

Logan Notes.

LOGAN, S. C., Sept. 8, 1894.

It has been some time since you heard anything from here. Now we have a little spare time, and it is with heartfelt pleasure that we take up our pen to write to the dear old Watchman and Southron...

Farmers are all through gathering fodder, and are now picking cotton. Many of them say that there won't be more than a half a crop of cotton made, and corn is not as good as we expected. Potatoes and peas look well...

Mr. S. P. ... His remains were laid to rest at Salem Brick Church on Thursday, the 30th. On last Friday, 31st instant, Mrs. Frances, wife of Mr. Sam Nesbitt, was struck with paralysis...

The new road from Hope Swamp to Thomas's has been worked out so that vehicles can pass. The general health of the community is no not so good as it has been.

HAPPY JACK.

Wedgfield Letter.

WEDGFIELD, S. C., Sept. 11, 1894

A marriage was solemnized at the residence of the bride's father on Wednesday, the contracting parties being Miss Nettie Thomas, daughter of Mr. H. B. Thomas, and Mr. W. E. Felder, of Sumter...

From what we can gather, we believe our people are in favor of the organization of the True Democracy, but not to put out a State ticket. We do not see how any one can think otherwise under the circumstances that now exist.

Some more of our neighbors have of late been losing some whiskey in the old time way, but we are not in favor of calling names as some do.

Rev. J. C. Chamber of the Methodist Church, commences a protracted meeting in the Methodist Church at this place to-night.

We are having intensely hot weather and the potatoes, gardens and Jude corn are needing rain, but farmers are having a fine season for harvesting their cotton.

Labor is abundant. Prices paid for picking is 40c. per 100 lbs.

Wedgfield has a regular cotton buyer in Mr. Dan' McLaughlin, and another who takes in Wedgfield with some other points.

Rev. W. T. Capers will preach his first sermon at Stateburg on next Sunday.

Hon. R. I. Manning and family have returned from their summer visit to the Springs. Mr. E. E. Aycock has returned from Tate Springs, Tenn.

Miss Sadlow, of Florence, is visiting Mrs. W. Y. Dixon.

The family of Dr. H. J. McLaurin have returned to their home in Sumter.

Messrs. W. M. Cain, of Privateer, and Thos. Wagon, of Providence, have accepted situations as salesman with Mr. F. E. Thomas.

Messrs. R. B. and S. D. Cain and A. G. Mellett leave to-day for Williston, where they return to re-enter the Williston High School.

Letter From Wisacky.

WISACKY, S. C., Sept. 10, 1894.

The weather for the past few weeks, has been favorable for cotton picking, and the farmers have made considerable progress along that line. Cotton was injured by the heavy rain in July and August, but in this immediate section nearly an average crop will be made. The corn crop is good. Peas are backward and it is feared that the yield will be light.

More attention has been paid this year than ever before to the raising of sugar cane and sorghum, and there are several mills throughout this section, all of which seem to be doing a good business. Messrs. Floyd & Player and F. J. Smith have put up a cane mill at this place.

Cotton is being picked readily at forty cents per hundred, and the ginners have reduced the price of ginning to one dollar per bale.

Messrs. Floyd & Player have opened a store here.

Mr. W. W. DesChamps, has just completed a commodious ware house in rear of his store, which adds much to his convenience and to the appearance of the place. The many friends of Mr. Jas. K. Goodale of Camden, are glad to see him behind the counter at Mr. W. W. DesChamps's again.

Messrs. J. C. Scott, Jr., and K. McCaskill, Jr., left this morning for Clinton to attend the Presbyterian College at that place.

We regret to have to report Mr. Edgar Scott quite sick with typhoid fever.

Rev. Jno. A. Rice, president of Columbia Female College, filled the Rev. Dr. Darby's pulpit at St. Lukes, yesterday, and preached an able sermon. Dr. Darby will commence a protracted meeting at St. Lukes this week.

The territory of the proposed new county is being actively canvassed, and since the people of Bishopville have pledged themselves to build the court house and jail, the movement is meeting with very little opposition. Please call the attention of the post office authorities through your columns, to the very inconvenient mail schedule now in operation on the South and North Carolina R. R.

