

HOPKINS PEOPLE HAD JACKPOT.

KEELEY TELLS OF ALLEGED RIVAL TO LORIMER FUND.

Detailed Description of Reputed Attempt to Buy Democratic Votes at Springfield Given.

Washington, July 24.—A detailed account of a reputed attempt to buy a number of Democratic votes in the Illinois legislature to reelect Albert J. Hopkins to the senate was told on the witness stand today before the senate Lorimer committee by James Keeley, general manager of the Chicago Tribune.

It was the sensation of the day of sensations in the hearing. It followed Mr. Keeley's testimony as to how he happened to buy the confession of Charles A. White, the legislator, whose story about graft at Springfield resulted in the Lorimer investigation. It was subsequent to testimony by Edward Hines that Henry S. Boutell, now American minister to Switzerland, told him President Taft would assist in the election of Lorimer to the senate.

Mr. Keeley said what he knows was that the Hopkins story was obtained from Clifford Raymond, then representing the Tribune at Springfield, and from Ira C. Copley, representative in congress from Aurora, Ill.

He testified that Charles Wheeler, another Chicago newspaper man at Springfield, came to Raymond during the legislative session in 1900 and told him a story which Speaker Shurtleff had personally requested be not printed. When Raymond had told Mr. Keeley, the witness testified, Raymond said had been told him by Wheeler, Mr. Keeley said:

"Raymond told me the story was that on a certain night Speaker Shurtleff, Don C. Hanahan and some others who names I do not recall, met in a certain room in the St. Nicholas hotel in Springfield, and that that meeting was caused by a report being received that a certain man had come to Springfield to buy certain Democratic votes on a certain day for Hopkins.

"That Representatives John G. Weerdell and Anton Cermak were called in and that Speaker Shurtleff told them he knew what they were doing—an attempt was being made to buy Democratic votes—and read them a list of 15 or 20 men who were to be bought and the prices that were to be paid. The list was headed by 'Manny' Abrahams, the 'bell wether,' I have been told.

"Shurtleff said: 'Now we know what's going on and you can't put it through. If Mammy Abrahams votes for Hopkins tomorrow I will suspend the roll call and will announce your names and will read the list of men to be bought. If you try that, that is what I will do.'

"That Roger Sullivan had been telephoned to go to Springfield. His train was due to arrive from Chicago about midnight. He rounded up his followers and told them he would blow them out of political waters if they attempted such a thing."

Mr. Keeley said Raymond told him this story prior to the Lorimer election and that \$25,000 or \$30,000 was reputed to have been taken to Springfield.

He then read from a memorandum that on September 21, 1910, Representative Copley and John M. Glenn came to his office; that Copley and Hopkins came from the same town and they "hate each other healthily and vigorously."

The witness produced a memorandum of what Copley had said. It was to the effect that "Daniel Byrnes, formerly of the Chicago Northwestern was the man who tried to put through the deal," and that the money had been taken to Springfield by a resident or Wheaton, Ill.

According to the memorandum, Copley said he had called upon Gov. Deneen and Deneen had agreed to call in 20 of his Republican allies and if the Democrats voted for Hopkins to have these 20 switch from Hopkins.

"Anything unusual take place in Springfield the next day?" asked Attorney Marble.

"For the first time the roll of the house was called before that of the senate."

Mr. Keeley sent a list of questions on May 9, 1910, to Hines and E. S. Conway, asking about the Lorimer contributions. Mr. Conway said he knew nothing about them.

"Mr. Hines," the witness said, "declined to answer."

Mr. Keeley insisted it was upon advice of counsel that he had not told the previous Lorimer committee about his knowledge of the story that Hines asked Funk to send a Lorimer contribution to Edward Tilden. Senator Kenyon suggested that a partner of Mr. Austrain, Mr. Keeley's counsel, was counsel for Tilden and for the whiskey interests which were reputed to have contributed a "jackpot." Mr. Keeley said he did not doubt Mr. Austrain's integrity. Mr.

Keeley said the existence of a corruption jackpot was common gossip.

THE POWER OF THE GOVERNOR

In the State of South Carolina He is the Whole Thing.

