

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 10.

The Watchman and Southerner was founded in 1850 and the True Southerner in 1860. The Watchman and Southerner now has the combined circulation and influence of both of the old papers, and is manifestly the best advertising medium in Sumter.

Attention Advertisers.

The Watchman and Southerner will hereafter be published on Wednesday, and advertisements should be sent in not later than Tuesday afternoon. Changes of contract advertisements must be made Monday morning.

EDITORIAL ITEMS

The Republican party of Ohio, true to its fraudulent claims and pretensions, sets up in the fifth plank of its platform that it is the friend of labor and favors protecting the laboring man from dangerous foreign competition, etc.

We see by the Cherokee Reporter that Rev. Walter Herbert, of Cherokee, and formerly a citizen of this town, "was voted the handsomest representative of the recent District Conference."

We see by the papers that Mrs. Langtry will open on September 19th at the Fifth Avenue Theatre in New York for six weeks in a new play which will necessitate her wearing boys' clothes. In this play the public will have an opportunity of judging of her natural parts and skill as an actress.

It is never wise for a party to be over confident of its strength. It produces indifference and indifference brings defeat. The Kentuckians were too confident of their strength this time and consequently came very near being defeated by the Republicans last week. We hope that they will profit by the experience and never be caught sleeping again.

The Democrats of Virginia have met in convention and have endorsed the present Administration as "wise, conservative, fearless and honest." They have declared in favor of abolishing the tax on liquors, cigars, beer, snuff, wines, tobacco, etc., and still favor levying a tax under the tariff upon household necessities. A declaration that the Devil himself would hardly support.

Governor Richardson made an excellent speech at Spartanburg last week, the tenor of which went to show that the Democratic party must at an early day lessen taxes and reduce the surplus. It is to be hoped that the Democratic house will reduce taxes, take away the burdens of a war tariff, thereby reducing monopoly to rank and putting every citizen on an equality in the contest for wealth, so far as this can be done by government.

It is reported that the damage to crops in Eastern and Middle Georgia will amount to hundreds of thousands if not millions of dollars, and that the losses to one county alone is placed at \$200,000, and in others at \$100,000 and \$150,000. Not in the history of the State of Georgia have the losses from rains and floods been so great and general. It is stated that the losses of 1810 and since have been nothing to compare to the losses sustained last week.

The month of July beats the record for hotness and long spells of torridness. A good many of our citizens are asking the question, will it be cooler in this month? The indications are that it will be. In July the weather has been many degrees above what is known as normal July weather. The weather prophets say that this indicates a cooler August than usual and a cool September. Summer weather generally equalizes itself, as does almost always the weather for the year. As a rule an excessively hot July more moderate always been followed by a more moderate August. And so note it be.

Great destruction to crops in this section has been reported since the recent heavy rains. The Camden Messenger says the Wateree is from full to hill, and the brightest promise for years, just on the verge of full fruition, has been swept away in a day. The Columbia papers report the Congaree plantations overflowed, and all through the up-country the same condition of crops in the lowlands is reported. The Savannah River is again in a flood, and the papers of 10-day report the river at Augusta as very near the height of the flood of last week. At 1 o'clock last night the water was 33 feet 8 inches and rising 2 inches an hour. Fears are entertained of the loss of the rice crop. In South Georgia and Florida the rivers are all on a boom and thousands of acres are overflowed.

The capital of the lynchers in the Calbreath case last week at Edgefield is a burning shame upon the good name of South Carolina. Of all atrocious crimes known to man, lynching is the most heinous and demoralizing to civilization, and yet this crime goes unpunished in South Carolina. What will the people abroad think of us? Will capitalists ever seek our State, to invest their money as long as high-handed outrages are committed by our citizens? The effort of our distinguished Attorney-General in this case was a most brilliant one in behalf of justice and the vindication of the law; but it was all for naught in the face of what appears to have been the ready-made verdict of the Edgefield people, strengthened by the majority of the grand jury of the inferior, who went to

trial without putting up a single witness, that no one should be, or ever had been, convicted in this State, for being engaged in a case of lynching. "They who sow the wind may expect to reap the whirlwind."