The mail reaches this place at 7 P. M., and mail matter from Wilmington and other points arrives here on the evening of the following day after being sent out. People, and especially business men, living here and at other points in the S. & N. C. R. R. are put to the greatest inconvenience, and business interests are suffering by this arrangement. We would urge the authorities to effect arrangements by which the mail can be brought up on the morning train as heretofore.

Many hearts have been won by a discreet use of Maillard's fine candy—Sold at R. M. & L. W. Jenkins's.

S. C. Weather-Crop Bulletin.

The week ending September 10th was a very hot one with an average daily excess, over the normal, of from 4 to 6 degrees. The highest temperature reported was 96 at various places; the lowest 65 at Longshore on the 4th and 6th.

There was about 30 per cent. of the possible sunshine; having been almost clear during the four last days of the week and partly cloudy on the previous days.

There were light showers, quite general over the State, on the 4th and 5th, scattering showers on the 6th and in the extreme North-western counties, on the 8th. The week's rainfall was less than the usual amount in all sections, and a general rain would be beneficial; Spartanburg and Union counties have special need of it.

High winds are reported from Kershaw county with some damage to cotton and corn.

Cotton picking has become general over the entire State, and was favored by the hot, dry weather which permitted uninterrupted labor, as well as causing the bolls to open rapidly. The yield continues to appear disappointing and the general opinion of correspondents is for causes already stated, the crop will not come up to the early estimates.

In addition to the report of shedding and rust previously given, boll worms have appeared in Newberry and Edgefield counties. There will no top crop on sandy land; at other places a small middle crop, while in general the crop is from one week to ten days late. The hot sunshine seems to have effectually checked rotting.

The corn crop is all made and is being housed in places; the new corn is now used generally for feeding. The heat is favorable, as it thoroughly ripens and hardens the grain on the stalk. The fodder has about all been secured in fine condition and is an abundant supply. Other foreign crops, such as pea-vine hay and grasses are also heavy crops and are being cut under favorable weather conditions.

The rice harvest is said to be well in hand now, and in some counties the largest crop ever known is being harvested, while the yield in general is very satisfactory. So far the weather has been all that could be desired for securing the crop and it will soon be beyond danger of injury from unfavorable weather.

Early pease are ripening and being picked. The pea crop will be a large one in acreage and prospective yield.

The turnip crop has, generally, attained a good stand and is growing off nicely. Sweet potatoes are not uniform in regard to condition, being an abundant crop in sections while other places report a plenty of vine but lack of tuber growth. Garden products continue plentiful, except cabbage which are rotting badly.

The truck farming industry, in the coast counties, was affected favorably by the past week's weather and the fall crop of vegetables, fruits and berries are doing very well.

Sorghum is being gathered and made into syrup, the yield, as reported, is from fair to very good, running an average of 90 gallons to the acre in Fairfield County.

J. W. BAUER, Director. Columbia, S. C., September 11, 1894.

That Tired Feeling which is so common and so overpowering, is entirely driven off by Hood's Sarsaparilla, the best blood purifier. Hood's Sarsaparilla overcomes weakness.

Blank books of all kinds; daily, weekly and monthly time books. H. G. Osteen & Co.

Meteorological Record.

The following is a report of observations of the weather taken at Stateburg, by Dr. W. W. Anderson, for the past week ending Sept. 7, 1894:

Table with columns: Date, Temp. (Min, Max, Mib), Wind, Rainfall, Condition. Rows for Sept 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10.

\*Partly Cloudy. †Smoky. Heavy showers fell a few miles to the East and West of this place during the afternoons of the 5th, 6th and 7th.

Irving W. Larimore, physical director of Y. M. C. A., Des Moines, Iowa, says he can conscientiously recommend Chamberlain's Pain Balm to athletes, gymnasts, bicyclists, foot ball players and the profession in general for bruises sprain and dislocations; also for soreness and stiffness of the muscles. When applied before the parts become swollen it will effect a cure in one half the time usually required. For sale by Dr. A. J. China.

They Want Names.

The Russell Art Publishing Co., of 923 Arch St., Philadelphia, desire the names and addresses of a few people in every town who are interested in works of art, and to secure their offer to send free, "Cupid Guides the Boat," a superbly executed water color picture, size 10 x 13 inches, suitable for framing, and 16 other pictures about same size, in colors, to any one sending them at once the names of ten persons (admirers of fine pictures) together with six two cent stamps to cover expense of mailing, etc. The regular price of these pictures is \$1.00, but they can be secured free by any person forwarding the names and stamps promptly.

