

The Watchman and Southern

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 30 1892.

The Sumter Watchman was founded in 1870 and the Southern in 1866. The Watchman and Southern now has the combined circulation and influence of both of the old papers, and is manifestly the best advertising medium in Sumter.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

After trying hard ever since the Republican National Convention adjourned, and appealing to about ten men, good, bad and indifferent, the party has at last succeeded in bringing a National chairman in the person of Thomas H. Carter, of Montana. They are still begging for a Secretary.

There probably were more people in attendance on the campaign speaking today, than attended church in all the churches of the county last Sunday. The heart of the average citizen is more in politics these days than in religion.

We re-publish from the Freeman, remarks of Mr. H. R. Thomas in regard to his charges against Mr. Purdy. A communication from Mr. Thomas respecting our remarks in last week's issue, has unfortunately been crowded out by a pressure of other matter and the lateness of the hour and length of the letter. It will appear next week. We have been assured by Mr. Purdy that he has said all he is going to say.

CAMPAIGN MEETING.

Every precaution was taken by those in charge to make Campaign Day, in Sumter not only a success but a credit to the county. Business houses were closed during the speaking, saloons were not open at all until the meeting had adjourned, the city had special police and each club had at least one man delegated with full authority to keep the peace. The platform was more securely constructed than last year, and no one but the speakers, a few reporters, committee men, and a few "shining lights" were permitted to occupy it.

The meeting was called to order by County Chairman Keels at 11 o'clock, and after prayer by Rev. Mr. Stokes. Chairman Keels made a few remarks appealing for good order and a respectful hearing of all speakers. He then introduced Gen. Moise, candidate for Congress in this district, who made the first speech.

Gov. Tillman followed next—being introduced by R. M. Wilson—and is speaking at the time of closing our forms. The meeting has been uneventful, with little enthusiasm, but characterized throughout by good order and dignified attention to all that has been said. A few cheers for Tillman and an occasional rejoinder to some of the Governor's remarks are interjected. Tillman believed that all the cheers for Sheppard were on account of hatred for Tillman, and not for love of Sheppard or because they endorsed his politics—it is impossible, he said. At the hand-punching about one-fourth of the crowd held up hands for Tillman, and these occupied the space nearest the stand. The Sheppard sympathizers refused to join in the primary.

MR. PITTS'S LETTER.

In reply to Mr. Pitts we wish to say that when the article he criticizes was written, the action of the Richmond Executive Committee had not been made known, even if it had been taken. We agree with Mr. Pitts that their action is equally worthy of censure as that of Langston and Greenville. We observe this, however, that Senator Irby repudiated the Tillman-Sheppard agreement, and that the action of Langston and Greenville was inspired by him, he being openly and avowedly in favor of Tillman, and holding the position of Chairman of the State Democratic party. A violent partizan, himself, he advocates, practically, no mercy to the other side. Mr. Pitts should bear this in mind. With reference to Gov. Richardson's action two years ago, in appointing all the Commissioners from the "Anti" side, we thought then and think now that it was not "totally fair." But it should be remembered that, prior to that election, as has existed since, and that all the Governor was then called upon to do was to appoint good and honest managers of election. But now, when the issues are sharply defined, and the lines closely drawn, both sides are entitled, in our judgment, to equal representation on managerial boards. Especially so when the candidates united in requesting that such action should be taken. We cannot see that the cases are parallel.

When Mr. Pitts says we accuse the Tillmanites of using tactics employed by the radicals, from 1868 to 1876, and proceeds to comment on it, he employs perfectly legitimate argument, and makes a just remark. We code the point, but we go further. We say that the use of such tactics by either faction is a resort to methods unworthy of men who for a long and terrible year fought and condemned such methods when employed against them with all the force and rebuke of their nature. They are no less unworthy now, but infinitely more so, when employed against one another, by the men who then stood side by side, and shoulder to shoulder.

THE COMING CONFLICT.

