

FRENCH MARINES AT HAITI.

ENTER WITH CONSENT OF UNITED STATES—TO GUARD LEGATION.

Uncle Sam's Men Soon to Be Joined by Other Troops to Bring Peace—Port Au Prince Quiet.

Washington, Aug. 1.—French marines have been landed at Port au Prince, Haiti, where a revolution that overturned the government last week necessitated the landing of an expeditionary force from the United States cruiser Washington to restore order. The landing of the French was with consent of the United States, it was stated tonight, a detachment from the cruiser Descartes having been sent to guard the French legation from which President Guillaume was taken by a mob and assassinated.

The French minister at Port au Prince expressed an urgent desire that his legation be guarded by French sailors inasmuch as the Descartes had arrived. He thought also a French guard would lighten the burden on Admiral Caperton's 400 men.

Port au Prince was reported quiet today. The battleship Connecticut with 500 marines is en route to the island republic and will be followed by the hospital ship Solace and the navy transport Hancock. Other reinforcements may be sent if there are any more attacks on the city by revolutionists, who killed two American bluejackets.

The expeditionary force is expected to remain in Haiti until lasting peace is restored.

LIBENFELS SAILORS MAY GO HOME.

East Indians Interned With German Ship in Charleston—Now Await Developments.

Charleston, July 29.—Following a conference this morning in the office of the immigration inspector at the United States custom house, 12 East Indians, members of the crew of the steamship Libenfels, agreed to return to that steamer pending the result of negotiations between Capt. Klattenhoff of the Libenfels and the vessel's New York agents concerning passage for the 51 seamen of his crew from Charleston to Calcutta, India.

These 12 lascars are the men who came ashore on Tuesday of this week and demanded to be landed in this country or sent home to India by the terms of their contracts with the master of Libenfels, their contracts having expired during January of this year.

CAN NOT BE ADMITTED.

Sailors Not Allowed Here Under United States Law.

Washington, July 29.—Immigration officials had not received today the demand of the East Indian seamen interned with the German steamship Libenfels at Charleston, S. C. It was said, however, the men could not be admitted to the United States under the law. They probably will be sent back to India if transportation can be arranged. Otherwise they will be paroled at Charleston until the end of the war when they must depart with their vessel.

WAR IS TEST OF ENDURANCE.

And Will Continue So for Some Time—Parliament Adjourns Until September 14.

London, July 28.—The war has become and is likely to continue for some time a contest of endurance, Premier Asquith told the House of Commons this afternoon while making a general review in moving the adjournment of Parliament from tomorrow until September 14. The motion for adjournment carried.

FIVE DEAD IN RAID.

Sheriff Hunts Female Blind Tiger and Both are Killed With Three Other Men.

Osceola, Ark., July 31.—One woman and four men were killed in a raid by the sheriff's posse on a blind tiger, on Island Thirty-Seven a few miles from here on Mississippi river. The dead are Mrs. Susan Williams, the keeper of the blind tiger resort; Sheriff Malden, Alexander Johnson, Sam Dills and John Cox.

There was a light shower Saturday in the northwestern part of Sumter county and in some sections of Lee county the rainfall was heavier. The long drought has not been broken, however, and crops are suffering terribly. The corn crop that was promising at one time has been damaged beyond recovery and will be the shortest in years. In some sections no rain has fallen for more than six weeks.

AMMUNITION PROMISE TROOPS

RUSSIAN LAWMAKERS UNITED IN WORK OF SUPPLYING THE CZAR'S ARMIES.

Autonomy for the Poles is Declaration by Premier in Name of the Emperor—Chief Feature of Session.

Petrograd, August 1.—(Via London, August 2).—The first sitting of Duma today promised work aiming at promoting the production of military supplies and meeting military requirements, rather than oratory recriminations or effort to discover those responsible for failure to realize earlier hopes. The temper of Deputies was moderate. Party differences were minimized, there was an absence of gloom and also of factional enthusiasm. Speeches of the president of the chamber, M. Rodzianko, and the ministers were applauded from both the right and the left. The Polish people, the allies, the ambassadors and Gen. Ruzsky, the commander in the Galician campaign, were cheered. The outstanding feature of the session was the declaration in the name of the Emperor by the premier, M. Gorelykin, that the Poles shall receive autonomy. Announcement that amnesty had been granted Vladimir Bourtzoff Boutsff, the revolutionist, who returned from Paris for hospital service, but was immediately arrested, was well received.

Confident of Victory.

London, Aug. 1.—A Reuter dispatch from Petrograd says, "The Duma was opened today by imperial ukase in the presence of a brilliant assemblage, including cabinet ministers and members of the diplomatic corps. Michael Vladimirovitch Rodzianko, president of the chamber, in convening the session said the more terrible the war became the more Russia was imbued by the firm and unshakable determination to bring it to a successful issue. "This," said M. Rodzianko, "necessitates complete unity of all classes and the developments of the productive resources of the Empire." M. Rodzianko asked members of the chamber to make suggestions to the government as to how this could be effected. The president greeted diplomatic representatives of Triple Entente powers, who were cheered by members and by the galleries. "The army," M. Rodzianko concluded, "sets up a brilliant example of how to fulfill our duty to the country. It is now our duty to work day and night to supply this army with everything it needs, but to do that it is necessary to make changes. We will fight until the complete ruin of the enemy is accomplished."