The Chicago Inter-Ocean says: "Now, the war was for a purpose, the purpose of making the Nation superior to any State or to any number less than the whole of the States. When Southern newspapers and politicians admit the accomplishment of this purpose the bloody shirt will be seen and heard of no more. Not till then."

This is a Government of the people and by the people and for the people, and all such talk as the above is bosh of the worst kind. If the Chicago Inter-Ocean wants to wear the "bloody shirt" for political capital, why "let her go, Gallagher." But it will find out that the "bloody shirt" policy and its mission of hate will be a signal failure in 1888.

A paper published in Macon, Ga., gets off this piece of fun on Henry Watterson, editor of the Louisville Courier-Journal: "On the 20th ultimo, Col. Henry Watterson, clad in full war paint, top boots, plumed cap and golden spurs, sprang into the New York arena, cast his mailed glove in the direction of Philadelphia, and, cupping his mouth with his good right hand, uttered a whoop that rattled every window in the Union. * * * War at last! So be it! Sound the tocsin; let the wild drum roar! Beat upon the tom tom; open with the deep bazoo! War! Hang the banners from the outer wall, fling wide the temple door! War! Lift weapons from the wall, draw down the coats of mail, put head in helmet! War! Let'er go, Gallagher! Gallagher, let'er go! See, the red cross speeds from vale to vale. The dogs of war are loose! Grim war with mouthings reds abroad in the land! War! With wrinkled front! War! Old man, war-r-r! War-r-r!!! Gallagher has let'er go!"

The Rev. R. T. Pierce, of Dallas, Texas, in one of his prohibition speeches the other day certainly gave the Germans a severe "lick with the rough edge of his tongue," when he said: "America 'akes up those frozen serpents and is rewarded with a sting. They are trying to turn the temple of liberty into a beer garden, and their next attempt may be to change the American coat-of-arms so that instead of the eagle, we should have a billiard table on a beer keg."

Mr. Pierce pays his respects to the naturalized citizens of Mexican birth thus: "They take those greasers of the Mexican border, seen so full of red pepper that the carrion crow would not put its beak into their creases. We suppose the following paragraph which is quoted from his speech must refer to the negroes: "The idea of these men, recently from the cornfield and cotton patch, amending constitutions."

A LITTLE TOO PREVIOUS. The Augusta Chronicle with a good deal of enthusiasm informs the people of South Carolina that "the development of the State's resources would find in Governor Courtenay an admirable exemplar." Our much esteemed contemporary across the line is just a little too previous. Mr. Courtenay is not Governor yet, and as it is a little too early in the morning to be blowing the political horns to the interest of any particular individual for that office, it may result disastrously against him for that reason if for none other. We would advise our contemporary if possible always to avoid an abortion. The people of South Carolina will see to it that the right man at the right time is made Governor.

RAMIE. This, as most of our readers perhaps know, is a new textile plant from India, that has been introduced into the South since the war, and has been grown experimentally in many parts of the country—principally in Louisiana. It has a long and very fine, silky fibre between the outer bark and wood, and which is used not only for strong coarse fabrics, but by a process of cleaning and bleaching is adapted to and is extensively used in making what is known as Chinese silk, and which very nearly resembles that made from the cocoon of the silk worm. It is hoped that it will eventually become one of our staple crops, as it has been found to grow luxuriantly in all parts of the South. The principal difficulty, up to this time, is the lack of a suitable machine for the cleaning of the fibre from the stalk and preparing it for market. Several inventors are at work upon such machines and it has been lately announced that one has been brought to perfection.

We have in our office, through the kindness of Col. J. D. Blanding a stalk of this plant that was grown in Columbia in the garden of Mrs. Mayrant. This stalk is over six feet long, although it is the third cutting of this Summer's growth. One of the recommendations of this plant is its vigorous growth, producing several crops from the same root in one season.

Those of our readers who feel interested are invited to call at our office and examine the sample.

NOT OUR FAULT. We have had a number of complaints recently from subscribers in regard to our supplement—the Weekly Courier—to the effect that they failed to get the inside pages of the paper. We will state for their information that of all the papers that have passed through our hands we have not seen a single copy that was put up incomplete—and we have examined the larger part of them. The paper has been issued in 15 pages for several weeks past, each

eight-pages being folded separately and the last part only laid inside of the other, it is liable to drop out. In fact we have seen persons in several instances throw it out under the impression that two papers had been given them by accident.

