

Forage Plants in the South.

located at Uniontown, Ala., has just issued an important bulletin on forage plants for the South. It would be well for farmers who are interested in questions relating to forage plants to write to Professor J. M. Richeson, at Uniontown, or to Professor J. F. Duggar, at Auburn, Ala., Director of the Experiment Station, for a copy of this bulletin.

The experiment station at Uniontown is located on upland prairie soil, known as the canebrake. On this land alfalfa. profitable pursuit. In the State of sown March 20, gave three cuttings of hay the same season, and would have made a fourth cutting had it not been for an untimely drouth in the fall of the year. Both Amber and Orange sorghum made enormous yields of fodder, and furnished two cuttings each. The Orange sorghum grew larger and made more fodder, but the smaller stems of the Amber sorghum made it more desirable than the other for forage. Sorghum led all of the forage crops in yield. Kathr corn was not successful as a fodder crop. The same is true of pearl millet and teosinte. German millet did well, and is recommended for sowing with late sown cowpeas, thereby making the hay easier to cure.

. One very important result of these experiments at Uniontown is the high yield of soy beans as compared with cowpeas. The writer has often suggested the advisability of giving the soy beans a trial in the Southern States. for the reason that when varieties of it are secured that are adapted to local ty-four bushels of seed per acre, and it should be mixed with such carbonaceous feeds as corn, Kaffir corn seed, succeeded very well, and is recommend-Agrostologist, United States Depart-

Authracnose of the Bean.

ment of Agriculture.

in deep, dark pits. It very materially well understood. diminishes the amount of marketable It is able to live through the winter, by one class of agricultural plants. or, if they do grow, they will spread gressive Farmer. the disease to plants otherwise healthy. It is therefore of great importance to the grower that he does not at all allow these seeds to be planted, as in Station, says in this farmers' bulletin this way only can the disease be suc- (No. 186) that moderately good beef cessfully combatted. The infected cattle, crossed with an improved strain seeds have a shriveled and discolored of stock, should drest at least sixty appearance by which they may be per cent. usually distinguished from the good] be used for planting. Some successful experiments have been made in treating the seeds before planting. The seeds before planting should be soaked for an hour or two in a solution of three ounces of carbonate and one quart of ammonia to four and one-half of water. The plant will then be generally free from anthracnose. But plants from diseased seed not so treated will be sure to have anthracnose to a greater or less extent. It is very easy for one to use this solution, but it should not be stronger than indicated, as it may thus very easily be rendered dangerous to the seeds. If the disease should still appear after planting, when these precautions are taken, perhaps the best remedy is to destroy the plants which are affected, and thus prevent its further tive in its attacks one can hardly be method of eradicating it.

ing trees, affording a great range for The Canebrake Experiment Station, hogs, and obviating the necessity of feeding for several of the worst months in the year.

Furthermore the cured product finds a ready market right here at home, it being a well-known fact that Chicago's best market for her bacon is right here in the South.

Many of our Southern farmers already have awakened to this fact, and are turning their attention to hog raising, and within the present decade many more will have engaged in this Texas, for instance, there is a general spread of enthusiasm on the subject of swine-breeding, and many meetings have been held and organizations formed for the fostering of this industry. At Fort Worth two large packing plants have already been in operation several years.

All this is as it should be. Stock and crop growing should go hand in hand. and would you expect to find a prosperous and intelligent farming community go to that section where diversified agriculture is carried on .- Southern Agricuiturist,

Why l'eas Improve the Soil.

It is only the leguminous (pod-bearing) class of plants, such as peas, beans, the clovers, alfalfa, peanut, verches, etc., that can use this free (elementary) nitrogen as it exists in the air, in their growth. On their roots will be found nodules, warts, or tubercles, and in these are large numbers of micro-organisms (minute forms of life, which can be seen only with the aid of conditions, it is a very large yielder, a microscope), which have the power making at the Uniontown station thir- to put the free nitrogen of the air into such forms or combinations that these it stands up so as to be easily harvest- plants decay in or on the soil, the ed. The seed can also be saved at nitrogen which they collected, through much less expense than is the case the aid of the micro-organisms, from with cowpeas, and it is said to make | the air is left in such condition that good feed for cattle and hogs, though other agricultural plants can use it. on account of its richness in nitrogen and in this is the explanation of the improving and enriching power of the pea or similar crop. The cowpea takes etc. Upland rice would also be a good | nitrogen from the air, which most thing to mix with the seed of soy bean. plants cannot do and adds it in the de-The hairy vetch proved a valuable cay of its roots and tops to the supply plant for winter pasture. The Dwarf of combined nitrogen in the soil, while Essex rape was another plant which corn, cotton, oats, the grasses, etc., have to depend on the nitrogen aled for hog pasture .- W. J. Spillman, ready in the soil, or that which is supplied in the fertilizers and manure, or added in the leguminous crops. The importance of a full understanding of the foregoing fact and its meaning to This disease appears upon the bean improved agriculture cannot be too

