

Letter From Wedgefield.

WEDGEFIELD, November 25, 1893.

We congratulate you, Mr. Editor, on the change which appears in your paper for the first time this week. It always has been first yet generous, spreading abroad in the land truths that need no more proof than its past record. The future of your paper never was brighter than at present, for our people are all the time becoming more and more educated up to reading the papers and the time will soon come when no house in the county can afford to do without a paper and the best, of course, always has the preference.

The Discos starting the same time speaks even more for the people of Sumter.

The people of Wedgefield heartily endorse the action of Senator Abbott in the matter of a successor to Col. Mellett. His successor belongs to the Conservative faction just as sure as Col. Mellett did. We won by a fair, square election, and the proper course to pursue is through the representatives, and they should recommend, not only a conservative, but the best suited for the position among the applicants, belonging to that faction. We have never received any favors from the Reformers and they have no right whatsoever to expect any from us. I would only agree to recommending a Reformer in the event that the candidate individually would be found to be superior to all of the Conservatives presented. Senator Abbott is, too, to be commended for his decided conservatism in the matter. It only shows conclusively that there is only one right course to pursue.

Mr. Richard J. Manning's letter should be endorsed by every fair minded white man in the State, and it is hoped that he will receive the hearty support of every Democratic member of both houses. The fact that an Australian Ballot Law has never been repealed only proves that it is what is most needed in the South, to insure white supremacy. As Mr. Manning has well said the eight bar law answered the need then, but there is so much room for objection from which the plan he now advocates is free. When he finishes with the election law, we hope he or some one else will advocate and get passed a law forbidding the paying of taxes by white men to educate negroes. We pay heavily for every thing we get from them, then why should we be forced to pay our money to educate the children of their race? Four generations living have been born and raised among them knows them well and has as friendly feeling toward them as any other Southerner, and the Southerners are the only people who do really sympathize with them, for they can best overlook their many short comings—but it is an imposition for us to be forced to help them so liberally when there is no charity in it.

A negro, Henry Fredwell, in attempting to get his dog out of the way of a running train on the South Carolina R. R., near Middleton a few days ago, got his dog killed and himself badly hurt on the head by being knocked from the track. If there is anything in the saying that a negro's brains are in his heels then his chances for recovery will be better than were they in the place generally supposed.

Mr. Benny Sims, reported last week as being ill with typhoid fever, is very much better and hopes to soon be out again.

Mr. James M. Caldwell (see Ryan) has been critically ill, but her many friends will be glad to hear that her condition is very much improved.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27, 1893.

Every animal in the republic is managerie is to be seen in the new democratic wave doesn't turn them. This is not strange, although they pretend to think so. The Chicago platform declared against the income tax, and in favor of a tariff for revenue only, and the Wilson tariff bill is in letter and spirit strictly in accordance therewith. It gives the largest free list the country has ever had and in accordance with the expressed wishes of hundreds of manufacturers in that free list is included much of the raw material used by American manufacturers. Among them the following: iron ore, coal, pig tin, hemp, flax, jute, silver, lead ore, copper, wool, salt, crude borax, binding twine, cotton ties, and lumber not advanced in preparation beyond sawing. It cuts about every protective item in the McKinley law down to a strictly revenue basis.

The new bill is in the main satisfactory to Democrats, although there are some things on the free list that some democratic members of the House would have preferred seeing a small duty retained upon. Prominent among these are iron ore, lead ore and coal, but the democrats on the committee after carefully studying the matter from every point of view concluded that it would be undemocratic to make fish of one and flesh of the other and they accordingly put on the free list. Those who are best informed believe that the judgment of the majority of the Ways and Means committee will be endorsed by the majority of the House and that the bill will be passed by that body substantially as it is to-day. The action of the Senate is not so certain. The opposition will be concentrated upon the Senate, because of the slim democratic majority in that body.

There are several reasons why a section providing for a personal income tax was not attached to the bill. In the first place there are quite a number of democrats who are opposed to a personal income tax. But probably the strongest reason of all was the desire to know just how much revenue it will be necessary to raise by an income tax before deciding the rate and method of that tax, a knowledge that could not be obtained until the new tariff bill becomes a law. Meanwhile the tax imposed by the bill upon the net earnings of corporations may prove a satisfactory substitute for a more general income tax.