We can only caution our patrons to know who handles their papers before they get them. We have also heard the same complaint from who subscribe to the Weekly Courier direct.

THE CARNIVAL OF ARBITRARY POWER IN IRELAND. The enormity of the crimes act passed by a Tory parliament for the harassment and oppression of Ireland becomes the more repulsively conspicuous when it is seen that the act has been put in force at a time when there is less crime existing in Ireland than at any former period of her history—less in fact than in any other part of the United Kingdom, and when peace to a remarkable degree reigns throughout the Emerald Isle.

There can be no occasion for the crimes act unless it is shown that there exists an unusual criminal condition and that crime is on the increase. The infatuated ministry have no such argument to advance in support of their oppressive measures. With no more reason for such an arbitrary and tyrannical course in Ireland than they would have for the same course in England, a set of political leaders, as fatuous and wrong-headed as were the ministers of George the Third in their treatment of the colonies, make the liberty, property and even the lives of Irishmen depend upon the will of the chief Secretary and other officials invested with unlimited power, superseding with arbitrary procedures the trial by jury, the habeas corpus, the liberty of speech and of the press, and sweeping away all the safe-guards of the common law.

History records what fruit such a policy produced in the American colonies. The product is likely to be the same in Ireland. Let us devoutly hope that it may be so.

THE SITUATION IN REPUBLICAN FRANCE. Those who sympathize with the French Republic—and there are few Americans who do not—regret to see the dissensions which divide the public men of France. While it is probable that republican institutions have been permanently established in that interesting country they are being seriously disturbed by the turmoil of contending factions and damaged by the conflicting ambition of political and military leaders. The appearance of General Boulanger is a disturbing element. His personality is a danger to be dreaded by those who have the welfare of the Republic at heart. Although he has not proved his capacity as a soldier it already appears that there are parties who would like to see him head a coup d'etat, and should he achieve military success there would be reason to fear that he would attempt to imitate the example of Napoleon.

But the Americans hope that the bitter experience which the French people have had with military heroes will avert the dangers which at present threaten the Republic. Their free government can be maintained only by keeping the military subordinate to the civil power. The republican sentiment is strong with the French people, but they may have a severe test in a struggle with the powerful monarchy on their eastern border. As a united people they can hold their own, and they may be able to do even more, for through their influence a great German republic may be established on the ruins of the greatest military despotism that ever existed. The continuance of the French Republic may bring about a confederation of free German States. There are great possibilities in the democratic germ that has been planted in French soil.

Murdered in Their Sleep. THE WOOLFOLK FAMILY BUTCHERED NEAR MACON. A MACON, GA., Aug. 6.—The news of a horrible tragedy reached the city early this morning. A messenger rode into the city, his horse flecked with foam, and delivered a note to Dan. H. Adams, clerk of the Superior Court, stating that the Woolfolk family—consisting of nine members—had been found murdered last night, and asking that the Coroner be notified and sent out at once. Soon the news spread over the city, and in a short time people everywhere were discussing the horrible particulars. Rumors were rife, and strange to say, nearly all subsequently proved to be true. By ten o'clock the city was aglow with excitement, and citizens were hastening to the scene, thirteen miles from the city, in this county, in vehicles of all descriptions. There was free talk of lynching the perpetrator if he should be caught. When it was afterwards rumored that T. G. Woolfolk had been held upon suspicion of being the guilty party, indignation and horror knew no bounds. The scene of the unparalleled crime was quickly reached. Already the news had spread through the neighborhood for miles around like wild fire, and people of all ages and color came pouring in to see for themselves the exact extent of the butchery for which it was indeed. The annual Montpelier picnic-assembled near by poured in its large crowd, swelling the number of people to nearly three thousand, and it was

that a third sleeping room, occupied by Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Woolfolk and their little babe, scarce eighteen months old; a score of blood, in the last room, the mother, father and baby dead and piled together on the same bed, and soaked in the blood and brains of each other; slung across them the oldest daughter, Pearl, a recent graduate of Wesleyan Female College, her head smashed into a jelly, her neck and body cut to pieces and drenched in blood; on the floor, near the bed, in the same mangled, brutal state, the oldest brother, who rushed in at the first alarm, as did his sister, Pearl, and who, like her, was butchered on the threshold and dragged in; in the second room, the aged aunt, Mrs. West, soaked in her own blood and brain, lying about as usual in the bed, her head crushed in completely; near by, on the same bed, Annie Woolfolk, her

