The Watchman and Southron.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 5.

Trusts.

When government throws its mantle of paternal protection around any particular form of business it thereby offers a premium to all who desire it, to enter the promised land and pluck the occupants. As a result of this protection, men rush into the various lines of business so protected, and what at first seemed to offer a grand field for large and princely profits, by reason of competion dwindles down to what might be termed a reasonable or living profit. To prevent this diminishing of revenue, to curb this competition, and to maintain a revenue which to the recipients alone may seem fair (and the fairness or unfairness of which the public know nothing of), the protected ones seek further protection; and thus a policy which at first was intended to insure protection to Americans by excluding the foreigner, eventually results in excluding Americans themselves. With foreign competition excluded, the question propounded is, how to perpetuate great profits, by excluding home competition; and American ingenuity has in this, as in all things else, solved the problem by organizing trusts. A trust is a combination of capitalists which seeks to maintain an article manufactured by them at the highest possible artificial price, without regard to the question of supply and demand: or which seeks to reduce or limit the supply of articles in order to advance the price: or which seeks to reduce and strangle competition for the purpose of enhancing the price. Within a comparatively recent period the success of trusts has been so great that they are now increasing at an amazing rapidity. The New York Times and New York World of February 20, 1888, published a list of them, among which were trusts for kerosene oil, cotton seed oil, sugar, oatmeal; starch, pearled barley, coal, castor oil, linseed oil, lard, school slate, oil-cloth, salt, cattle, gas, street railways, whiskey, rubber-steel rails, steel, steel and iron beams, nails, wrought-iron pipe, iron nuts, stoves, copper, envelopes, paper bags, paving pitch, cordage, coke, reaping, binding, and mowing machines, threshing machines, milk, sandstone, lead pencils, cartridges, watch-cases, silver plate, clothes-wringers, undertakers, brewers, hog slaughterers, and, last in order as well as last on earth, coffins. The latest attempt at a trust is being made by the actors, and when they shall have organized it will be in order for the clergy, physicians, and lawyers to try their hand at it. And then, with the thorough organization of the Knights of Labor in accordance with the scheme of Mr. Powderly to exclude farther immigration, we shall be in a position to be known as the United Trusts of America instead of the United States of America. A trust, like other diseases with modern names, is an old epidemic under a new name. In Queen Elizabeth's time trusts raged in England under the name of monopolies. She, according to Macaulay (vol. i. p. 58), had granted monopolies on iron, coal, oil, vinegar, lead, starch, yarn, leather, and glass, but the Commons threatened revolution and she repealed the charters; and Charles I. paid the penalty for his favoritism of monopolies and his indifference to popular demands, by the loss of his head as well as his crown. The modern monopoly differs from the ancient in that it works quietly, secretly, systematically, and with an artistic finesse that does credit to Yankee ingenuity. At the recent trust trial before the New York Supreme Court the trust lawyers refused to produce the minutes or records of the trustees. Many of the trusts burn the records of their proceedings, and the trust managers take no pains to conceal the fact that neither the newspapers nor the public can be informed of the true inwardness of these combinations, for the reason that the minutes of the trust meetings cannot be produced. In this manner the law and the people are defied, and secret combination override both. What justification is there for this? "Seek none, conspiracy. Hide it in smiles and affability." It is useless for these combinations to tell us they organize to reduce prices, or that their organizations result in the reduction of prices. Trusts are not conducted for the purpose of dispensing charity, except when charity begins at home with themselves. The avowed purpose of these trusts is to curb competition and to maintain what in the judgment of the trusts themselves may be considered a fair standard of profits. Of all the trusts now organized not one can point to a reduction of prices as a result of the trust except the Standard Oil Company, and in its case the reduction was due to other causes, and would be still lower if there were no trust. Since the sugar trust was founded in October, 1887, the production of refined sugar has decreased. By order of the trust two refineries in Boston and two in New York have been closed, two others have been temporarily shut down, others have had their production decreased one-fourth, and refined sugar has advanced in price from three-fourths to one cent a pound. The average price of granulated sugar in 1887 was six cents, but in January, 1888, was seven and one-sixteenth cents. Before the Senate investigating committee of New York the object of this trust was stated to be "to limit production," and Mr. Havemeyer stated that refined sugar costs the consumer about two cents a pound more than in England, or about ten dollars a barrel.

