

The Watchman and Southern.

Published at the Postoffice at Sumter, S. C., as Second Class Matter.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. E. W. Dabbs, of Salem, was a visitor to the city yesterday and today.

Mr. P. A. Willcox, of Florence, State counsel for the A. C. L., is in attendance upon court.

Mr. J. G. Dinkins, of Manning, was here in attendance upon court this afternoon.

Mr. Ben F. Myers, of Hagood, was a visitor to the city today.

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Bland, of Florence, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Beck.

Dr. E. R. Wilson and Mr. Thomas Wilson have returned from Hot Springs, Arkansas, where the latter went to take treatment for rheumatism. Mr. Wilson is much better and is now able to be out and attend to business.

Miss Adelyne Hood, of Chester, S. C., is visiting Mrs. W. E. Thayer. Miss Hood is a musician of note.

POULTRY AND CANNING EXHIBITS.

Sumter County Poultry and Pigeon Show Only Week Off—Miss Lemmon to Have Exhibit at Same Time.

The ladies of Sumter county who attend the big poultry and pigeon show of the Sumter Poultry Association, in Sumter, November 16th, 17th and 18th, will receive additional pleasure and information in the educational combination event of the home demonstration work by the girls' canning and tomato clubs and the women of the Sumter county home demonstration department, which will be held in connection with the poultry show.

Working in conjunction with the poultry association and the Sumter Chamber of Commerce, Miss Mary Lemmon, superintendent of Domestic Science for Sumter county, will have on an exhibition the exhibit of the girls and women of Sumter county which was at the State fair of 1914.

Miss Dora D. Walker, of Winthrop College, assistant State agent of the home demonstration department, of that college, will be at the exhibit all day of Thursday, November 18th, for the purpose of meeting the ladies of Sumter county and county. She will outline new plans of domestic science work such as canning, preserving, arrangements of and the making of home conveniences, home sanitation, etc.

A number of home conveniences made by women of Sumter county will be exhibited. The young ladies of the girls' canning and tomato clubs of this county will be at the exhibit for one day during Miss Walker's demonstration.

On Thursday the prizes will be awarded for superior work shown by the girls of the Sumter county tomato clubs.

The combination domestic science event of the poultry show and home demonstration work will be a big affair for Sumter county for men, women, boys and girls of the entire county. The prospects for a great show are fine, and the number of entries of improved breeds of poultry will be many from at home and abroad.

The tobacco warehouse has been secured for the show through the courtesy of the directors of the Farmers' Tobacco Warehouse Company.

It is hoped that this poultry show and domestic science exhibition with the Sumter Horse Show Association will be the nucleus of a county fair for 1916. The Chamber of Commerce will during the poultry show sound the sentiment of the people of the various sections of Sumter county regarding a county fair.

NOTICE OF DUMA RECALL.

Use of...

Austro-Hungarian Charge Presents Formal Announcement of Removal of Ambassador.

Washington, Nov. 8.—Baron Zweidnek, in charge of the Austro-Hungarian embassy, delivered to Secretary Lansing today formal notification of the recall of Dr. Constantin T. Dumba, whose withdrawal as Austro-Hungarian ambassador was requested by the United States on account of his plans for fomenting strikes in American munition plants.

The notification was in writing and it will be translated and made public tomorrow.

Dr. Dumba returned home more than a month ago, after safe conduct had been obtained from the allies. Informal notice of his recall was given through Mr. Penfield on September 28 after the United States had made it plain that the reported intention to order the ambassador home "on leave" would not be satisfactory.

The penalty for unpaid city taxes after November 15 is 15 per cent., therefore it would be well for property owners to pay their city taxes this month.

SITE FOR THE GIRLS' HIGH SCHOOL.

The Board of Education Decides to Have Building Face the Monumental Square.

After months of the most careful deliberation and consultation the City Board of Education has decided to have the new building for the Girls' High School face the monumental square. The members thought very strongly at one time of letting it face Liberty Street, but they have decided otherwise now.

Looking some years into the future and after having studied the situation very carefully with the advice and assistance of architects and contractors, whose professional equipment made their opinions worth while, the Board has decided that, when it becomes necessary to procure additional facilities for the schools, the wisest thing to do will be to move the Washington school building back on the northern part of the Ryttenberg lot, at the same time enlarging and renovating the present building, making it harmonize with the buildings then on this lot.