HEAD CLOVEN IN TWAIN; by the window on the floor, in an attitude of attempted escape, Rosebud Woolfolk, the left side of her head and face mangled beyond recognition. The sight made the strongest hearts sick. Even the ceilings and floors were bespattered and covered with brains and blood. Here and there was seen a pool of blood. The half-handled axe, with which the butchery was done, lay in the hallway near the door reeking with blood. The crowd stood and stared, unable to realize in its completeness the bitter horror of the sight. As soon as their senses could be collected, a movement to investigate the crime was begun. T. G. Woolfolk, the only surviving member of the family, and the husband of last night, was questioned closely. He told a fishy story. It was so disconnected as to excite suspicion, and he was at once arrested. Woolfolk protested his innocence, and viewed the sickening scene with perfect composure. Coroner Hodnett empaneled a jury and proceeded with the investigation. The jury brought in a verdict of murder, with Woolfolk as the perpetrator.

Subsequently, Woolfolk's shirt, covered with blood was found in the well, having risen to the surface. Woolfolk for the past two or three years has been engaged in business here. He ran a bar-room and grocery store on Third street, cheated and swindled everybody he came in contact with until he failed, when he disappeared for time. Not long since he opened a grocery and commission business on Cotton Avenue, pursued the same policy and soon failed the second time. In both instances his father, who, it was considered, had considerable estate, set him up in business. After his second failure his father refused to longer back him, and told him he had squandered his portion of the estate. Woolfolk grew desperate and

MARRIED IN A ROMANTIC WAY a Miss Bird. In the hope that his father would give him more, because he was unable to support her, and Woolfolk, after driving a street car here a few days, went to his father and engaged to work in the fields for him by the month. It is said that the other day his father told him that he had done everything he could for him and he intended to provide for his other children in his will. Woolfolk, who has been a crank on the subject of inheriting his father's wealth, made threats, it is said, that he would get possession. How well it was planned and executed has been told. The theory is that he first killed the old man, his father, then the other brother Richard, in the doorway, who ran in to see what was the matter, then his mother and Mattie the baby, then his sister Pearl, who also ran in, and his brother Charlie, all of whom were found in the same room. Then to complete the work of killing out the heirs he slaughtered his aunt and his other two sisters in the third room. Woolfolk is of low stature, dark complexion, dark hair, gray eyes, dress shabbily and has a shuffling gait. He talks freely but slowly, and wears a perfect calm which seems to be disturbed by no uneasiness of the crowd.

Patrick's Military Institute. Capt. J. B. Patrick, who founded and has successfully conducted the Greenville Military Institute, has decided to remove to Anderson with his family, and will open a military school in that city September 1st. The change is made because accommodations in buildings can be obtained in Anderson which can not be had here. Capt. Patrick will occupy the University buildings used last year as a military school by Gen. Del Kemper. The familiar name of the institution will be changed to "Patrick's Military Institute" and the trim uniformed figures of the cadets which have been so familiar here will now decorate the streets of Anderson.

Capt. J. M. Patrick will accompany his father and continue to assist him in the school.—Greenville News. The Summer Excursion. The News and Courier gives the following concerning the annual Summer excursion from Charleston to the mountains, which will be of interest to many people here: "After due consideration, the management of the South Carolina railway and the Atlantic Coast Line have decided upon Wednesday, the 17th day of August, for their annual excursions to the mountains, and to make the tickets good to return until September 3 inclusive, thus giving the excursionists two and a half weeks to spend up in cloudland. The objective points will be Greenville, Walhalla, Spartanburg, Hendersonville and Asheville, the rates for the round trip being as follows: To Greenville, \$5.50; to Walhalla, \$5.75; to Spartanburg, \$5; to Hendersonville, \$6.50; to Asheville, \$7.25."