Note.—The editor of this paper has already received copies of above pictures and considers them really "Gems of Art."

See the World's Fair for Fifteen Cents.—Upon receipt of your address and fifteen cents in postage stamps, we will mail you prepaid our Souvenir Portfolio of the World's Columbian Exposition, the regular price is Fifty cents, but as we want you to have one, we make the price nominal. You will find it a work of art and a thing to be prized. It contains full page views of the great buildings with descriptions of same, and is executed in highest style of art. If not satisfied with it, we will refund the stamps and let you keep the book. Address H. E. BUCKLEN & CO., Chicago, Ill.

Engraved visiting cards. Order from H. G. Osteen & Co. Order engraved visiting cards from H. G. Osteen & Co.

Does your best girl like candy? Maillard's is the best at R. M. & L. W. Jenkins's.

BEER AND LIGHT WINES.

Their Effects Are as Baneful as the Strongest Distilled Liquors.

The plea is that the lighter drinks are harmless and their use tends to wean men from stronger liquors. How fallacious this claim is has often been proved. Concerning the wholesomeness or harmfulness of beer The Quarterly Journal of Inebriety says: "The constant use of beer is found to produce a species of degeneration of all the organism, fatty deposits, diminished circulation, conditions of congestion and local inflammations of both the liver and kidneys." Dr. Astley Cooper and Dr. Edmunds agreed that the diseases of beer drinkers are always of a dangerous character, and it was the testimony of leading physicians of Toledo that every surgeon dreads to have anything to do with them. The president of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company said that while the effect of beer was longer delayed than that of whiskey it was in the end destructive.

Two years ago the Northwestern Life Insurance company of Milwaukee came to the conclusion that it could no longer grant a policy to any man employed in a larger beer brewery, because their "business had been injured by the shortened lives of men who drink lager beer."

The use of beer and light wines does not wean men from the use of stronger liquors, as is shown by the increasing consumption of the latter in beer drinking and wine growing countries.

Another fallacy is that intemperance is rare in factories using beer and wine. Professor Warren said before the legislative committee of Massachusetts in 1867 that one-third of the students in Berlin and Halle were once a week drunk. And the New York Independent quotes a medical authority to the effect that in Germany no less than 10,000 people die of delirium tremens every year; that of the male prisoners over 75 per cent are constant drinkers; of the female, over 50 per cent.

In France The Constitutional, a Paris paper, admitted that the habit of drunkenness has increased year by year since the beginning of the century. "Men begin with wine; then alcohol is taken. In 40 years the consumption of alcohol has tripled in France."—Voice.

Low Business For a State.

There appears to be no end to the expedients proposed for managing the liquor business. A law has been enacted in South Carolina placing the liquor trade under control and in the hands of the state. By this novel experiment in legislation, which went into effect on July 1, "dispensaries" are established in place of saloons. In what respect they will differ from saloons does not appear, except that the liquor will be sold by government officials instead of common saloon keepers.

The governor has published rules and regulations under which the business must be conducted. These rules prohibit any customer from being served more than once a day. Loafing about the "dispensaries" is forbidden, and clubs will not be allowed to serve liquor. The "dispensaries" are to open at 7 o'clock in the morning and close at 6 in the evening. The governor is reported to have stated that he expects to sell between 1,000,000 and 1,500,000 gallons a year at a profit of at least \$1 per gallon. The expenses will be considerable, but he expects the state to make nearly \$1,000,000 a year on the business.

This is a low business for a state. One can see how it will corrupt politics and degrade the state government. The liquor business at best is the most dangerous engine of mischief in politics, but when the state owns the saloons the saloons will run the state. The profit which the state shall receive from this business will be a curse.—Christian Advocate.

Hereditary Drunkards.

It is especially important to note the hereditary translation of the craving in the children of a father or mother who did not themselves possess this craving, but were drinkers only by custom or sociability; also the fact that in mental respects abnormally disposed people (psychopaths), as a rule, cannot bear alcoholic beverages and become very easily inebriated. There are many more psychopaths among drunkards than was formerly believed. The poisoning by alcohol and the psychopathy help and cause one another—the psychopath becomes very frequently inebriated—and produce drinkers. This curse is to be abolished only by curing the inebriety—that is, by total abstinence—because a congenital abnormal disposition of the germinal plasma can as such not be cured in an individual. The insane drunkard can be cured by abstinence.—Exchange.