Powderly on the Situation. [Baltimore Sun] July 12.—A special from Wilkesbarre says: Terence V. Powderly, general master workman of the Knights of Labor, is back from Omaha, and in an interview today severely criticized Governor Patterson for sending troops to Homestead. He says this is not a distinctive Knights of Labor fight, but if called on he will proceed at once to Homestead. "The fight," continued Powderly, "is not the rambunctious of coming revolution that is to say whether Wall Street shall or shall not control the country. It is the fight of labor, and the labor organizations of the country should stand firmly on their feet, if necessary, for they are acting with the Knights of Labor, and through the Knights with organized labor in general." The above, if true, is important. It will be observed that Mr. Powderly claims that the farmers of the country are now acting with the Knights of Labor, and through the Knights with organized labor in general. So far as we are able to interpret this language, it means that the Farmers Alliance is acting with organized labor in general, because that is the only organization that we know of among the farmers that would enable them to act as an organization with other organizations. Individual farmers sympathizing with other laborers could not be spoken of as "the farmers of the country." Mr. Powderly must therefore mean something more than individual co-operation on the part of the farming

community. Is it true that the farmers in their organized capacity, whether as alliance or otherwise, have struck hands with the Knights of Labor and with organized labor in general? If so, it is not difficult to see how that in the near future, the sinister predictions of Ignatius Donnelly, Henry George, and the Socialists in general, will be realized, and how the next irrepressible conflict which this country shall witness, will be that between organized (and perhaps) armed labor and organized (and perhaps) armed capital.

THE CARNegie STRIKES.

The presence at Homestead of over 5,000 troops produced a very quiet effect on the strikers. The Carnegie Company offers to take the old men back. Some of them will probably return to work, but the leaders are opposed to it, and claim that the company cannot start their mills with any other workers than its own in Homestead. Some talk is going on of organizing a "provisional regiment" to remain in Homestead after the main force has been withdrawn. The plan among the strikers seems to be to avoid the withdrawal of the troops, and then proceed to enforce their demands as best they may. Meanwhile the cost to the State of Pennsylvania is something over \$20,000 per diem for the soldiers, and some of the newspapers are beginning to kick about it. O'Donnell and other leaders affirm that the fight has just commenced, and that the men will never give in after so short a struggle.

OGILVIE REPEATS.

J. W. Ogilvie, Cal. Campaign and Tom Stey, were the chief distributors at the Lexington campaign speaking. Now, Ogilvie comes up like a little man and apologizes through the columns of the Lexington Dispatch for the part he took in the said disturbances, expressing his deep regret for the same. Good for Ogilvie! Now for Cal. and Tom!

ENGLAND'S ELECTIONS.

An analysis of the latest returns of the voting in England gives as the number of members of Parliament thus far returned, 652. This leaves only 18 results yet undetermined. The Parliament will probably consist of 355 Gladstonians and 315 Unionists. The popular vote is, Gladstonian, 2,199,544; Unionist, 2,004,292. The cost of the present election amounts to \$12,500,000, which a very large proportion went for bribery. It is said that Mr. Gladstone's majority is dependent on the Irish members, who are notoriously unmanageable, and not to be depended on. It is also said that Mr. Parnell kept his men together when the party purse was full by personal payments at regular intervals; otherwise the members went home to attend to their private business. It is significantly added that if American subscriptions shall freely continue during the final crisis, the Home Rule party will be wonderfully heartened and strengthened. It is not anticipated that the Gladstonians will actually come into official power before October, when it is expected that the new government will declare its program. If this prediction be fulfilled, it is believed that Mr. Gladstone will not begin the work of legislation until next spring.

IRBY TO DIBBLE.

The following is a copy of a letter written by Senator John L. M. Irby chairman of the State Democratic executive committee, to the Hon. Samuel Dibble in reply to questions which have already been given publication: Hon. Samuel Dibble, Chairman, &c., Orangeburg, S. C. Dear Sir: While in Columbia a few days ago I received your communication at the hands of Mr. Watson, of date July 4th, 1892. Sickened and business have prevented a reply until now. I beg to say that I know of no third party in South Carolina, notwithstanding a great deal has been said about one. I therefore, conclude that any white man known to be a democrat who takes the obligation of the time he votes at the primary election will and ought to be permitted to vote whether he has hitherto favored a third party, or has been an independent, Hasellite, or now favors prohibition, woman's suffrage or otherwise. The State Democratic executive committee will meet Tuesday, the 26th inst., at 8 p. m. at Columbia, at which time the other questions will be considered by it and especially the question of appointing more than three managers to conduct the primary election. I can not say what the executive committee will do, but for myself I respectfully say that you, as the representative of any democrat, who has grievances, ask a hearing, it will be granted; but I can not, and I feel satisfied the committee will not, feel disposed to hear you or any other person in South Carolina discuss propositions in which you are not directly aggrieved. The Democratic executive committee feel that it is incompetent to carry out the orders of the State Democratic convention, and the mandate of the State Constitution without interference or suggestion from any one. We are not disposed to convert the State Democratic executive committee into a debating society for questions of imaginary grievances. Very respectfully your obedient servant, J. L. M. IRBY, Chairman State Dem. Ex. Com.

