

The Watchman and Southerner.

SUMTER WATCHMAN, Established April, 1850.

"Be Just and Fear not—Let all the ends Thou Aims't at be thy Country's, Thy God's and Truth's."

THE TRUE SOUTHERNER, Established June, 1866.

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SUMTER, S. C., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 20, 1917.

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UNREST IN SPAIN.

REVOLUTION THREATENS OVERTHROW OF KING ALFONSO.

Great War Causes Turmoil in Only Remaining Important Neutral Power of Europe—Army Said to Favor Revolutionists.

The upheaval caused by the great war, which has already hurled two monarchs from their thrones, now menaces the ancient throne of Spain. From what little is known the Spanish army is taking the lead in revolutionary movement, which has been accelerated by the scarcity of food and the general industrial unrest. Rumors of unrest have been current since May, when the government suspended constitutional guarantees. In an outbreak in Barcelona on June 1st, the soldiers sided with the revolutionists. The exact part the issues of the war play in the revolution is difficult to determine. The masses generally are credited with being pro-Ally while the aristocratic party is pro-German.

The whole situation on the German front in northern France is similar to that existing just prior to the great "strategic retreat" of the Germans from the Somme front. The British are striking at almost all points in the hope of delivering a shattering blow in a second "retreat to victory" materializes.

After heavy artillery preparation the Germans delivered an attack south of the Ypres-Comines canal last night, which the British announced was completely repulsed.

The French announced the repulse of several German raids on the heights of the Meuse. The artillery was active around Craonne and Mount Carallent.

Germany announced today that fresh engagement developed early today between British and Germans in the Bullecourt region and east of Lens.

Italy announced the capture of Caporetto, a strongly fortified Austrian position in eastern Trentino.

MORE THAN \$100,000.

Sumter People Subscribed for \$101,000 Liberty Bonds.

Even after the hour for closing the subscriptions to the Liberty bond, the local committee appointed for the purpose, in conjunction with the banks, made a last strenuous effort to sell enough bonds to approximate the amount allotted to Sumter as her share. These efforts were met with considerable success and about \$6,000 worth of bonds were placed in addition to the amount already sold, which as already reported, was \$95,050. This makes a total of about \$101,000 worth of bonds sold in Sumter county.

PRICE BOOSTERS CHECKED.

Navy Will Pay Only Fair Prices for Coal and Oil.

Washington, June 18.—Secretary Daniels has ordered coal and oil producers to supply the enormous quantities the navy will need at prices to be fixed later by the president after the federal trade commission has determined a fair rate. Steel is being bought at the prices fixed by the department when secretary Daniels rejected the steel makers price as too high. Secretary Daniels said that coal was quoted at \$2.95 per ton at the mines, and oil at from \$1.58 to \$1.86 per barrel at Port Arthur.

NEW SEABOARD SUPERINTENDENT.

H. B. Gramshaw Promoted From Superintendent of Division.

Norfolk, June 18.—H. B. Gramshaw, superintendent of the Georgia division of the Seaboard Air Line, with headquarters at Savannah, has been appointed general superintendent of that system, with headquarters at Savannah. R. S. Marshall succeeds Gramshaw. Marshall at present holds the office of assistant manager, which is abolished.

IRISH PRISONERS RETURN.

Large Crowds Greeted Them When They Arrived in Dublin.

London, June 18.—Large crowds gathered in Dublin this morning to welcome the release of the Irish prisoners, all of whom arrived, except Countess Marcevicz. There was much singing and cheering, but no disorder.

CAMPAIGN IN BELGIUM.

SIGNS THAT BRITISH OFFENSIVE IS ONE OF MOST IMPORTANT OF WAR.

Germans Forced to Retreat at Comparatively Rapid Rate and British Press Them Hotly and Relentlessly.

Washington, June 15.—The British campaign in Belgium shows signs of developing into one of the most important of the war. The Germans are apparently unable to resist the pressure and are being forced back at a comparatively rapid rate. Today brings the announcement of another British gain of five hundred to one thousand yards on a front of seven miles. Correspondents report signs of a probable additional German retreat.

