

SUMMER COTTON MARKET.

Corrected Daily by
ERNEST FIELD, Cotton Buyer.
Good Middling 17 3-4.
Strict Middling 17 5-8.
Middling 17 1-2.
Strict Low Middling 17 1-4.
Low Middling 16 3-4.
Staple cotton 20 to 23c.

Corrected Daily by
HARRY & CO., Cotton Buyers.
Good Middling 17 3-4.
Strict Middling 17 5-8.
Middling 17 1-2.
Strict Low Middling 17 3-8.
Low Middling 16 7-8.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Yest'dys
Feb	17.75	18.03	17.62	.91	.55
May	17.53	.97	.53	.75	.48
July	17.53	.83	.42	.63	.42
Oct	16.60	.82	.52	.65	.42
Dec	16.75	.86	.61	.76	.60

Twice Proven.

If you suffer backache, sleepless nights, tired, dull days and distressing urinary disorders, don't experiment. Read this twice-told testimony. It's Sumner evidence—doubly proven.

W. M. Folsom, proprietor dry goods store, Main Street, Sumner, says: "My back ached nearly all of the time, and if I made a quick move sharp pains started through me. After sitting down for awhile, I had to lift myself up by force. The kidney secretions were discolored, and full of sediment. Doan's Kidney Pills relieved the backache and pains and I could rest much better." (Statement given March 17, 1905.)

On Jan. 11, 1915, Mr. Folsom said: "The benefit Doan's Kidney Pills brought me has lasted. Another of my family has since used them with good results."

Price 50c., at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Folsom has twice publicly recommended. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.—Adv. 31

Berne, March 2 (via Paris).—A Vienna dispatch says that Austria has agreed to lend Turkey 240,000,000 crowns for an unnamed period. The money is to be used for purchases in Austria-Hungary.

BIG NAVAL BILL TO WILSON.

FINAL ACTION ON APPROPRIATION TAKEN BY CONGRESS.

Tillman Patriotically Yields on Section Providing for Enlargement of Dry Dock in Charleston.

Washington, March 4.—The naval appropriation bill was sent to the president shortly after 1 o'clock this morning when final congressional action was taken, the senate agreeing to the conference report previously accepted by the house.

The senate then adopted the house resolution providing for a bond issue of \$150,000,000 to expedite construction of naval vessels. That completed approval of the administration naval programme.

The separate resolution for a bond issue of \$150,000,000 to provide for hastening construction of naval vessels was passed by the house without opposition.

Without a roll call the house later agreed to the conference report on the naval bill itself.

Only senate approval and the president's signature was needed then to complete enactment of the measure but it was uncertain when the senate would act.

Conferees on the \$535,000,000 bill agreed on a report at 7 o'clock last night. They reduced the extra number of submarines to be built on the Pacific coast from 50 to 20, making the total number of submarines provided for in the bill 33.

The senate conferees yielded also the provision for enlarging the Charleston (S. C.) dry dock, Senator Tillman declaring that he would rather the dock never should be built than to imperil passage of the bill at this time.

Makes Excellent Address.

Rev. Watson B. Duncan, D. D., made an excellent address Sunday afternoon at the Rex Theatre, his subject being "The Shadow of the Soul." The speaker was heard by a fair sized audience, which was much pleased with his remarks.

Marriage License Record.

A license to marry has been issued to M. J. Davis, Manning, and Miss Lily Douglas, Winnsboro. License secured by colored couples were Elijah Jones and Annie Weeks, Exord; Sandy Dean, Dalzell, and Bertha States, Rembert.

AUSTRIA WOULD AVOID RUPTURE

DETERMINED TO MAKE EVERY EFFORT TO MAINTAIN RELATIONS WITH UNITED STATES.

The American Embassy at Vienna Evidently Not Expecting Immediate Break—Negotiations in Progress.

Berne, Switzerland, Thursday, Mar. 1.—(Via Paris, March 2.—Recent reports that the Austro-Hungarian government has determined to make every effort to maintain diplomatic relations with the United States is corroborated by information reaching here from Vienna.

The strong impression prevails that Austria-Hungary intends to make every sacrifice which it regards as reasonable to avoid a rupture, although such action apparently would mean flying in the face of Germany.