Since the organization of the envelope trust in 1887 prices of envelopes have gone up twenty per cent. The income of this trust from this advance alone is about $300,000 a year. Since the organization of the glass trust in 1887 glass has advanced ten per cent. in price, and there is a tariff of one hundred per cent. on common glass and one hundred and fifty per cent. on plate glass. The organization of the meat trust in New York has resulted in lowering the price paid to the farmer for his meat and raising the price to the consumer who wants to eat it. In January, 1888, the warehousemen of New York and Brooklyn combined, and rates on sugar storage advanced ten to twenty per cent. a hogshead. One of the combine said before the Senate committee, "Competition is a bad thing; we want to destroy it all we can"—and they are doing it with a vengeance.

From 15,000 to 16,000 cans of milk are consumed in New York city daily. In 1882 the dealers formed a trust. The farmer receives three cents for his quart of milk, and the consumer pays from seven to eight cents. The farmers of Orange County, New York, struck a short time since, but having sunk $20,000 in the strike gave it up, for, as the president of the milk trust says, "They don't like to tackle a trust, They are as afraid of it as they would be of the devil."

The oil cloth trust has advanced prices from ten to fifteen per cent. to the consumer. But why continue? The list is as long as Homer's catalogue of ships; and the limits of an ordinary magazine article will not suffice to enter largely into details. It will be observed from this enumeration, that the bitter sarcasm of Sir John Culpepper in the House of Commons, may be appropriately applied to the monopolies of our times. "They are," said he, "a nest of wasps; pollers of the people; a swarm of vermin which have overcrept the land. Like the frogs of Egypt they have gotten possession of our dwellings and we have scarce a room free from them. They sup in our cup, they dip in our dish, they sit by our fire. We find them in the dye-fat, wash-bowl, and powdering-tub. We may not buy our clothes without their brokerage. These are the leeches that have sucked the commonwealth so hard that it is almost hectical."

Senator John Sherman said, during the last Summer, in the Senate of the United States, "that combinations to prevent a reduction of price by competition may and ought to be met by a reduction of duty." Last spring the New York Tribune said: "Combinations to prevent competition are radically hostile to and defeat the very object of the protective system.' Judge Cooley, one of the ablest jurists of our day, in a speech at Boston last January said of them: "They are things to be feared. They antagonize a leading and most valuable principle of industrial life in their attempt to curb competition and bring it under strict control. And when we witness the heartless manner in which some trusts have closed manufactories and turned men willing to be industrious into the street in order that they may increase profits already reasonably large, we cannot help asking ourselves whether the trust as we see it is not a public enemy; whether it is not teaching the laborer dangerous lessons; whether it is not helping to breed anarchy." On his return from Europe Mr James G. Blaine set out to justify trusts by telling us that they were private affairs, and that we had nothing to do with them. We might have replied that the saloon, the liquor traffic, private property of all kinds, and the transaction by which I am relieved of my money by a footpad, are all private affairs, but that we nevertheless undertake to regulate, suppress, or abolish them when once we feel that they invade the principle, *Salus populi est suprema lex;* but the people simply laughed at it, and Mr. Blaine never repeated it, for, recognizing the *vox populi* against him, and with his known versatility he set out to prove instead that trusts after all were controlled by democrats, and therefore were unquestionably public affairs and a fit subject for discussion, dissolution, and destruction, if necessary for the restoration of Republican supremacy. Not only are the legislatures of the States, which are supposed to reflect public sentiment, enacting laws to crush them, but the courts and judges throughout the land declare them illegal whenever the question arises for judicial determination. In the famous leading case of "The Monopolies" (2 Coke, 84) Lord Coke declared a monopoly illegal and void: that it led to three results: (1) An increase of price; (2) A decrease in quality; and (3) The impoverishment of artisans, artificers and workmen. In 1711 the King's Bench declared that to obtain the sole exercise of any known trade throughout England is a complete monopoly and against the policy of the law. A New York act of the legislature makes it a conspiracy for two or more persons to do any act "injurious to trade or commerce." Ordinary laborers organizing a strike have been prosecuted under the provisions of this act. It remains to be seen how the trust managers will evade it.