When important issues were at stake, during campaigns, we have frequently heard the expression: "The governor cannot do anything without the legislature. That body must be in sympathy with him or his hands are tied. He is only an executive and cannot help himself."

We always received this statement with a grain of salt, but we are mightily convinced now that it is a great mistake. The governor has a great deal of power, and he can do things that many a man never dreamed that he could do. Indeed, in South Carolina he is the whole thing.

Were proof of this statement asked for, it could be easily furnished. Our governor has defied the supreme court, and we have not been convinced yet that he has not had his own way in spite of what the court has had to say. It has rendered some kind of decisions, but the governor is still in the saddle, and ready to do as he pleases. He has declared most positively, that he would do as he pleased in spite of all the mandamus that can be issued.

This ought to be enough to show the extent of his power, but there is more. He has dismissed the pardon board, fired the dispensary commission, made appointments regardless of the law, and the suggestions of the people, opened the doors of the penitentiary, fired a college president, cut out contracts for state buildings, practically dismissed the state house commission, played jack generally and there seems to be no power on earth to stay his hands.

Never tell us again that the governor cannot do a great deal, that his power is limited. There must be radical changes made in the constitution before we can accept any such statement.—Greenwood Journal.

TALK WITH LA FOLLETTE.

Wisconsin Senator Expresses Opinions On National Politics.

"Aldrich was a great manager, though a poor speaker," continued Senator La Follette puffing at his pipe writes Charles Johnson in Harper's Weekly. "His handling of the Rhode Island legislature in which eleven per cent of the voters controlled the election of U. S. senator were of a piece with his senate leadership as chairman of the finance committee at a late manipulation of the Payne-Aldrich tariff. His character, his life, his relations with the Rockefellers and big business generally, led him in the same direction."

How about Senator Hale?" "He," Senator La Follette replied, "like the rest of the old Guard, belongs to a period of our national life that is drawing to a close, though we are still far from being clear of its dangers. Hale was the heavy dragoon of the old Guard, a grim, resolute able man, a master of senate routine, and thoroughly determined to get, for his class, the maximum of results of legislation."

"Is the passing of the Old Guard the guarantee of a new order?" I asked.

"You must not flatter yourself that because Aldrich and Hale are out the things they stood for are gone too," Senator La Follette earnestly replied. "On the contrary, they continue, and this is the day of especial danger just as we are beginning to win. The hardest fighting is all ahead. The forces of organized selfishness are on the alert to take advantage of any over-confidence on our part."

"How about Senator Penrose, who succeeds Senator Aldrich as chairman of the committee on finance? He is titular leader of the senate, is he not?"

"He is the worst—of the best—type of the organization senator; relentlessly crushes where he has the power, compromises whenever necessary and never breaks his word to friend or enemy. He has not yet cranked up his machine, and he is allowing Gallinger, Crane, Lodge and others to sit at the wheel in turn. But if anybody thinks Penrose doesn't know that the mantle slipped from Aldrich's shoulders on to his, he has another guess.

"No, the old Guard is still with us; scotched, not killed. And it has as many lives as the proverbial cat, because the forces that give it life and feed it are so enormously strong."

Happiest Girl in Lincoln.

A Lincoln, Neb., girl writes, "I had been ailing for some time with chronic constipation and stomach trouble. I began taking Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and in three days I was able to be up and get better right along. I am the proudest girl in Lincoln to find such a good medicine." For sale by all dealers.

ILLEGAL STEEL POOL.

COPY OF PURPORTED AGREEMENT SHOWN BY COMMITTEE.

Document Destroyed but by No Means Either Forgotten or Disregarded by Companies.

Washington, July 24.—A copy of a purported pooling agreement between the Carnegie Steel company and 19 other kindred concerns for a percentage apportionment of the steel output of the country—an admittedly illegal document supposedly long since destroyed—stirred today's meeting of the house "steel trust" investigating committee. Chairman Stanley produced a copy of the agreement, together with other confidential data, and the agreement was admitted in evidence against the protests of counsel for the corporations that is was unauthenticated.