President Cleveland will not, I am informed on good authority, go into the Hawaiian matter in his annual message further than to say that it will be fully treated in a special message later. He prefers wait until the episode is closed before dealing with it in a message to Congress.

Secretary Lamont's annual report was the first to be made public, those of the other members of the cabinet, with the exception of Secretary Carlisle will follow during this week. Secretary Carlisle's report will probably go to Congress before it is published.

Why shouldn't the U. S. government print its own postage stamps? Chief Johnson of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing isn't the first man who has asked that question, but he has asked it in a very practical manner by submitting figures to the Post Master General showing how much cheaper the Bureau of Engraving and Printing could do the work than any of the private parties who have submitted bids for printing the stamps during 1894. An unofficial estimate is that the government could save at least \$75,000 a year by printing its own postage stamps. There is a doubt it seems as to whether the Post Master General can under the present laws give the contract to the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, and the matter is now being considered and will in a few days be decided.

Secretary Herbert thinks, notwithstanding the present depressed condition of government finances, that we should continue making additions to our navy, and his annual report will recommend the construction during the next fiscal year of one battleship and four torpedo cruisers, and there is reason to believe that the recommendation will be endorsed by the President's message. Representative Cummings, chairman of the House committee on Naval Affairs, says there will be no trouble in getting a bill favorably

reported from that committee to carry out the Secretary's recommendations, and that he hopes the bill will get through all right, but it is plain to see that he has some doubts about it. There are a number of democrats in the House who will oppose any further expenditures for new vessels at this time, some because they think the navy already large enough, and others because they think the money cannot be spared.

Strange Coincidence.

Mr. Chapman L. Hall was found dead near his residence in eastern Kershaw early last Thursday morning. Just after midnight on the night of the 22nd inst. he heard dogs running a fox, and went out and barked several times. As he did not return to the house, the matter was reported to his son, and about daylight he was found dead in an old road about a quarter of a mile from his house, near a spot where his uncle, Wiley Hall, was found dead while hunting nearly forty years ago. Mr. Hall was a globe soldier, having served during the late war in Capt. Lucas' Co., 7th S. C. Battalion. To the bereaved family we extend our sympathies.—Waterloo Messenger.

Who Discovered America?

Columbus, says popular tradition. Columbus, everybody at the White City is saying; and all the way from Rome to Chicago, Columbus! But the Bishop, of Iowa in his address before the Church Club of Chicago, tell us this: "The sighting" of an insignificant West Indian island by the Genoese adventurer seeking 'the land of Ind' and ignorant to his dying day that he had found anything else, was of comparatively little moment either to the world at large, which had long known of islands to the westward, or to us, the people of the United States. Our interest as a race and as a nation centres in the discovery of the North American continent on June 24th, St. John Baptist's Day, 1497, by Cabot, sailing under the authority of King Henry VII, of England." And the following is from Green, the English historian (vol. ii, Book vi, of the larger history): "England had reached the mainland even earlier than Spain, for before Columbus touched its shores Sebastian Cabot, a seaman of Genoese blood but born and bred in England, sailed with an English crew from Bristol in 1497, and pushed along the coast of America to the south as far as Florida, and northward as high as Hudson's Bay."

TAX RETURNS FOR 1893-94.

RETURNS OF ALL PERSONAL PROPERTY, REAL ESTATE AND POLL TAXES will be received at the following times and places:

- Mayesville—Tuesday, January 2.
- Reids Mill—Wednesday, January 3.
- Manville—Thursday, January 4.
- Smithville—Friday, January 5.
- Mechanicville—Saturday, January 6.
- Kingman's Store—Monday, January 8.
- Rembert's Store—Tuesday, January 9.
- Magdo—Wednesday, January 10.
- Stateburg—Thursday, January 11.
- Wedgefield—Friday, January 12.
- R. I. Manning's—Saturday, January 13.
- J. M. Tindal's—Monday, January 15.
- Bishopville—Tuesday and Wednesday, January 16 and 17.
- Magnolia—Thursday, January 18.
- Lynchburg—Friday, January 19.
- Concord—Saturday, January 20.
- Johnston's Store—Monday, January 22.
- Shiloh—Tuesday, January 23.

