

Skin Diseases

For the speedy and permanent cure of tetter, salt rheum and eczema, Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and smarting almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, sore nipples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders for horses are the best tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. Price, 25 cents. Sold by

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.
It artificially digests the food and aids nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparator approach it in efficiency. It relieves and permanently cures indigestion, heartburn, nausea, sour stomach, headache, gastralgia, cramps, and other results of imperfect digestion prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE R. R. CO. CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.			
Dated Jan. 15, 1902	No. 55.	No. 35.	No. 51
	P. M.	A. M.	
Leave Wilmington.....	3 45	7 00	
Leave Marion.....	6 40	8 45	
Arrive Florence.....	7 25	9 25	
	P. M.	A. M.	
Leave Florence.....	8 00	3 30	
Arrive Sumter.....	9 15	4 33	
	P. M.	A. M.	
Leave Sumter.....	9 15	9 25	
Arrive Columbia.....	10 40	11 05	

No. 52 runs through from Charleston via Central R. R., leaving Charleston 6 00 a. m. Lanes 7 50 a. m., Manning 8 39 a. m.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.			
No. 54.	No. 53.	No. 50	
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Leave Columbia.....	6 55	4 40	
Arrive Sumter.....	8 20	6 13	
	A. M.	P. M.	
Leave Sumter.....	8 20	6 19	
Arrive Florence.....	9 35	7 35	7 40
	A. M.		
Leave Florence.....	10 10		8 15
Leave Marion.....	10 53		8 54
Arrive Wilmington.....	1 40		11 30

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.
No. 53 runs through to Charleston, S. C., via Central R. R., arriving Manning 6 53 p. m., Lanes 7 35 p. m., Charleston 9 20 p. m. Train No. 53 makes close connection at Sumter with train No. 59, arriving Lanes 9 45 a. m., Charleston 11 35 a. m., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Trains on Conway Branch leave Chadbourne 12 01 p. m., arrive Conway 2 29 p. m., returning leave Conway 2 55 p. m., arrive Chadbourne 5 20 p. m., leave Chadbourne 5 35 p. m., arrive Elrod 8 10 p. m., returning leave Elrod 8 40 a. m., arrive Chadbourne 11 25 a. m. Daily except Sunday.
H. M. EMERSON,
Gen. Passenger Agent.
J. B. KENLY,
Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON,
Traffic Manager.

The Largest and Most Complete Establishment South.

GEO. S. HACKER & SON, HARDWARE



—MANUFACTURERS OF—
Sash, Doors, Blinds,
Moulding and Building Material,
Sash Weights and Cord
CHARLESTON, S. C.

Purchase our make, which we guarantee superior to any sold South, and thereby save money.

Window and Fancy Glass a Specialty.

Registration Notice.

The office of the Supervisor of Registration will be opened on the first Monday in every month for the purpose of the registering of any person who is qualified as follows:

Who shall have been a resident of the State for two years, and of the county one year and of the polling precinct in which the elector offers to vote four months before the day of election, and shall have paid, six months before any poll tax then due and payable, and who can both read and write any section of the Constitution of 1895 submitted to him by the supervisors, of registration, or can show that he owns, and has paid all taxes collectable during the present year on property in this State assessed at three hundred dollars or more. J. J. EADDY,
Clerk of Board.

LEGISLATURE ADJOURNS.

The Session of 1902 Now A Thing of The Past.

HOUSE.
Last Day—The session of the South Carolina Legislature closed Saturday by sine die adjournment. The closing day was devoted to the ratification of bills, resolutions of thanks and other matters customary on similar occasions. The State Company was elected State printer, on lowest bid. The speaker made a neat little speech to the members, thanking them one and all for their uniform courtesy during the session. And the session of the State Legislature for 1902 became a thing of history.

Twenty-sixth Day—In the House Monday morning the bill to fix the salaries of county officers was taken up and given second reading. The House passed the Senate bill after it had been variously amended. The bill is to take the place of existing laws which are said to be unconstitutional. The only matter which provoked discussion was whether or not the auditors and the treasurers should get the same amounts.

The House made the following changes in the Senate's provisions as to the auditors' salaries: Barnwell, from one thousand to \$1,300; (\$366.56 to be paid by State and \$433.32 by the county). Charleston from \$2,800 to \$3,200 (\$2,200 to be paid by the State and \$1,000 by the county). Chesterfield, from \$675 to \$700. Colleton from \$1,000 to \$900. Dorchester, from \$700 to \$800. Georgetown from \$975 to \$1,000. Hampton—amount not changed, but county to pay \$300 instead of \$400 and State \$600 instead of \$500. Oconee from \$900 to \$800. Pickens was changed from \$675 to \$525, but was restored to \$675 when the House subsequently decided to pay treasurers and auditors the same amount. Union from \$500 to \$900. The State pays two-thirds and the county one-third of each auditor's salary.

