

J. A. MOOD, M. D., Editor.

The Watchman and Southron was founded in 1850 and the True Southron in 1866. The Watchman and Southron now has the combined circulation and influence of both of the old papers, and is manifestly the best advertising medium in Sumter.

Measles and diphtheria are prevailing with fatal effect in Marlboro county, N. C.

Tabor, of Colorado, has been married three times—once to his first wife, and twice to his present one.

The Republicans of Georgia have organized, and will take part in the fight for the succession to Governor Stephens.

A negro boy near Rock Hill becoming engaged at a stables maid belonging to his father, cut the animal's throat with a knife killing it instantly.

The general deposits in York County are attracting the attention of Northern capitalists. Several exploring parties have visited the upper part of the County.

An innocent young couple at Chagrin Falls, O., got a marriage license, which they supposed was all that was necessary, and did not find out their mistake until they had been keeping house for several weeks.

The Bamberg Chronicle says that if this proves a good year, Barnwell will raise more watermelons than any County in the State. Around Williston alone about 1,500 acres will be planted, to say nothing of other places in the County.

The water in the Mississippi River is receding, and encouraging reports come from all points. At Memphis the river fell 16 inches in 24 hours, and will soon be within its banks everywhere between Memphis and Cairo. The planting outlook was never brighter.

The Supreme Court at Columbia by its decision filed yesterday, affirms the judgment of the Court below in the case of Mary Belle Jones against P. H. E. Fuller for breach of promise of marriage. The suit was for \$10,000 damages and the case was heard in Laurens County last year, the verdict being in favor of the plaintiff. The Supreme Court affirms this judgment and the \$10,000 must be paid.

The Camden Journal says that the government has had charge of the improvements on the Waterway and has spent thousands of dollars thereon, but so improvement has as yet resulted; while the Geaches River, which is ten times harder to improve, has been navigable for ninety miles by private capital within the past few years.

Frederick N. Crouch, the composer of "Kathleen Mavourneen," is a gray haired man, who lives on poor fare in Baltimore. A tattered coat of Confederate gray keeps some of the cold out. He is now out of employment and too old to help himself. He has a wife and five children. He tries to smile cheerily at fate, but admits that he needs help.

The new five cent nickel has been changed to meet the objections raised against the present design, viz: that it did not specify its denomination. The change is confined to the reverse side. The legend "F. PLURIBUS UNUM," has been placed above the wreath, and in its present place will be the word "cents," below the Roman numeral V.

The Chief of the Secret Service Division of the Treasury Department has been advised that a most dangerous counterfeit of the standard silver dollar has made its appearance in Ohio and Indiana. The base coin has the exact weight, ring and appearance of the genuine, and resists the acid test unless the outer coating of silver is penetrated. It would readily be accepted as genuine by merchants. Several of the pieces have only been discovered upon reaching a Sub-Treasury.

Camden, March 14.—Sheriff Doby arrested near the Richland line in the Black and English neighborhood yesterday, Douglas Sand and Spencer Brown, two negro boys aged about 12 and 14 years, respectively, charged with the burning of two school houses and dwelling house in the above named section. The substance of the warrant upon which they were arrested is based upon a declaration made by a negro boy by the name of Henry Johnson, who is now confined in the Columbia jail, charged with the same offense. Sheriff Doby had no difficulty in making the arrest, and the prisoners are now in jail to await trial at the June term court.

The Postmaster General has under consideration several designs for the new two-cent postage stamp for first class matter, which will supersede the three cent stamp after July 1, 1883. A favorite design is similar to the present two-cent stamp used for local postage, although the color is dark brown instead of red. Thus far the difficulty has been to choose whose head shall ornament the new stamp, but it is probable that the vignette will be that of General Grant. It will be fully a month before the design is agreed upon, as it is desirable that the stamp shall not only be of elegant finish, but plain and distinct and in every way creditable to the department.

