

The Sumter Watchman was founded in 1850 and the True Southron in 1866. The Watchman and Southron now has the combined circulation and influence of both of the old papers, and is manifestly the best advertising medium in Sumter.

EDITORIAL ITEMS.

King's Mountain and vicinity are growing lustily over their prospective mine. Those who ought to know, say that the ore is wonderfully pure, and if the vein is a large one the property will be very valuable.

Some of our State papers are fring into the Agricultural Department for some alleged sharp practice in connection with the publication of the Hand Book of the State. Major Harry Hammond is the editor, and his claims have been very quietly ignored by the Department. All of which gives newspapers something to talk about.

Slates for Congressional candidates, for the coming campaign, are being manufactured with much avidity. It seems that our two new Representatives, Messrs. Hemphill and Dargan, are the only ones who will be allowed a "walk-over" in the nominating convention. The other four will have a sharp fight to win, if they win at all.

Much comment has been made upon the reported frauds that have been discovered in the Marshall's office in this State. We hope that a vigorous examination will be made, and condign punishment imposed upon the wrong-doers. We do not think Marshall Blythe guilty of any dishonesty, but the crew of hungry rascals under him, are for the most part, fit candidates for the penitentiary.

We are under obligation for a copy of the speeches of Hon. R. P. Flower during the session of 1883. Mr. Flower is a possible candidate for the Presidency and therefore his opinions are worthy of attention. We are not enthusiastic, however, over the nomination of a New York man. The run of luck is certainly against the Empire State in the matter of electing a Democratic President, and we had rather try some other State.

Our State papers have all pretty unanimously agreed that Gov. Thompson will be renominated without opposition, and that most of the other State officers will have a quiet walk-over in the Convention; though some changes will probably be made. It is important for the Democracy, if they expect to continue to control the State, to have honest, capable and sober officers. Some of our people think that the moral as well as the political qualifications of candidates should be examined.

Gordon Pasha is a brave man. For two months, the False Prophet has had almost absolute control of Nubia and the western part of Soudan, and that entire country swarms with rebels whose only idea is hatred of the English and their Egyptian slaves. Yet in the face of all this, Gordon set out alone to travel that God-forsaken country and made the trip in safety, arriving at Khartoum a few days ago, where he is using all of his wonderful power in the effort to tranquilize the animosities which have sprung up through the Maligo influence of El Mahdi. He is meeting with reasonable success.

The graded Schools in Columbia, which have been exceedingly successful, since their organization last fall, are in financial trouble. The expenses this year, for furniture and other incidentals have been much larger than they will necessarily be in the future, and the School Board have petitioned to the city for help. The City Fathers have not responded in a very manly manner and now the school authorities are asking help from private individuals. From all accounts, these schools have been well managed and Columbia ought to keep them open during the nine months, it was intended they should run.

The Columbia canal, the great bone of contention at each session of the Legislature, is making satisfactory progress. If half that has been said about it, as a presumptive water power, is correct, it will be a wonderful boon to the State when completed; but there is much work yet to be done before that much-to-be-desired consummation is reached. Some of the Columbia papers advocate the policy of the City aiding the enterprise, and it strikes us that it is only fair to do so. Columbia, more than any other place, will be benefited by the completion of the canal, and the opposition on the part of a large minority of the Legislature to State aid will continue to grow, unless Columbia shows that she is willing to pay in part for the benefits expecting to accrue from this enterprise.

When Herr Lasker, the great German socialist died, some weeks ago, Col. Tom Ochiltree introduced a resolution of condolence in Congress which passed with about half a dozen votes in the affirmative. A copy of these resolutions was sent to the German Reichstag, of which Lasker was a member, but Bismarck captured it before it reached its destination, and returned it to our Congress with a polite intimation to our lawmakers to attend to their own business and let Germany alone. Bismarck served Congress just right. It was a piece of impertinence for our government to send resolutions of sympathy to the German Government in regard to the death of a man whose life has been a burden to the world.

government. The American Eagle has its feathers ruffled and will scream a little over the insult, and—that will be the end of it.