For Ricketts, Marasmus, and Wasting Disorders of Children, Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphite of Lime. The rapidity with which children grow, and the strength upon it is very wonderful. Read the following: "I have used Scott's Emulsion in cases of Ricketts and Marasmus of long standing, and have been more than pleased with the results, as in every case the treatment was marked."—J. M. Join, M.D., New York. "I have used Scott's Emulsion in several cases of Scrophulous and delicate children. Results most gratifying. My little patients take it with pleasure."—W. A. Burnett, M.D., Salisbury, N.C.

Chipman's Pills make people happy. This can be testified to by the many who have been cured of Sick-Headache, Biliousness and Dyspepsia by this excellent remedy. They are purely vegetable; mild in their action.

If you feel run down Chipman's Tonic will build you up. Chipman's Liver Pills cure Sick-Headache.

Old Newspapers for sale at 25 cents per hundred, at Watchman and Southerner office.

Worth Knowing. Dr. W. H. Morgan, merchant, Lake City, Fla., was taken with severe cold, attended with distressing cough and running into consumption in its first stages. He tried many so-called purgatives, but they did him no good. He was unable to sleep. Finally tried Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption and found immediate relief, and after using about a half bottle he found himself well and his cough and return of the disease. No other remedy can show so grand a record of cures, as Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption guaranteed to cure what is claimed for it. Trial bottle free at J. E. W. DeLorme's drug store.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve. The Best Sale in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Prickled Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or haemorrhoids. It is guaranteed to give relief in five minutes. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. E. W. DeLorme.

A CARD. I desire to call attention of my friends and acquaintances in Sumter and Clarendon Counties to the fact that I can now be found at D. J. Wines where I will be pleased to see them, and to show them the latest styles in clothing. L. W. JOYE.

Reason, Not Veneration. "If thou seest the oppression of the poor, and thou hidest thine eyes, thou shalt be cursed, and shalt not be prospered."—Prov. 29: 26. The Editor of the Watchman and Southerner of the 20th inst., I notice an article copied from the Watcher's Star, sharply criticizing Mr. Withers, a late graduate of the South Carolina College, from Fairfield County, for using the following language, it is said, in an address before one of the College Societies: "It is now very difficult to hang a white man in South Carolina for killing another white man, but it is impossible to hang one for killing a negro." This is justified by saying that the Editor of the Star offers no evidence to disprove the charge Mr. Withers is credited with making in the above extract, as he should have done, but simply pronounces it a slander worthy of the mouth of John Sherman, and unworthy of a graduate of the College and a Carolinian. I quote from memory. It is evidence of a weak cause when one attempts to answer another in reproachful language instead of arraying against his opinions facts and arguments.

I propose, Mr. Editor, with your consent, briefly to state that Mr. Withers has a basis of truth for what he is charged with saying. I did not suppose that any ordinary intelligence could deny the difficulty of hanging a white man in this State for killing another white man, while it is well known that many homicides have been committed by white men on white men and no white man has been executed under the law for murder in South Carolina within a quarter of a century. Can it be possible, of these numerous homicides, not one was found to have that essential element the law requires to constitute the crime of murder? We answer it does seem impossible. It does seem then as far as the white man is concerned that the law against murder, for the last quarter of a century, is a dead letter upon the statute book of the State—as dead as the victims of the knife, the pistol, and the shot gun. Whether it is to continue so the future alone can reveal.

Now, as to the negro, I believe it is safe to say that there is but a solitary instance in the history of our criminal law in this State where a white man has been hung for killing a negro. That occurred some years before the late war, in the lower section of the State. While our Courts have not been able to find a white man guilty of murder, they have found it easy to convict negroes of that crime and may have been "only a negro" or may not be the cause assigned for the cheapness of negro life, but the fact remains all the same that it is easy to find a verdict of murder when the slayer is a negro.

When a government ceases to protect the life of all citizens of its people in any, it no longer deserves an important end for which governments are instituted—the safety of human life. Instead of that, then, I hold that Mr. Withers deserves thanks for his manly exposure of wrong in the administration of justice in the State of South Carolina. And let those who revile him, remember that public wrongs are not redressed by denouncing them or condoning them by plausible excuses.

Thomas Jefferson the great Democratic leader said "I have no quarrel with your arms, if you do not use them to oppress the weak." Reason, not veneration.

