

Notice of Election.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,
COUNTY OF SUMTER.

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held at the voting precincts prescribed by law in said county on Tuesday, August 17, 1909, as provided in the following Act:

AN ACT to prohibit the manufacture, sale, barter, exchange, giving away to induce trade, the furnishing at public places or otherwise disposing of alcohol, spirituous, vinous or malt liquors or beverages, or other liquors or beverages by whatsoever name called, which if drunk to excess will produce intoxication, except for sale of alcohol in certain cases upon certain conditions, and except the sale of wine for sacramental purposes, and to provide penalties for the violation thereof.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of South Carolina, That all alcoholic liquors and beverages, whether manufactured within this State or elsewhere, or any mixture by whatsoever name called, which if drunk to excess will produce intoxication, are hereby declared to be detrimental, and their use and consumption to be against the morals, good health and safety of the State, and contraband. That it shall be unlawful for any person, firm, corporation or association within this State to manufacture, sell, barter, exchange, receive, accept, give away to induce trade, deliver, store, keep in possession in this State, furnish at public places or otherwise dispose of any spirituous, malt, vinous, fermented, brewed or other liquors and beverages, or any compound or mixture thereof which contains alcohol and is used as a beverage, and which if drunk to excess will produce intoxication, except as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 2. That wholesale druggists may lawfully sell in wholesale quantities to retail druggists and to public or charitable hospitals or to medical pharmaceutical colleges, and in no other way, pure alcohol for medical purposes only, or grain alcohol to be used by chemists or bacteriologists actually engaged in scientific work and for such purposes only, and such wholesale druggist shall at the end of each month in which any such sales have been made, file with the clerk of the court in the county in which they do business, a statement in writing under oath giving the name of the purchaser, the price paid, the date of sale, and the quantity and character of the alcohol sold. That if said wholesale druggist making such sale is not a resident of the State of South Carolina, then such statement shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the court of the county in which the purchaser resides.

Sec. 3. That any retail druggist whose place of business is located in any of the incorporated towns or cities of the State, who is himself a registered or licensed pharmacist, may sell, in the manner herein set out, upon filing a bond in the sum of five thousand dollars, to be approved by the clerk of the court, in which county such druggist does business, conditioned for a faithful observance of the provisions of this Act, such bond to be approved by the clerk of the court, pure alcohol for medical purposes only, grain alcohol to chemists and bacteriologist actually engaged in scientific work, and for such purposes only and wine to be used for sacramental or religious purposes only: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall prevent such druggists from using alcohol in the compounding of prescriptions or other medicines, the sale of which would not subject him to the payment of a special tax required by liquor dealers by the government of the United States: Provided, further, That nothing herein contained shall prevent such druggist from compounding or selling medicinal preparations manufactured in accordance with formulas prescribed by the United States Pharmacopoeia and National Formulary which contain no more alcohol than is necessary to extract the medicinal properties of the drugs contained in such preparations, and no more alcohol than is necessary to hold the medicinal agents in solution, and which are manufactured and sold as medicine, and not as beverage.

Sec. 4. That no sale of pure alcohol, for medicinal purposes, shall be made by any retail druggist, except upon the prescription of a regular practicing physician of this State, who, before writing such prescriptions, shall make an actual examination of the person for whom the prescription is issued, and the said prescription shall be substantially in the following form: "State of South Carolina, County. To Druggist. I a regular licensed and practicing physician under the laws of this State, do hereby certify that I have examined a patient in my charge, and I do hereby prescribe for the use of said patient alcohol, and I further certify, that the use of such alcohol is, in my judgment, absolutely necessary to alleviate or cure the illness or disease from which said

patient is now suffering, and that I am not interested in the drug store to which this prescription is directed, nor in the profits on the drugs herein prescribed. Dated M. D."

Sec. 5. That no prescription shall be filled herein except upon the day upon which it is issued or the following day, and no more than one-half pint of alcohol shall be sold and delivered on any one prescription, and when such prescription is filled, it shall not be refilled, but shall be delivered to the druggist filling same, and at the end of the month in which the same is filled, it shall be filed by such druggist in the office of the clerk of court of the county in which said druggist is engaged in business: Provided, No druggist, who is also a practicing physician, shall fill his own prescriptions hereunder, nor shall they be filled at any drug store in which the said physician is financially interested: Provided, further, That the delivery of such alcohol sold under such prescription shall be made only directly to the person for whom such prescription is issued or to the physician, or in case of a minor to his parent or guardian or physician or some one authorized by said physician.

Sec. 6. That only retail druggists whose place of business is located in any of the incorporated towns or cities of the State may lawfully sell alcohol in quantities not greater than five (5) gallons to be used in the arts or for scientific or mechanical purposes, and such druggist may sell, in like quantities, to chemists and bacteriologists engaged in scientific work, and for such purposes only, and such druggist may sell in quantities, not greater than one-half gallon, wine used for sacramental or religious purposes only. That any person desiring to purchase alcohol for the purpose set out in the section, shall sign a written or printed statement, giving his name, residence, occupation and the purpose for which he intends to use said alcohol, and he shall certify that said alcohol is purchased in good faith for such purposes and no other, and that said druggist shall, at the end of each month, file, with the clerk of court of the county in which he is engaged in business, all such statements, with a certificate under oath, that said statements contain a true statement of all such sales.