State Chairman Irby gets off the foregoing stiff reply the Hon. Sam'l Dibble, Chairman of the Conservatives. Mr. Irby evidently resents interference or suggestion from any sources outside of those with which he is in sympathy. He seems to have the consciousness or conviction that he can afford to "talk big" as being on the winning side, and gives Mr. Dibble but scant encouragement. We would like to see Mr. Dibble's letter, to which the present effusion is a reply. The tone of the reply is an excellent illustration of the feeling of mutual distrust that is so characteristic of the present campaign. The aggressiveness of it, and especially of the intimated words, show that Mr. Dibble's communication must have stung somewhat. Weaving, under such circumstances, is good proof of a sore spot somewhere in Mr. Irby's callous corporeity. He does say, however, that if Mr. Dibble has real grievances to present—the executive committee being the judges of its reality—he will be heard on 26th inst., when the committee holds its meeting to consider especially the question of appointing more than three managers to conduct the primary election.

Annual Meeting of the Press Association.

The absorbing interest now being taken in the political situation undoubtedly had much to do with the small attendance at the Annual Meeting of the South Carolina State Press Association held at Anderson on the 6th, 7th and 8th instants. There were only about twenty members present, among whom were the familiar figures of Rev. Sidi H. Brown, of The Christian Neighbor, Major Franz Weicher of The Zidian, Major M. B. McSweeney of The Hampton Guardian, Mr. Hazz Wilson, of the Abbeville Press and Banner, Mr. C. H. Prince, of the Florence Times and Col. J. A. Hoyt, of the Greenville Enterprise and Mountaineer without whom not a meeting of the Press Association would be complete. Mr. Virginia D. Young, of the Abbeville Enterprise, the only lady member of the asso-

diation was present and attended every session. The members of the Association assembled in Opera House on Wednesday evening, where in the presence of an audience of Anderson's hospitable citizens, an address of welcome was delivered by Mayor Tolly and responded to by President W. H. Wallace, in behalf of the Press. Mayor Tolly by his sincere and earnest manner, convinced the visitors that his words of welcome were but the overflow of hospitality from the hearts of the people of Anderson, and that they were truly welcome within their gates.

President W. H. Wallace, of the Abbeville Observer called the meeting to order on Thursday morning; and the Chaplain, Rev. Sidi H. Brown, invoked the blessing of God on all the transactions of the body. In his prayer he mentioned, with humble gratitude, that during the year past no member of the Association had been called away from his labors for humanity here, to take up the eternal services of his Maker above.

Three applicants for membership were admitted. Gen. E. M. Law, of the Yorkville Enterprise, Mr. W. W. Ball, of the Laurens Advertiser and Mr. H. G. Osteen, of the Watchman and Southern. Papers were read, by previous assignment, by Hartwell M. Ayer, of the Florence Times, "How to Conduct a Controversy," and Hugh Wilson, of the "Country Gentleman," "Journalist." Each paper was generally discussed, and by the exchange of opinions mutual benefit undoubtedly resulted.

The adjourned meeting Thursday afternoon Mrs. Virginia D. Young read an elaborate and vigorous paper in favor of absolute suffrage for women. All the arguments in favor of Woman's suffrage were brought out in the strongest light, and with the utmost earnestness, and it was conceded that Mrs. Young made the most of the case in hand. Gen. E. M. Law, the Annual Orator, delivered one of the most able and eloquent addresses on the status of a newspaper man as a moral factor and exponent of public opinion of the community in which his lot may be cast, that has been seen on this coast. His conception of the work and duty of an editor is so true and pure, that were he practiced universally, the power and influence of the press would be solely for good, and the resulting elevation of public sentiment would be felt all over our State.

SOUTH CAROLINA MILITARY ACADEMY.