The original agreement provided for the formation of the Steel Plate Association of the United States and notwithstanding that the agreement was burned and only came to light because a Pennsylvania printer had saved a copy from the flames, the committee found corroborative evidence that the Steel Plate association did exist after the destruction of the tell-tale document. J. G. Van Ormer of the Lukens Iron and Steel company, one of the parties to the original, testified that all copies of the agreement had been burned because it was thought its provisions were illegal. The agreement, itself, he testified, never was signed by his company and all sent to other companies were returned for destruction. He admitted, however, that operation of the business of his company proceeded along lines of understanding similar to the provisions of the burned agreement.

FOLLOWS HUSBAND TO GRAVE.

Wife of Ellie Hyatt, in Lee County, Dies One Hour After Husband's Demise.

Bishopville, July 24.—Mr. Ellie Hyatte, a young father, 23 years old, died at his home at Lucknow, in this county, yesterday afternoon, after being ill for the past few days. Within one hour after he had breathed his last his wife, Mrs. Mollie Hyatte, died of heart failure. The remains of both were buried near Lucknow this afternoon.

"WETS" WIN TEXAS ELECTION.

Over Six Thousand Indicated Majority in Liquor Contest.

Dallas Texas, July 24.—The anti-prohibition measure stands won out in Texas at the Saturday's election according to figures compiled by the Dallas News.

The total vote to date is: Against the amendment, 234,101; for the amendment, 227,997.

The new figures indicate that the final count will show the majority against prohibition to be in excess of six thousand.

WANT TO EMBARRASS TAFT.

Some Senators Insist on Further Tariff Legislation.

Washington, July 24.—Apropos of several speeches, which were made today in the Senate by Democratic and insurgent Republican Senators, who are opposed to adjournment without putting up to the President some tariff reduction legislation, it is rumored that a conference will be held tonight by some of the Democratic Senators and some of the members of the ways and means committee of the House.

It is also thought that the the House Democratic caucus tomorrow the question of throwing the gates open to further legislation and prolonging the session will be threshed out.

Right in your busiest season when you have the least time to spare you are most likely to take diarrhoea and lose several day's time, unless you have Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy at hand and take a dose on the first appearance of the disease. For sale by all dealers.

The work on Main street is still being pushed rapidly. The rock for the concrete base is being hauled and the sand which will be placed as a layer between the concrete and the brick is being put on the ground at the same time. The work of hauling off the old rock and foundation for the street is still going on and has reached as far as Liberty street.

Never leave home on a journey without a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It is almost certain to be needed and cannot be obtained when on board the cars or steamship. For sale by all dealers.

AFTER THE SEABOARD.

Business Men of Manning are Determined to Leave no Stone Unturned to Get That Town on the Railroad Map.

Following the announcement that all arrangements had been made to bring the Seaboard Air Line to Sumter, and that it is almost a certainty that the road will be extended through Clarendon county to Charleston, crossing the Santee River at Ferguson, the business men of Manning have become thoroughly aroused to the importance of securing a Seaboard connection for their town, if it is possible to do so. A meeting was held and a committee appointed to communicate with Mr. W. H. Bonsal with the view of interesting him in the Manning proposition. When this committee learned that Mr. Bonsal would be in Sumter Monday a delegation of leading business men was selected to come here and, if practicable, have an interview with Mr. Bonsal, or if that could not be arranged to make an appointment to meet him at some future date. The committee consisting of Messrs. W. C. Davis, Louis Appelt and Horton came over in an automobile Monday afternoon, but unfortunately there was trouble with the machine on the road and the party did not arrive here until an hour after Mr. Bonsal and party had taken their departure for Bishopville. This was disappointing to the committee, but they have not abandoned the idea of getting in touch with the Seaboard by any means, and will communicate with Mr. Bonsal at once. Manning is thoroughly interested in the matter and if the Seaboard can be induced to build a branch line to Manning, or to carry its through line to Charleston by way of Manning, the business men of that town will gladly meet any reasonable conditions that may be named by Mr. Bonsal.

USE OF LIME AS A FERTILIZER.

Test Being Made on Various Crops in Alabama by Railroads.