Railroad Temperance Men.

"The temperance movement," says the Glasgow Herald, "is spreading rapidly among railroad men. Already 10,000 white buttons stamped with initials signifying the Railroad Temperance association have been distributed among engineers and trainmen, and the demand for them has been so great that 50,000 more have been ordered."

Temperance Notes.

The surprising decrease in the death rate of the soldiers in India is due largely to the greater sobriety, according to Lord Roberts.

It is stated that on the warships of eight nations which recently lay in the Hudson river all served liquor to their men but one, and that was the American.

Fifty-three per cent of the lunatics in the asylum of Bengal are there as a result of hasheesh, an intoxicating preparation of Indian hemp.

A prison chaplain says very tersely, "Crime is simply condensed alcohol."

The tobacco vice is almost entirely absent among the Brahma Somaj of India.

The Catholic Total Abstinence Archdiocesan union of Philadelphia lately requested the publishers of Catholic papers to refuse liquor advertisements in their columns.

School Books at Wholesale List Prices at the New Book Store, next to the Watchman and Southron office.

THE WORKINGMAN'S FOE.

Strong Drink Is His Omnipresent and Inevitable Enemy.

The injury inflicted on workingmen by cheap labor, trusts and combines, etc., falls far short of the injury they inflict on themselves by intemperance. At the mouth of every mine, around every manufactory, at the corners of the streets, wherever toiling humanity spends the weary hours of labor, there is found the omnipresent saloon, the workingman's worst foe. Mr. Arthur, chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, once said, "You can go into any of these groceries and see the workingmen sitting around and spending over one-half their earnings for strong drink."

"In Chicago," says Sam Small, "I saw a marching body of workingmen, 18,000 strong, carrying a banner inscribed, 'Our Children Cry For Bread,' and they marched straight to a picnic ground and drank 1,400 kegs of beer."

The wage earners of these United States annually pay \$600,000,000 for liquor—a sum so large that if it were saved for a few years and properly invested a fund would be created that under wise management would render destitution among the poor of this country forever impossible. Thrift and drink are incompatible, and without thrift and sobriety the highest wages in the world will bring neither competence nor comfort.

Then, too, the use of intoxicants lessens the skill of the workingman. A large manufacturing firm in Cincinnati recently made the following statement: "A drinking man will turn out from 20 to 30 per cent less work than a non-drinker, and in addition his work is apt to be defective and require overhauling."

It is a fact that a man cannot work hard and drink hard at the same time. Strong drink, by impairing the skill and productive power of the worker, lessens the profits of business out of which wages must come. Hence drinking workmen keep down wages, inasmuch as employers must base the average rate of wages on the amount of work turned out by the least productive of their employees. Strong drink consumes the workman's wages, destroys his skill and degrades him to the level of the brute. Deliberately and truly we write down the saloon to be the wage earner's greatest and worst foe.—Christian Advocate.

Temperance Notes.

Through the agency of the Missions to Seamen society over 5,000 sailors have been enrolled as total abstainers in Cork harbor alone.

The statement that suddenly enforced abstinence kills is not borne out by facts. The death rate in prison is only 8 in every 1,000, a much lower rate than in towns. Gout is largely caused by the introduction of stout as a beverage. It is also stated that from 50 to 75 per cent of the same cases are hereditary.

At Chase City, Va., the "citizens' temperance" nominee was lately elected mayor over the "citizens' liberal" candidate.

In Washington a company of gentlemen counted the young men in the 10 largest prayer meetings. They found 168. They then went to the 10 largest saloons and found 365 young men. They then went to 10 theaters and counted 315.

China's Soda is the best, and every one should test it.

Blairs pen and pencil stationery, of all kinds, ink, pens, pencils, blank books, typewriter supplies, etc., at H. G. Osteen & Co's., Liberty Street, next to Watchman and Southron office.

All books used in the classes of the Sumter Institute and the Graded School, at Wholesale Prices at H. G. Osteen & Co's., next to the Watchman and Southron office, Liberty Street.