We have thus discussed what is beans. It spreads rapidly among the known as the free, uncombined or gascollected beans in the market. It is eous nitrogen of the air, the original caused by the appearance of a fungus | and greatest of all sources of nitroto be found upon the pods of beans. gen. It can only be used first hand which it generally does in the bean it. The farmer should get all he can of self. When the infected seeds are this valuable and costly fertilizer conused they will either not grow at all. stituent through these plants .- Pro-

Weed Out the Scrubs.

Professor Soule, of the Tennessee



"remedies" had failed. So remarkable has been its record that it is now recognized as the

ONLY ABSOLUTE CURE FOR RHEUMATISM.

Here are five testimonials selected from hundreds of letters written to the proprietors, the Bobbitt C hemical Co. of Baltimore, by ful patients who have been cured of severe cases by the remedy that "Gets at the Joints from the Inside":

MARYLAND.

MARYLAND. Baltimore, Feb. 6, 1904. Three years ago I was attacked with inflam-matory rheumatism. During that time I suffered exeruciating pain, principally in my lower body. My joints were stiff, swollen and inflamed. I could not straighten my limbs. Your wooderful cure—Rheumacide—was recommended to me, and I began to take it according to directions. In a short time I experienced the greatest relief. The screpes and stiffners was soon gone, and I cer-tainly feel thankful. Rheumacide has done me more good than all the other medicines and doc toring feel thankful. Rheumacide has done me more good than all the other medicines and doc-tors' prescriptions which I tried. I found that Rheumacide acted well on the kidneys and how-els, and I believe it will cure any case of rheu-matism or blood disease. I now have perfect use of myself, and can work and walk as well as ever, and I attribute my cure entirely to the use of Rheumacide. My friends and neighbors mar-vel at the great change in my condition. With-out solicitation. I send you this testimony of my own accord, and will cheerfully recommend your medicine to all who may write or call on me con-cerning this letter and the benefit I received. I am a widow, and reside at the address given be-low. Yours thankfully.

Yours thankfully. MRS. MARY BATES WEBB.

VIRGINIA. Norfolk, Va., Feb. 1, 1904 I must write and tell you the benefit your med-

I purchased a bottle of Rheumacide for a relaicine has been to my mother. She is an old lady. onth she had not checuatism. For nearly a t been able to walk without great effort and pain. 78 last January, and has been so crippled with In two weeks after she commenced taking Rheurhenmatian that she could not walk a block macide she was able to walk, and in a short without great suffering. One morning I saw your had entirely recovered. I congratulate you time on this great remedy, and trust all suffering with advertisement, and sent for a sample, and perrheumatism may find in it similar relief. suaded her to take it. I think the second or N. B. BROUGHTON. third dose began to do her good. After she took After being completely cured, I consider Rheuthat I got her a large bottle, and she has con-

macide the only specific for rheumatism. MARCELLUS RAND, Banks, N. C.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Raleigh, N. C.

99

Among the cured: Col. G. B. Alford, Holly Anong R. A. Lomaz, Goldsboro; D. M. Al-bright, Mt. Airy; W. G. Penry, Lexington; Rev. J. L. Foster, Raleigh; B. A. Johnston, Winston, and hundreds of others.

was taken with a very severe attack, and

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Having been a sufferer with inflammatory they

matiam for 20 years, about a year and a bal"

limbs were so swollen it was impossible for to walk. After using one bottle of BREUMA-CIDE I was entirely cured, and I have since rep ommended it to all my friends.

> A. McN. TURNER, City EloteL

Greenwood, S. C.

Afflicted with theumatism for more than 15 years, I was induced to try Rheumacide, and it has entirely cured me of rheamatism.

T. S. WILLIAMSON, Doversville, S. C.

Mail this Coupon to the Bobbitt Chemical o., No. 316 W. Lombard street. Baltimore, Md., nd receive a bottle absolutely free of cost.





tinued to improve right along, and gets around

as spry as a young woman. She is so glad that

Rheumacide cured her that she tells all her ac-

quaintances about it, and if she hears anyone

complain of a pain, she tells them they must

MRS. F. M. SCARBOROUGH.