And at Auditor's office in the City of Sumter from January 24th to February 20th inclusive.

The law requires that all persons owning property or in anywise having charge of such property either as agent, husband, guardian, trustee, executor, administrator, &c., return the same under oath to the Auditor, who requests all persons to be prompt in making their returns and save the 50 per cent. penalty, which will be added to the property valuation of all persons who fail to make returns within the time prescribed by law.

Taxpayers return what they own on the first day of January, 1894.

Assessors and taxpayers will enter the first given name of the taxpayer in full, also make a separate return for each party for the township the property is in, and where the taxpayer owns realty to insert the postoffice as their place of residence, and those who only own personal property to give the party's name who owns the land they live on, and in each and every case to name the No. of School District the property is in.

Each tract of Land must be returned on a separate sheet and the Taxpayer must state whose land adjoins them.

Every male citizen between the age of twenty-one and fifty years on the first day of January, 1894, except those incapable of earning a support from being maimed, or from other causes, shall be deemed taxable polls.

All returns must be made on or before the 20th day of February next. I cannot take returns after that date and all returns made after the 20th day of February are subject to a penalty of 50 per cent.

A. B. STUCKEY, Auditor Sumter County.

Nov. 29.

MONEY TO LEND

ON IMPROVED FARMING LANDS. (Will lend to married women or others.) LEE & MOISE. Nov. 8-3 mos.

Storm Prophet Hick's Paper.

Many persons know of Rev. Irl R. Hicks, the noted storm prophet, but are not so well acquainted with the fact that his monthly paper, *Word and Works*, is one of the most attractive and instructive journals in America and is doing more to educate the people in science than any other. It not only contains Rev. Hicks' monthly forecasts, complete and unabridged, but also articles from his pen on astronomy and planetary meteorology, finely illustrated. There is a sermon or religious article in each number, a "Home, Sweet Home" department, edited by a lady, a "Youth and Beauty" department for boys and girls, "Queries" for those who want hard nuts cracked and many other good things. All this for the low price of \$1 per year. All subscribers who pay for a year's subscription in advance before Feb. 1, 1894, will receive free, as a premium, Rev. Irl R. Hicks' Almanac for 1894. This book alone is well worth the subscription price. Send six cents for a sample copy of paper or send \$1 for year's subscription to *Word and Works Pub. Co.*, St. Louis Mo.

For sick headache, caused by a disordered stomach, Ayer's Cathartic Pills are the most reliable remedy. "My mother first recommended these Pills to me, thirty years ago. They are the mildest and best purgative in use."—S. C. Bradburn, Worthington, Mass.

Women Who Have Been Decorated.

About 40 Frenchwomen have been decorated at different times by the government. The first was Sergeant Virginie Ghesnerie, who fought in the wars of the empire until she received a wound which led to the betrayal of her sex. Rosa Bonheur also wears the Cross of the Legion of Honor, and Mme. Dienlaffoy, the traveler, who affects masculine attire, wears her rosette in the buttonhole of her coat. Scour Rosalie was decorated by Napoleon III in 1852.

Put It In Circulation.

"No, sir," said Dark Lantern Dan. "I ain't the sort of a citizen to stand by and see the country go to everlasting smash through the banks hoardin up all the currency."

And the industrious patriot proceeded to drill another nice round hole in the door of the treasure vault.—Detroit Tribune.



A year's subscription to SCRIBNER'S MAGAZINE will bring into your home twelve monthly numbers, aggregating over 1,500 pages of the best and most interesting reading, and more than 700 beautiful illustrations.

Announcements.

GEORGE W. CABLE will begin in the January number a romance entitled "John March, Southerner."

Two other important serials have been engaged: J. M. BARRIE, author of the famous "Little Minister," has written a new novel, the first since that famous story GEORGE MEREDITH, the great English novelist, has in preparation a novel entitled "The Amazing Marriage."