Tucaloosa, Ala., July 25.—In order to give practical information to farmers of the South as to the benefits to be secured by the use of lime both for increasing yields and for improving the soil, the Southern Railway and the Alabama Great Southern Railroad, through their Cotton Culture Department, are making experiments along their lines in Alabama with corn, cotton, peanuts, and other farm products. The lime used analyzed 70 per cent and was secured from Marengo, Greene, and Spouter counties, where millions of tons lie along the Warrior and Tombigbee rivers. The lime was applied in the spring and has resulted in the promise of increased yields, though it is too early to know what the increase or the benefit to the soil will be.

Lime has been used for improving the soil for many centuries and authorities agree that a great part of the land under cultivation in the Southwest is deficient in this respect, resulting in an excess of acidity when vegetable matter decays. The use of lime preserves the vegetable matter in the condition most suitable for the support of plant life. It is not intended that lime should be used as a substitute for manure or commercial fertilizers but that by its use a much greater percentage of the plant food in the manure or fertilizer may be retained in the soil.

As soon as possible the results of the experiments being made will be given to the farmers of the South.

Suppose the public roads leading into the city of Sumter from all sections of Sumter and adjacent counties should be destroyed or so damaged as to be impassable, what would be the effect upon the business of the town? The answer is easy—the town would be as dead as a doornail, the merchants would have to close the stores and every other business establishment would be forced out of business and their employees turned adrift to seek employment elsewhere. This is an extreme supposition, but poor roads hurt the town and curtail its business opportunities and the poorer the roads the greater damage the town sustains. The better the roads the greater the business the town will do and the greater the benefit every resident of the town will receive. Therefore, the man who votes for the bond issue and a county wide system of good roads votes for his own interest and for the good of the town and country.

It will be noticed that some of those who voted with Mr. Simmons are coming to his defense, which is nothing more than they should do.—Durham Herald.

Sprains require careful treatment. Keep quiet and apply Chamberlain's Liniment freely. It will remove the soreness and quickly restore the parts to a healthy condition. For sale by all dealers.

CITY COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

FIRE CODE READY TO BE HANDLED TO COUNCIL FOR ACTION.

Blanding Street Residents want Clay-Ed Street—Mr. J. A. McKnight is Re-elected to Board of Health—Other Matters.

City Council met Tuesday night in a short session and transacted various business. The report of the police investigating committee was not received by council as Mr. R. L. Wright, the chairman of the committee, was not present at the meeting and it was deemed best to hold it over until the next meeting of council.

Those present at the meeting were Mayor L. D. Jennings, and Aldermen J. P. Booth, J. F. Glenn, J. W. McKeiver, H. J. McLaurin and R. K. Wilder. The minutes of July 11th were read and confirmed.

A petition was presented by residents of Blanding street, who asked that the work of claying that street be continued from Bartlette street to Oakland avenue. It was ordered that this work be done in the regular course of progress, when other work, which had already been ordered, was completed.

Mayor Jennings stated that the term of office of Mr. J. A. McKnight as a member of the Board of Health had expired on June 27th and he nominated him for a new term of five years. This nomination was unanimously confirmed.

Mr. Booth, chairman of the committee on public works, stated that progress was being made in the work at various places in the city. There was nothing of especial interest connected with the work to report. He had found it necessary to order forms for making of the 13 inch pipe. This expenditure was confirmed by Council.

A large number of claims which had been held over from the last meeting were ordered paid.

The monthly report of the Water Works for June was read and received as information.

Permission was granted to Mr. G. W. Beardon to make slight alterations in the window of his store on West Liberty street, providing it did not affect the fire risk.

Mr. McKeiver, the chairman of the Committee to draw up a Building Code for the City of Sumter, reported that the code was drawn up and was ready to be submitted to Council for their consideration. He suggested that a special meeting of Council be called for the purpose of considering the code and it was so ordered, although no time of meeting was appointed as it was impossible to select a time when all of the members of Council would be in the city and it was decided that the code come up before a full meeting.

Mr. McKeiver stated that the principal features of the code were that the fire limits be enlarged, so as to extend from Calhoun street to Dingle street and from Harvin street to Sumter street and from Magnolia street to Washington street. Within this area all business houses were to be constructed of brick or stone with non-combustible roofs; the same requirements were for dwelling houses between Canal and Dingle streets and from Harvin to Sumter street; anywhere else in the fire limits residences might be constructed of wood with non-combustible roofs.