TARIFF REFORM.

The Committee of Ways and Means are working industriously at Morrison's Tariff Bill. The "high tariff" folks are flooding the committee with petitions and remonstrances against any reduction of the present rates, one firm even going so far as to ask for an increase of duties; and all, of course, in the interest of the poor laboring man, and our infant industries. One does not know which most to admire in these men, their amazing cheek or insatiable greed, but we do know this, that a reduction of the tariff would redound to the benefit of three-fourths of our people and do no harm to the remaining portion, excepting always the few men who have made their millions out of the unholly laws, and whose financial interests are largely interested in robbing the people for their personal gain. If any of our baby industries are so feeble as not to stand alone, and it is of national importance for them to be carried on, it would be far cheaper to the people for Congress to grant subsidies in such cases, and then we could know what these infant industries are costing us. South Carolina farmers make and sell their cotton at a price that barely, and sometimes does not pay expenses, yet they must pay exorbitant duty on every pound of tics and yard of bagging used in preparing that cotton for market, and we are expected to believe that this high handed robbery is for the benefit of the laboring man. The entire South must be taxed to support a few manufactory, whose existence does not make a drop in the bucket in comparison with the cotton industry of the country which is being shackled with bands of steel. Suppose the reduction of the tariff were to destroy a few of these factories, (we do not believe it would destroy any of them, except in cases of over production) the benefit to the entire cotton growing country would far outweigh any temporary inconvenience to the factory owners.

We believe that a protective tariff is wrong in principle and policy, and every farmer owes it to himself to work every vote for revenue reform, if it breaks the heart of every monopolist in the land.

What a ludicrous spectacle has been presented in Washington the past week, as batch after batch of iron men—all of whom can count their wealth by the million, have besieged the rooms of the Ways and Means Committee with their greedy pleas for protection, and all in the name and for the sake of the poor laboring man, and for whom they care no more than for a single brick in their immense factories.

High protection is not only unjust to the great body of American laborers, but it has a favor of concentrated meanness greater than in any other manner of legalized robbery.

GENERAL GRANT.

Judging from rumors floating over the country, Gen. Grant is in a precarious condition. Since his fall on New Year's day, which itself would not have affected a healthy man more than a few hours or days, at most, he has been confined to his room and in a great measure to his bed, and it is problematical if he ever recovers. Had this accident occurred to him during the war, it would have scarcely been felt, but twenty years of hard drinking and incessant smoking, have made a physical wreck of a constitution once remarkably healthy and robust, and left it utterly powerless to resist disease or accident. Gen. Grant now lies a helpless invalid, racked with pain as a penalty for violating nature's laws. Examples of the wasting and destructive influence of the pernicious habits which have brought him to the verge of the grave, may be found all around, and yet boys and young men go on daily, strengthening the shackles that bind them to these destroying influences, when they know, if they think at all, what a continued indulgence in whiskey and tobacco will bring a punishment, long delayed perhaps, but severe and condign at last. We doubt if there is a reader of this paper who can not recall instances where the promise of a long and useful life has been closed in the gloom of an early death from the excessive indulgence of these strange and acquired appetites. But we are straying from our subject, and started out to say that Gen Grant has so thoroughly steeped his body in whiskey and nicotine that his health is in a critical condition.

FABLES.

The earnest beliefs of our childhood are fast passing away. Who of us is there that did not believe devoutly in William Tell's archery, and gaze wonderingly at the picture of his son standing with an apple on his head, transfixed (the apple, not the head), with an arrow? Washington and his little hatchet has served to point the moral to ten thousand lectures on truthfulness; the history of Cassabianca's tragic death has done duty as a school boy's oration time out of mind; the terrible Maelstrom on the Norwegian coast with the picture of a vessel sailing around its ever narrowing circle delighted while it terrified the youthful reader. But modern writers tell us that it is all fable. Tell never shot the apple on his son's head, Washington did not cut the cherry tree, and if he had he would have fished about it just like modern

boys do; Cassabianca is a falsehood out of the whole cloth, and the Maelstrom is merely a tidal current of no more danger than hundreds of other places where ships pass daily. And now the remorseless advance of truth has taken away another of our early beliefs. The Ups, that deadly tree, whose fatal poison made a desert waste wherever it grew, has been shown to be perfectly harmless. And so they go, one by one, those fanciful myths, as dear to the children's hearts as a "raw heads and bloody bones," whatever that may be.