Sec. 7. That it shall be unlawful to sell wine for sacramental purposes except to a minister, pastor, priest or regularly constituted officer of a regularly organized religious congregation or church. Any person, desiring to make such purchases, shall sign a written or printed statement, giving his name and residence and the name and location of the church for which such wine is purchased, and he shall certify that said wine is purchased in good faith, to be used for sacramental or religious purposes, and no other. That such statement shall be filed, as provided for in the next preceding section, in the office of the clerk of court.

Sec. 8. That all statements or prescriptions required by this Act to be filed in the office of the clerk of the court shall be recorded and properly indexed by him in a book kept for that purpose, which shall at all times be open for public inspection, and a certified copy of such record, or the original statement or prescription, with the certificate of the clerk of the court endorsed thereon, showing that it has been recorded, shall be prima facie evidence of the facts recited therein. For making such record, the clerk of the court shall be entitled to charge and collect for each prescription a fee of five cents, which shall be paid by the party filing the same.

Sec. 9. That in addition to the requirements hereinbefore prescribed, all licensed and registered druggists selling alcohol by prescription shall keep a record thereof, which shall bear the true dates of the sales, the names of the persons to whom sales were made, the names of physicians of surgeons upon whose prescriptions each were made; such records shall be subject at all times to the inspection of the solicitor of the district, the sheriff and other peace officers of the county, the mayor and police officers of the city or town in which said licensed and registered pharmacist's business is located, and all other persons, and each druggist making any such sales shall be required to report, under oath, to the Circuit Judge presiding at each term of court of the county in which said druggist is engaged in business, a true statement of such facts, and also file on Monday morning of each week a list of the alcohol sold by him, to whom sold and by what physician prescribed, with the chief of police or mayor orintendent of the municipality, and post one copy in some public place in such municipality.

Sec. 10. That nothing in this Act shall prevent the sale of wood or denatured alcohol.

Sec. 11. That any person who violates any of the provisions of this Act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof be fined in a sum not less than one hundred

dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, or imprisonment at hard labor for a period of not less than three months, nor for more than one year; and for the second or any subsequent offense, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned at hard labor for not less than one year nor more than five years.

Sec. 12. That any druggist or physician who violates in any way the provisions of this Act shall, in addition to the punishment herein provided, have their license revoked for a period of not more than one year for each offense.

Sec. 13. That this Act shall not have the effect of preventing the indictment, prosecution and conviction of any person who has been guilty of the violation of the present criminal law relating to the dispensary or punishment thereof, as now provided by law for offenses heretofore committed.

Sec. 14. This Act shall take effect on the first Tuesday in August, 1909: Provided, That in the counties then having dispensaries an election shall be held on the third Tuesday in August, 1909, for the purpose of determining whether the dispensaries located therein shall be reopened, and such election in each of said counties shall be held and conducted by the same officers and under the rules and regulations provided by law for general elections.

Sec. 15. At such election the election commissioners for such county shall at each voting precinct therein provide one ballot box in which the ballots must be cast. Any person who is a qualified elector of such county may vote in said election. Every voter who may be in favor of the sale of liquors and beverages in such counties shall cast a ballot in the box provided therefor, on which shall be printed the words: "For sale and manufacture of alcoholic liquors and beverages," and every voter opposed shall cast a ballot upon which shall be printed the words, "Against sale and manufacture of alcoholic liquors and beverages." If a majority of the ballots cast in such election be "For sale and manufacture of alcoholic liquors and beverages," it shall be lawful for such liquors and beverages to be sold in said county as hereinafter provided: Provided, That expense of these elections shall be borne by the State.

Sec. 16. In case an election as herein provided shall result in favor of the sale of liquors and beverages, the dispensaries in each county so voting shall be reopened and conducted under the provisions of an act entitled "An Act to declare the law in reference to, and to regulate the manufacture, sale, use, consumption, possession, transportation and disposition of alcoholic liquors and beverages within the State, and to police the same," approved the 16th day of February, 1907, and Acts amendatory thereof: Provided, That all of the provisions and limitations of the said Act not inconsistent with this Act shall remain in full force and effect in all of the counties of this State: Provided, further, That in counties which shall reopen dispensaries therein, the county dispensary board and dispensers in office on June 30, 1909, shall continue to discharge their several duties as if such dispensary or dispensaries had not been closed: Provided, That in the counties which have heretofore voted upon the question of dispensary or no dispensary under existing or previous laws and have no dispensary at this time, shall have the right at any time after the expiration of four years from the last election on the liquor question to hold an election upon the question of dispensary or no dispensary, as provided in an Act entitled, "An Act to declare the law in reference to, and to regulate the manufacture, sale, use, consumption, possession, transportation and disposition of, alcoholic liquors and beverages within this State, and to police the same," approved February 16, 1907.