No. 310 N. Marshall Ave.

surely try Rheumacide. Respectfully,

the Joints From

In order that sufferers may test this wonderful remedy, the proprietors have arranged to give each one will mail the coupon at once to the BOBBITT CHEMICAL CO., PROPRIETORS, BALTIMORE, MD., a triat bottle absolutely free of cost. Mail the coupon today, and start on the road to reco

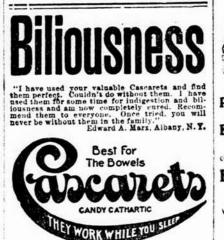
"BEGINS WORK WITH THE FIRST DOSE."

An Incorrigible Dog.

The intelligence of the dog suffered somewhat by an Athens narrative in which it is made to appear that an old dog owned by F. Holcomb recently engaged with a rattler on the low grounds near the town, and was severely bitten. Mr. Holcomb was famillar with the formula for snake bites. He had some of the medicine on hand, consisting of whisky and quinine mixed in quantities to suit. Opening the dog's jaws he turned a liberal dose down him. Two or three days elapsed during which the animal was unable to walk straight, yet he seemed not to have any pain, and in fact appeared to enjoy himself. But at last he was sober again. One would naturally think that having been bitten once he would have fought shy of the swamp afterward, but the moment he was able to navigate he was back among the boys again watching for more snakes. This is why he seems unintelligent .- Detroit (Mich.) Tribune.

Health Commissioner Darlington, of New York, in speaking of the alarming increase of pneumonia, says the prevalence of the disease is due in a large measure to expectoration in public places. Only another argument in favor of the enactment and enforcement of anti-spitting ordinances.

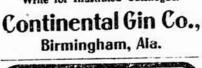
A medical jornal says that in the continued use of the eyes in such work as sewing, typesetting, bookkeeping, reading and studying the saving point is looking up from the work at short intervals and looking around the room. This practiced every ten or fifteen minutes relieves the muscular tension and rests the eyes.



Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good,

Cotton Gin Machinery

MUNGER. PRATT. WINSHIP. SIMTH. EAGLE. We make the most complete line of any concern in the world. We also make ENGINES and BOILERS, LINTERS for OIL MILLS. we sell everything needed about a Cotton Gin Write for Illustrated Catalogue.



Corn



Instantiv Relieved & Speedily

Swine-Breeding in the South.

In the matter of climate the Southern farmer possesses a great advantage | over his Northern neighbor in the profitable pursuit of hog raising.

While at the North one litter a year is the rule, owing to our mild winters two litters a year can be raised, and three each alternate year is a possibility. Grass, a very important ration in profitable swine breeding, holds out much later in the fall and comes much earlier in the spring with us.

Owing to our mild Southern winters shelters are much more easily and cheaply constructed

abound in many varieties of mast-bear- ael. Hartselle. Ala-

Minor Mention.

Statistics compiled by the Zemtvos of forty-nine provinces of European Russia showed that 891,000 peasant famililes, representing a population of perhaps 7,000,000, had only nine acres of land to the family, and that 2,219,444 peasant households, representing a population of about 18,000,-000, had only twenty-one acres each. although hundreds of thousands of such households consisted of from eight to twenty-five members.

That scrub animals will waste large seed. They should be rejected and amounts of the 'ar.ner's feed stuffs is only such seeds as are sound should shown pointedly in a feeding test conducted at the Tennessee Station. A bunch of animals of good breed and antecedents were fed for beef and gained two and a half pounds per day, while so-called "scrubs" under the same conditions gained only one and one-half pounds per day, a difference of one pound per day. The effect of breeding, blood, conformation, etc., are instanced in another feeding test where certain beef steers gained only fortyfive pounds in sixty days, while others under similar conditions gained 125 pounds in the came period. Which goes to show that it does not pay to feed a poor animal. Weed out the scrubs.

The Purpose in Training.

To secure a tree of a beautiful shape or symmetrical figure is the secondary spreading. If it becomes very destruc- object in training. One primary object is to supply a sufficiency of suntoo vigorous or too severe in his shine and fresh air to the leaves of the growing plant. The air moves in all directions, but the sunshine comes principally from only one side. And therefore, other things being equal, that tree is best trained which throws least shadow upon itself.

Another object of training is to secure an even distribution of sap throughout the branches. The principle upon which this operates is that the sap flows most easily through the upright branches. If a branch grows too slowly its rates may be increased by turning it upward. Similarly, the over luxuriant branch may be checked by being turned downward.

The tree should also be kept in equilibrium as to weight by a careful Many sections of the middle South pruning and training.-R. D. Carmich-

News of the Day.