THE STORM.

We give our outside a brief account of the destruction caused by Tuesday's storm. It was the most widespread of any that has ever visited our country. North and South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama and Tennessee have all suffered; the loss of life at some places being very great. In Richmond County, N. C., twenty-three persons were killed in one locality, and ten in another, besides many wounded. Georgia suffered much in some places. Twenty persons were killed within a radius of three miles near Grassy Knob. In another place, ten school children took refuge from the storm in an unoccupied building and it was torn down and every child killed. At McBean Station near Augusta, it looked as if the Savannah River had turned from its course and washed and torn everything from their foundations.

In our State which seemed the greatest sufferer, several separate cyclones passed across, spreading terror and destruction on all sides. Sumter, fortunately escaped entirely. The wind blew heavily but no damage so far as we have heard, has been done, but nearly every other County in the State has suffered severely. It passed through Clarendon, some miles below Manning, overturning all the houses in its course. Mr. James Cabbage was killed by the falling timbers of his house; Mr. Ben Baggett lost his little son in the same way. In Chester, the white and colored Baptist Churches were both destroyed; the new Cotton Seed Oil Mill was badly injured; and a large number of houses unroofed. Five negroes were killed on one plantation in Aiken. In Edgefield for miles and miles nothing can be seen where the storm passed, except overturned houses and prostrate fences and trees.

The storm commenced as far North as Michigan, and committed sad havoc in some parts of Indiana, but expended most of its force in the Southern States.

Calls for help are coming from all sides, and it behooves those who can, to aid, for we know not the day nor the hour when a similar affliction will visit those who escaped.

Call For Help.

The following appeal speaks for itself and will not go unheeded. The needs of the sufferers are urgent, and prompt relief should be afforded. Hundreds of families have lost their all and death and casuality have visited many homes. The method of collecting and distributing the relief as proposed in the appeal of the Master of the Grange is sufficient to accomplish the great good hoped for.

WORTHY MASTER'S OFFICE STATE GRANGE.

COLUMBIA, S. C., February 21, 1884. To the Patrons of Husbandry of South Carolina.

BROTHERS: An appalling storm has just passed over many localities of the State, destroying life and property and leaving many women and children homeless and destitute. Therefore, I call upon every man and woman who no ever did belong to the order, to assemble at once and act under that cardinal principle of ours: "Charity to all mankind." Let those near afflicted communities ascertain who need help and take steps to furnish it, sending statements of what additional aid is wanted to Hon. A. P. Butler, Overseer of the State Grange, and designate committees who will receive and distribute contributions of money or supplies that may be made for the purpose. Let those who have escaped collect money and supplies and send them to these committees, so that no time be lost in affording prompt relief. Let this aid go to all alike, regardless of whether they are Patrons or not, for charity should not discriminate. Fraternally, JAS. N. LRESCOMB, Master of State Grange of S. C.

Two Men Shot in Cheraw by W. B. Cash.

(Special Dispatch to the Register.) CHERAW, S. C., Feb. 23.—On last Saturday W. B. Cash came into town early in the day and remained until dark. Just before starting for home he became very boisterous and was approached by Town Marshall Richards and requested to keep quiet. A difficulty ensued, and they clinched—the Marshall using his club freely on Cash's head and arms, but finally the Marshall was overpowered and terribly beaten and kicked in the face by Cash. After being separated Cash immediately left town. Both men were unharmed at the time. This afternoon about 3 o'clock, Cash again came into town and after remaining about two hours walked up to the peace officer, who was sitting on a dry goods box at the corner of C. A. Brock's store. Passing him a few paces, Cash wheeled round and fired three shots in quick succession from a thirty-eight calibre Smith & Wesson shooter—the first ball hitting a bystander, Mr. James Coward, and the second shot took effect in the Marshall's left leg, and as he fell Cash fired another shot, but missed. He then ran to his horse, which was at a convenient place, and in the excitement was permitted to escape. Dr. C. Kollock, who was within a few yards at the time, attended to the unfortunate men and pronounced both wounds dangerous, though not necessarily fatal, but at this time (9 o'clock) I learn that Richards is mortally wounded. A posse is in pursuit of Cash and the wires have been used freely to effect his arrest.