An American in close touch with Austrian diplomatic affairs, who arrived in Berne today, said that opinion was divided among those who expect Austria to attempt to placate America as to the causes underlying the divergence from the policy of Germany. One group, he said, believed Germany was acquiescing for the purpose of preserving unbroken an indirect bond between herself and the United States, while the other group was convinced that Austria was asserting independence of Germany.

That the American embassy at Vienna is not expecting an immediate break is perhaps indicated by the action of Joseph C. Grew, counsellor of the embassy, who today telegraphed to Mrs. Grew to go to Vienna. She will depart tomorrow.

The Basler Nachrichten reports from Vienna that it is officially confirmed that negotiations with the United States still are in progress and that it is announced semi-officially that the date for Austria's reply to the American memorandum has not been settled, as the examination of questions of international law brought up by the American note has not been concluded by the foreign office.

New York, March 2.—According to The Journal of Commerce figures ten per cent. of the world's merchant marine has been destroyed since the war began. The statistics record the destruction of two thousand, five hundred and seventy-three vessels of four million, eight hundred and eleven thousand, one hundred gross tons, more than half of which was owned by Great Britain.

ICE CREAM PROFITS.

Whole Milk is Next, Cream Third, Cheese Fourth, and Butter Fifth, Say Figures.

Clemson College, March 2.—From the viewpoint of largest returns, ice cream is the most profitable form in which to market milk, with whole milk second, cream third, cheese fourth, and butter fifth. At the same time, individual conditions are frequently such as to make it most profitable for a dairy farmer to dispose of his product in the form of cream or of whole milk. In fact, in South Carolina it may be said that the latter condition is almost generally true.

For example, a dairy farmer on the outskirts of a city will in most cases find it most profitable to sell the bulk of his product as whole milk. A farmer on one of the cream routes of a cooperative creamery will generally find the sale of his butterfat in the form of cream to be the best. Nevertheless, figures compiled at Clemson College for the sake of those who make inquiries on this subject show that where a man is equipped to manufacture and sell ice cream the returns from his milk are largest.

Calculations are based on the following average prices: whole milk, 8 cents a quart; 20 per cent. cream, 90 cents a gallon; butter, 30 cents a pound; cheese, 20 cents a pound; ice cream, \$1.00 a gallon. Manufacturing and marketing costs are not considered.

On the basis of the prices named, 100 pounds of 4 per cent. milk may be disposed of in the following forms for the amounts named below:

1. As 4.2 gallons of ice cream and 75 pounds of skim milk, selling for \$4.41.
2. As 46.5 quarts of whole milk, selling for \$3.72.
3. As 2.5 gallons of 20 per cent. cream and 80 pounds of skim milk, selling for \$2.49.
4. As 10.4 pounds of cheese and residue of whey, selling for \$2.20.
5. As 4.66 pounds of butter and 95 pounds of skim milk and butter-milk, selling for \$1.87.

"DRYS" LOSE JUDESHIPS.

Tammany Democrats Apparently Keep Their Threat.

Washington, March 2.—Tammany Democrats from New York today made good to some extent their promise to "get even" with Southern "bone dry" prohibition members. These New York Democrats mustered enough votes against the bill retiring federal circuit and district judges at seventy to encompass the defeat of the measure, which would have cleared the way for the appointment of several Southern congressmen to judgeships.

One of the "dry" leaders who would have been appointed if the bill had passed, according to a current rumor, is Representative E. Yates Webb, of Charlotte, N. C., chairman of the house judiciary committee, and joint author of the Webb-Kenyon act.

BOYCOTT HELPS MUCH.

Causes Sharp Reduction in New York Prices.

New York, March 2.—The "common sense" of the people of New York city "who established an automatic boycott on potatoes and onions" has resulted in abnormal decreases in the prices of those staples as compared with the prices February 22. Joseph Hartigan, commissioner of weights and measures, announced tonight. His statement said that the decrease had saved the people of the greater city approximately \$5,000,000.

Mr. Hartigan said producers and shippers in all parts of the country had offered large quantities of all kinds of foodstuffs at prices in some cases 30 per cent. less than New York wholesale prices.

STOCKHOLDERS SURPRISED.