Enjoyable Dance Monday Evening.

The dance which was given in the Armory Hall on Monday evening was one of the most enjoyable ones that has been given at any time during the year, although the crowd that attended was not as large as usually attend the subscription dances given in the Armory Hall.

The colored orchestra furnished excellent dance music for the occasion and the young ladies and gentlemen enjoyed dancing from nine until past one o'clock. The shower just before the dance did much to cool off the atmosphere and electric fans placed in the hall kept the dancers cool during the intermissions.

Mr. J. A. Schwerin made an auto trip to Bishopville Monday in 55 minutes. He went to Bishopville for the purpose of conferring with some of the business men of that town relative to the establishment of an ice factory there. Mr. Schwerin says the outlook for the Bishopville ice factory is encouraging.

Two sand traps are being put in at the corner of Main and Canal streets before the new paving is laid so that the city will have no trouble at that point for quite a while to come and it will not be necessary to remove the paving to clean out the traps at any time shortly.

Reading some of the papers, we imagine we are in the midst of the Morehead-Duncan fight of a year ago.—Greensboro Record.

WILL AUGUSTA KEEP CLUB.

Today's the Deciding Game Whether or Not Augusta Will Hold Place in South Atlantic League.

Columbia, July 25.—"Today's game in Augusta will definitely decide whether or not Augusta continues as a member of the South Atlantic League," said T. C. Williams, president of the Columbia Club and chairman of the committee recently appointed by the league to investigate the Augusta situation. Monday the committee agreed with the members of the Augusta Club that if the attendance Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday should be satisfactory—and to be satisfactory it would have to show a considerable increase—the franchise would be allowed to remain in that city. Otherwise the franchise would be taken up by the league and the team either placed with some other city or put on the road for the remainder of the season." President Williams said today that the Augusta situation would reach its climax today. In case the franchise is removed from Augusta, the Augusta team, according to Mr. Williams' statement will play in Columbia Thursday, Friday and Saturday, of this week, as the Columbia club is booked for Augusta on these days. Charleston is scheduled in Augusta after Columbia and these games would be transferred to Charleston.

CARD OF THANKS.

Dear Friends: Words are inadequate to express my appreciation of your loyalty during the recent newspaper contest. The interest which you have manifested in my behalf enhances the value of the beautiful piano a hundred fold. Through life, the instrument shall be a huge link of love ever binding me to my supporters in Sumter and Clarendon counties. Most sincerely, Ellen Beach.

"Damabelcoscokasperlerana," is Japanese for Captain Hobson.—Wilmington Star. We had often thought that way about the Captain, but never felt that we knew him well enough to express our affection in such terms of endearment.—Charlotte News.

For summer diarrhoea in children always give Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and castor oil and a speedy cure is certain. For sale by all dealers.

ACKNOWLEDGE IT.

Sumter Has to Bow to the Inevitable—Scores of Citizens Prove It.

After reading the public statement of this representative citizen of Sumter given below, you must come to this conclusion: A remedy which cured years ago, which has kept the kidneys in good health since, can be relied upon to perform the same work in other cases. Read this: J. H. Grady, 16 Wright street, Sumter, S. C., says: "I do not hesitate to recommend Doan's Kidney Pills, having found them very beneficial. My back ached nearly all the time and I had acute pains through my kidneys. I was often lame and stiff and I noticed that the kidney secretions contained sediment. Doan's Kidney Pills, which I obtained from China's Drug Store, removed these symptoms of kidney complaint and helped me in every way. I know that this remedy can be relied upon." (Statement given March 16, 1908.)

A Lasting Cure.

On January 9, 1911, Mr. Grady said: "I willingly confirm my former endorsement of Doan's Kidney Pills and make the fact known that they effected a permanent cure in my case. You may continue to publish my endorsement of this preparation."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other. No. 11



HANDLE YOUR MONEY SKILFULLY.

You can do this if you make your purchases of cut glass and silverware at this store. Here quality and price each shine in the light of the other, from the smallest single pieces to the large sets.

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