"A new substance," consisting of a mixture of gelatine, glycerine and tannin, has been prepared by M. Potel and submitted to the "French Society of Encouragement," which, as alleged, is absolutely impermeable to the air. The inventor has named it after himself, "Poteline." When warmed the mixture becomes nearly liquid, and takes the form of the object to which it is applied. It has been used as a coating to preserve meat. The chain made for it is, that at the temperature of 112 degrees it envelops the meat, kills the germ of putrefaction, and prevents any new germ passing in. According to M. Potel, meat thus treated will retain all its freshness for two months. If this proves true on practical experiment the compound cannot fail to prove to be of lasting value.

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my conclusions from observation of facts and the most reliable information as it comes to me from people in different parts of the State. The Republicans are losing strength rapidly. The reason there was not a full Republican vote out last October was because there was just so many Republicans who would not swallow the status of the Republican national party, and they thought the rebuke should begin there. Those men will vote in 1884, but they will vote the Democratic ticket, and they will have large accessions to their views.

THE OUTRAGE MILL.

The political persecutions which the United States Government seems to reserve as a sort of annual exercise of its malignity and spite in South Carolina, have extended to Clarendon County. As has been done in other counties of the State, citizens are compelled to leave their business, and spend their time, very valuable to them at this season of the year, to answer to frivolous charges which amount to nothing, but which serve as employment for Messrs. Snyder, Melton & Co., who are paid tools of Uncle Sam, and must have something to do. These prosecutions are almost beyond endurance, when it is known that nothing but annoyance can possibly come of the indictments, which are only made to vex the Democrats, and deter them from exercising zeal and vigilance in future elections.

The names of the gentlemen arrested in Clarendon are H. J. Wheeler, Frank P. Cooper, G. T. Washburn, David Welch, B. M. Pierson, D. M. Pierson, Ned Kennedy, J. J. McFadden, Jr., Robt. McFadden, colored, and A. Boykin.

We learn that Col. J. D. Blanding and Jos. H. Earle have been retained to defend them, which we are satisfied will be successfully done, since their experience as attorneys in similar cases last spring have made them thoroughly acquainted with the devious ways of the Government in such cases.

THE LUNATIC ASYLUM.

We have received a copy of the fifty-ninth annual report of the State Lunatic Asylum, which shows a satisfactory condition of this humane institution. During the year there were 255 admissions. The whole number under treatment were 755. There were discharged 205, of whom 62 were considered as recovered, 29 as improved, 14 as unimproved, 3 escaped, 1 not insane, 78 died, and 18 were released in probation. Of 560 patients, 525 are supported by the State, and 25 are supported by themselves.

The Act of the General Assembly requiring County Commissioners to investigate the ability of the inmates to support themselves, has not been of much advantage in adding to the list of private patients. Only two have been reported as having means of support, and the friends of these have only made promises to pay. The building is in good repair, and an important addition is the new laundry for which a special appropriation was made. The principal improvement however, was the completion of the North wing of the building which was finished last October.

Easter Eggs.

Easter comes very early indeed this year; upon the 25th of March, which is almost as early as it can ever be, and people are, therefore, preparing what in old times used to be called pass eggs. It is a good plan, too, for the egg colorers of a neighborhood to hold a sort of "bee," and unite in the production of dyes, thus saving time and money.

The exchange of love between friends as a token of love or friendship, is a very ancient custom, dating almost to the flood for it is a symbol of the ark, as well as of the resurrection, which is the reason that we present them at Easter. It is moreover a very universal custom prevailing among different nations and religions. The Jews placed eggs on their Pass-over tables, and the Persians frequently gave them as New Year's gifts. If you should happen to be in Russia this month, a Russian would greet you with "Christ is Risen," and offer an Easter egg; and a stranger still, if you were in the East, a Mohammedan would do the same. At city confectioners fancy sugar eggs—some of them of enormous size, and containing panoramas of landscapes and figures, or else filled with bonbons—may be had at all prices; but appropriate home-made ones are worth twice as much.