Today's German official statement admits the retirement of German forces at two points in Belgium. The British announced that their attack last night gave them one big gun, seven machine guns and one hundred and fifty prisoners. The British artillery commands the situation and seems to be almost wholly responsible for the Germans yielding.

BISHOP KILGO QUILTS.

Resigns as President Emeritus, Trustee and Chairman of Board Because of Old Controversy.

Charlotte, N. C., June 15.—Bishop John C. Kilgo of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, tendered his resignation as president emeritus, trustee and chairman of the board as well as chairman of the executive committee of Trinity college as the result of a controversy growing out of the alleged desecration of the American flag by members of the 1917 graduating class during their sophomore year.

A rag containing the numerals "1917" is alleged to have been fastened on an American flag. Bishop Kilgo in an address at Chapel Hill denounced the members of the class. The class then adopted resolutions resenting his remarks as the intrusion of an outsider.

At the commencement this spring Bishop Kilgo declined to sign the diplomas of any male member of the class because, he said, they knew of the action of the guilty persons.

TROUBLES IN SPAIN.

Movement to Change Entire Political System of Country is Gaining Strength.

Madrid, June 18.—The movement for a radical rebuilding of the whole political edifice in Spain is gaining adherence everywhere and following the action of the soldiers, defense committees are springing up everywhere among professions, trades and government servants. The officers' defense committees demanded rewards proportionate to service and promotion by merit, with due regard to seniority. Political observers agree that the situation continues one of extraordinary difficulty.

PROF. JOYNES DEAD.

Distinguished Scholar and Educator Dies Full of Years and Honors.

Columbia, June 18.—Edward Southey Joynes, South Carolina's most distinguished educator and well known as an author of school text books and other works, died at his apartments at a hotel here today after a brief illness. He was 83 years old. The funeral arrangements will be announced later.

Dr. Joynes was one of the most widely known of all the professors of modern languages in the South. Dr. Joynes was born in Accomac county, on the eastern shore of Virginia, March 2, 1834. He was graduated from the University of Virginia and the University of Berlin.

After filling professorships in many Southern colleges and universities he was called to the chair of modern languages at the University of South Carolina in 1882. After 55 years of noteworthy service as an educator and publicist, he received, in 1908, a handsome retiring allowance from the Carnegie foundation.

WILL ATTACK GERMANS.

English Will Take Steps to Stop Air Raids.

London, June 18.—Chancellor Bonar Law today announced that the government intends to take steps not only for damaging the enemy, but for preventing raids on England.

CAMP SITES ALL CHOSEN.

LAST FOUR CITIES OF TOTAL OF SIXTEEN ANNOUNCED BY WAR DEPARTMENT.

At Each Cantonment Full Division Will be Given its Preliminary Training.

Washington, June 14.—Four sites for war army divisional cantonments were approved today, completing the list of sixteen points at which military towns are to be built by September 1, when the first draft of troops will be called to the colors.

At each cantonment a full division will be given its preliminary training before being sent to Europe for final instructions behind the firing line. They will be located as follows:

Ayer, Mass.; Yaphank, L. I., N. Y.; Wrightstown, N. J.; Annapolis Junction, Md.; Petersburg, Va.; Atlanta, Ga.; Columbia, S. C.; Chillicothe, O.; Louisville, Ky.; Battle Creek, Mich.; Little Rock, Ark.; Rockford, Ill.; Des Moines, Iowa; Fort Riley, Kan.; Fort Sam Houston, Texas; American Lake, Washington.

In addition to these the following six of sixteen camp sites for divisions of the National Guard have been formally announced:

Fort Worth, Texas; Waco, Texas; Houston, Texas; Fort Sill, Okla.; Linda Vista, Cal.; Deming, N. M. It is possible that a seventh National Guard camp will be established in conjunction with the national army cantonment at American Lake, Washington, but the war department has not said the final word on this point yet. A start has already been made on the enormous construction task ahead of the war department and the Council of National Defense. Contracts for the American Lake cantonment, the fifth to be awarded, were let today. Contracts previously announced were for Ayer, Atlanta, Columbia and Wrightstown.