This is looking some distance into the future, but, when this is done, the Board believes that it will have the most attractive group of public school buildings to be found anywhere and the whole monumental square will be left for a playground for the children and a breathing place for the adults of the city.

The Board has reached its decision only after a most careful consideration of every element that entered into the problem and it is believed that their conclusion will be found to be wise.

TIME TO ESTABLISH CREAMERY.

Chamber of Commerce Working With Clemson College Will Have Route Established by Next Spring.

Information from the Sumter Chamber of Commerce regarding the establishment of a creamery route in Sumter county by Clemson College states that the Clemson authorities say it will require several months to complete the arrangements for such an enterprise, and that this creamery can not be started before the spring of 1916.

Agents of Clemson College, of the Farm Demonstration department of the United States government informed the Sumter Chamber of Commerce that there must be some kind of guarantee as to how many farmers will agree to have milk cows, how many will agree to stick to the route, and that an agent of the dairy department of Clemson would come to Sumter to investigate the route and furnish necessary information.

Farm Demonstration agent for Sumter County, J. Frank Williams, is working with the local Chamber of Commerce cooperating with Prof. Long.

Of course there must be no little interest manifested by the agricultural districts through which this creamery route will run, and the Sumter merchants and other business men, and Sumter consumers must show that the farmers who offer cream and butter will be patronized. This creamery route will also collect and dispose of eggs from the country districts.

The Chamber of Commerce is waiting on instructions from Prof. Long, and the visit of the inspector of the dairy department of Clemson College.

DR. KLINE TO WED.

Miss Isoline Moses of Richmond and New York to be Bride.

Dr. David Klein of this city, rabbi of Temple Sinai, left Saturday afternoon for New York city, where on next Thursday at high noon he and Miss Isoline Moses of Richmond and New York will be united as man and wife. The wedding will be a very quiet affair and only a few intimate friends and relatives will be present. Dr. and Mrs. Klein after a two weeks' bridal trip will return to Sumter, which will be their future home.

Miss Moses has visited in Sumter at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Levy each winter during the past four years and has made many friends in Sumter, who will be delighted to have her become a permanent resident of the city.

BUDGET COMMITTEE MEETS.

Democrats Will Devise Plan to Systematize Appropriations.

Washington, Nov. 9.—The house budget committee, composed of Democratic leaders, appointed by the caucus last winter, met today to devise a systematic manner of making appropriations. It will study the government's income, and estimate of expenditures. When congress convenes it will know just how much can be spent and for what purposes.

Cotton Ginned to Nov. 1.

It was announced by the government's agent in Sumter county today that up to November 1, 1915, 22,711 bales of cotton had been ginned this year against 35,100 up to the same date last year, making a shortage of this year's crop of 12,386 bales.

VERDICT FOR OIL MILL.

Case of J. Arthur Boykin Against Philadelphia Life Insurance Company.

The case of the Korshaw Oil Mill against J. R. Weatherly came to a close in the civil court this morning when the jury returned a verdict for \$270.75 in favor of the oil mill, the full amount sued for. The oil mill claimed that this amount was owed by Mr. Weatherly from money sent him to purchase seed, while Mr. Weatherly claimed that he had not been given credit for losses in weight on seed bought by him and that he had not been paid his full salary by the oil mill.

The case of J. Arthur Boykin against the Philadelphia Life Insurance Company was commenced in court this morning. Boykin is suing for something over six hundred dollars on an accident policy he had with this company, claiming that they refused to pay when he was injured getting off an A. C. L. train at Cartersville. The defense claims that Boykin faked the accident to get the money from the insurance company. A case over the same alleged accident between Boykin and the railroad company was heard in court last summer, a mistrial resulting. Later the case was settled outside of court.

"SAFE FARMING" ALWAYS.

Outline of a Program Recommended by Government Specialists to Secure Safety in the Cotton Belt.

A program of "safe farming" for the South is outlined in a circular which the United States Department of Agriculture has sent to bankers, business men, and farmers in the cotton States. The history of agriculture in the South, it is said, has been one of lean years and fat years. Short crops and high prices have almost invariably been followed by big crops and low prices and, in consequence, the farmer has experienced much distress. The increased attention which has recently been given to supporting the people upon the land has already resulted in much good, but there is some danger, it is pointed out, that with the price of cotton rising there will be a tendency for farmers to return to the old system of gambling on cotton. If the people of the South produced their own living, the circular points out, it would steady the whole system and keep the boat from rocking. The safety measures recommended are as follows:

First.—Produce a home garden for every family on the farm, the year round, paying special attention to a plot of Irish or sweet potatoes sufficient to supply the family with food of this character. Where feasible, have a patch of sorghum or other cane to produce syrup for the family.