[From our Regular Correspondent.] WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 23, 1884. The Hall of the House Tuesday morning presented the appearance of a chamber in which had been held a night of revelry. The attendants and clerks were sleeping in the committee rooms or moping around, and no quorum could be collected for any of the committee meetings. This meant that a session of twenty-one hours had just come to a close, or, that the Republican representatives had attempted to evade the Mexican pension bill by skulking, and the Democratic majority had taken the occasion to prove that it intended to control the legislation of the Forty-eighth Congress. When the bill was about to be made the special order for a given day, and some half dozen motions to adjourn—made by the Republicans—had been voted down, the Pension committee was called, and Mr. Hewitt, Ala. moved to adopt a resolution making the bill a special order for the twenty-first day. A number of Republicans had by this time absented themselves, and on a vote being taken, the House was found without a quorum. A call of the House was ordered and the Sergeant-at-Arms was told to take the absentees into custody and bring them before the bar of the House. This occurred at six o'clock P. M., and from that hour until eight o'clock the following morning, Members in charge of that officer were from time to time presented at the bar of the House, the Speaker addressing to each the words "you have been absent from the sittings of the House without its leave. What excuse have you to offer?" Many said they had left, thinking, of course the House would adjourn about the usual hour or pleaded ignorance of the fact that the body was in session, while among others sickness of themselves or families became so popular an excuse that Mr. Townsend said "we ought to have some medical certificates or else we shall never succeed in getting a quorum." Mr. Blanchard, in explaining his absence, said if he had known the bill was to be in the Capitol a week, in order to pension the Mexican veterans. The deputies dispatched in every direction by the Sergeant-at-Arms, found the traitor members variously engaged. Some were lassoed on the streets, some were at their homes entertaining invited guests, or in their "little beds" where slumber's chain had bound them; while others were at theatre, ball reception, or tea-party. Mr. Henley, brought in full evening dress and bouquet, asked to be excused on the ground of solicitude in regard to an attack of measles in his family. A member said "how about that dress suit? that does not look like you had been hunting a doctor." Mr. Henley said the measles was a fact notwithstanding his habiliments, and Mr. Gibson moved to have him exposed on condition he would divide his bouquet among them. Mr. Lyman said he was well stricken in years and requiring periodical refreshments, had retired on that account. Mr. Springer moved that he be excused, because, he said, Mr. Lyman had once favored him by lending him an umbrella. Mr. Bedford mixed a little blasphemy with his buffoonery saying when a deputy found him he was "on his knees between the dividing of the day and night," praying that the Lord would turn the surplus revenue into the channels of trade and business. Propositions were made to fine a number of members whose excuses were not sufficiently plausible and Mr. Gibson said Mr. Iorr was the first gentleman brought in whose dress did not give evidence that he had been out on a frolic. During the progress of this nonsense, the Speaker tried to prevent the hilarity and emphatically requested that the proceeding should not be permitted to degenerate into a farce. One dignified member demanded decorum and said he wished the fifty millions of intelligent people represented on this floor were looking down from the galleries to these absurdities, and seeing American statesmen as they see themselves. But another said "I am glad they are not here to witness what has gone on to-night." When five more arrived the needed quorum was present, and the resolution to make the Mexican pension bill the order for the twenty-first day, was adopted by 175 yeas to 35 nays. The result was greeted with crushing effect on the party that makes up the hilarity and emphatically requested that the proceeding should not be permitted to degenerate into a farce. One dignified member demanded decorum and said he wished the fifty millions of intelligent people represented on this floor were looking down from the galleries to these absurdities, and seeing American statesmen as they see themselves. 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The Toccoa News says that John Adams, of Oconee county, S. C., says that he has been wearing the same hat every day for forty-five years. It was made of fur by Mr. Whisenand. He worked two months to pay for it. He also has a churn thirty-two years old, in which he claims to have made an average of one pound of butter a day during that time. He has a fifty nine years old, the mother of which he kept until twenty-three years old. He has been out of meat only one time since he began keeping house, but has never been out of whiskey.