Location of the remaining National Guard camps now is under consideration. All probably will go into the Southeastern or Southern departments, as they will be canvas camps and unsuited to severe climates. Officials said today that transportation facilities would govern all selections. Constructing quartermasters already have been assigned for all the cantonment sites and plans approved in detail.

GERMANY OFFERS PEACE.

Separate Peace Offered Russia Through Members of Swiss Council.

Stockholm, June 16.—The Social Democrats says that Germany made an offer of peace to Russia through a member of the Swiss federal council.

The Demokrat publishes a telegram said to have been sent from the political department of Swiss federal council to the Swiss minister at Petrograd, saying that Hoffman, a member of the Swiss council, authorizes him to tell Prof. Grimm, the Russian Socialist who returned to Russia from Switzerland, that Germany will not undertake an offensive movement as long as an arrangement with Russia seems possible. Also that Germany desires an honorable peace with Russia, giving back Russian provinces, provided Russia returns captured Austrian provinces.

WIRE EXPERTS READY.

Thousands of Operators Join Signal Service.

Washington, June 15.—Private companies are supplying thousands of operators for the signal corps of the war armies. The committee on telegraphs and telephones of the council of national defense announced today that the American Telephone and Telegraph company alone had 14 battalions of picked experts in process of organization for field service. The Western Union has made provision for the instruction of 3,000 additional Morse operators for the same purpose and the Postal Telegraph and various independent companies also are doing their share.

All of the companies are preparing to replace men operators with women as rapidly as possible at the keys in order to release the men for war service.

Jap Sinks U-Boat.

London, June 18.—It is officially announced that a Japanese warship probably sank a Teuton submarine in the Mediterranean.

ALL AMERICAN UNION.

SHOULD STAND TOGETHER, URUGUAY DECLARES.

Explains That it Sympathizes With Neighbor and Would Welcome Cooperation.

New York, June 15.—A communication sent by the government of Uruguay to the government of Brazil regarding Brazil's departure from its attitude of neutrality in the war was made public here tonight by Jose Richling, consul general of Uruguay, with approval of Dr. Carlos Maide Pena, Uruguayan minister at Washington. A free translation of the document follows:

"The government of Uruguay takes pleasure in informing the minister of Brazil that it finds itself in full sympathy and accord with the ideals expressed in the Brazilian note; it reiterates once more its very earnest desire to see the American countries in collective and actual cooperation adopt a joint policy which will find expression in lawful forms or in practical methods to the end that these countries, united as they are by everlasting bonds of democracy and identical conceptions of justice and liberty, may achieve a solidarity beneficial to all.

"The principles and the interest involved logically demand, for the efficiency of the forms and methods above referred to, and the free development of the countries—in the light of the appalling events which move the world—a close union of action so that any act perpetrated against one of the countries of America in violation of the precepts of international law as universally recognized shall constitute an offense against all of them and consequently cause a common reaction in all.

"Uruguay cherishes the hope that the American nations will see their way clear to adopt a collective policy in this direction be it by means of a continental congress or through the instrumentality of other proceedings and in an attitude of expectancy trusts that this aspiration may soon be realized and thus allow the Americans an efficient use of their moral and material resources and give them the full measure of influence in the destinies of the world to which they are entitled."

CONTRACTS FOR SHIPS.

Gen. Goethals Announces Placing Orders for Thirty-four Ships.

Washington, June 18.—Contracts for ten more steel vessels complete, and for twenty-four additional wooden hulls were announced today by Major Gen. Goethals. The vessels are to be delivered during 1918.

NEED MATERIAL FOR PADS.

Red Cross Chapter Asks Aid for Wounded Soldiers.