To dye eggs, onion skins put in the water in which they are boiling will make them a bright yellow, or if left longer in the solution, will make them a rich brown. Logwood or violet ink gives a royal purple, cochineal, pink and crimson; and many pieces of elintz or bright ribbon that fade easily, if sewed tightly around the eggs, will give them nicely in figures, stripes, or dots; another way is to dip the eggs in hot water and then write a name or motto on the shell with tallow. It is then boiled in a solution of dye wood, when the inscription will appear in white, upon a colored ground.

Those who are skillful with pencil and paint brush can present their friends with really exquisite souvenirs, by ornamenting eggs with flowers and butterflies, or appropriate texts of scripture. For these painted eggs, it is better to procure a pipe hole with a pip in each side, and blow out the inside, leaving a clear shell, than to boil them; and the apertures can be concealed by stars of silver or gilt paper.

New York tradesmen have adopted an ingenious device. Circulars were sent out nobody would open them, until a genius hit on the plan of sending his advertisements to London and having them posted. Of course any lady will eagerly open and read a missive enclosed in an envelope postmarked London with instructions to return to "Red Lion Square." She

Dynamite and Outrage in England. LONDON, March 15.—A terrific explosion occurred in the local government board offices in Westminster at 9 o'clock to-night, destroying much property. The report was heard in the House of Commons, and caused alarm. The explosions was so great that it shook the side galleries and reporters' gallery. It being the dinner hour few members of the House were present in the hall. The Duke of Edinburgh was in the Peers' gallery and seemed alarmed. No one was injured. The wildest rumors are afloat. The report resembled the discharge of an 80-ton gun. The explosion was at first supposed to be gas, but the impression is growing that it was caused by dynamite and that a deliberate attempt was made to blow up the Government offices.

The explosion being the subject of consideration in the House of Commons, Sir Wm. Harcourt, home secretary, said he did not think it would be right to say anything about the matter until an official inquiry had been made. He had heard that an attempt had been made to blow up the Times office, but that no injury had been done. The explosion was heard at the distance of two or three miles. Yesterday evening a canister containing explosive materials was found being the Times office, with (it is rumored) a lighted fuse attached. The police are making an investigation, officials think that the explosion was caused by gunpowder or dynamite. The officers of the gas company declare that they can find no evidences that it was caused by gas. The force of the explosion shot large portions of masonry across the street.

A thoughtfulful of charcoal in half a glass of water often relieves a sick headache. It absorbs the gases and relieves the distended stomach, pressing against the nerves that extend from the stomach to the head. A doctor at Richmond says that if people will take a bath in hot whiskey and rock salt twice a year they will never catch a Cold. Until somebody has tried this new remedy we would say—stick to the old and reliable Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

There is a chap in Philadelphia who wants to marry Louise Montague. As the lady has just come into possession of \$150, he is supposed to be willing to put up with her personal appearance for the sake of the money. If you don't want to freeze when it's cold; suffer from excessive perspiration when it's warm—use Brown's Iron Bitters. The "Hair Album" is the latest craze. You give your girl a lock of your hair; she ties it with a blue ribbon, and puts it away in a book with a lot of other fellow's hair, writing over it your name, age, color of your eyes, and date of receiving it. A rich man may improve his lands any way he pleases, but a poor man can only do by a strict adherence to the laws of Nature; and these laws plainly indicate Ashley Ash Element and peas as the great Restorers.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, March 17, 1883. The Capital of the United States has survived the Wiggins catastrophe, and is beginning to thaw in the pulsations of spring. The delightful weather of the past week has been improved by the beau monde which still lingers here, and the streets, parks, avenues, and shops have been alive with fashionably attired ladies who oscillate not like Byron's man "between a smile and a frown," but like a woman between a seal skin jacket and a parasol. The fourteenth street road and the soldiers home Park are once more gay with elegant liveried carriages, drags, buggies, bicycles, and a sprinkling of ladies and gentlemen on horseback. Equestrianism had until recently been a lost art in and around Washington. The perfectly smooth, hard streets upon which the wheels ebbed and flowed, lent such an attraction to motion on wheels that the more robust exercise of the saddle had been eschewed. But just as the easy graceful motion of the glide waltz gives way to the saltatory kicking of the polka and ragtime, there is now a tendency to forego the luxury of cushions and wheels for the noble exercise which Shakespeare describes in its perfection as being "encorped and demi-natured with a brave beast." At any rate horseback riding seems to be the style, and who is so foolish as to brace himself against the tidal wave or any other kind of a wave, unless perhaps it be a Saratoga wave which is rather nice. To the sojourners in the North Pole who do not know what a "Saratoga wave" is, I will explain that it is the artificial frizzes worn on the brow of beauty.