Neighboring Counties.

Darlington News: The guano wagon is still a familiar sight on our streets. Some neat cottages are being put up on the Factory Grounds. Orange street promises, in the near future, to be one of the principal thoroughfares of our town. There have been up to this time about 2,000 liens recorded in the Clerk's office. A good many people from the county went down to the city on Tuesday. The Agricultural Fair and the Mason cotton-picker being the attraction.

Clarendon Enterprise: The hot supper on Tuesday night was successful, netting a handsome sum which will be applied to repairing the Baptist parsonage. Married, Feb. 13th, 1884 at Timmonsville, S. C., by Rev. L. D. Bass, Mr. R. J. Braithorn of Manning, and Miss Florence Cook of Timmonsville. Rev. Liston D. Bass will preach in the Baptist church next Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. This will be his first sermon as pastor of the Manning Baptist church. Rev. Bunyan Maboney, on account of his health, has been compelled to return home from the Theological Seminary in Louisville. We are pleased to state, however, that he is improving rapidly. As we go to press we learn that three persons were killed last Tuesday night during the storm near Wilson's mill by having a horse blown down on them, and that Mr. James Cabbage, living near Manning, was also killed, and several other parties seriously injured the same night. The track of the storm was about three miles south of Manning. Died Jan. 30th 1884, on Santee, Clarendon County, Miss Sarah Rowe, in her eighty-fifth year. She had been for many years a consistent member of the Presbyterian Church. Died Feb. 6th, 1884, Mrs. Jane P. Jayroe, in the 74th year of her age. She united with the Calvary Baptist church and was baptized by the Pastor, H. W. Maboney, in the year 1838, from which time to her death, she remained a consistent member and earnest Christian. Last week some negroes in the employ of A. S. Boyle & Co., near Harvin's Depot, got dissatisfied with their employers because, as they allege, they were not paid their wages; and quit work—in other words they struck. They agreed that they would not work for Boyle, and if any one of them, or any one else should do so, that they would flog him for it. Two negroes did return to work, and that night they were waited on, taken out, and whipped as promised. The strikers have been indicted for assault and battery. Court was convened last Monday at 10 o'clock. His Honor, Judge Wallace presiding. Solicitor John J. Dargan, not having yet regained his health, Maj. Marion Moore acted as solicitor. The criminal docket was finished on Tuesday and the General Sessions adjourned, after sentencing one wrong-doer to the Penitentiary for two years.

Camden Journal: Shad are now plentiful in this market, but they are brought from Charleston. Last Sunday was a dreary, gloomy day in Camden; a heavy rainstorm prevailed during the whole morning. As usual, the farmers, as a general thing, are preparing to plant nearly the whole of the crop this year in cotton, ignoring the grain crop entirely. The water-tower is on a boom this week, caused by the heavy rains during the latter part of last week and on Sunday. However, no damage is anticipated, as no crops have been planted in the low lands yet. For a number of years past we have not heard of a shad being taken from the water near Camden, whereas before the war a great many were caught at the shoals above here. What is the matter? Have they quit coming up the river? Or is it because fishermen below here stop them by stretching wire nets clear across the river? We would like to see the mystery solved.