But Agreeably so at Spartan Mills' Extra Dividend.

Spartanburg, March 2.—Spartan Mills Company, one of the largest cotton mills in Spartanburg, has declared an extra dividend of 4 per cent. and this amount has been sent to the stockholders. This was a surprise to the stockholders, as few of them knew that the extra dividend had been declared. The capital stock of \$1,000,000 is held for the most part by Spartanburg people, but some is in hands of Eastern capitalists. The extra dividend probably means that an entire dividend of 12 per cent. will be paid this year. Walter S. Montgomery is president of the company; E. M. Matthew secretary, and W. J. Britton superintendent.

London, March 2.—Lieut. Gen. Jan Christian Smuts, former commander of the British forces in German East Africa and a member of the South African cabinet, has been made a privy councillor.

DENIAL BY VON ECKHARDT.

German Minister Professes Complete Ignorance.

Mexico City, March 1.—H. von Eckhardt, German minister to Mexico, declared today that he knew nothing about the instructions alleged to have been sent to him by Foreign Secretary Zimmermann regarding a German-Mexican alliance in the event of war between Germany and the United States.

Von Eckhardt made this statement in replying to the question whether he had followed the instructions alleged to have been sent to him by Dr. Zimmermann:

"You must go to Washington for your information," the minister said. "If you must say something, you may say the German minister knows nothing about all this."

Tamekichi Ohta, charge d'affaires for Japan, declared he had not been approached in any way with a proposal for any alliance with Mexico or Germany against the United States.

Garza Perez, subsecretary of foreign affairs, now in charge of the foreign office, declared he knew nothing of the proposals mentioned. If the proposal had been presented by Minister von Eckhardt, which he personally doubted, he said, it was presented direct to Minister of Foreign Affairs Aguilar or Gen. Carranza.

Henry P. Fletcher, the American ambassador, left hurriedly today with Foreign Secretary Aguilar for Guadalajara, where Gen. Carranza now is.

It seems to be the general opinion among well informed public men here that the proposal outlined in the Zimmermann note probably has not been definitely presented to Gen. Carranza by Minister von Eckhardt, although this is only a surmise on their part.

TO PROVIDE NITRATE SUPPLY.

Senators Would Use Naval Vessels for Trade.

Washington, March 2.—After a conference tonight with Secretary Daniels on the crop shortage in the South Atlantic States, Senators Smith of South Carolina and Shields of Tennessee said they would introduce a resolution authorizing the president to utilize naval transports and colliers not needed for naval duty to transport nitrate of soda from Chile to South Atlantic ports.

The resolution would put the transports at the disposal of nitrate importers under government supervision and the ships would bring the nitrates supplies for farm fertilizer through the Panama canal.

"With the crop shortage, the great necessity for fertilizer in the South Atlantic States, with freight at \$85 a ton and the living cost very high," said Senator Smith tonight, "something must be done to remedy the situation. We believe congress should authorize the use of naval vessels in this crisis to transport the nitrates."

SUGGESTS "QUININE DAY."

How Dr. Brabham Would Rid Orangeburg of Malaria.

Orangeburg, March 2.—Quite a novel method of exterminating malaria in Orangeburg county has been devised by Dr. V. W. Brabham, director of rural sanitation, and it will be put into effect as soon as practicable. The plan is to induce every person who has suffered with malaria to take a dose of quinine every Sunday from March 1 to August 1. Dr. Brabham declares that this plan, properly carried out, will rid the county of malaria. He prescribes graduate doses as follows: Children up to 6 years, five grains; from five to ten years, ten grains; over ten years fifteen grains. Saturday will be known as "Quinine Day" all over the county.

IS HELD AS PLOTTER.

Man Suspected of Attempting to Conspire.

Birmingham, Ala., March 2.—That a man named Frederick was arrested here last night by agents for the department of justice on charges of attempting to conspire against a number of large industrial plants in the Birmingham district, was learned today from what is considered to be a reliable source.

J. Reese Murray, agent for the department in Birmingham refused to talk when questioned about a report that plots against local plants have been unearthed by federal authorities.

DANISH WEST INDIES BILL.

Measure Agreed Upon in Congress Goes to President.