Sergius Sasonoff, the foreign minister, after reiterating that all the evidence showed that Russia and her allies were not responsible for the war, reviewed the political situation. He referred amid cheering to Italy's participation. "These people," he said, "long have wished to free their fellow countrymen from the foreign yoke. If the example of Italy had been followed by the other States it would have contributed to the speedy conclusion of the war."

The war minister, M. Polivanoff, said: "At this moment the enemy is concentrating enormous forces against Russia and is successively enveloping the territory and military districts of Warsaw, the strategic contour of which always has been the weak point of our western frontier. Under the circumstances we, perhaps, should yield to the enemy a portion of this region, falling back on positions where our army will prepare for a resumption of the offensive. All's well that ends well, 1812 was proof of that. We shall today, perhaps, give up Warsaw as then we gave up Moscow in order to insure final victory."

NEGROES IN DANGER.

Threatened Lynching Directed at Alleged Assailant and One Who Stole Cow.

Macon, Ga., Aug. 1.—Two negroes were rushed to this city at midnight from Fitzpatrick in Twiggs county to prevent a threatened lynching there. One of the negroes, Ernest Chappell, is said to have confessed that he attempted to assault a white woman; the other, Will Thomas, is accused of stealing a cow. Both were in jail at Fitzpatrick when the sheriff learned that a mob was organizing to lynch the one accused of attempted assault and he then brought them here for safekeeping.

First Open Cotton Bolls.

From The Daily Item, July 31. Mr. G. P. Josey, who lives near Rocky Bluff, brought to town today the first open boll of cotton reported this season.

Later in the day Hayes Peterson, colored, who lives on Mr. H. L. Scarborough's place, brought in an open cotton boll, and also a dozen or more good sized sweet potatoes as samples from his early patch of potatoes.

CARRANZA TO FEED STARVING

SAYS IMMEDIATE EFFORTS WILL BE MADE TO SUPPLY PEOPLE IN CAPITAL.

Communication Between Gonzales and Obregon's Armies Has Been Re-established.

Washington, Aug. 1.—Announcement of the reoccupation of Mexico City by Gen. Gonzales's army was followed today by a statement from Gen. Carranza's headquarters at Vera Cruz that immediate efforts would be made to send foodstuffs to the starving population. Heavily guarded trains, it was asserted, were being prepared to leave Vera Cruz with provisions to supplement food being taken into the city by the army of occupation. Washington officials hoped Gen. Gonzales had left the line so well patrolled that the trains would get through with slight delay. They said the United States was determined to relieve the famine in Mexico City if Carranza's forces could not do it.

Information of Carranza's plans came to his Washington agency in a message from Jesus Acuna, Carranza's foreign minister, who announced that the railroad between Queretaro and Aguas Calientes, connecting Gonzales with Gen. Obregon's forces, would be reopened.

The message said: "In addition to the supplies which Gen. Pablo Gonzales will carry with him into the City of Mexico at the present occupation, the Constitutionalist Government has arranged for the sending in of 1,200 tons of additional supplies. These supplies are supplemental to the large quantities of relief materials heretofore detained en route by reason of the necessitous military operations incident to the regaining and preservation of control of railway connection from the coast to the capital. The public services for the food distribution will be reopened at once."

"Civil administration has been reinstated at Queretaro and civil employees of the Constitutionalist Government are being moved from Queretaro to Aguas Calientes and to points intervening between that important centre and Queretaro. This re-establishment of communication reunites the armies of Obregon and Gonzales by telegraphic and railway links."

Reports reaching here say that Gonzales's advance guard took possession of Mexico City without resistance and that Gen. Gonzales himself will arrive there tomorrow. Assurances have been given to the Washington authorities that order will be maintained and normal conditions restored as rapidly as possible.

Since the announcement that Gen. Gonzales drove Villa's flying column under Gen. Fierro from Pachuca little has been heard of his southern division of Villa's army. Villa's agency issued a statement tonight declaring that the flying column was operating in "the States of Hidalgo, Vera Cruz, Puebla and Mexico." In this case it may be able to menace the railroad to Vera Cruz. The agency denied claims of a defeat for Gen. Villa in the vicinity of Torreon. Obregon's forces have not advanced, the statement said. The Carranza agency issued a summary of its advices tonight, saying that Torreon had been evacuated by the Villa forces, who, they declared, were retreating to Chihuahua.

GIRLS AND MAN DROWN.

Four Persons Lose Lives in Water. Man Dies Trying to Save Young Woman.

Wilmington, Del., Aug. 1.—Three girls and a man were drowned at Fenton's beach near here today. The man, Irvin McCall, 21, gave his life trying to save Ruth Craig, 16, the only one of the girls drowned whose identity is known.

McCall, John J. Murphy, Miss Craig and two other girls were in a row boat that capsized. Murphy saved one girl. McCall could not swim, but made a desperate effort to reach shallow water with Miss Craig. The fourth victim was a young woman who lost her life while bathing.