THE MARKETS.

SUMTER, S. C., March 20, 1883. COTTON.—About 25 bales of cotton have been sold during the week ending March 20th. Market closed dull. We quote: Ordinary 34 1/2; Stained 36 1/2; Tinged 82; Good Ordinary 94; Low Middling 98; Middling 99 1/2; Good Middling 99 1/2.

CHARLESTON, S. C., March 17, 1883. CORN.—Market steady. Sales about 400 bushels. Quotations are: Ordinary 81 1/2; Good Ordinary 84; Low Middling 88; Middling 90; Good Middling 92 1/2.

WILMINGTON, N. C., March 19, 1883. SPIRITS TERPENTINE.—Market quoted dull at 7 1/2 cents. The market was quiet at \$1.30 for Strained and \$1.35 for Good Strained.

CROCK TERPENTINE.—Market steady at \$1.60 for Hard, \$2.75 per barrel, for Soft. CORN.—Market quiet. Sales 100 bales. The following are the official quotations: Ordinary 6 1/2-16; Good Ordinary 8 3/4-16; Low Middling 9 1/2; Good Middling 10 1/2-16.

State of South Carolina. COUNTY OF SUMTER.

By T. F. Walsh, Esq., Probate Judge. WHEREAS, W. J. ATKINSON, Jr., made suit to the estate of the late EDWARD H. ATKINSON, deceased. There are therefore to cite and admonish all and singular, the kindred and creditors of the said Edward H. Atkinson, late of Sumter County, in said State, deceased, that they be and appear before the Court of Probate to be held at Sumter C. H., on April 4th, 1883, after publication hereof, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, why the said Administration should not be granted. Given under my hand, this 20th day of March A. D. 1883. T. F. WALSH, Judge of Probate.

Estate of Mark Reynolds, M. D. DECEASED.

ALL PERSONS holding claims against the said Estate will present the same duly attested, and all persons in any way indebted to said Estate will make immediate payment to JULIA V. REYNOLDS, Qualified Executrix. March 20 31 Statesburg S. C.

Final Discharge as Guardian.

I WILL APPLY to the Judge of Probate for Sumter County on the 12th day of April 1883, for a final discharge as Guardian of the Person and Estate of Mary B. E. Hill, (Minor). DANIEL KEELS, Guardian. March 13 41

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY VIRTUE OF SUNDRY EXECUTIONS to me directed, will be sold at Sumter Court House, on the FIRST MONDAY and day following in APRIL next, 1883, within legal hours of sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following property: 3 Barrels Flour levied upon and to be sold as the property of Herman Schreiner, against the Execution of Wilberm & Peiper, against the said Herman Schreiner. 10 Bushels Corn, 750 lbs. Fodder, 220 Bushels Cotton Seed and 50 Bushels of Peas, all more or less, seized and to be sold as the property of R. L. Broadway, under Warrant of attachment, to seize crop, under Land Rent Lien of T. B. Owens, Agt., against R. L. Broadway. B. W. DURANT, S. S. C. Sheriff's Office, Feb. 9, 1883.

going on in different parts of the city, not as rapidly as in the day of Boss Shepard, but what is lost in speed is gained in permanence and economy. Every citizen of the United States has or should have an interest in his country's capital for the maintenance and improvement of which he is taxed, and which unlike any other part of this country except Alaska is governed directly by Congress.

Married at Last.