Under the provisions for sheriffs, Charleston's was changed from \$1,800 to \$4,000; Cherokee from \$500 to \$1,150; Colleton from \$1,300 to \$1,200; Darlington from \$1,500 to \$1,800; Edgefield from \$900 to \$1,000; Georgetown from \$1,500 to \$1,800; Newberry from \$1,100 to \$1,400; Oconee from \$500 to \$750; Orangeburg from \$2,600 to \$2,200; Pickens from \$700 to \$600; Spartanburg from \$2,000 to \$2,400; York from \$1,400 to \$1,350. The Senate bill provides "That the sheriffs of the various counties of this State shall receive annual salaries in lieu of all costs and fees chargeable against the county, as follows," etc.: After stating the amount to be paid the salary of the sheriff of each county, the bill provides: "That in addition to the salary hereinabove provided, the sheriffs of the various counties of the State shall receive 20 cents per day for detaining each prisoner while in his custody, and actual traveling expenses for himself and prisoners and lunatics, when called beyond the county."

The House changed the Senate's figures for clerks of court in the following particulars: Chesterfield, \$50 to \$400; Georgetown \$500 to \$600; Marlboro \$650 to \$500; Oconee \$250 to \$300; Spartanburg \$500 to \$1,500; York \$400 to \$300.

And the following changes were made as to county supervisors: Abbeville \$10 for clerical services; Barnwell \$800 to \$900; Florence \$600 to \$750; Oconee \$300 to \$500; Orangeburg \$400 to \$350; Richmond \$900 to \$1,200, with the provision that this does not apply to current term of office.

The House changed the Senate bill as to the pay and service of county commissioners as follows: In Anderson to get pay for not more than 40 days (Senate had it 25 days); Greenville from 75 and mileage to 150 days and no mileage; Greenwood from 40 to 35 days; Hampton from \$3.00 and no mileage to \$1.50 a day and mileage; Laurens \$100 per annum (omitted from Senate bill); Lexington county \$250 to \$300 each per annum; Marion county 40 to 30 days; Marlboro \$3 per day, not to exceed 25 days and mileage at the rate of 5 cents a mile (omitted from Senate bill); Oconee \$250 each to \$300 each; Richland \$2 per day for 25 days and mileage.

Clerks of county boards—Alken \$200 to \$225; Edgefield \$75 to \$150; Georgetown \$150 to \$200; Dorchester \$75 (not in the Senate bill); Horry \$150 to \$100; Laurens \$150; York \$1,000.

Township commissioners were to get \$1.00 per day in the Senate bill, but the House changed this to \$2 per day. Changes as to county superintendents of education were: Bamberg (where the auditor does the work) from \$25 to \$5; Barnwell \$450 to \$500; Charleston \$600 to \$750; Cherokee \$300 to \$400; Fairfield \$450 to \$300; Hampton \$400 to \$450; Lexington \$500 to \$600; Marlboro \$400 \$600; Newberry \$600 to \$650; Richland from \$1,000 to \$1,150. In Lexington, Charleston and Newberry counties special provisions for traveling expenses were inserted, but were afterwards taken out as it was reared the constitutionality of the bill might be made questionable. The traveling expense then was included in the regular salary.

Township assessors and city boards of assessors are to be paid \$2.00 per day.
Twenty-seventh Day—The house gave third reading to the railroad consolidation bill, to the bill fixing the salaries of county officers and three local measures. Second reading was given Mr. McGowan's bill to change the penalty for non-payment of taxes; Mr. Carter's bill to regulate the sale of seed cotton; and Mr. Lockwood's bill to abolish the office of phosphate inspector.

There was a long acrimonious discussion over allowing county boards to appoint teachers for

finally withdrawn from the Senate and killed. The House held an evening session and dispatched a good deal of routine business.

Twenty-Ninth Day—When the house met it was for the purpose of considering an attenuated calendar, a mere skeleton of its former self. Yet there were 80 second reading bills left. The house had by resolution Tuesday night agreed to strike from the calendar all second reading house bills. In this way about a hundred house bills went to their destruction, being nothing but senate bills to be acted on by the house.

There were 15 third reading bills, but some of them although having passed second reading Tuesday night, were killed yesterday. Among the third reading bills which were sent to the senate were Mr. Weston's relating to improvements on property of State hospital for the insane, Mr. Kinsey's bill relating to publication of legal notices, Mr. Bacot's resolution to create a commission for the St. Louis exposition, and Mr. Lockwood's to abolish the office of phosphate inspector.

There was one incident which caused some interest. The house several days ago killed Mr. Richards' bill to increase the value of scholarships at Winthrop college. Mr. Richards Tuesday night took up a bill to provide for courts in Kershaw and moved to strike out all after the enacting words and to substitute therefor his bill relating to scholarships. There were several protests entered but the speaker ruled that the motion was competent. Mr. Richards stated that if the body of the bill he proposed should be adopted he would change the title accordingly. The house filibustered until nearly midnight and adjourned with this matter pending.

SENATE.

Last Day—The State Senate adjourned Saturday sine die. Ratification of bills and resolutions of thanks occupied the most of the day. No new business was taken up, and no important matters were acted upon. The session for the most part has been a harmonious and pleasant one.

No legislation of a radical or revolutionary character has been enacted and the session just closed has been marked by conservatism.