An urgent call has come from Red Cross headquarters for "Rest Pads" for wounded soldiers. These pads are made of pieces of cotton or linen cut into strips or small bits, and stuffed into cotton cases, stitched through the center, on the order of old fashioned saddle bags. To aid this work, the women of Sumter are asked to collect their scraps of linen or cotton, old underwear or material of any kind. (No silk or wool wanted), and to have them ready for the committee who will call from house to house for them. It will save time, and help a great deal if those who will give this cloth, will phone Mrs. Marion Moise, at No. 570, or leave their donation at the residence of Mrs. Warren Moise, 23 Warren St.

Marriage License Record.

Marriage licenses have been issued within the last few days to the following:

White—W. R. Thigpen and Sudie Kolb, Sumter, and C. M. Spears and Wilhelmina Ariall, both of Lamar. Colored—Wes Williams and Sarah Williams, Eastover; James Ludd and Sarah Times, Sumter; William Graham and Carrie Gadsden, Sumter; Edward McCoy and Eliza Taylor, Brogdon; J. I. Harvin and Lou Lila Jenkins, Sumter.

The rumor about yesterday that the flood gates at White's Mill had burst has proved to be false. Mr. McLeod, the miller out there, was in town this morning and reported that the mill dam and the flood gates were perfectly intact and he was grinding peacefully as usual.

SUBMARINE WINS FIGHT.

AMERICAN ARMED TANKER ABANDONED ON FIRE.

Moren and U-Boat Exchange Hundreds of Shots, Merchantman Finally Taking Fire.

Washington, June 15.—American naval gunners have met their first defeat in open fight with a German submarine. Official dispatches today announced the destruction of the tank steamship Moren, abandoned at sea June 12 by her crew and armed guard after a desperate running fight in the war zone, which cost the lives of four of her crew.

Half an hour after the tanker had been sent to the bottom her 43 survivors, including all the members of the armed guard, were picked up with their lifeboats by a passing steamer. The German commander had set them adrift after congratulating the American skipper upon his game fight and having the wounded men treated by the submarine's surgeon.

The submarine began the action at a range of 8,000 yards, four nautical miles, when she was hardly visible to the steamer without glasses. Presenting virtually no target herself she sent 200 shells at the big tanker, making many hits, while the American gunners wasted 150 shots without harming the speck from which the deadly ball came.

Naval officials assumed that the submarine was armed with the 6-inch rifle mounted by most of the newest undersea boats. No statement was available tonight as to the armament of the Moren, nor as to whether she was one of the vessels that sailed without waiting for full equipment including a range finder. The failure of the gunners to get the submarine was attributed generally to the long range and small target.

The action of the submarine commander in treating his vanquished opponents with such unexpected courtesy was the subject of much comment. Germany has proclaimed her intention to treat British armed merchant crews as pirates. In this case even the naval bluejackets and their officers, properly prisoners of war, were set free along with the merchant crew.

WISACKY NEWS ITEMS.

Fine Wheat Crop Harvested—Farmers Behind with Their Work—Marriage.

Wisacky, June 15.—The farmers have gathered their oat and wheat crops. The oat crop being short on account of the freeze in February, but the yield of wheat is fine. The only regret is not having planted a larger acreage.

The farmers have been hustling the few good days that we have had this week. Everybody is behind with their work, owing to the very heavy rains. The crops are looking well for the time of year, except the corn, it is rather small for the season.

On the evening of the 12th Miss Eunice, daughter of Mr. M. L. Williams, was married to Mr. S. J. Rain, of Florence. It was a very quiet affair, only the family and near relatives being present.

Immediately after the ceremony they motored to Lynchburg and took the evening train for quite an extended trip. After July 1st they will be at home to their friends in Florence.

NEED FOR HASTE.

Unlabeled Work is Pushed on Cantonments Army Will Not Be in Training September 1st.

Washington, June 18.—Unless there are unforeseen developments to hurry the construction of the sixteen cantonments for training the new national army the first increment of six hundred and fifty thousand will not be in training on September 1st, as has been generally supposed; and, in fact, they may not go into training for six weeks thereafter.