On Wednesday at 11 o'clock, at Tokay, the residence of Hon. Wharton B. Green, four miles from Fayetteville, N. C. Judge Davis was married to Miss Addie Barr. It was a quiet wedding, with but few guests. Rev. J. C. Huske officiated with the Episcopal service. The presents were numerous and costly. At 1 o'clock the happy couple left on the steamer Marchion, which had been specially prepared and beautifully decorated, for Wilmington. Judge Davis had arrived on Saturday night and was entertained at Tokay. He was accompanied by Judge Otto, Mr. and Mrs. Thatcher, Dr. and Mrs. Cook and Miss Cook. The bride is a native of Massachusetts, but her parents have resided in Illinois. Her aunt first married Captain Ellery, and by him had a daughter; she then married General Green, of North Carolina, who by a previous marriage had a son, Wharton G. Green, who intermarried with Miss Ellers. Miss Barr is a most accomplished and elegant lady of 35. She has made her home chiefly with Mrs. and Mr. Green. The affair was elegant in all its surroundings. The bridal party will make a tour of the North and West.

A thoughtfulful of charcoal in half a glass of water often relieves a sick headache. It absorbs the gases and relieves the distended stomach, pressing against the nerves that extend from the stomach to the head.

A doctor at Richmond says that if people will take a bath in hot whiskey and rock salt twice a year they will never catch a Cold. Until somebody has tried this new remedy we would say—stick to the old and reliable Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

There is a chap in Philadelphia who wants to marry Louise Montague. As the lady has just come into possession of \$150, he is supposed to be willing to put up with her personal appearance for the sake of the money.

If you don't want to freeze when it's cold; suffer from excessive perspiration when it's warm—use Brown's Iron Bitters.

The "Hair Album" is the latest craze. You give your girl a lock of your hair; she ties it with a blue ribbon, and puts it away in a book with a lot of other fellow's hair, writing over it your name, age, color of your eyes, and date of receiving it.

A rich man may improve his lands any way he pleases, but a poor man can only do by a strict adherence to the laws of Nature; and these laws plainly indicate Ashley Ash Element and peas as the great Restorers.

What becomes of the hair pins? is a question that has never yet been satisfactorily answered. Over two tons are made now every day in the country.

No child will have a rosy complexion as long as worms exist in the intestines. Shiner's Indian Vermifuge will destroy the worms and restore the health of the child.

Louisville has discovered that women are particularly fit to be drug clerks, and a number are already employed in the best stores. "They seem to learn by intuition," says an employer, "one look or word suffices where a man would require a hundred words of instruction. When my woman clerk has a matter in hand, I am certain that my order will be carried out."

Has Confidence in It. Mr. Jno. D. Cappelman, Attorney at law, Charleston, S. C., says: "I highly recommend Norman's Neutralizing Cordial for all troubles arising from a disordered stomach. I have used it several years and I know it to be all that is claimed for it."

FOR SALE.

A FINE MEDIUM SIZE MULE IN good order and a good second hand two-horse wagon and body. Apply at this Office. March 13

FOR SALE.

TWO HOUSES AND LOTS ON WASHINGTON Street. Titles guaranteed. Apply at Sumter Book and Variety Store, to W. G. KENNEDY.

A Horse and Buggy.

Apply as above, to W. G. KENNEDY. Feb 20

FOR SALE.

THAT DESIRABLE LOT on a central square of the Town, on the corner of Dugan and Sumter Streets, on which the Mill of the Joint Cotton Company was located. May be sold in whole or in lots. Apply to HAYNSWORTH & COOPER. Feb 20

Bellemonte Cotton Man'g Co.

COTTON BATTING PREPARED IN ROLLS FOR COMFORTS, QUILTS AND MATTRESSES. SOLD AT THE FACTORY AND BY merchants in Sumter at 10 cents per pound. Liberal discount to the trade allowed. D. JAMES WINN, President. Sept 19-ly

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J. RYTTEBERG & SONS,

DEALERS IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

OUR PATRONS : : : : THE PEOPLE. OUR STUDY : : : : THEIR INTERESTS. OUR MAXIM : : : : FAIR DEALING. OUR REWARD : : : : SUCCESS.

WE BUY IN LARGE QUANTITIES AND AT LOW PRICES, FOR CASH.