SUMTER COTTON MARKET.

Corrected Daily by Ernest Field, Cotton Buyer.
Sumter, July 31.
Good Middling, 8 1-2.
Strict Middling, 8 3-8.
Middling, 8 1-4.
Strict Low Middling, 7 3-4.
Low Middling, 7 1-4.
Staple Cotton, Nominal.

New York Cotton Market.

	Opened.	Close.
Jan.	9.66	9.64
Oct.	9.28	9.23
Dec.	9.47	9.53

Crop condition report, 75.3.

WE ARE permanently located at Baker's Old Infirmary, prepared to examine eyes, fit and furnish glasses. Lenses duplicated and frames repaired. Highsmith Optical Co.

FIRE IN FOLSOM'S STORE.

DAMAGE ESTIMATED AS NOT LESS THAN \$2,000 ON STOCK AND FIXTURES.

Fire Caught Near Floor in Folsom's Store, Apparently, and Climbed to Ceiling—Showcases and Glassware Cracked and Repair Work and Stock Badly Damaged or Destroyed.

Fire last night caught in Folsom's Jewelry store and damaged fixtures, stock and building to an extent estimated at not less than \$2,000, although the damage may exceed this amount by several thousands of dollars, when everything is straightened out. The cause of the fire is unknown.

Catching near the floor in the rear wall of the store the fire made its way up toward the ceiling, which it had reached when discovered, but which it did not burn through. The rear wall of the store separating the jewelry department from Miller Electric Company, which occupied the remainder of the building was badly burned and the walls and ceiling on both sides were scorched and badly damaged by the heat and smoke. Practically every one of the numerous handsome show cases had the glass cracked and much of the glassware, chinaware and other such articles were cracked by the fire.

All of the windows of the store were cracked by the heat and the doors were broken in the efforts to get into the store. A large quantity of clocks and such stock belonging to the store was destroyed, as was a large number of the articles left in the store to be repaired. Most of the repair tools were ruined. The silver and crockery were blackened by the smoke, but much of this can be cleaned and replaced in good condition. Mr. L. W. Folsom, the owner of the store, was notified of fire by the police. He stated this morning that he could not imagine how it originated, as there were no rats in the store and as far as he knew, no defective wiring. He stated that there was sufficient insurance on the building to more than cover the loss on it, but the insurance on stock and fixtures will not cover the loss on them. He will move his store into a nearby building until repairs can be made on his building.

The Miller Electric Company lost a quantity of building supplies, the loss being covered by insurance.

Death.

W. Pickney Norris, of Wedgefield, was buried at the Sumter Cemetery this morning at 10.30 o'clock, the Woodmen of the World having charge of the funeral services. The deceased has been ill for several years. He was unmarried.

WOMEN'S WOES.

Sumter Women are Finding Relief at Last.

It does seem that women have more than a fair share of the aches and pains that afflict humanity; they must "keep on," must attend to duties in spite of constantly aching backs, or headaches, dizzy spells, bearing-down pains; they must stoop over, when to stoop means torture. They must walk and bend and work with racking pains and many aches from kidney ills. Keeping the kidneys well has spared thousands of women much misery. Read of a remedy for kidneys only that is endorsed by people you know.

Mrs. C. H. Waddell, 117 Kendrick St., Sumter, says: "I had dull pains in the small of my back along with headaches and dizzy spells. The kidney secretions passed too freely giving me great annoyance. When I heard about Doan's Kidney Pills, I used them and they relieved all the ailments."

Price 50c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Waddell had. Foster-Milburn, Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y. 10

AD-A-LINK

For Friendship's Sake

Original—Simplified in construction. Get a link here, have your initials engraved. The Links can be strung on a ribbon until you get enough Links to make a bracelet, and we will join them together for you free. Gold Filled and Silver 25c each Link.

W. A. THOMPSON,
Jeweler and Optician

"A ROLL OF HONOR BANK."



CAPITAL
\$100,000.00
EARNED PROFITS
\$125,000.00
THAT'S WHY

1905

1915

The National Bank of South Carolina.

RESOURCES \$825,000.00

Largest Bank in Eastern South Carolina

See our last report. Your neighbor's bank. Why not yours. It pays to patronize.

C. G. ROWLAND, President

G. L. WARREN, Cashier

When You See

Safest

For Your Savings

Think of

THE NATIONAL BANK OF SUMTER

ESTABLISHED 1889

"SAFEST FOR YOUR SAVINGS"

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS

TO THE

SEASHORE

Round Trip Fare From SUMTER to CHARLESTON **\$1.75**

Tickets sold only for trains specified below on Sundays, limited to date of sale.

Schedule Going—Leave Sumter 6.30 A. M., Arrive Charleston 10.30 A. M.

Schedules Returning—Leave Charleston 8.25 P. M., Arrive Sumter 12.05 A. M.

For further particulars, tickets, etc., apply to

O. V. Player, Ticket Agent,
SUMTER, S. C.

W. J. CRAIG, Pass. Traf. Mgr. T. C. WHITE, Gen. Pass. Agt.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Atlantic Coast Line

The Standard Railroad of the South