SHORT STORIES will be abundant. W. D. Howells, Miss Elliott, W. H. Bishop, Ludovic Halévy, Paul Bourget, Joel Chandler Harris, and many new writers will contribute.

STUDIES OF AMERICAN LIFE will be an important feature, including Newport, Bar Harbor, Lenox, etc., and the West.

THE ILLUSTRATIONS will be even more numerous and beautiful than ever. A series of Frontispieces chosen by Philip Gilbert Hamerton will be especially notable.

Complete Prospectus sent on request.

Special Offer. The numbers for 1893, and a subscription for 1894, \$4 50. The same with back numbers, 6 00.

Sample Copy, 10 Cents.

Charles Scribner's Sons, 742, Broadway, New York, Nov. 29.

WE WANT YOU

to act as our agent. We furnish an expensive outfit and all you need free. It costs nothing to try the business. We will treat you well, and help you to earn ten times ordinary wages. Both sexes of all ages can live at home and work in spare time, or all the time. Any one who can earn a great deal of money. Many have made Two Hundred Dollars a Month. No class of people in the world are making so much money without capital as those at work for us. Business pleasant, strictly honorable, and pays better than anything with no competition. You have a clear everything, and supply printed directions for beginners which, if obeyed faithfully, will bring more money than will any other business. Improve your prospects! Why not? You can do so easily and surely at work for us. Reasonable industry only necessary for absolute success. Pamphlet circular giving every particular is sent free to all. Delay not in sending for it. GEORGE STINSON & CO., Box No. 488, Portland, Me.

PURE VINEGAR.

I MADE LAST SUMMER for my own use a lot of Vinegar, from a mixture of FRUITS (mostly grapes) AND HONEY. It is very fine, both in flavor and strength. I have about ten gallons to spare, and persons who will send to my residence can get it for 50 cents per gallon.

Satisfaction guaranteed or money returned. N. G. OSTREIN.

Nov. 8 1893.

Master's Sales.

By J. E. Jervey, Auctioneer.

State of South Carolina, COUNTY OF SUMTER.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

PURSUANT to the judgments and orders of the Court aforesaid, severally made in the following entitled cases, I will offer for sale at Public Auction, before the Court House in the City of Sumter, County and State aforesaid on the FIRST MONDAY in DECEMBER next, (being the 4th day of said month,) between the hours of eleven o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, the real estate in each case described, on the terms in each case specified.

In the case of Wm. A. Carrigan and F. A. Silcox, Co-partners as Carrigan & Silcox—plaintiffs, against B. F. Jones, the Geo P. Plant Milling Co., Curtis Cullen and Charles S. Newman, Co-partners as Cullens & Newman—defendants.

All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in Sumter County, State aforesaid and containing one hundred and seventeen acres more or less, butting and bounding as follows: North by lands of W. D. Hinds and Estate of R. F. Hickson, east by public road, and west by lands of James Conyers.

Terms of Sale—One-third cash; the balance to be secured by bond of purchaser, payable in two equal annual instalments with interest at seven per cent. payable annually until the whole amount of principal and interest be paid and satisfied. The purchaser to have the option of paying all in cash. Purchaser to pay for papers.

In the case of Allanot Moses, Executor of Jane D. Moses, deceased—plaintiff, against Rebecca M. Mikell and others—Defendants.

Sixty three and one-half acres described in a deed made to Mrs. Jane D. Moses by the Sheriff of Sumter County as lying and being in said County adjoining land of Estate of E. Durant. This tract is No. 3 on the plat of the Donald land and is bounded as above, and by sections No. 2 and 4 on said plat of the Donald's Land (see Report Book 6 p. 387. Return to Writ of Partition in John W. Donald and others vs. Robert W. Donald and others in Equity.)

Terms—One-half cash; balance upon a credit of one year, secured by Bond of purchaser and a mortgage of the premises. Purchaser to pay for all necessary papers.

In the case of Buchanan B. Seymour, as Administrator of the Estate of Lawrence Seymour, deceased—plaintiff, against Henry Yates, James T. Yates, John W. Yates, Carrie E. Fagan, Martha Yates, Thomas Yates and Emma Jane Yates—defendants.