WE BUY The Very Best of Merchandise.

WE BUY THE NEWEST PATTERNS, THE LATEST DESIGNS, AND

The Most Fashionable Goods. WE BUY

None but the Most Durable and Best Wearing Articles. THE GOODS HAVE COME. THEY ARE IN STOCK

AND For Sale at the Very Lowest Prices. Come and See What We Have, Learn the Price,

And Tell Your Neighbors and Friends That THE PLACE TO BUY GOODS

IN SUMTER, IS AT THE POPULAR AND LEADING HOUSE OF

J. RYTTEBERG & SONS.

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America Ahead! All the Honors. SIX CORD MILLENNIUM SPPOOL COTTON. Atlanta, 1881.

FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DEALERS. ASK FOR IT! BUY IT! TRY IT! WOOD'S ODONTINE, FOR WHITENING AND PRESERVING THE TEETH. Keeps the Breath Pure and Sweet and Hardens the Gums. Formula of Dr. T. T. Moore.

W. C. FISHER, Wholesale Agent, COLUMBIA, S. C. For sale in Sumter by Dr. A. J. CHINA, and Dr. D. J. AULD. March 6

WANTED 50,000 LBS. DRY HIDES. 50,000 LBS. WOOL, for which the highest market price will be paid. Leather given in exchange for Hides.

1,000 LATEST STYLE HATS From a New York Bankrupt Sale—your choice for 50 cents, by D. MORRIS & BRO., Liberty St., Sumter, S. C. March 6

INSURANCE COMPANIES: Commercial Union of London. Niagara Fire Ins. Co. of N. Y. Fire Association of Philadelphia. Rates as low as any First Class Company. ALTMONT MOSES. Jan 2

ALTMONT MOSES. 25 DOZ. LADIES' AND MISSES HATS, made to order, and for sale at unheard of prices. ALTMONT MOSES. MY STOCK OF GENTS' SPRING HATS, WILL ARRIVE THIS WEEK. ALTMONT MOSES. I HAVE THE AGENCY FOR Tansil's Punch Cigar, Which has earned the name of America's Finest Five Cent Cigar. Starke's Dixie Plow, Each one warranted to give satisfaction and can be returned after trial. ALTMONT MOSES. THE FOLLOWING INSURANCE COMPANIES: Commercial Union of London. Niagara Fire Ins. Co. of N. Y. Fire Association of Philadelphia. Rates as low as any First Class Company. ALTMONT MOSES. Jan 2

Master's Sale. State of South Carolina. COUNTY OF SUMTER.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS. Francis W. Kercher, Robert E. Calder and William Calder, Copartners as Kercher & Calder Bros., Plaintiffs, against Margaret I. Brown and George W. Brown, Defendants.

BY VIRTUE of a decree made in this cause, dated February 12th, 1883, I will offer for sale on Monday in April next, (April 2d, 1883,) before the Court House, of said County, between the hours 11 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon, the following property: "All that piece, parcel or tract of land containing One Hundred acres, formerly owned by L. M. Spann, and bounded on the North by lands now or formerly of E. W. Moise, East by lands of Mrs. S. Chambers, South by lands of the Estate of L. M. Spann, and West by lands of Thomas Calk, the said land lying and being in Sumter County, in the State aforesaid."

Terms of Sale—Cash. Purchaser to pay for papers. GUIGNARD RICHARDSON, March 5, 1883-4t Master.

MASTER'S SALE. State of South Carolina. COUNTY OF SUMTER.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS. B. F. Hall and Oscar Pearsall, Copartners as Hall and Pearsall, Plaintiffs, against Alfred J. McLeod, and Nancy E. McLeod, Defendants.

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Terms of sale—Cash—Purchaser to pay for papers. GUIGNARD RICHARDSON, Mar 5-4t Master.

Master's Sale. THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, SUMTER COUNTY.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS. John Owen, Plaintiff, against Arsenius Mitchell, Juppy Richardson, Juppy Richardson, Jr., Edward Harcin and Philip Scott, Defendants.