THE

Paper a person uses is an index of the person, and has as much to do with the formation of an estimate of the person as any other single thing. It is not necessary that every

NEW

Style and whim of fashion in stationery be followed; but one should never use shoddy or dingy paper. There is an elegance, a tone, an appearance of taste and refinement characteristic of the user of fine

STATIONERY

That is peculiar to stationery alone. There is paper and paper, but there is no question about certain mills turning out the best. If everyone is not already familiar with the names of the best papers made in America, they can become so by patronizing the New Stationery

STORE,

Which opens about the last of the week, with an entirely new stock of goods. It will be ten days or two weeks before everything ordered is received, but enough is already here to permit of selection. In addition to Stationery, Books, Periodicals and all sorts of supplies and novelties pertaining to the trade will be kept in stock.

H. G. OSTEEEN & CO., LIBERTY ST., SUMTER, S. C.



HEART DISEASE.

Fluttering, No Appetite, Could not Sleep, Wind on Stomach.

"For a long time I had a terrible pain at my heart, which fluttered almost incessantly. I had no appetite and could not sleep. I would be compelled to sit up in bed and belch gas from my stomach until I thought every minute would be my last. There was a feeling of oppression about my heart, and I was afraid to draw a full breath. I could not sweep a room without resting. My husband induced me to try

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure

and am happy to say it has cured me. I now have a splendid appetite and sleep well. Its effect was truly marvelous."

MRS. HARRY E. STARR, Pottsville, Pa. Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at 60 cents a bottle, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

For sale by Dr. A. J. Chiles, Sumter, S. C.

Master's Sales.

State of South Carolina, COUNTY OF SUMTER, IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

William H. Ingram, Master for Sumter County, Plaintiff, against Bernard Leonard, Defendant.

IN OBEDIENCE to the judgment rendered in the above entitled action, I will as Master for Sumter County, sell on the salesday, to wit: the first Monday, in October next, 1894, being the first day of said month, between the hours of 11 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon, at Sumter Court House, in the City of Sumter:

All that piece, parcel or tract of land situate in the County of Sumter, in the State of South Carolina, on the road now leading from the town (now city) of Sumter, to White's Mill, containing twenty acres, bounded on the East by said road leading to White's Mill, South by lands of Nelson Sumter; West by the land of the said John B. Witherspoon, in the Cypress Pond and on the North East on land of M. Moran.

Also all the right title and interest of the Defendant, Bernard Leonard in and to all that lot of land situated in the City of Sumter, in the County of Sumter and State of South Carolina, containing one hundred and thirty-three feet, more or less, forming a parallelogram and bounded as follows, to wit: North by lots of Mrs. Brennan and Est. of L. G. Pate; East by Magnolia Street; South by lot of Julius A. Schwerin and West by lot of said J. J. Bossard.

Terms—Cash. Purchaser to pay for papers. W. H. INGRAM, Master.

SALE BY MORTGAGE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that under and by virtue of the power contained in a mortgage made to the undersigned by J. M. Hearon, dated the twentieth day of June, A. D., 1890, and recorded in the office of the Register of Meigs Conveyance for Sumter County, State of South Carolina, on the thirtieth day of December, A. D., 1893, in Real Estate mortgage Book at page 69, default having been made in the payment of the debt secured by said mortgage, I will sell at public auction or vendue in front of the Court House for said county in the City of Sumter the lot of land embraced in said mortgage, on the first day of October, 1894, that being salesday—between the hours of 11 o'clock in the forenoon and three o'clock in the afternoon.

The said lot of land is described in said mortgage as "all that parcel or tract of land lying and being situated in the County of Sumter, town of Bishopville, State of South Carolina, and more fully described as a lot containing nearly one acre of land with the residence and storehouse thereon; said lot fronting on the road leading from Bishopville to DuBose's Bridge and bounded by lands now or formerly of Dr. R. E. Dennis, A. F. Cousar and E. H. Frost & Co."

Terms of sale—Cash. Purchaser to pay for papers. THOMAS R. MCGAHAN, September 5, 1894. Mortgagee.

State of South Carolina, COUNTY OF SUMTER.

By T. V. Walsh, Esq., Probate Judge.

WHEREAS, GEORGE MARTIN made suit to me, to grant him Letters of Administration of the Estate of and effects of LUCINDA CONYERS, deceased,

These are therefore to cite and admonish all and singular the kindred and Creditors of the said Lucinda Conyers late of said County and State, deceased, that they be and appear before me, in the Court of Probate, to be held at Sumter Court House on September 20th, 1894, next, after publication thereof, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, why the said Administration should not be granted.