Sec. 17. That all Acts and parts of Acts inconsistent herewith be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

Approved the 2nd day of March, A. D. 1909.

Before the hour fixed for opening the polls Managers and Clerks must take and subscribe the Constitutional oath. The Chairman of the Board of Managers can administer the oath to the other members and to the Clerk; a Notary Public must administer the oath to the Chairman. The Managers elect their Chairman and Clerk.

Polls at each voting place must be opened at 7 o'clock a. m. and closed at 4 o'clock p. m., except in the city of Charleston, where they shall be opened at 7 a. m. and closed at 6 p. m.

The Managers have the power to fill a vacancy, and if none of the Managers attend, the citizens can appoint from among the qualified voters, the Managers, who, after being sworn, can conduct the election.

At the close of the election, the Managers and Clerks must proceed publicly to open the ballot boxes and count the ballots therein, and continue without adjournment until the same is completed, and make a statement of the result for each office and

Turnip Seeds

be good.

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Large and Small Matters.
Mr. Nocash—My neighbor, Mr. Slimpurse, has built his fence six inches over the line.
Lawyer—A small matter, which can be amicably arranged. Agree with him to let the fence stay where it is until necessary to rebuild and then have it put where it belongs. Five dollars, please. Thanks. Good day, sir.

Mr. Golde-Bullion—Good morning! My neighbor, Mr. Fatpurse, has built his fence four inches over the line.
Lawyer—He has, eh? We'll fix him. Yes, sir, I'll win that case for you if I have to carry it to the supreme court—yes, sir.—Exchange.

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sign the same. Within three days thereafter, the Chairman of the Board of some one designated by the Board, must deliver to the commissioners of election the poll list, the boxes containing the ballots and written statements of the results of the election.

Managers of Election:—The following Managers of Election have been appointed to hold the election at the various precincts in the said County:

- Sumter, Ward 1—R. W. Bradham, Edgar Skinner, Geo. W. Reardon.
- Sumter, Ward 2—W. Y. L. Marshall, J. D. Shirer, Jno. S. Richardson.
- Sumter, Ward 3—D. W. Owens, W. C. Ivey, H. C. Cuttino.
- Sumter, Ward 4—Geo. E. Beaumont, W. Percy Smith, Louis Rhame, Shiloh—J. K. McElveen, H. D. Player, W. W. Green.
- Mayesville—W. N. McElveen, G. W. McBride, Brearley Cooper.
- Rafting Creek—Jno. W. Young, Jno. T. Watson, B. C. DuPre.
- Stateburg—Guy V. Nelson, Richard Cantey, Wm. M. Sanders.
- Wedgefield—C. W. Chandler, Eugene Aycock, W. H. Ramsey.
- Providence—J. H. Myers, H. B. Parker, Sam Folk.
- Concord—T. M. Brunson, G. W. Mahoney, R. C. Blanding.
- Bloom Hill—W. J. Ardis, T. D. Weeks, S. M. Coulter.
- Privateer—W. O. Cain, H. W. Cuttino, H. H. Wells.
- Oswego—W. J. Andrews, Reid McCoy, J. S. R. Brown.

The managers at each precinct named above are requested to delegate one of their number to secure boxes and blanks for the election on or before, Saturday, the 14th day of August, at Knight's Book Store.

JAS. E. DUPRE,
W. T. GREEN,
F. D. KNIGHT,
Commissioners of State and County Elections for Sumter County, S. C. July 15, 1909.

The young son of Dr. James, a prominent physician of Greer, died early Monday morning in most excruciating agony. The father hurriedly leaving home yesterday afternoon accidentally dropped a bottle of morphine on the porch floor and the little fellow picked it up and, when discovered by his mother, had eaten the greater part of the contents of the bottle. A physician was quickly summoned and a stomach pump applied. The poisoning had advanced too far to be overcome.

Ain't This Awful, Mabel?
"What makes the horseless carriage go;
Has it been simply taught to?"
"No, no, my child, it only goes
When it—and neither persuasion, swearing, tinkering, sending to the garage for another chauffeur, calling the fire department, or otherwise trying to influence the blamed thing, will have any effect—when it believes it auto!"

A party of United States officers left Greenville Monday and made a raid on a distillery near Cold Springs. Fire was still burning in the furnace beneath the still when the officers arrived. Several hundred gallons of beer and a few gallons of low wines were discovered. The still is one of the largest that the officers have raided in a long time.

Hubert Latham, the French aeronautist, foiled in his second attempt to fly across the English Channel. He left the coast of France and in 20 minutes fluttered into the sea, two miles from the English coast. The flight was much more speedy than that of Bleriot. Latham sustained no injuries from the descent of his machine into the sea.

Logical.
Doyle—Pfwat's th' rayson O'Toole do be after havin' a tin weddin', O! wonder.
Boyle—Faith, an' it's because he's been married to his old woman tin years, O!m thinkin'.—Unclamed.