The reforms so often referred to in our State government by the candidates for office have become forgotten in the after election. Reformation can only be expected from men who think and have the courage of their convictions, and Mr. Withers seems to be one of that class of rising young men of the State who may expect faithful service in the future. Justice.

Our Exchanges. The Sunny South will distribute over \$500 in gold and valuable presents among its patrons on the 1st of October next. One of them will get \$100 in gold, some \$50 in gold, some \$10, some \$5, and some will get silver watches, sewing machines, breech-loading shot guns, and valuable books. One single present consists of 21 handsomely bound volumes of all the household needs, including Bibles, Bibles, Bibles, Moore's Longfellow, Poe, etc. This one present is worth \$40.

Every one who subscribes for the Sunny South or renews his subscription on the 1st of October will have a showing at the presents. Send to the Sunny South, Atlanta, for slips showing the plan of distribution. Everybody in the South should patronize the Sunny South for it is an honor to our country.

The American Magazine will hereafter be published under the management of the American Magazine Company, a corporation abundantly equipped in finances and business and the most improved of the magazine in all its departments, including several new and attractive features.

Wide Awake for August has an illustrated article on Summer Sports that all young people will be glad to see; another on Congo for patriots; another by Charles Gettys, and several others; many minor papers of social value; an exquisite bit of a mother-pearl—here it is: AS I WOULD HAVE IT. BY GRETTHER HALL. Wherever there's a little child That has'n't any mother, The sun shines on a mother-milk And calls on that child then another.

To him each little bird shall sing, To him each little bird shall sing, The wind shall kiss the little thing As if it were his mother.

THE MARKETS. COTTON.—Receipts nothing, 10 market closed firm. Wednesdays: Ordinary 37; Good 40; Heavy 42; Middling 44; Middling 46. CHARLESTON, S. C., Aug. 9, 1887. COTTON.—No sales. Quotations nominal at 10 for Middling. WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 1. SPIRITS TRADING.—No sales. Dull at 20 cents per gallon. RICE.—Dull at 77c. for Strained and 82c for Good Sifted. VIRGIN AND YELLOW DIP \$1.75. Hired \$1.10. COTTON.—Nominal on a basis of 10 for Middling. No sales.

OUR FORGOTTEN DEAD. The Ladies Memorial Association of Charleston, S. C., respectfully ask your co-operation in making known throughout the State the lamented condition of the graves of the Confederate Dead at Johnson's Island, Ohio, and in calling attention to the effort to rescue them from rotting oblivion. Col. R. H. Brown the Secretary of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Home of Sandusky, Ohio, who recently joined with the Grand Army Post of that place in decorating these graves with flowers, has written to the editor of the Charleston News and Courier calling attention to their dilapidated condition and stating that the wooden headboards with a few exceptions now rotting on the ground. Many of these are the graves of South Carolinians, and the ladies of this Association are anxious to place a durable marble tablet over them at least; but would be glad if they could raise funds sufficient with the co-operation of other Southern States to purchase the small plot of ground set apart as a Cemetery, enclose it with a suitable fence and erect a monument in the center of the lot upon which could be inscribed the name, company and State of all brave Confederates who there lie buried so far from home and kindred.

Will you not undertake to push this matter in your County and solicit contributions? If there is an organized Memorial Association in your County will you not endeavor to secure its active co-operation in this labor of love and gratitude? Contributions may be sent to Miss F. E. DeSaussure, Treasurer of Memorial Association, Charleston, S. C., No. 1, East Battery.

H. DICKSON CORBETT, AGENT FOR—MASON AND HAMLIN'S, PACKARD'S, ESTEY'S AND BAY STATE ORGANS, AND MASON AND HAMLIN'S, MATHESON AND CHICKERING PIANOS. I WILL SELL THE ABOVE INSTRUMENTS at factory prices, either for cash, or on the installment or rental plan, freight paid. Having handled the above (in every sense of the word) for over twenty years, my experience may be of service to all persons who desire to purchase a first class instrument on the most favorable terms. I will sell any of the above, at the cash price at the factory; ten dollars down, and the balance on the first day of November, 1887. Will give lessons on the Organ, either Rudimentary, or through Bars, at reasonable rates. Address H. DICKSON CORBETT, Mayesville P. O., Sumter Co., S. C. Aug. 10

