Brewster told him at this meeting of his (Brewster's) alleged conversations with Juror Banks and Banks is said to have made the statement that "Mayfield is a Ku Kluxer, ought to be in the penitentiary and his name should not be on the general election ballot."

U. D. C. Convention

Georgia Daughters in Session at Dicator

Decatur, Ga., Oct. 26.—Important reports, discussions and an address by Miss Mildred Rutherford, of Athens, Ga., former president, featured the second day's sessions of the United Daughters of the Confederacy in convention here today.

JOHNSON TO RULE ON SOLITARY HIT

Ty Cobb Kept Out of 400 Class by Opinion of Scorer

New York, Oct. 23.—A difference in the judgment of official and unofficial scorers involving a solitary hit, will keep Ty Cobb out of the 400 batting class this year, unless President Johnson, president of the American League overrules the official scorer, it was said, in league circles today.

At the close of the session the official records credited Cobb with 210 hits, one less than necessary for a 400 average, but because several other records were dependent on his mark, a recheck against the unofficial figures were decided upon. These official records gave Cobb 211 hits, an average of .409.

The difference of one hit was found to exist in the records of the game of May 15, between the Tigers and the Yankees at the Polo Grounds, the official count giving Cobb one hit and the unofficial according him two.

The official scorer recalled that Cobb hit a grounder in the direction of second base, which Everett Scott, the Yankee shortstop, made an effort to get and did reach, but permitted it to slip away. It was his judgment that Scott should have stopped the ball, and consequently the play was chalked up as an error. The newspaper scorers called it a hit.

KILLED ON TRACK

Rich Thompson Goes to Sleep on Railroad Near Pinewood

Richard Thompson, colored, was killed on the railroad track near Pinewood Saturday night between 10 and 11 o'clock. He was in a store in Pinewood about 10 o'clock where he made a purchase and left soon after that hour to go home. Sunday morning his dead body was found beside the track about one-half mile north of Pinewood. The top of his head was cut off and a part of one hand. The indications were that he had gone to sleep beside the track with his head on or against the rail, with his hand under his head. It is supposed that he was killed by a train that passed Pinewood about a half hour after Thompson left the town on his way home.

Italy on Brink Of Revolution

Fascisti Preparing to Take Charge of Country

Rome, Oct. 26.—Fascisti preparation for the assumption of power is seen in the ordering of all military sections to keep in readiness 300,000 workers. Military leaders have been called by Benito Mussolini, leader of the Fascists.

Don't Be Misled By Talk of Special Sales and Cut Prices

D. J. Chandler Clothing Co.'s -Regular Prices For Comparison-

MEN'S SUITS				
\$12.50	\$15	\$18	\$22.50	\$25
OVERCOATS				
Good Heavy Wool Overcoats at				
\$12.50	\$15.00	\$18.00	\$20	
\$22.50		\$25.00		
MEN'S UNDERWEAR				
A good quality, Well made, closed crotch Union Suit				
\$1.40				
How is this? High Rock Shirts and Drawers, 75c heavy Storm King. Per garment -----				
AND SPEAKING OF SHOES				
Edmonds' Foot Fitters for ----- \$6.00				
Stanworth Dress Shoes ----- \$5.00 and \$6.00				
Woolverine Work Shoes ----- \$3.00				

BOYS' OVERCOATS		
\$3.50	\$4.50	\$5.00 AND UP TO \$10
KNEE PANT SUITS		
\$4.50	\$5.00	\$6.00 AND UP TO \$10
TWO PANTS SUITS		
\$7.50	\$8.50	TO \$10
BOYS' AND MEN'S SWEATERS		
FROM \$1.00 TO \$10.00		
Jumbo, Shaker Knit and Honeycomb Weaves in this stock. These are all new this season. A good variety of colors to choose from.		
BOYS' DRESS SHOES		
From 9s to 2s at ----- \$3.00		
MEN'S HATS		
Schoble, Mallory and other good makes in felt, scratch and velour, from \$2.50 TO \$5.00		

The Largest Stock in Eastern Carolina, Embracing All the Newest Fabrics and Styles.