Second.—Produce the corn necessary to support all of the people on the farm and the live stock, with absolute safety.

Third.—Produce the necessary oats and other small grain to supplement the corn as food. Pay attention to winter grazing.

Fourth.—Produce hay and forage from some forage crop, sufficient to supply all of the live stock on the farm. Use legumes such as clover, cowpeas, velvet beans, soy beans, and alfalfa for the production of hay and to enrich the soil with nitrogen and humus.

Fifth.—Produce the meat necessary to supply the people, through increased attention to poultry and hogs, especially. Plan to increase gradually the number of cattle and other live stock, so as to have a sufficient number to consume the waste products of the farm and make the waste lands productive.

Sixth.—After all of these things have been amply provided for, produce cotton for the market.

Death of An Infant.

Harvin, Nov. 9.—Anna Elizabeth Harvin, baby daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jake Harvin, died in Sumter last Thursday after a few days' illness. The remains were brought to Harvin and interred at the Harvin family burying ground. This loss is peculiarly sad as this was the only child of Mr. and Mrs. Harvin. It was the latest of several recent deaths in the immediate family—those of the father and two brothers.

In the Police Court.

The following cases were heard in the police court:

Lambert Ford, disorderly conduct, \$5.00 or 10 days.

Charley McDonald and Eugene Holman, gambling, \$15 or 30 days each.

Douglas Brack, petit larceny, stealing chickens from C. H. James, \$15 or 30 days.

G. A. Brown, Jr., failure to pay back fare, \$10 or 20 days.

Most people would say that the street having the heaviest traffic is Main or Liberty, but as a matter of fact Sumter street has had for several years a heavier traffic than any other street in town.

WINTER CARE OF STOCK.

Profitable Wintering of Farm Animals Depends Largely upon Economical Feeding.

The fall season is here and with it approaches the winter feeding problem. It is time to consider what feed can most profitably be used. Grains will be high and should be fed judiciously. The bulk of the feed used for wintering stock should be made up of roughages from the farm. Small amounts of concentrates, fed daily with these feeds, make comparatively cheap rations entirely suitable to certain classes of live stock.

For convenience in planning winter feeding, farm animals may be divided into three classes:

1. Mature animals not producing an income during winter months.
2. Animals producing an income during the winter.
3. Young and growing stock to be retained on the farm the following summer.

In Class 1 may be included all mature live stock held on the farm, either for breeding purposes, future work, or finishing for market the following summer.

In Class 2 may be included work horses, cows producing milk, and stock being fattened for market or conditioned for sale during the winter months.

In Class 3 may be included all young and growing stock on the farm.

The big saving in the winter feed bill can be made with Class 1. This does not mean that animals of this class should be permitted to come through the winter in a run-down and weakened condition. Rather than consider such a practice, it would be far better to sell the stock in the fall. It is meant, however, that they can and should be maintained on the cheaper feeds. Roughages, supplemented by a small amount of concentrates (oil meal or grain) are in favor for them. Give the horses, cattle, and sheep access to cut-over grain fields and straw stacks, meadows, wooded lots, and pastures. Horses and sheep may have access to husked-out cornfields. In certain sections where losses of cattle have been experienced in the past from the so-called corn-stalk disease farmers should consider this fact before turning cattle into such cornfields. As the winter advances, open the bars to shelters, feed racks, and grain troughs.

Corn silage will be invaluable at this time, especially for cattle and sheep. Keep the feed racks filled with corn stover, hay, and straw, but do not be wasteful in the feeding.

The amount of grain to put in the trough can not definitely be given. The same should vary in accordance with severeness of winter and condition of stock. This is a point that can only be decided in the feed lot. To permit the stock to go entirely without concentrates at this time would be a grave mistake, and in all probability make impossible the task of bringing it to spring feed in a healthy and vigorous condition. Such a condition is imperative in the case of breeding animals and essential for feeders if best results are to be obtained.