Kendall's Spavin Cure. COLTON, CALIF., Oct. 3rd, 1882. B. J. Kendall & Co., Gents.—While in the employ of C. S. Hastings, the well known horseman, of San Francisco, in the year 1880, we had a young horse two years old that contracted a bone spavin and seeing your liniment known as Kendall's Spavin Cure advertised, upon my own responsibility I commenced using it and within thirty days from that time, and after having used only three bottles the spavin was removed entirely, and therefore I naturally have the utmost confidence in its merits. I do not hesitate to recommend it to all who have occasion to use the medicine and should any one desire to confer with me I shall be glad to answer any communication relating to the case in question. Respectfully yours, JOHN ROADMAN.

Young Alphonso—"Mercy, child, you must not wash your new wax doll, it will ruin it." Infant Terrible—"Ruin it, how?" Young Alphonso—"Why, one drop of water would spoil its complexion." Infant Terrible—"Isn't that funny? My doll and my big sisters both have the same kind of 'plexions'."

Improve Your Melons. Seedsmen and growers of melons should correspond with Capt. R. F. Kolb, Esq., before they purchase seeds to plant the next crop. He has a large stock of pure Rattlesnake and Seal-bark Watermelon seed, and the best Cantaloupe known. His celebrated "Kolb Gem" Watermelon is said to be far superior to all others as a table melon, and has no equal as a shipping melon.

Samson's Legs and Locks. When Delilah clipped off Samson's locks that mighty athlete at once became "as other men." If it could be proved that the possession of luxuriant hair would enable men to tear open lions' jaws, Bisox & Co. would be driven wild in the effort to supply enough of Parker's Hair Balsam to meet the demand. As it is the Balsam prevents your hair from falling out, and restores the original color if faded or gray. Besides it is a great addition to the toilet table simply as a dressing.

Important to both Ladies and Gentlemen. Two New Books just published giving an exhaustive treatise on Medical Electricity Galvanism and Magnetism, together with their self application on the treatment and cure of Weakness incident to men and women. Both works are illustrated. One is entitled "THREE TYPES OF MEN," For Gentlemen Only. The other "MAD, WIFE, MOTHER," For Ladies Only. Published only by the American Galvanic Co., Address as above, Sent Free.

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THE BLATCHLEY PUMP! BUY THE BEST. BLATCHLEY'S TRIPLE ENAMEL PORCELAIN-LINED SEAMLESS TUBE COPPER LINED PUMP. Do not be deceived into buying inferior imitations. For sale by the best Hardware Dealers. Sole Importers, C. M. BLATCHLEY, Manuf'g, 308 MARKET ST., Philad'a. Write to me for name of Sole Agent.

THE COTTON PLANT. An 8 page 40 column Agricultural Journal, the only paper in South Carolina published exclusively in the interest of the Farmer and Manufacturer. The best and cheapest Agricultural paper in the South. ONLY 60 CENTS A YEAR. The official organ of the State Grange. Endorsed by the leading citizens of the State, and by the best farmers in the State and the South. Send postal for specimen copies for yourself and your neighbors. Address W. J. McREAR, S. C. Sept 4

OBITUARY.

Deceased this life, on Sunday, the 13th of January, 1884. Dr. THOMAS J. DUBOSE, a venerable and highly esteemed citizen of North Charleston, in this County, S. C. Born at the opening of the century, had survived until the 5th of June, next, he would be more years of strength, had he attained to fourscore years, the extreme measure of human life. He was a native of Darlington County, but soon after receiving his degree from the Medical College of South Carolina, at Charleston, he emigrated to Sumter, and engaged at Mechanicsville, where he engaged in the practice of his profession, which he so adorned throughout a long and chequered life. Soon after establishing himself in that neighborhood, he married the third daughter of the late Captain Francis L. Kennedy, from which union he reared a large family of children, highly respected in the community where they reside. He was eminently successful as a physician and practiced medicine, constant and a few years ago when he was stricken down, by an attack of paralysis, which incapacitated him, for the active duties of his profession. Since then he was a constant invalid, and his suffering, disease and suffering, which he bore with wonderful fortitude and patience. In the bloom of health and strength of manhood, he was a power in the land. Well and viridly, do his friends remember him in his palmy days, in the full tide of an extensive practice, traveling day and night, through summer's heats and winter's snows, carrying everywhere with him, the kindest sympathy and most efficient aid to his suffering patients. They placed implicit confidence in his skill, and his very name seemed to charm away disease, like some blessed talisman. He was a welcome guest, alike in the mansions of wealth and the humble abode of poverty. His own house, too, was the home of hospitality where every visitor received a cordial greeting and a genial welcome. Open-handed hospitality, he deemed a cardinal virtue, and honesty of principle, combined with his high moral disposition and habitual good humor and kindness of heart gained for him the affection of the entire community.