Given under my hand, this 5th day of September, A. D., 1894. T. V. WALSH, Judge of Probate.

WANTED, TO SELL—The house and lot between Mayor Pierson's and Graham's mill, also, several tenement houses well located. Bargains will be given. Bids are invited. R. O. PROBY, Secretary and Treasurer.

WANTED—The Drinking Public and the thinking public to know that while the whole county is flooded with mineral springs which spout for a while, enjoy an ephemeral popularity and are forgotten, the waters of Glenn Springs, the "old reliable," grow daily in the public esteem and are simply unrivalled. Paul Simpson, Shipper Glenn Springs, S. C.

WANTED—Every sick person in Sumter County to go to Glenn Springs at once and get cured.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of Sundry Executions, to me directed, I will offer for sale at public auction in front of the Court House in the City of Sumter, on the first MONDAY in OCTOBER and as many days thereafter as may be necessary, within the legal hours of sale, the following property:

All that piece, parcel or tract of land situated lying and being in Stateburg Township, Sumter County, State of South Carolina, containing five hundred acres more or less, and bounded by lands of W. M. Sanders, Geo. M. Sanders and the estate of Moody, levied upon and to be sold as the property of Mrs. Martha P. Murray at the suit of the State for taxes.

MARION SANDERS, Sheriff Sumter County. Sept. 5.

Copied from the Freeman for information.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of sundry Executions, to me directed, I will offer for sale at Public Auction in front of the Court House in the City of Sumter, on the first MONDAY in OCTOBER next and as many days thereafter as may be necessary, within the legal hours of sale, the following property:

All that piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in Spring Hill Township, Sumter County, State of South Carolina, containing one hundred and fifty acres, more or less and bounded North, by lands of Martha Capel; East, by lands of Mrs. Maxey; South, by lands of Madison McLane; West, by lands of Miss Dora Colclough, levied upon and to be sold as the property of Henry Murray at the suit of the State for taxes.

All that piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in Shiloh Township, County of Sumter and State of South Carolina, containing seventy-five acres more or less and bounded on the North and East by lands of Alfred Kennedy; South, by lands of Daniel Keels and West by lands of J. J. Vause, levied upon and to be sold as the property of Mrs. M. J. Dubose, at the suit of the State for taxes.

All that piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in Spring Hill Township, County of Sumter, State of South Carolina, containing one hundred and one acres, more or less and bounded on the North, by lands of Mrs. James Robinson; East, by lands of Hatfield; South, by lands of Wilson Burkett, levied upon and to be sold as the property of W. E. Robinson at the suit of the State for taxes.

All that piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in City of Sumter, Sumter County and State of South Carolina, containing one lot and two buildings, and bounded North by lands of E. E. Rembert, East by Sumter street of said city, South by lands of J. D. Blanding and West by lands of R. A. Brand, levied upon and to be sold as the property of Marshall Glover at the suit of the State for taxes.

All that piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in Shiloh Township, County of Sumter, State of South Carolina, containing one hundred acres more or less bounded North and West by lands of A. H. Truluck and James Conyers, South by lands of A. M. Woods, levied upon and to be sold as the property of James Lovitt at the suit of the State for taxes.

All that piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in Shiloh Township, County of Sumter, State of South Carolina, containing two hundred acres more or less and bounded North by lands of J. T. McNeal, East by lands of Bill Graham, South by lands of Ellis Moore, and West by lands of Yanty Moore, levied upon and to be sold as the property of Mrs. Ava C. Jones, at the suit of the State for taxes.

MARION SANDERS, Sheriff Sumter Co. Sept. 7, 1894.

RELAY BICYCLES, FIVE PATTERNS, 26 lbs. to 39 lbs. \$85 to \$125.



Exclusive agencies appointed at unoccupied points. Lists and rates on application.

H. B. WHILDEN, General Agent for South Carolina, West End Calhoun St.

June 6—3m. CHARLESTON, S. C.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE

IS THE BEST NO SOLE MAKING. \$5. COPORDVAN, FRENCH MANUFACTURING. \$4.35 FINE CALF & KANGAROO. \$3.39 POLICE, 3 SOLES. \$2.52 WORKINGMEN'S EXTRA FINE. \$2.17 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES. LADIES' \$3.20