OFFICE CHAIRMAN BOARD OF VISITORS, BARNWELL, S. C., July 9, 1892. THE following Beneficiary Vacancies exist in the South Carolina Military Academy: Abbeville 2, Barnwell 1, Beaufort 2, Charleston 1, Colleton 1, Edgefield 1, Marion 1, Orangeburg 2, Richland 1, Sumter 1, Union 1, York 1. These vacancies will be filled by competitive examination on the County Board of Education which will convene for the purpose at their respective county seats on Tuesday, September 13 proximo. The County Examining Boards will receive their appointment and instructions from the State Superintendent of Education, and will report results directly to the undersigned at Barnwell. Applications for information and forms on which to apply for permission to appear before the Examining Board will be made to the Chairman of the Board of Visitors at Barnwell in time to be received prior to August 31.

CHICKEN SALAD GREETING TO PRESS ASSOCIATION.

"The State" brings Baked Red Snapper, a la "News and Courier." "Observer" Ham, Sauce "Intelligencer." "Spartan" Herald's Baked Turkey, Green-Wild Duck "News" of a Printer and "Press and Banner" Leg of Mutton, "Enterprise and Mountaineer" Capon Sauce. The "Laurens Advertiser" has "Enterprise" to talk—Sufferer for "Journalist" Review" Dressing, "Advocate's" Apple Sauce. "Enquirer" of "Watchman" and "Sentinel" for Ribs of Roast Beef, "Press Association" Sauce. "The Times" "Guardian" the "People" for Buffalo Tongue—Democracy. Very State Paper.

CHICKEN SALAD, Lobster Salad, Potato Salad.

"Cleve and Steve" Oream, "Sheppard and Orr" Sherbet.

Fruit cake, Silver Cake, Ribbon Cake, Almond Cake, Citron Cake, Baby Ruth Fingers.

Champagne, Ribine Wine, Sherry Wine, Export Beer.

Punch "Means" Claret and Spruce "Tolly".

Nuts, Raisins, Biscuits Crackers, Salted Almonds, Tea, Coffee.

J. M. Sullivan, President of the Board of Trade, acted as Toast Master, and in calling the assembly to order, previous to announcing the toasts, made a brief but pointed speech. Mr. Sullivan has the voice, flow of language and presence that make an orator, and his speech was received with enthusiasm.

The South Carolina State Press Association—Representative of public thought, and non-partisan in character, it is a body of men that asks no favors and has no foes—Responded to by President W. H. Wallace.

The City of Anderson—Progressive and prosperous, the ever welcome merit, and proudly entertains a worthy guest—Responded to by Mayor J. F. Tolly.

The Fourth Estate—Mightiest of the mighty means, On which the arm of progress leans, Man's noblest mission to advance, His woe assuage, his woe enhance, His rights enforce, his wrongs redress—Nightly rest of mightiest of the Press—Responded to by Col. J. A. Hoyt.

South Carolina—Her safety and prosperity commands our utmost patriotism—Responded to by Geo. E. Prince, Esq.

Woman—"The Star in the West—She ever shines in her sphere, holds our destinies in her grasp, and is our best friend"—Responded to by W. W. Ball.

The speeches were all appropriate and earnest and in several instances eloquent. After the regular toasts quite a number of gentlemen spoke in response to the toast of welcome.

At a late hour the assembly dispersed, replete with satisfaction, and with a fuller appreciation of Anderson's hospitality than could have been obtained in any other manner.

At 9 o'clock Friday morning the visiting newspaper men were driven over the city in carriages under the conduct of prominent citizens. It was our good fortune to be assigned to the care of Bro. Langston, who on this, as during the entire meeting, of the Association was untiring in his efforts to entertain us. All the points of interest in the city were visited, and it can be said without indulging in flattery that there is not a prettier or more progressive appearing city in the South.

Water works that furnish an abundance of clear, pure water; an electric light plant that lights the city and business houses; numerous handsome residences surrounded by beautiful grounds and well kept lawns, and a hotel—the Chiquola—that is not equalled in the State. The Chiquola is an imposing structure of pressed brick, with granite trimmings, four stories in height and handsomely furnished throughout. This hotel is the special pride of Anderson, and a city three times the size of Anderson would have just cause for pride in it.