In all of the relations of life, he was indeed a "true Christian, and just as unswerving, and few men have gone down to the grave so universally beloved, respected, almost revered by their contemporaries. We trust that he has found mercy at the hands of the Eternal Judge, of all the living and the dead, and that his rest will be, as peaceful as his life-labor was arduous.

Not a Cure-All. Norman's Neutralizing Cordial is not a cure-all and we do not recommend it for every ill "to which the flesh is heir." It is all, but nothing more than is claimed for it in the name of this excellent remedy. It neutralizes the acids and gases of the stomach, makes digestion easy and gives tone to the debilitated system.

No Charge for Consultation. If you are suffering from any chronic disease about which you are growing discouraged, such as Pulmonary trouble, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, nervous prostration, etc., send a statement of your condition to Drs. Starkey & Palen, 1109 Girard Street, Philadelphia, and get their opinion as to the value of Compound Oxygen in your case. It will cost you nothing. Ask them, at the same time, to furnish you with such documents in regard to their new vitalizing treatment and such evidence in regard to their professional standing as will enable you to clearly appreciate the nature and action of the treatment and give you confidence in them personally.

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THE BLATCHLEY PUMP! BUY THE BEST. BLATCHLEY'S TRIPLE ENAMEL PORCELAIN-LINED SEAMLESS TUBE COPPER LINED PUMP. Do not be deceived into buying inferior imitations. For sale by the best Hardware Dealers. Sole Importers, C. M. BLATCHLEY, Manuf'g, 308 MARKET ST., Philad'a. Write to me for name of Sole Agent.

THE COTTON PLANT. An 8 page 40 column Agricultural Journal, the only paper in South Carolina published exclusively in the interest of the Farmer and Manufacturer. The best and cheapest Agricultural paper in the South. ONLY 60 CENTS A YEAR. The official organ of the State Grange. Endorsed by the leading citizens of the State, and by the best farmers in the State and the South. Send postal for specimen copies for yourself and your neighbors. Address W. J. McREAR, S. C. Sept 4

GRAND CLOSING OUT SALE

THE FOLLOWING POPULAR BRANDS OF Sewing Machines: Wheeler & Wilson New No. 8, Estey—same as the Singer, F. F. Weed, and Victor. ALL BRAND NEW THAT I OFFER AT THE EXTREME LOW FIGURES OF \$21 AND \$23 FOR CASH, —OR— \$25, Half Cash, Balance Oct. 15. I furnish all attachments with these Machines. Former prices \$27 and \$32. A rare opportunity for those wanting Sewing Machines, that may never occur again. Come early and secure your choice. Remember, I Guarantee Satisfaction. D. J. WINN, Sumter, S. C.

Estate of Rev. Wm. Brearley, DECEASED. I WILL APPLY TO THE Judge of Probate for Sumter County on the 12th of March, 1884, for a final discharge as Executor of the aforesaid Estate. MESSrs. ELIZABETH W. BREARLEY, Executors. Feb 12—4

Estate of Mrs. Martha L. Brown, DECEASED. I WILL APPLY TO THE Judge of Probate for Sumter County on the 12th of March, 1884, for a final discharge as Executor of the aforesaid Estate. A. WITHERSPOON BROWN, Executor. Feb 12—4