MOSES GREEN HEADQUARTERS FOR ALL KINDS OF FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. I also keep a fine assortment of BISCUITS AND FANCY CRACKERS at from 7 cents to 25 cents per lb.,—ALSO—Groceries, Cigars and Tobacco. Please remember that I cannot be undersold. MOSES GREEN, Main Street, Sumter, S. C. Aug. 6

State of South Carolina, COUNTY OF SUMTER. COURT OF COMMON PLEAS. Robert C. McFallin, Plaintiff, against James G. Spann and Jane E. Egans, Defendants. SUMMONS FOR RELIEF, (Complaint not served) TO THE DEFENDANTS: James G. Spann and Jane E. Egans. You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, of which a copy is filed in the office of the Clerk of Court for Sumter County, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office, in the Town of Sumter and State of South Carolina within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of this service; and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated 20th July, A. D. 1887. BLANDING, WILSON & FRASER, Aug. 10 Plaintiff's Attorneys. The largest and most complete establishment South GEO. S. HACKER & SON, 1881 COMMERCIAL.

Manufacturers of Doors, Sash, Blinds, Moulding AND BUILDING MATERIAL. OFFICE AND WAREHOUSES, King, opposite Cannon Street, CHARLESTON, S. C. Aug. 10

GEO. L. COOK, PHOTOGRAPHER, 265 KING STREET, CHARLESTON, S. C. Aug. 10

FLY FANS REPAIRED ON REASONABLE TERMS if left with Thos. E. Richardson, Sumter, S. C., or sent to me at Wedgefield, S. C. H. PINCKNEY, JR. Aug. 10. 3.

"FREE TO ALL." Write your NAME, POST OFFICE, COUNTY and STATE upon a Postal Card and address it to "THE DAILY SUN," Charleston, S. C., and you will receive a copy of that paper by return mail without charge. JOHN McELREE, Proprietor. A. B. WILLIAMS, Managing Editor. Aug. 10

NOTICE. CLERK & TREASURER'S OFFICE. SUMTER, S. C., Aug. 3, 1887. At a meeting of Council held July 29th ult., a resolution was adopted authorizing the Treasurer to appoint one or more competent persons to take a census of the population, and an enumeration of property of Town of Sumter. In pursuance of that resolution, Messrs. W. F. Rhame and S. A. Norris have been appointed to the work and the citizens generally are requested to give the required information as best they can in carrying out the purpose of Council—ascertaining the population, number of lots, buildings, etc., etc. By order of Council. C. M. HURST, Clerk and Treasurer. Aug. 3.

Estate of Wm. Keels, Sr., Dec'd. I WILL APPLY to the Judge of Probate of Sumter County, on the 30th Sep., 1887, for a final discharge as Executor of aforesaid Estate. Wm. J. KEELS, Executor. Aug. 3.

OPIMUM and Whiskey Habits are cured home with the best medicine. Price 25 cents per bottle. J. T. PATTERSON, M.D., 115 N. W. 11th St., Atlanta, Ga. Office over Watchman & Southerner.

000-WHY NOT!-000 ATTENTION! DUNSTON'S Business College. Incorporates the best practical business and professional training. Theoretical and practical instruction in all the branches of business. Theoretical and practical instruction in all the branches of business. Theoretical and practical instruction in all the branches of business. Address J. C. DUNSTON, M.A., President, Stanton, Va.

MONROE HIGH SCHOOL. FALL SESSION OPENS AUGUST 22. Full instruction through board and tuition free. Location beautiful, Church facilities splendid. Probationary sends for Circulars to J. A. MONROE, A. M., Lock Box No. 49, Sumter, S. C. Monroe, N. C. July 29.

HAMILTON COLLEGE. LEXINGTON, KY. The best equipped school in the State. Accommodations splendid. Faculty of the highest standing. Only two young ladies to the room. Splendid faculty of instruction. For particulars or Catalogue, address J. T. PATTERSON, Pres., Lexington, Ky.

ALTAMONT MOSES. July 13

AT AND BELOW COST.

For the next 30 days we will sell the balance of our Summer Goods, consisting of Gent's Low Cut Shoes, Straw Hats and Summer Clothing, —ALSO— Ladies' and Misses' Slippers, Dress Goods, Lawns and Muslins, AT AND BELOW COST FOR CASH.