In Central Ohio Salt Case (35 Ohio State Reports), a salt trust was organized, and the court in declaring it illegal said: "Public policy unquestionably favors competition in trade to the end that its commodities may be afforded to the customer as cheaply as possible. The clear tendency of such an agreement is to establish competition in trade. It is no answer to say that competition was not in fact destroyed, or that the price of the commodity was not in fact advanced. Courts will not stop to inquire as to the degree of injury inflicted on the public. It is enough to know that the inevitable tendency of such contracts is injurious to the public." In a Pennsylvania case five coal companies organized to control the output of a certain district of coal and in Morris Run Coal Co. vs Barclay Run Coal Co the court decided the arrangement a conspiracy.

In Arnot vs. Pittston Coal Co. the New York Court of appeals declared that such a combination was outside of the pale and protection of the law. In Louisiana a jute bagging trust came up for review before the courts in India Bagging Co. vs. Kock, and it was declared to be an agreement palpably and unequivocally in restraint of trade, contrary to public order, and unenforceable in a court of justice.

In Illinois, in Craft vs. McConoughy the court said: "The four firms by a shrewd, deep-laid secret combination attempted to control and monopolize the entire grain trade of the town and surrounding country. That the effect of this contract was to restrain the trade and commerce of this country is a proposition that cannot successfully be denied."

In New York, in 1842, five lines of steamboats made a trust of the steamboat business. The Supreme Court said: "It is a familiar maxim that competition is the life of trade. It follows that whatever destroys or even relaxes competition in trade is injurious if not fatal to it." The Court of Louisiana, according to the New York Times, gave what that paper called a black eye to the oil trust. The suit was brought to compel a forfeiture of its charter on the ground that it had amalgamated with the cotton-seed oil trust, and the court said: "Corporations have no power ordinarily and without express authority to consolidate or form partnerships with other corporations, and still less can they make such combinations in order to establish monopolies and unlawfully restrain the natural and legitimate course of commerce."

That these combinations are a menace to the liberties and material prosperity of the people seems unquestionable. Organized to control the very arteries of popular subsistence; in league with one another; supported by immense capital; unscrupulous in their *modus operandi;* controlled by a bond of secrecy based on mutual self-interest; ready to cast their influence, power, and wealth with the political party which may bid for its strength by sacrificing popular interests, they form a tower of strength against popular indignation. But the remedy is simple; without the encouragement of a paternal government imposing taxes on Peter to hand to Paul in order to assist him in his business, these monstrosities could never exist a year in a free land. And when once the system of legalized robbery known as a protective tariff, which makes these things possible, shall be repealed, its protege, the trust, will fall like the walls of Jericho before the trumpet of foreign competition. "Trade restrictions," says Herbert Spencer, "are of the same race with irresponsible government and slavery; interferences with the freedom of exchange are as certainly their progeny as are the worst violations of human rights: they are constantly found in the society of these; and although not popularly classed as crimes, they are in both origin and nature closely related to them."—*James F. Minturn in Belford's Magazine for June.*

The appointment of Abial Lathrop, Esq., to the United States District Attorneyship for this State, is heartily endorsed by our people. As we had to have a Republican, we prefer to have one that we know to be honest and conscientious in all the relations of life, and such is the character of the gentleman to whom this office has been given.—*Orangeburg Times and Democrat.*

Is Consumption Incurable?

Read the following: Mr. C. H. Morris, Newark, Ark, says: 'Was down with Abscess of Lungs, and friends and physicians pronounced me an incurable consumptive. Began taking Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, am now on my third bottle, and able to oversee the work on my farm. It is the finest medicine ever made."

Jesse Middlewart, Decatur, Ohio, says: "Had it not been for Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption I would have died of lung troubles. Was given up by doctors. Am now in the best of health." Try it. Sample bottles free at J. F. W. DeLorme's drug store. 5

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise. A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the liver and kidneys, will remove pimples, boils, salt rheum and other affections caused by impure blood. Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all malarial fevers For cure of headache, constipation and indigestion try Electric Bitters—entire satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded. Price 50 cents and $1 per bottle at J. F. W. DeLorme's drug store. 5

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. F. W. DeLorme. o

SPRING AND SUMMER

MILLINERY.