MASTER'S SALE. THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, SUMTER COUNTY. IN THE COMMON PLEAS. Anderson M. Stuckey and others, Plaintiffs, vs. Charlotte Stuckey and others, Defendants. PURSUANCE of a decree in this case, dated June 26th, 1883, I will offer at public auction, on sale by the Sheriff of Sumter County, on the 11th of March, 1884, before the Court House of said County, between the 11 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon the following premises: All that plantation or tract of land in Sumter County, South Carolina, which Charlotte Stuckey, deceased, formerly known as "Home Place," containing six Acres, more or less, and bounded by late Edmund Stuckey, Tom Rembert, E. G. McClellan and others. Terms of Sale—Cash. Purchasers to pay for necessary papers. GUIGNARD RICHARDSON, Master. Feb 4

NOTICE. PARTIES DESIROUS OF PURCHASING Silk Worm Eggs, for the Spring hatch, can obtain them of first quality, at the lowest market prices, in large or small quantities, by applying to any of the undersigned committee of the Sumter Silk Association. Cocoons bought and sold, also Mulberry trees. Eggs will be furnished to reliable persons free of charge, to assist on shares. Mrs. S. A. HARTIN, Mrs. M. G. BYTTEBERG, Miss DULCIE MOISE. Feb 19

DO YOU SUPPOSE WOOD'S ODONTINE was not as efficacious and harmless as claimed, that the sales would have increased so much? It is the best tooth powder in the State and has proven to be the best, most harmless and efficient detergent for the teeth on the market. 25 cents a box. Wholesale Agents, Columbia, S. C., For sale in Sumter by Dr. A. J. CHINA, and Dr. D. J. ALLD. Feb 19

LARDENE LARD SUBSTITUTE UNDER THE BRAND OF LARDENE we offer an Oil refined expressly for our trade from Selected Cotton Seed, and which we guarantee free from Acids, Alkalies or Adulterants of any kind. LARDENE is a perfectly pure Vegetable Oil, and can be used in place of Butter for Cakes and Pastry, in place of Lard for all Culinary purposes, and in place of Olive Oil for Salads. A trial will insure its constant use and prove a great saving to housekeepers. Where directions are followed, we guarantee satisfaction in every instance. WM. M. BIRD & CO., CHARLESTON, S. C., DEALERS IN OILS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. Feb 12

C. BART & CO., CHARLESTON, S. C., Offer for sale, besides a full line of Foreign and Domestic Fruit, a large supply of SEED POTATOES of all varieties, specially selected for this climate, to which the attention of the trade is particularly invited. All inquiries promptly answered and orders filled as soon as received. Feb 12

ONLY 60 CENTS. THE TEMPERANCE WORKER, enlarged and improved, adopted as the official Organ of the Good Templars, Sons of Temperance and Women's Christian Temperance Union of South Carolina, managed by an able corps of editors representing each of the above organizations, is published semi-monthly at only 60 cents a year. Agents wanted in every town. Sample copies free. Address THE TEMPERANCE WORKER, Jan 29 Columbia, S. C.

FREE TO ALL. (Use our Illustrated Floral Catalogue of 100 pages containing a list of the best and most desirable plants, seeds, bulbs, flowers, trees, shrubs, and fruit trees, which will be mailed free to all who send us a few lines of their names and addresses.) We have a large stock of all the above mentioned plants, seeds, bulbs, flowers, trees, shrubs, and fruit trees, and will be pleased to send you a copy of our free Floral Catalogue, and also a copy of our Free Willing Plant and Seed Book, which will be mailed free to all who send us a few lines of their names and addresses. We have a large stock of all the above mentioned plants, seeds, bulbs, flowers, trees, shrubs, and fruit trees, and will be pleased to send you a copy of our free Floral Catalogue, and also a copy of our Free Willing Plant and Seed Book, which will be mailed free to all who send us a few lines of their names and addresses. We have a large stock of all the above mentioned plants, seeds, bulbs, flowers, trees, shrubs, and fruit trees, and will be pleased to send you a copy of our free Floral Catalogue, and also a copy of our Free Willing Plant and Seed Book, which will be mailed free to all who send us a few lines of their names and addresses.

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