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A new man can be made, out of an old one, by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It restores the system, purifies and enriches the blood, cleanses, repairs, and strengthens the organs, and restores health and vigor. As an appetizing, restorative tonic, it sets at work all the processes of digestion and nutrition, and builds up flesh and strength. It's the only Blood and Liver Remedy that's guaranteed, in every case, to benefit or cure. If it doesn't, the doctor makes a larger profit than anything else like it. "Discovery" is promptly returned. But it keeps its promise—that's the reason it can be sold in this way.

You only pay for the good you get. "Discovery" strengthens Weak Lungs, and cures Spitting of Blood, Shortness of Breath, Bronchitis, Severe Coughs, and kindred affections. Don't be fooled into taking something else, not to be "too good" for you. The doctor makes a larger profit than anything else like it. "Discovery" is promptly returned. But it keeps its promise—that's the reason it can be sold in this way.

If you are suffering from liver complaint, kidney trouble, dyspepsia, sick headache or loss of appetite try Clean Spring Water. You can get it through W. R. Delgar, Jr.

If dull, spiritless and stupid; if your blood is thick and sluggish; if your appetite is capricious and uncertain, you need a Sarsaparilla. For best results take De Witt's. J. S. HUGHSON & CO.

A fine \$65.00 set of furniture for sale at a bargain. Has been used but very little, and is as good as new. Inquire at the Photographer, East Liberty Street, bet. Post Office and Mammoth Photo Tent.

It is a tried and inimitable law that to have good, sound health one must have pure, rich and abundant blood. There is no shorter nor surer route than by a course of De Witt's Sarsaparilla. J. S. HUGHSON & CO.

Whitrop State Normal College.

THOROUGH training and practice in best methods of teaching. Faculty composed of instructors of extensive and successful experience in teaching teachers. Open to white girls over 17. Session begins September 23. Graduates secure good positions. Each county given two scholarships—none worth \$150 each, and one of \$200 each. Competitive examination August 5 at Court House of each county. Address D. B. JOHNSON, President, Columbia, S. C.

SOUTH CAROLINA MILITARY ACADEMY.

OFFICE CHAIRMAN BOARD OF VISITORS, BARNWELL, S. C., July 9, 1892.

THE following Beneficiary Vacancies exist in the South Carolina Military Academy: Abbeville 2, Barnwell 1, Beaufort 2, Charleston 1, Colleton 1, Edgefield 1, Marion 1, Orangeburg 2, Richland 1, Sumter 1, Union 1, York 1.

These vacancies will be filled by competitive examination on the County Board of Education which will convene for the purpose at their respective county seats on Tuesday, September 13 proximo.

The County Examining Boards will receive their appointment and instructions from the State Superintendent of Education, and will report results directly to the undersigned at Barnwell.

Applications for information and forms on which to apply for permission to appear before the Examining Board will be made to the Chairman of the Board of Visitors at Barnwell in time to be received prior to August 31.

The Board of Visitors will pass upon these applications at Columbia on Friday, September 2, and grant permits to such as appear to be entitled thereto.

No report on this permit will be examined by County Boards.

No application will be considered by the Board of Visitors which is not fully and correctly made out in accordance with prescribed regulations; and under no circumstances, whether the delay be caused by misapprehension or otherwise, will an application be considered after the adjournment of the session of the Board held for the purpose on September 2. It is, therefore, desirable that applications be forwarded to the Chairman at the earliest date, to the end that they may, when necessary, be returned for amendment before the session of the Board and parties be assured that their claims are properly presented. In the eager competition for these vacancies experience has shown that justice to all requires a rigid adherence to the conditions announced.

Each paper published in the counties from which vacancies exist is requested to give this notice one insertion and send its account to Lieut. W. W. White, Quartermaster, of the Citadel, in Charleston.

JOHNSON HAGOOD, S. C. M. A., Chairman Board of Visitors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE SIMONDS NATIONAL BANK.

At Sumter, in the State of South Carolina, at the close of business, July 12th, 1892.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts, \$140,319 65

Overdrafts, secured and unsecured, 215 72

U. S. Bonds, 1,850 00

Notes on approved reserves, 9,748 89

Due from State Banks and Bankers, 718 37

Banking House furniture, and fixtures, 600 00

Current expenses and taxes paid, 264 51

Premiums on U. S. bonds, 2,750 00

Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents, 271 94

Specie, 3,500 00

Legal-tender notes, 5,000 00

Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation) 843 75

Total, \$191,982 83

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in, \$15,000 00

Surplus fund, 11,000 00