Mrs. White and Miss Miller

Invite their friends and the ladies generally to call and examine their stock.

TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED

Hats and Bonnets.

FLOWERS, RIBBONS, &c., IN VARIETY.

Children's and Infants's

Lace Caps.

ZEPHYRS IN ALL COLORS AND SHADES.

Orders intrusted to our care will receive prompt attention.

April 17.

SUMTER MARBLE WORKS,

ESTABLISHED IN 1869.

—BY—

W. P. SMITH,

WHO IS STILL PREPARED WITH

Improved Facilities,

TO FURNISH

MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES,

—AND—

All Kinds of Cemetery Work,

In First Class Workmanship

Dec. 21.

State of South Carolina.

SUMTER COUNTY.

OFFICE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

WHEREAS an inquest of Escheat hath been returned into this office whereby it appeared that James A Moree late of Lynchburg, in Sumter County, who was born near Spring Hill, in the County of Sumter, State of South Carolina, and died on the 26th day of June, A. D. 1856, was seized and possessed at the time of his death of a lot of land with three buildings thereon situate in the town of Lynchburg, in Shiloh Township, Sumter County, State aforesaid, bounded on the North and East by the Lynches' Creek Road and on the South and West by lands now or formerly of W. E. B. Fraser and the Colored Methodist Church lot as will appear by deed of James A. Graves, dated June 8th, 1868.

Also one lot of about 1 6 of an acre with a store house thereon, situate in the town of Lynchburg bounded on the North by Lynches' River Road, on East by —— Keels' lot, South by —— Keels' lot, and on the West by lands of Lucky and Hodge, without having in his life-time made any disposition thereof, and without leaving any person who can legally claim the same:

Now, in pursuance of the directions of the Act of Assembly, in such case made and provided, the Heirs of the said James A. Moree or those claiming under him (if any there be) are hereby required to appear and make claim within eighteen months from the date hereof.

Witness my hand at Sumter, S. C., this 19th day of March, A. D. 1889.

J. D. GRAHAM,
C. C. P. & G. S.

Apl. 3

HONEY

FOR SALE.

I have on hand a fine lot of

CLEAR STRAINED HONEY,

this season's make, for sale by the gallon or less quantity. Also,

NEW WHITE COMB HONEY.

Orders filled at residence, on Republican Street. Samples can be seen at *Watchman and Southron* office.

N. G. OSTEEN.

DRESSMAKING.

LADIES' DRESSES CUT AND MADE in the latest style, fit and work warranted and satisfaction guaranteed, by Miss Addie Osteen, Republican street, opposite Harby Avenue. Prices as reasonable as good work can be done for. Feb 8

The Teacher

Who advised her pupils to strengthen their minds by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, appreciated the truth that bodily health is essential to mental vigor. For persons of delicate and feeble constitution, whether young or old, this medicine is remarkably beneficial. Be sure you get Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

"Every spring and fall I take a number of bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and am greatly benefited."—Mrs. James H. Eastman, Stoneham, Mass.

"I have taken Ayer's Sarsaparilla with great benefit to my general health."—Miss Thirza L. Crerar, Palmyra, Md

"My daughter, twelve years of age, has suffered for the past year from

General Debility.

A few weeks since, we began to give her Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Her health has greatly improved."—Mrs. Harriet H. Battles, South Chelmsford, Mass.

"About a year ago I began using Ayer's Sarsaparilla as a remedy for debility and neuralgia resulting from malarial exposure in the army. I was in a very bad condition, but six bottles of the Sarsaparilla, with occasional doses of Ayer's Pills, have greatly improved my health. I am now able to work, and feel that I cannot say too much for your excellent remedies."—F. A. Pinkham, South Molunkus, Me.

"My daughter, sixteen years old, is using Ayer's Sarsaparilla with good effect."—Rev. S. J. Graham, United Brethren Church, Buckhannon, W. Va.

"I suffered from

Nervous Prostration,

with lame back and headache, and have been much benefited by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I am now 86 years of age, and am satisfied that my present health and prolonged life are due to the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla."—Lucy Moritt, Killingly, Conn.