We mean business, so all desiring to obtain bargains will call early at

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GUNS, GUNS. Revolvers, Rifles, Etc. Double Barrel Breech Loading Shot Guns, Chokebore, \$10 to 100. Single Breech Loading Shot Guns, \$4 to 25. Every kind of Breech Loading and Remington Rifles, \$3 to 40. Latest Patents. Muzzle Loading Double Shot Guns \$5 to 35. Single Shot Guns, \$2.50 to 12. Revolvers \$1 to 20. All kinds of Cartridges, Shell Caps, Wads, Tools, Powder Flasks, Shot Pouches, Primers. Send 4c for our Mammoth Illustrated Catalogue, or 2c for Price List. No postals answered. Address, GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS, Pittsburg, Pa. July 27.

THE MISSES HURST WOULD INFORM THEIR PATRONS and the public generally that on the 1st day of September, next, they will re-open their PRIMARY AND INTERMEDIATE SCHOOLS at the old stand on Liberty Street opposite the Monumental Street Carriages, Primers. Send a continuance of the generous patronage which they formerly received. We will do our utmost to please, and confidently refer to any of our old patrons. Latin and other branches will be taught. Music will be taught by Mrs. Kershaw. Terms reasonable. Tuition payable monthly. July 27-6

SUMTER INSTITUTE. THE EXERCISES OF THE INSTITUTE will be resumed on Thursday, Sept. 1, 1887. Extensive and expensive additions have been made to the premises. Competent instructors in all Departments. Pupils will find it to their advantage to enter promptly. For terms, call, apply to Mrs. L. A. BROWN, Miss E. E. COOPER, Principals. July 27-15

DAVIS SCHOOL. LA GRANGE, N. C. Military Boarding School for Boys and Young Men. Full preparation for any College or for Business. Healthy location. Fine climate. Mild winters; excellent schools. Excellent food. Board; Col. O. S. Davis, President. No Extra Charge for Tuition. For particulars, apply to the Principal, or to the Proprietor, Very Low Rates, for Boarder with full preparation. GREENVILLE, S. C.

FURMAN UNIVERSITY. GREENVILLE, S. C. THE NEXT SESSION WILL BEGIN on the 1st of SEPTEMBER 23rd. The College department includes the full College curriculum. There is also a preparatory department thoroughly organized. Expenses have been reduced. For information or catalogue, address, GREENVILLE, S. C. July 20.

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SOLEICISTIC COLLEGE, SUMTER, S. C. Miss M. H. GIRARDEAU, Principal. COURTS OF TEACHERS. Miss M. H. GIRARDEAU, Miss CLAUDE M. GIRARDEAU, Miss M. H. GIRARDEAU, Rev. C. B. BROWN, Rev. JOHN KERSHAW. PRIMARY DEPARTMENT. MISS. JOHN KERSHAW, Miss CLAUDE M. GIRARDEAU. ART AND EDUCATION. Miss CLAUDE M. GIRARDEAU. BOARDING DEPARTMENT. Miss HARRIET CAMPBELL. ADVISORY BOARD. Rev. John Kershaw, Rev. T. E. Wannamaker, Rev. J. H. Kershaw. Miss Girardeau would announce to her patrons that not only will the Primary, in charge of a competent assistant, be under her immediate supervision, but a portion of her own time will be devoted to the duties of that important department. Medical attendance free, except in cases of protracted illness. For particulars apply to the Principal. July 6.

THE SUMTER HIGH SCHOOL FOR BOYS. Affording superior advantages in ENGLISH, MATHEMATICS, and the CLASSICS, will reopen MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1887. L. W. DICK, Principals. A. C. McINTOSH, Principal. TUITION—From \$2 to \$5 per month. BOARD—with the principals, \$12 per mo. For further information apply to PRINCIPALS SUMTER HIGH SCHOOL, Lock Box No. 49, Sumter, S. C. Jan 8

MONROE HIGH SCHOOL. FALL SESSION OPENS AUGUST 22. Full instruction through board and tuition free. Location beautiful, Church facilities splendid. Probationary sends for Circulars to J. A. MONROE, A. M., Lock Box No. 49, Sumter, S. C. Monroe, N. C. July 29.

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