All that tract of land situate in Sumter County in said State, containing fifty-five acres, more or less, on which the defendants resided at the time of the making of the said mortgages, bounded on the North by lands of W. G. S. Seymour; East and South by lands of Mrs. Jane White and West by lands of Jesse Yates.

Terms of Sale—Cash. Purchaser to pay for all necessary papers.

In the case of John B. E. Sloan and Louis T. Sloan, co-partners as J. B. E. Sloan & Son—plaintiffs, against Abner Bradley and E. M. Cooper—defendants.

All of that tract of land in Sumter County in said State containing fifty acres on the East side of Black River and is bounded on the North by lands of R. M. Cooper; East by lands of Mrs. Carrie E. Cooper; on the South by lands of estate of Luckey, and on the West by lands of Mrs. E. R. Plowden.

Terms of Sale—Two-thirds cash; the balance on a credit of one year, the credit portion to bear interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum to be evidenced by the bond of the purchaser, secured by mortgage of the premises sold. Purchaser to pay for all necessary papers.

In the case of William S. Manning—plaintiff, against Olivia E. Green and Mary M. Bland, assignee—defendant.

That parcel of land lying partly within and partly without the city of Sumter in the said county and State, containing one hundred and one acre and one-tenth of an acre, whereon said defendant Olivia E. Green, resides, bounded on the North and East by land lately occupied by L. P. Loring, deceased; on the South by land occupied by J. B. Roach, and on the West by Main Street of said city leading toward the town of Bishopville, being the same land which was conveyed to the said Olivia E. Green by T. E. Fraser and W. F. B. Haynsworth as executors of the last Will and Testament of W. L. Brunson, deceased, by their deed recorded in the office of the Register of Meigs Conveyance for said county in Book V, at page 730, on the 9th day of June 1875.

Terms of Sale—Cash. Purchaser to pay for papers.

In the case of Carsten Wulburn, Survivor—plaintiff against Theodore Diggs and C. Augustus Elerbe—Defendants.

All that piece, parcel or tract of land, situate, lying and being in Sumter County, and State aforesaid, known as the "George Cato tract," containing fifty-two acres more or less, formerly known as "Catachall" and adjoining land now or formerly of R. J. Brownfield, Spann, Gerald and others, and adjoining and lying on the Public Road and being the land formerly owned by Furman H. McEachern, except one one and one-half acres thereof, conveyed by Theodore Diggs to Isaac Simmons and others, Trustees for Hopewell Baptist Church, the same being represented by a plat thereof made by J. D. McIlwain, D. S., January 10, 1883, and recorded in R. M. C. office for Sumter County, in Book Y, page 573.

Terms—one-half cash; the balance on a credit of one year from the day of sale, the time portion to be secured by the bond of the purchaser bearing interest from the day of sale, and a mortgage of the premises sold. The purchaser to have the option of paying his entire bid in cash. Purchaser to pay for all necessary papers.

W. H. INGRAM, Master for Sumter County.

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In the case of William J. McLeod, assignee—plaintiff, against M. C. Nesbitt—defendant.

That certain tract or parcel of land, situate, being and lying on both sides of Hope Swamp, part in Shiloh and part in Mayesville townships containing one hundred acres more or less, and bounded as follows: On the North by lands of W. B. and M. C. Nesbitt; on the South by lands of Est. Hugh Cassels; on the West by lands of R. A. Poole, and on the East by Est. Hugh Cassels land.

Terms of Sale—One-third cash, and the balance on a credit of one and two years from the day of sale, with interest from day of sale until paid, secured by the bond of purchaser and his mortgage of the premises. Purchaser to pay for papers.

In the case of R. D. Lee, Trustee, Joseph Ryttenberg, Marcus G. Ryttenberg, Harry Ryttenberg and Abe Ryttenberg, Co-partners, as J. Ryttenberg & Sons, C. F. H. Bultman, as Survivor; Marion Moise and R. D. Lee, Co-partners as Lee and Moise, attorneys—plaintiffs, against Catherine W. Sumner, Horace Harby and the Scottish American Mortgage Company, Limited—defendants.