MORE COTTON FERTILIZER.

Agricultural Department Says More and Better Fertilizer is Used.

Washington, June 18.—Cotton has been more heavily fertilized this year than last. Reports to the department of agriculture indicate not only that more fertilizer has been used per acre, but that it is better quality and cost more. South Carolina has used 89 pounds to the acre more than last year.

FRENCH APPLAUD PERSHING.

ARRIVAL OF AMERICAN COMMANDER IN PARIS SIGNALIZES AMERICA'S PARTICIPATION IN WAR.

The Splendid Reception Given Denotes Harmony of Spirit Between America and Her Allies, Says Baker.

Paris, June 14.—Although this was one of the days when the popular Paris 1-cent newspapers are restricted to two pages to economize on paper, they devoted the greater part of one of these pages to descriptions of the arrival of Maj. Gen. Pershing and his staff.

Every fact obtainable about the general is set forth. His military record is dwelt upon, his family record traced and his personal appearance described, reinforced by his photograph.

Typical among the graceful introductions to such articles is that by Maurice De Waleffe, in The Journal: "There are no longer any Pyrenes."

said Louis XIV, when he married a Spanish princess. 'There is no longer any ocean.' Gen. Pershing might say with greater justice as he is about to mingle with ours the democratic blood of his soldiers. The fusion of Europe and America is the enormous fact to note. Henceforth there is but one human race, in the old world as in the new, and we can repeat the words of Goethe at the battle of Valmy, 'From today a new order of things begins.'

Gen. Pershing attended this afternoon's session of the Chamber of Deputies. When he entered the diplomatic gallery with Ambassador Sharp all the deputies arose and cheered. After the general had bowed his acknowledgment Premier Ribot made a statement on the abdication of King Constantine and M. Viviani addressed the chamber on the results of the French mission to the United States.

The demonstration was the more significant because it came from a great outpouring of people who for the time being seemed almost to forget that war was in progress.

It was not Gen. Pershing alone who came in for unprecedented ovations, but every American caught sight of by the people was almost burdened with flowers. Crowds shouted themselves hoarse with cheers for America. From every house top all along the route, from every window, from every elevation and from the thousands upon thousands who choked every thoroughfare in the vicinity of the line of march there was hurled a welcome that no American in Paris ever will forget.

Gen. Pershing was expected to arrive from Boulogne at 5 o'clock, but his special train did not reach Paris until 6.30. This gave opportunity for thousands who work until 6 o'clock to mass themselves along the route, until the congestion became so great that transportation was tied up. Gen. Pershing's features were not familiar to the people, but "Papa" Joffre's cap caught the eye of the people and revealed the identity of the soldier in khaki at his side.

At the station Gen. Pershing was met by a group of French officials, including Minister Viviani, Marshal Joffre and Gen. Foch, Painleve and Pétit, and by a group of Americans, headed by Ambassador Sharp. At one end of the station was an improvised throne with red tapestries such as is erected when royalty is visiting the city, which had been put up for the occasion. Before leaving the station the party assembled at this point. Speeches of welcome were delivered by prominent Frenchmen.

THE SUBMARINE TOLL.

German U-Boats Have Destroyed 457 Merchant Vessels.

Washington, June 18.—The German submarine toll of British merchant shipping as compiled here is 322 vessels of more than 1,600 tons and 135 of less than 1,600 tons. Seventy-eight British steam fishing vessels were sunk in the same period. The record for sailing fishing vessels is incomplete, but a three weeks' total was 78. The estimated total is 1,745,000 tons, or about one-quarter million less than the entire world's shipping output during 1916.

COMMERCE COMMISSIONER DEAD.

Judson C. Clements Died Today at Washington.

Washington, June 18.—Commissioner Judson C. Clements, of the Interstate Commerce Commission, died here today. His home was in Rome, Ga. He was sixty years old.