The matter of feeding hogs, included in Class 1, presents an entirely different problem from that of the other stock. It is true that they may profitably be run on grain fields, meadows, and pastures before snow arrives, but concentrates must constitute much of their ration after outside fields are closed for winter. Roots, chopped alfalfa hay, apples, and waste products of the dairy and household do much toward keeping down the cost of their winter feed. In fact, any products that will substitute for the forages and grasses in the field, which feeds are so essential to the conditioning of brood sows, can well be used.

Concerning the feed for stock included in Class 2 little need be said. It is a fact well known that horses at work require both care and feed. This they must receive if their work is done. To furnish the dairy cow with rations not intended to meet the demands made upon her system by the milk she gives would defeat the purpose for which she is kept. Equally certain would the stinting of the ration of fattening steers or hogs fail to make them ready for the Christmas market. As the food requirements for these different classes of live stock is a matter of common knowledge to stockmen, it remains only to see that it is provided in abundance.

With Class 3, the young and growing stock, most costly mistakes in feeding occur. A full realization of the fact that cheapest and most rapid gains in live stock are made with younger animals should do much toward obviating losses to farmers through insufficient and improper feeding of such animals. The failure to put gains on animals during the growing period intended for them by nature can not be corrected by copious feeding at any later time. Their growth has been stunted, and rarely will they fully recover from the earlier setback. Even when they do it is a costly practice to put growth and flesh on a stunted animal, as com-

pared to what could have been done when he was in a healthy and vigorous condition.

But it is not necessary that young stock be fed as are fattening animals. Watch their feed troughs and see that all of the daily rations are consumed. Do not feed them in excess, but make certain they are contented after each feeding. See that the exercise lot is used daily and that clean water is provided. The failure to feed young stock properly will open the way for future serious troubles, and no stockman can afford to encourage such a practice, even during the winter months.

SPECIAL SERVICES POSTPONED.

Rev. J. Bentham Walker, of Philadelphia, to Preach Sunday at Church of Holy Comforter.

The week of special services which was to have commenced Friday night with the Rev. William Way of Grace Church, Charleston, in charge, has been postponed to some later date and on Sunday the Rev. J. Bentham Walker of Philadelphia, who has been tendered a call to the Church of the Holy Comforter, will conduct services and preach at the usual hour for the morning service. Mr. Walker will arrive in the city Saturday evening and will remain here several days.

The first of several handsome electric signs which have been placed in the city has already been put up at Mitchell's Drug Store. It has been hung over the corner and shows up well at night.

Mr. A. B. Cato left last week for Colorado, making the trip through the country by automobile.

SUMTER COTTON MARKET.

Corrected Daily by Ernest Field, Cotton Buyer.

Good Middling 11 1-4.
Strict Middling 11 1-8.
Middling 11.
Strict Low Middling 10 1-2.
Low Middling 10.
Staple cotton 14 to 17c.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

Yes'days

	Open	High	Low	Close	Close
Jan.	.1185	11.90	11.76	11.80	11.75
Mch.	.1205	12.11	11.97	12.04	11.96
Dec.	.1168	11.74	11.63	11.65	11.61

In Civil Court.

The case of J. Arthur Boykin against the Philadelphia Life Insurance Company was still in progress today in common pleas court, the case going to the jury shortly before court recessed. The case was hard fought with Messrs. Levy and Clifton representing the plaintiff and Epps and Jennings the defendant.

\$1.45.

Excursion to Florence, on Account of the Pee Pee Fair.

The Atlantic Coast Line will sell excursion tickets from Sumter to Florence, S. C., at \$1.45 for all trains on November 17th to 20th, inclusive, limited returning to reach original starting point up to and including midnight of November 21st, 1915. Proportionately low fares from all intermediate stations on same dates with same return limit.

For schedules and further information, call on O. V. Player, Ticket Agent, Sumter, S. C. Atlantic Coast Line. The Standard Railroad of the South.



Extra Trousers!

It's a splendid idea to buy an extra pair of Trousers with the Boy's Suit.

A Coat will always outwear two pairs of Trousers, at least.

Every Mother knows this.

We have had extra Trousers made to match some of our best Boys' Suits, and while it means a trifle larger investment at the out-start—it means, also, a very great saving at the finish.

Boys' Suits, With Extra Trousers, \$5.00, \$6.00 to \$7.50.

The D. J. Chandler Clothing Co.

The National Bank of South Carolina.

RESOURCES \$825,000.00

Largest Bank in Eastern South Carolina

See our last report. Your neighbor's bank. Why not yours. It pays to patronize.

C. G. ROWLAND, President G. L. WARREN, Cashier