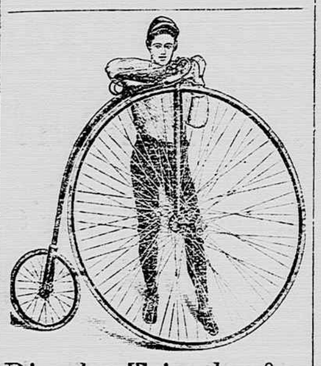
Mrs. Ann H. Farnsworth, a lady 79 years old, So. Woodstock, Vt., writes: "After several weeks' suffering from nervous prostration, I procured a bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and before I had taken half of it my usual health returned."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Price $1, six bottles, $5. Worth $5 a bottle.



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HAVING SECURED THE AGENCY for one of the best Bicycle Manufactories in the United States, I take pleasure in offering their goods to the public. All goods sold under guarantee as to material and workmanship.

PRICES GREATLY REDUCED

since last season, and several new styles of machines brought out. Correspondence solicited and catalogues furnished on application.

C. P. OSTEEN,
May 8. Sumter, S. C.

BLANKS

LIENS,
TITLES,
MORTGAGES,
BILLS OF SALE,
BONDS,

And Other Blanks in Variety,

FOR SALE

AT THIS OFFICE.

THE EQUITABLE

Life Assurance Society of the United States.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1, 1889,	$95,042,922 96
LIABILITIES, JANUARY 1, 1889,	74,248,207 81
SURPLUS, JANUARY 1, 1889,	20,794,715 15

FIRST. FOREMOST. LARGEST. BEST.

The Largest Amount Outstanding Business. The Largest New Business. The Largest Surplus. The Largest Income.

Issues all kinds of the most desirable forms of Insurance.

The Free Tontine Policies are unrestricted as to travel, residence and occupation after first year. Incontestible after two years, and Non-Forfeitable after three years.

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Jan. 2-o Sumter, S. C.

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JAMES ALLAN & CO.

Diamonds, Jewelry, Silverware, Spectacles, Drawing Instruments.

THE FINEST STOCK IN THE STATE. RELIABLE GOODS AT REASONABLE PRICES.

Watch Repairing a specialty. Chief Inspectors of Watches for South Carolina Railway, Atlantic Coast Line and Southern Division of Three Cs Rail Road.

JAMES ALLAN & CO.,

Feb. 8 265 King St., Sign of Drum Clock. Charleston, S. C.

THE PALACE SALOON,

A. P. LEVY & CO., Proprietors.

(Successors to Rosendorf & Co.)

We have constantly on hand a complete line of

WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

And desire to call especial attention to the following:

Imported.	Domestic.
FRENCH BRANDIES,	SHERRY, PORT,
IRISH WHISKEY,	CATAWBA WINE,
JAMAICA RUM,	BLACKBERRY WINE,
HOLLAND GIN,	GIN AND FINE
SCOTCH WHISKEY,	RYE WHISKEY.

We call especial attention to our

Pure North Carolina Corn Whiskey,

Which we get direct from the still.

Sept. 26.

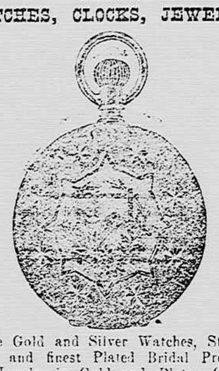
L. W. FOLSOM,

Successor to F. H. Folsom & Bro.

SUMTER, S. C.

Dealer in

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY



Fine Gold and Silver Watches, Sterling Silver and finest Plated Bridal Presents, Rich Jewelry in Gold and Plate. Clocks, Spectacles and Eye Glasses, Opera Glasses. Gold Pens. Machine Needles and Oil for all Machines. Fishing Tackle, &c. &c.

The celebrated Royal St John Sewing Machine and finest Razor in America always on hand. Repairing promptly and neatly executed by skilled workmen.

Orders by mail will receive careful attention. Sept. 5

GLENN SPRINGS

MINERAL WATER,

A Safe, Pleasant and

Effective Remedy

FOR ALL DISEASES

Of the Kidneys, Liver,

STOMACH AND SKIN.