Washington, March 2.—Enactment of the administration bill providing for a temporary government in the Danish West Indies and appropriating the \$25,000,000 the United States has agreed to pay Denmark for their cession was completed by congress tonight. Both houses adopted the conference report and sent the measure to the president.

VISITS SUMMERTON PASTOR.

Editor of Baptist Courier Pays Call on Rev. Gordon and Makes Trip to Churches.

Baptist Courier.

The senior editor had a delightful visit on the third Sunday to Pastor M. W. Gordon and his two churches, Summerton and Calvary. These churches are about ten miles apart, both in the Santee and Pastor Gordon gives his Sunday mornings to Summerton and the afternoon to Calvary. He preaches to both churches every Lord's Day and the good Ford, presented not long ago by his devoted people, makes the arrangement ideal. Calvary is one of the oldest churches in the State and the second oldest in the Association. It was organized in 1768 and the High Hills, which is also in the Santee, in 1755. Calvary has a great record. It has not only ministered to all the interests of its community for a century and a-half, it has also been the mother church of all its section, again and again sending colonies to this new church and that; and it has also blessed the State and the denomination with statesmen, ministers, deacons and useful laymen. This church is the home of the Tindals. In its membership Rev. R. B. Mahony, now of Minnesota, was raised. His father was pastor here for sixty-five years. As to size, the church is a mere shadow of its former self. The old house is there with its ante-bellum associations and the graveyard with its forgotten graves, its unmarked graves, its crumbling stones and its great monuments. The membership now is only forty-two; but this small number holds choice spirits and the work of the church is kept well to the front. There are seventy-nine in the Sunday school and the church is blessed with an efficient W. M. S. Last year the church gave \$1,022.65. This is the smaller of Pastor Gordon's churches. Summerton has a membership of 103 and there are 124 in the Sunday school. Last year the church gave to all objects \$1,609.62. An examination of the minutes will show that both of these churches have regard for their apportionment obligations and contribute to every cause and in due proportion. This is as it should be and the time will come when every church in the State will have this kind of conscience. It was an unalloyed pleasure to be in the homes of Deacon and Mrs. Gentry and of Pastor and Mrs. Gordon.

U-BOAT MEETS MATCH.

New Orleans, March 2.—A German submarine was sunk in the Atlantic ocean some days ago by the British steamer Knight Companion, which arrived yesterday from England, according to a story told by the steamer's officers to government officials here today. The steamer was several days on her way to New Orleans according to the story, when she sighted the submersible. The undersea craft fired five shots which missed the steamer, before the latter got her defensive gun into action. The Knight Companion's second shot, at about 7,500 yards, struck the submarine which, it was stated, immediately sank. Nothing was seen of any of her crew. The exact date and location of the fight were not given and the master, Captain John Kendall, declined to discuss the incident with newspaper men. The Knight Companion is loading a cargo of grain for Europe.

Profitable Pork Production.

Clemson College, S. C., March 2.—February 15th to March 15th is the proper time to sow spring grazing crops for hogs if they were not sown in the fall. One plot in oats and Dwarf Essex rape sown now may be grazed through May. Another plot of oats may be allowed to mature and may be grazed in June. A plot in early corn and early cow peas planted March 20th to April 1st will furnish grazing during July. Sweet potatoes of an early variety set about April 20th, will furnish August grazing.

Spanish peanuts and Soy Beans planted with corn in May will be ready for September, while corn and late cowpeas may be made to supply the finishing period in October, when porkers will be ready for slaughter or sale. The Orangeburg and Greenville packing houses will be ready for work by September, and there should be no trouble, with the present arrangement as to freight rates recently arranged, to dispose of any quantity of hogs properly finished.

Hogs produced in this way may be made to bring in a ready cash crop twice annually. Sows should be bred to farrow in March and September. The March litter may be slaughtered or marketed in September, October or November, and the fall litter in May or June.

Telephone troubles in the tropics are largely due to the wires becoming covered with air plants.

Arriving Tuesday, March 6th

CAR LOAD



24 MULES and 3 HORSES.

We have in this car some of the nicest Mules shipped here this season. We will be glad to show you what we have. We can please you. See our other lines.

W. B. Boyle Co.