In 1903 New Orleans exceeded New York by more than 1,000,000 bushels in the exportation of corn and wheat. New Orleans is now second of the country's cities in aggregate exports, ranking next to New York. Galveston was the fourth city in exports in 1903, exceeding all the country's Atlantic ports except New York and Boston. In 1904 it has passed Boston.

There is a deep spring of comfort n every desert of sorrow.

Millions In Oats.

Salzer's New National Oats yielded in 1903 in Mich. 240 bu.; in Mo., 255 bu.; in 1903 in Mich. 240 bu.; in Mo., 255 bu.; in N. D., 310 bu., and in 30 other States from 150 to 300 bu. per acre. Now this Oat u generally grown in 1904 will add millions of bushels to the yield and millions of dol-lars to the farmer's purse. Try it for 1904. Largest Seed Potato and Alfalfa Clover growers in America. [A.C.L.] Salzer's Speltz. Beardless Barley. Home Builder Corn, Macaroni Wheat. Pea Oat, Billion Dollar Grass and Earliest Canes are money makers for you, Mr. Farmer. JUST SEND THIS NOTICE AND 10C.

in stamps to John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and receive in return their big catalog and lots of farm seed samples.

When a man undertakes to discuss love he winds up by pronouncing it a form of insanity.

EICHT YEARS OF TORTURE.

No suffering more keen than kidney suffering. Sick kidneys make bad blood; cause weak, stiff and aching backs; cause blind, sick and dizzy headaches, lack of appetite and loss of sleep; keep you all tired out and spoil digestion.

To have perfect health you must cure the kidneys. Read how one man was cured by Doan's Kidney Pills after eight years of torture.

Henry Soule, of Pultney St., Hammondsport, N. Y., says: "For eight years 1 suffered constant agony from kidney complaint. I endured the worst torture from gravel and the kidney secretions were excessive and contained sediment like brick dust. I had to get out of bed from ten to twenty times a night and the loss of sleep wore me out. Indiges-

tion came on, and the distress after eating was terrible. Doan's Kidney Pills effected a complete and lasting cure, and after the symptoms of kidney trouble were gone my stomach began to work as it should. This lasting cure, especially in a person of my age. proves the great value of Doan's Kidney Pills more convincingly than could any words of mine."

Doan's Kidney Pills sold by all druggists; price, 50 cents per box, or mailed on receipt of price by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffale, N. Y. Write for free trial

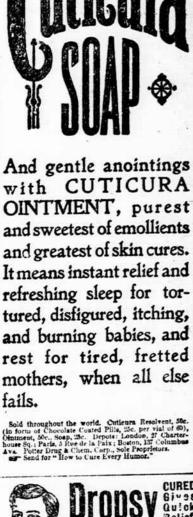


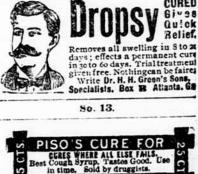
Cured by Baths with must have a sufficient supply of in order to develop into a crop. No amount of Phosphoric Acid or Nitrogen can compensate for a lack of potash in fertilizers [for grain and all other crops]. We shall be glad to send free to any tarmer our little book which contains valuable information about soil culture. GERMAN KALI WORKS, New York-98 Nassau Street, or Atlanta, Ga.-225, So. Broad St. **CAPSICUM VASELINE** (PTT UP IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES) A substitute for and superior to mustardon most delicate skin. The pain-allaying and curativequalities of this article are wonder-ful, it will stop the toothache at once, and relieve headache and sciatica. We recom-mend it as the best and safest externa counter-iritant known, also as a nexterna remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all rheumatic, neuralicand gouty con-plaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will befound to be invaluable in the household. Many peoplesay "it is the best of all of your preparations." Price 19 sending this amount to us in postage stamp we will send you a tube by mail. No article should be accepted by the public unless the same carries our label, as otherwise it is no gouine. CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO., It State Street, New YORE CITY. CAPSICUM VASELIN fails. W. L. DOUCLAS *3.5 & & 3 SHOES WADE *3.5 & & 3 SHOES WADE W. L. Douglas shoes have by their excellent style, easy-fitting, and superior wearing qualities, achieved the largest sale of

They are just as good as those that cost you \$1 to \$5-the only difference is the price.

Look for name and

price on bottom. Donglas uses Corona Coltskin, which is everywhere conceded to be the finest Patent Leather yet produced. Fast Color Eyelets used. Shoes by mail. 25c.extra. Write for Catalog, W.L.Douglas, Brockton, Mass.





CONSUMPTION