It Acts on the Bowels, Cleanses the System,

—AND—

Regulates the Liver,

And is a specific for most

FEMALE DISORDERS.

For sale by Dr. A. J. China, Dr. G. S. Sealy and Dr. J. F. W. DeLorme.

SIMPSON & SIMPSON, Props.,

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April 10.

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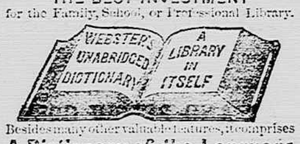
THE BEST INVESTMENT

for the Family, School, or Professional Library.



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containing 118,000 Words and 3000 Engravings,

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Manufacturers of

Doors, Sash, Blinds, Moulding

AND BUILDING MATERIAL.

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BEST AND CHEAPEST.

ALL GOODS GUARANTEED.

Estimates furnished by return Mail.

LARGE STOCK. PROMPT SHIPMENTS.

GEO. E. TOALE & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS,

MOULDING,

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GENERAL BUILDING MATERIAL.

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SASH & BLINDS,

LATHS, LIME,

CEMENT, PLASTER,

AND HAIR.

French and American Window Glass,

PAINTS, OILS

AND VARNISHES.

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The Best in the Market.

Special Attention Given to Orders by Mail.

C. O. BROWN & BRO.,

Opposite Post Office,

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Oct 5-o

SUMTER

PLANING MILLS,

James H. Sanders,

PROPRIETOR.

DEALER IN

Door, Sash, Blinds,

SCROLL AND TURNED BALUSTERS, MOULDINGS,

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Rough and Dressed Lumber,

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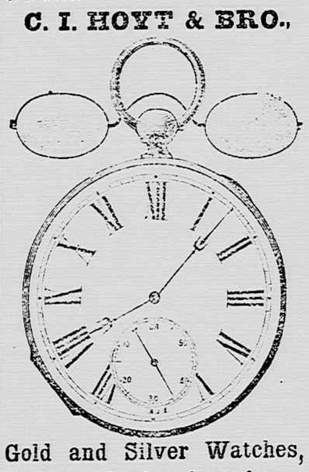
E. B. LOWRY,

Sept 19 Business Manager.

C. I. HOYT. H. A. HOYT

C. I. HOYT & BRO.,



Gold and Silver Watches,

Clocks, Jewelry, Spectacles,

MERIDEN BRITANIA SILVERWARE, &c.

REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

SPORTING MATERIAL,

Shells, Wads and Everything Pertaining to Breech-Loading Guns.

Feb 1

PATRONIZE

HOME TALENT.

Life-Size Portraits in Crayon,

MADE FROM PHOTOGRAPHS,

—AT—

SUMTER, S. C.

—BY—

MRS. E. J. DUNNE.

Also prepared to teach a class in

Drawing and Music.

Jan. 30.

JNO. T. GREEN,

Attorney and Counsellor at

LAW,

SUMTER, C. H., S. C.

Collection of claims a specialty.

June 20.

G. S. SEALY'S

Drug Store,

Under Music Hall,

SUMTER, S. C.

PURE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS

constanly on hand. A fine assortment of TOILET ARTICLES, PATENT MEDICINES, LADIES' REQUISITES, and all articles kept by first class druggists.

Personal attention given to the compounding of physicians' prescriptions.

Cold, sparkling Soda Water, with choice cream syrups, Sarsaparilla Meade, and Milk Shakes to suit the most fastidious.

G. S. SEALY,

Apr 13 Graduate of Pharmacy.

J. F. W. DeLORME, Agent,

—DEALER IN—

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

TOILET SOAPS, PERFUMERY

AND ALL KINDS OF

Druggist's Sundries

USUALLY KEPT IN A FIRST-CLASS DRUG STORE.

Tobacco, Snuff and Segars,

GARDEN SEEDS, &C.,

—ALSO—

Paints, Oils, Varnishes,

GLASS, PUTTY, &c.

—AND—

DYE STUFFS.

—o—

Physician's Prescriptions carefully compounded, and orders answered with care and dispatch.

The public will find my stock of Medicines complete, warranted genuine, and of the best quality.

