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### ENTIRE FAMILY MURDERED.

**J. D. JACOBS, WIFE AND CHILDREN, OF LEXINGTON, VICTIMS.**

**Cause of Tragedy a Mystery—Dogs Unable to Find a Trail—Skulls of Charred Bodies Found in Smouldering Ruins Crushed In—Shotgun by Side of Father and Son.**

Columbia, June 30.—Six bodies found in the smouldering embers of a burned house this morning gave in part the first intimation of what now appears to have been the murder of John D. Jacobs, of Lexington county, his wife and their four children, ranging in age from 23 to 10 years. The skulls of three were crushed and blood was found under their bodies.

The discovery of the tragedy was made by a milk man who this morning reported that the house had been destroyed by fire and that the six inmates had been burned to death. The coroner's jury late today held an inquest, finding that the six victims had come to their death at the hands of unknown men.

The dead are: John D. Jacobs, aged 49; his wife, aged 40; Miss Ellie Jacobs, aged 23; Leslie Jacobs, aged 18; Hugh Jacobs, aged 14, and Oren Jacobs, aged 10.

Jacobs, a well-to-do farmer, lived near Peak, in Lexington county. It was known that he kept but little money in the house and any motive for the crime, as it now appears, to be lacking.

The sheriff of Lexington county came to the scene as soon as he was notified of the tragedy, but so far he has been unable to find any clue to the perpetrator. Dogs were unable to find a trail and the officials are completely mystified.

Four guns and an axe were found in the ruins of the house, but their identity has not yet been established, and there is little information of value to be gathered from the discovery.

At the coroner's inquest, which brought out the first definite information that the bodies of all the victims except one boy, were found lying in their beds, as if the supposed murderer had found them asleep.

The body of the eldest boy was found lying in front of the fireplace, with a shot gun beside it. One of the barrels had been fired; the other contained a loaded shell. A gun was also found beside the charred body of the father. Beside the body of one of the other boys the axe was found.

Mrs. Jacobs was in her bed alone, her skull crushed and her back and shoulders lying in a pool of blood.

The youngest boy was found face downward, on a blood-soaked mattress.

The body of Miss Ellie Jacobs was in another room, the skull horribly crushed.

The tragedy was at first ascribed to a stroke of lightning, which was supposed to have stunned the six inmates and set the house on fire, the flames overtaking the unfortunates before they recovered from their stupor. This theory was exploded, however, by the gruesome discoveries as the bodies were taken from the half-burned house.

#### The Mystery Unsolved.

Columbia, June 29.—Today saw no progress made in the attempt to explain the death of John D. Jacobs, his wife and four children at their home near Peak, in Lexington county, early Saturday morning. With the entire family wiped out and their houses burned to the ground no clue is offered for officers to employ in solving the mystery.

Calmer reflection has shown that the six deaths came from human hands. A theory at first entertained, that lightning could have caused the fire that burned the house and resulted in the death of the occupants by burning is dismissed by the statements of numerous residents of the community who declare that the storm with its accompanying lightning had passed the vicinity at 10 o'clock. The house was discovered in flames between 3.30 and 4 o'clock, and neighbors agree that if the blaze had originated between 10 and 11 o'clock, it must have spent itself long before 3 o'clock. The house burned rapidly after the arrival of the first neighbors to reach the scene.

The affair will probably remain ever a mystery. The crushed skulls of three of the victims show that murder was committed, but any evidence left by the murderer has been destroyed in the fire that consumed the house and the bodies of the victims.

Funeral services were held this afternoon at the Jacobs family burying ground on the plantation. The family was interred in two coffins in one grave.

The services and interment attracted a large crowd, probably the largest to attend funeral services in this section of the State.

While the court house green is a good place for children to play during the evenings, it is also a good place for the nurses to assemble and carry on their conversations, sometime much to the neglect of the children whom they are supposed to have in charge. Mothers who send their children out in the afternoon should be very careful that they receive proper attention from their colored nurses, as is sometime not the case when they congregate on the court house square or green in the late afternoons.

A crowd of Sumter folks expect to spend the Fourth at Darlington, while others expect to visit the Isle of Palms on that day.

### LOBBYIST'S STARTLING STORY

**MARTIN MULHALL OF BALTIMORE CALLED BY COMMITTEE.**

**Field Agent and Lobbyist for National Association of Manufacturers Says He Spent \$200,000 Influencing Legislation—Statement Names Many Former and Present Congressmen, Alleged to Have Worked in Interest of Corporation—Committee Will Ask for More Time and Power to Investigate.**

Washington, June 29.—Further sensations in the Senate's lobby investigation were foreshadowed today, when it became known that a subpoena had been served upon Martin M. Mulhall, of Baltimore, reported to have been for many years the active "field agent" and the lobbyist of the National Association of Manufacturers.

The subpoena was ordered by Chairman Overman, of the lobby committee, after representations had been made to him that Mr. Mulhall was willing and able to give the committee important facts regarding attempts to influence legislation, to elect or defeat candidates for Congress, and to control the make-up of committees of Congress. A sergeant at arms of the Senate served the subpoena upon Mr. Mulhall late last night in Washington.

The nature and extent of the disclosures that are expected were outlined in an article published today under the sworn signature of Mr. Mulhall, in the New York World and the Chicago Tribune. The statement purports to be Mr. Mulhall's personal history as the representative from 1903 to 1912 of the National Association of Manufacturers, and bristles with the names of Congressmen whom he alleges were "subservient," or who were punished for their opposition to legislation favored by the Association. Allegations that he had helped to defeat Congressmen who opposed the interests of manufacturers; that his organization had spent thousands of dollars to elect Congressmen expected to be sympathetic to their influence; that he had aided in securing favorable members on Congressional committees that handled labor legislation and that his associates had used great efforts to secure the establishment of a Federal tariff commission in 1907 as a means of delaying tariff revision, are contained in the long article under Mr. Mulhall's name.