All that plantation or tract of land situate, lying and being in Statesburg Township, in said County and State, containing three hundred and one acre, more or less, adjoining land now or formerly of Mrs. E. N. Bradley, estate of Devaux, Mrs. Clara Reynolds, George Geddes and others, the same being known as Maraden Plantation.

Terms—One-half cash; the balance on a credit of one year from day of the sale, the time portion to be secured by the bond or bonds of the purchaser or purchasers, and a mortgage of the premises so sold; the bonds to bear interest from the date of sale. The buildings on said tract to be insured in such reasonable sum as the Master may determine, and the Policy assigned to him, or be made payable to him, as his interest may appear. The purchaser or purchasers to have the option of paying said bid in cash. The purchaser or purchasers to pay for papers, recording and insurance.

In the case of Edgar P. Ricker—plaintiff, against Edgar S. Jones, Robert L. Jones, Albertus S. Brown and Willis A. Brown, Co-partners as A. S. and W. A. Brown and Margaret D. Wactor—defendants.

All that piece, parcel or tract of land, situate, lying and being in Spring Hill Township, in the County of Sumter and State aforesaid, containing seventy-five acres, more or less, the same being the land which was devised to Miss Elizabeth J. Jones by her mother, Mrs. Susan Jones, by her last will and testament, which was admitted to probate in the proper office for Sumter County, on November 4th, 1875, and whereon the said Elizabeth J. Jones has usually resided, adjoining lands now or formerly of Wactor and others.

Terms—One-half Cash; balance a credit of one year from the day of sale; the time portion to be secured by the bond of the purchaser, and a mortgage of the premises so sold. The bond to bear interest from the day of sale, and the purchaser to have the option of paying his entire bid in cash. Purchaser to pay for all necessary papers.

In the case of the Simonds National Bank of Sumter, S. C. Assignee—plaintiff, against Robert E. L. Kirven, Thomas J. Kirven, Edward H. Holman, Adelaide E. Kennedy, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company, of London, Limited, and J. C. Wilcox—Defendants.

All that plantation or tract of land with the large dwelling house and other buildings thereon, lately known as the Col. James E. Rembert plantation, situate, lying and being in Swimming Pans Township, near Mechanicville, in the County of Sumter and State aforesaid, containing twelve hundred and twenty-one (1,221) acres, more or less, bounded on the North-west by land of the Estate of Mrs. Elizabeth J. Herriot, deceased, North-east by lands of Mrs. Green and Mrs. Louise J. Mood, on the East and South-east by lands of the Estate of F. H. Kennedy, deceased, and South by lands of the Estate of John A. Colclough, deceased, the same being the lands which were allotted and assigned to and vested in Edward H. Holman by the decrees of the Court of Common Pleas for Sumter County in the case of Robert C. Rembert and others, plaintiffs, against Julia A. Robertson, M. A. Hopkins, E. H. Holman and others, defendants, and now on file in said court.

Terms of Sale—One-third of the purchase money to be paid in cash at the time of sale and the balance on a credit of one and two years from the day of sale, the time or credit portion to be secured by the bond of the purchaser, the same to bear interest from the day of sale, and a mortgage of the premises so sold, the purchaser to pay for all necessary papers, and to insure the buildings on said premises against loss or damage by fire in some responsible company or companies to be approved by the Master, and in such amount as he may direct, and assign said policy or policies of insurance and all renewals thereof to the Master or to cause the same to be made payable to him as such Master—the premiums upon such insurance and all renewals thereof to be paid by the purchaser—and the Master to insert in said mortgage a covenant to that effect and further providing that in default of such renewal insurance the Master may effect the same, pay the premiums and reimburse himself therefor and interest thereon upon such mortgage. The purchaser has option to pay more than one-third or his entire bid in cash.

W. H. INGRAM, Master for Sumter County.

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In the case of Junius Davis as Receiver of The Bank of New Hanover—plaintiff, against Silas W. Truluck—defendant.