Call and see for yourselves.

IMPERIAL EGG FOOD,

FOR ALL VARIETIES OF POULTRY,

WILL MAKE YOUR HENS LAY!

It keeps fowls in best condition, and makes poultry the most profitable stock on the farm.

When the Imperial Egg Food is fed according to directions, sick and drooping chicks will never be seen. It supplies all the needed material for forming bone, muscle, and feathers, and by its gentle tonic effect strengthens the digestive organs and lays the foundation for vigorous, healthy, and therefore, profitable fowls. They will also be fitted for market a month earlier than by common treatment. For sale by

Dr. A. J. CHINA.

March 20.

MAYESVILLE

DRUG STORE.

DR. GEO. McELVEEN & CO.

MAYESVILLE, S. C.

HAVE OPENED A FIRST CLASS LINE of

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

And other goods usually found in a general drug business, including

Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye Stuffs, &c.

Perfumery, Soaps, Toilet Articles, Combs and Brushes.

Stationery, &c.

A full line of Garden Seeds.

Fine Tobacco and Cigars.

Prescriptions carefully compounded—day or night.

Patronage of the surrounding country solicited and prices guaranteed as low as in any other market.

Calls for medical attendance left at the Drug Store will receive prompt attention.

DR. GEO. McELVEEN & CO.

Jan. 2—x

Sportsman's Headquarters.

F. W. HUSEMANN,

GUN-MAKER,

COLUMBIA, S. C.

DEALER IN

Guns, Pistols and Fishing Tackle,

Agent for Hazard and Atlas Powder Companies, also Agent for Lefever Arms Co.

AMMUNITION OF ALL KINDS.

Shells Loaded by Latest Improved Machine.

First-Class Gun Work Guaranteed.

PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.

Give me a call at Sportsman's Headquarters. Oct 26 o

FREE $85 Solid Gold Watch. Solid for $100, and lately Best $85 watch in the world. Perfect timekeeper. Warranted. Heavy Solid Gold Hunting Cases. Both ladies' and gents' sizes, with works and cases of equal value. One Person in each locality can secure one free, together with our large and valuable line of Household Samples. These samples, as well as the watch, we send Free, and after you have kept them in your home for 2 months and shown them to those who may have called, they become your own property. Those who write at once can be sure of receiving the Watch and Samples. We pay all express, freight, etc. Address Stinson & Co., Box 812, Portland, Maine. FREE

TRADE S.S.S. FOR THE BLOOD MARK

SWIFT'S SPECIFIC

Is entirely a vegetable preparation containing no Mercury, Potash, Arsenic, or other poisonous substances.

SWIFT'S SPECIFIC

Has cured hundreds of cases of Epithelioma or Cancer of the Skin, thousands of cases of Eczema, Blood Humors and Skin Diseases, and hundreds of thousands of cases of Scrofula, Blood Poison, and Blood Taint.

SWIFT'S SPECIFIC

Has relieved the pounds of cases of Mercurial Poisoning, Rheumatism, and Stiffness of the Joints.

WHAT PHYSICIANS SAY OF THE SWIFT SPECIFIC.

We append the statement of a few:

"I have used S. S. S. on patients convalescing from fever and found it to do with the best results

J. N. CHENEY, M. D. Ellaville, Ga.

BLAKEN, GA.—Willie White was afflicted with scrofula seven years. I prescribed S. S. S., and to-day he is a fat and robust boy.

C. W. PARKER, M. D.

RICHMOND, VA., Dec. 19, 1885.—I have taken three bottles of Swift's Specific, for secondary Blood poison. It worked much better than potash or any other remedy I have ever used.

B. F. WINFIELD, M. D.

Book on Contagious Blood Poison mailed free.

All druggists sell S. S. S. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC Co., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga. New York, 756 Broadway.

For Sale.

A NUMBER OF DESIRABLE BUILDING Lots in various portions of the city.

THOS. E. RICHARDSON.

Jan. 2—tf.

C. WULBERN & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

AND DEALERS IN

Provisions, Liquors, Tobacco, &c.

167 *and* 169 *East-Bay,*

CHARLESTON, S. C.