The facts alleged in the striking story of legislative lobbying and political campaign were not laid before Chairman Overman prior to their publication. He declared today, however, that the story was so circumstantial in its details that he expected the committee to go to the bottom of the allegations, and to uncover any new angle of "insidious lobbying," or "pernicious" political campaigning that may be disclosed.

The Mulhall article named many former and present members of Congress who were alleged to have been active agents in support of legislation desired by the National Association of Manufacturers. It specified employees of Congress who had been retained to secure information and alleged that even the page boys of the House of Representatives were used to pick up information about proposed legislation. The writer said he had spent over \$200,000 in his lobbying work; that he had conducted State and Congressional campaigns; helped to break up labor unions and had personal knowledge of the extent to which influence exerted by his associates had swayed legislators and legislation.

that I think we ought to inquire into fully.

"We have found there is a new kind of insidious lobbying; testimony has been given to show that great interests have been getting together behind certain men, to get them on committees where their opinions would control legislation, though there might be no actual corruption of the individual. As the inquiry goes on, it brings out the fact that there has been lobbying going on that was not suspected."

The Senate committee will not renew activity until July 7. Mr. Mulhall has been summoned to appear July 8; but Chairman Overman said tonight the committee probably would finish up with the "sugar lobby" and investigate the character of the "wool lobby" that has been maintained in Washington and elsewhere, before taking up the charges made in the Mulhall statement, or the Wall street disclosures made by Robert S. Lovett, Representative A. Mitchell Palmer, and others.

Members of the Senate committee declared tonight they could see no termination to the investigation that has grown out of President Wilson's charge that special interests were trying to influence the preparation of the present tariff bill.

Several of the men mentioned by Mulhall in his published article issued statements here tonight. James A. Emery, counsel for the National Association of Manufacturers, and referred to by Mulhall as "chief lobbyist" said:

"The statement that any of the public men named in Mulhall's charges were ever in the employ of the Association directly while in or out of public life is a sinister and diabolical lie."

He declared that he did not even know by sight many of those mentioned as having been "influenced" by officers or agents of the Manufacturers' Association, notable among those being Representative James F. McDermott, of Illinois, and Ralph Cole.

Representative Sherley, of Kentucky, whose name appeared in Mulhall's list of those who could be "influenced," said he did not know Mulhall, and that he would make a statement on the floor of the House about the matter. Senator Gallinger, of New Hampshire, and Representative Bartholdt, of Missouri, and Webb, of North Carolina, also included in the list, denounced the charges as untrue as far as they were concerned.

Speaker Clarke, one of the members Mulhall said the agents of the Manufacturers' Association tried to defeat on account of his supporting measures they opposed, said:

"Mulhall's statement so far as it refers to me confirms a charge I made on the stump in the 9th Congressional district in 1910, and that was that a large amount of boodle was being used to defeat me."

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### FATHER AND SON CONVICTED.

**Charged With Violation of the Dispensary Law Jury Finds Them Guilty—Appeal is Taken.**

Cheraw Chronicle.  
C. L. McLeod and his son, a mere boy, were arrested Saturday by the police of Cheraw, on a charge of violating the dispensary law—the specific charge being, transporting and having in possession liquor for unlawful purpose.

McLeod, who is from Sumter, is getting out hardwood around these parts for a Savannah concern. He has been under the surveillance of the police for some time. On Saturday he received a barrel by express. He took the barrel away, actually getting a policeman to help him load the barrel in a wheel barrow. A warrant was secured and McLeod was arrested and the barrel seized. It was found that the barrel had been opened and part of the contents removed. In the meantime McLeod's young son had been captured by another policeman and he had in his possession a quantity of liquor. By comparison this was found to be a part of what had been taken from the barrel. The barrel originally contained 10 gallons of whiskey, in pint bottles, but in some manner about one and a half gallons was gotten rid of before the authorities got hold of it.

McLeod was tried on Monday. He demanded a jury. After hearing all the evidence, the jury returned a verdict of guilty as to both defendants.

The sentence of the Mayor was \$100 fine or 30 days on the gang as to C. L. McLeod; \$25 fine or 20 days on the gang as to his son.

Notice of appeal was given and McLeod and his son were released on bond.

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Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney and Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of One Hundred Dollars for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.  
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal) A. W. Gleason, Notary Public.

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Sold by all druggists, 75c.  
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Although a man acknowledges that he has lobbied in a legitimate way, he would never confess to being a lobbyist. Nobody loves a lobbyist and nobody wants to be considered a lobbyist.—Wilmington Star.

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Every Cloth Coat Suit in the Store. Prices were from \$20.00 to \$32.50. You just take your pick for only	<b>\$10.00</b>	Every Crash and Linen Coat Suit in the store. The prices were \$6.50 to \$10. If you are prompt—You'll get your pick for	<b>\$3.50</b>
Every Silk Shirt Waist in the House---Prices Were \$3.50 to \$6.50			Your Pick for \$2.00
Every Silk Dress in the store. Prices were from \$12.50 to \$20. Just because they are going, it's	<b>\$5.00</b>	Every Ratine, Chalk and White Serge Dress in the store, prices were \$7.50 to \$15. Will go quickly at	<b>\$3.98</b>

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