Fifty—All that tract or parcel of land containing forty-two (42) acres more or less, lying on the East side of Pudding Swamp, and bounded on the West by the run of Pudding Swamp; East by the Pudding Swamp Road, and lands of the Estate of E. H. Fullwood; North by lands of Silas W. Truluck, being the tract next below described, and South by lands of C. T. Payer, Jr.

Second—All that tract of land containing thirty (30) acres more or less, bounded East by the Pudding Swamp Road; West by the lands of the Estate of Fullwood, the run of the Swamp being the dividing line; North by lands of D. A. Payer, and South by lands of Silas W. Truluck above described.

Terms—One-half cash; balance on a credit of one year from date of sale. The time portion to be secured by the bond of the purchaser, bearing interest from the day of sale and a mortgage of the premises so sold. The purchaser to have the option of paying his entire bid in cash. Purchaser to pay for all necessary papers.

In the case of the People's Building and Loan Association, of Sumter, S. C.—plaintiff, against Daniel M. Graham, Jack Johnson, William Johnson and Edna Johnson—defendants.

All that piece, parcel or lot of land—with the new dwelling house thereon—situate and being in the City of Sumter, in the County and State aforesaid; bounded on the north and west by lot of Jack Johnson; on the south by the lot of M. E. Nelson, and on the east by the Main Street of said city, said lot measuring on its eastern and western lines, each forty-three feet; and on its northern and southern lines, each one hundred and sixty feet.

Terms—Cash. Purchaser to pay for all necessary papers.

In the case of James P. J. McEvoy—plaintiff against Annie M. Moran, Catherine M. J. Moran as Executrix of Patrick Moran and in her own right and the Hibernian Savings Institution, defendants.

The following lands and tenements, situate, in said County of Sumter, State of South Carolina. All that plantation or tract of land situate in Concord Township in said County of Sumter, and State of South Carolina, containing eight hundred and eighty acres, more or less, bounded by land now or formerly of James Fullwood, Hiram Seymour, Reddin Thigpen, J. J. Lawrence, William Black, Samuel Mitchell and Stephen Grooms.

Terms—One-third cash. Balance in one and two years to be secured by bond of purchaser and mortgage of the premises sold, with interest from day of sale. Purchaser to pay for all necessary papers.

In the case of Samuel C. C. Richardson—plaintiff, against Andrew Flinn Cousar—defendant.

All of the Defendant's right, title and interest (covenanted by him to be at least three-fourths interest therein) in and to that certain plantation or tract of land situate near what is known as Three Mile Branch, and through which little Three Mile Branch runs in Shiloh Township, in the County and State aforesaid, said tract containing three hundred and ten acres, more or less, and bounding to the North on land of Moses Harby; to the East on Tomlinson's; to the South on John McKewen's and to the West on lands of Nesbit.

Terms—Cash. Purchaser to pay for all necessary papers.

In the Case of Bank of New Hanover, Assignee—plaintiff, against Orrie P. Smith, Henrietta Rembert, Andrew T. Smith, H. B. Smith, A. H. Smith, G. W. Smith, E. B. Smith, W. W. Smith, and Thomas M. Smith—Defendants.

1. All that parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in the Town of Magnolia, in the County of Sumter and State aforesaid, containing one acre, and bounded as follows: On the North by land now or formerly of Whitehead, on the South by land now or formerly of Mrs. Annie Hickson, on the East by land now or formerly of J. A. and M. E. Buddin and on the West by the right-of-way of the Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta Railroad Company, and also adjoining the lot hereinafter next described, the same being the land which was conveyed to Alfred H. Smith by J. A. Buddin and wife by their Deed bearing date October 18th, 1878, and recorded in the office of the Register of Meigs-Conveyance for Sumter County in Book W W at page 129.

2. All that lot of land, situate, lying and being in the Town of Magnolia, in the County of Sumter and State aforesaid, containing one acre, more or less, bounded on the North by land formerly of A. H. and I. M. Smith, being the tract above described, West by land now or formerly of J. A. Hickson, East by land now or formerly of D. J. Erdham and South by land now or formerly of J. A. Buddin.