Dec. 2 6

OTTO F. WIETERS,

WHOLESALE

GROCER

And Liquor Dealer.

OFFICE AND SALESROOM:

183 East Bay, Charleston, S. C.

Nov. 7 o

GEO. W. STEFFENS & SON,

Established 1847.

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Auction and Commission Merchants and Liquor Dealers.

AGENTS FOR

Celebrated Dove Brand Ham.
The Philip Best Brewing Co., Milwaukee Beer.
Maryland Hominy Mills.
Griffiths Bakery Co.
Motts Cider and Vinegar.
Banner Preserve Works.
Frank Packing Co.

197 EAST BAY AND 50 AND 52 STATE STS.,

(Auction Room State Street,)

CHARLESTON, S. C.

Consignments Solicited.

Jan. 23. o

GEO. L. COOK,

PHOTOGRAPHER,

265 *KING STREET,*

CHARLESTON, S. C.

Aug 10 o

CHAS. C. LESLIE,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

FISH, GAME, OYSTERS,

TURTLES, TERRAPINS,

POULTRY, EGGS, &c.

Stalls No. 1 and 2 Fish Market.

Office and Fish House, 18 and 20 Market St., East of East Bay,

CHARLESTON, S. C.

All orders promptly attended to.

Terms cash or city acceptance.

Oct. 3

PAVILION HOTEL,

CHARLESTON, S. C.

First Class in all its Appointments.

Supplied with all Modern Improvements. Excellent Cuisine, Large Airy Rooms, Otis Passenger Elevator, Electric Bells and Lights, Heated Rotunda.

RATES $2 00, $2 50 AND $3.00.

Rooms Reserved by Mail or Telegraph.

Sept 16

WAVERLY HOUSE,

IN THE BEND OF KING STREET,

CHARLESTON, S. C.

Rates, $2 and $2.50 per day.

G. T. ALFORD,

May 2-o PROPRIETOR.

WRIGHT'S HOTEL,

COLUMBIA, S. C.

—o—

THIS NEW AND ELEGANT HOUSE, with all modern improvements, is now open for the reception of guests.

S. L. WRIGHT & SON,
Proprietors.

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Opposite Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

WILLIAM KENNEDY.

Fashionable Barber.

MAIN STREET,

Next door to Earle & Purdy's Law Office.

SUMTER, S. C.

I DESIRE TO INFORM the citizens of Sumter and vicinity that I have opened business on my own account at the above old stand, and that with competent and polite assistants, I will be pleased to serve them in any branch of my business in the best style of the art.

Give me a call.

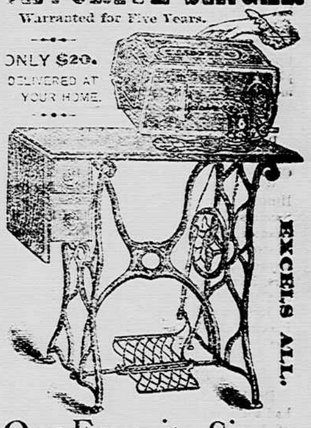
WM. KENNEDY.

Oct. 19.

FAVORITE SINGER

Warranted for Five Years.

ONLY $20. DELIVERED AT YOUR HOME.



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Drop Leaf, Fancy Cover, Large Drawers, Nickel Rings, Tucker, Ruffler, Binder, Four Widths of Hemmers.

Sent on one week's trial. Delivered in your home free of freight charges. Buy only of Manufacturers. Save Canvassers' Commissions. Get New Machines. Address for circulars and Testimonials,

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FREE $23 Sewing-Machine FREE To at once establish trade in all parts, by placing our machines and goods where the people can see them, we will send free to one person in each locality, the best sewing-machine made in the world, with all the attachments. We will also send free a complete line of our costly and valuable samples. In return we ask that you show what we send, to those who may call at your home, and after 30 months all shall become your own property. This grand machine is made after the Singer patents, which have run out: before patents run out it sold for $93, with the attachments, and now sells for $20. Best, strongest, most rapid machine in the world. All is free. No capital required. Plain, brief instructions given. Those who write to us at once may secure free the best sewing-machine in the world, and the finest line of works of high art ever shown together in America. TRUE & CO., Box 740, Augusta, Maine.