Twenty-sixth Day—The Senate got down in good shape and transacted a lot of business. Many bills received their final reading, and some others were killed. The chief interest in the day's proceedings centered in a speech by Senator Stanland, in which he made the charge of mismanagement and extravagance against the directors of the State dispensary. A bill passed its third reading forbidding the directors from buying liquors except upon a requisition from the State commissioner.

Yesterday Senator Stanland asked leave to withdraw from the files of the Senate his bill providing for the establishment of a Senate soldiers' home. There was no chance for the passage of the bill at this session.

Senator Stanland's request was complied with and the soldiers' home scheme is dead for the present at least.

The bill establishing Lee county was given its third reading. The Senate has amended the bill in certain unimportant particulars and the bill will go back to the House for concurrence—a mere formal procedure.

Mr. Prince's bill to provide for recovery of damages from railroads when they convert to their own use coal or other freight in transit, was given its second reading.

Twenty-seventh Day—The Senate did a very good day's work disposing of a number of matters at the day session, and at night commenced work on the general appropriation bill. One of the results of the morning session was the virtual passing of the street car vestibule bill, with necessary amendments, but not applying to Charleston. At night there was quite a debate over the military item in the appropriation bill. The Senate adjourned at 10 p. m.

Twenty-Ninth Day—The senate spent all of the day, both morning and night sessions, in considering the appropriation bill. After considerable discussion the item giving \$200,000 for pensions was allowed to stand. The appropriation for Winthrop college was increased from \$50,000, as fixed by the house, to \$55,000. The senate reversed its action of the day before and restored the item giving an appropriation to pay the transportation of the State troops to the exposition at Charleston.

At the night session the senate gave a second reading to house joint resolution proposing a constitutional amendment to aid certain townships that voted bonds in aid of a railroad that was never built.

The appropriation bill was the first matter taken up as unfinished business, and Senator Sharpe resumed his argument in opposition to the increased appropriation for Winthrop college.

The committee amendment of \$55,000 was then adopted.

The committee had recommended \$150,000 for Confederate pensions, instead of \$200,000 as the bill came from the house.

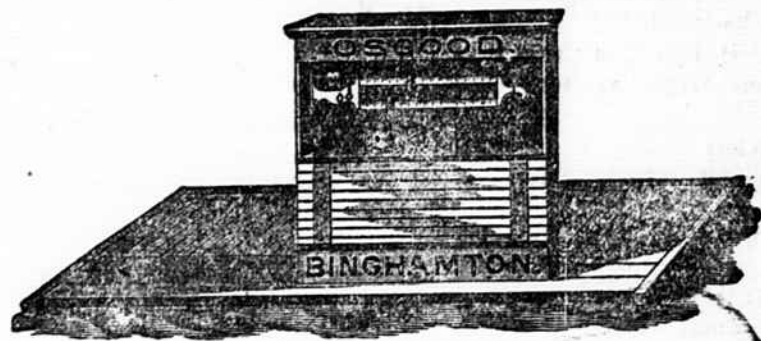
Senator Graydon spoke in favor of \$200,000 for the soldiers. Last year the legislature voted \$150,000 for pensions, but by a mistake they only received \$100,000. Therefore he favored giving \$200,000 this year. If they had gotten \$150,000 last year he would have favored this sum this year, but he felt that the people of the State owed the old soldiers \$50,000 and he wanted the legislature to pay it. In justice and equity the appropriation should be \$200,000 this year.

When the fight begins within himself a man's worth something.

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We are leaders in our business, and for that reason we are better prepared to supply the requirements of the trade than anyone.



We sell Syracuse Steel Beam Plows. They have no equal.

DR. FENNER'S Family Medicines.

Cough Honey.

For Coughs, Colds, Grip, or "Cold" in ANY PART of body.

Kidney and Backache CURE.

COLMAN, Mich., Sept. 27, 1900.
For a whole year I could do no work and walked only by holding on to a chair. I doctored with four different physicians but received no relief. The use of two bottles of Dr. Fenner's Kidney and Backache Cure gave me a perfect cure. J. M. MCKINNEY.

Blood and Liver Remedy and Nerve Tonic

GENEVA, Crawford Co., Pa., June 18, 1900.
Three years ago I had a severe attack of Erysipelas and blood poison, breaking out on my head and face. My physician attended me for several months without result. I then took 3 bottles of Dr. Fenner's Blood and Liver Remedy and Nerve Tonic and secured a complete cure. FRANK BARKMAN.

Great Blood Cleansing Remedy for Spring-Headaches, Constipation, "Tired," Nervous.

MIDDLEBORO, Ky., Sept. 7, 1900.
My wife has suffered long with dyspepsia. I tried all of the pepsin preparations and all of my own prescriptions without avail. I finally prescribed Dr. Fenner's Dyspepsia Cure and the use of it effected a cure. Many other similar cases that have come under my observation have been cured by his Dyspepsia Cure. DR. F. J. LEBANCOO.

Dyspepsia Cure

My Dear Dr. Fenner, Fredonia, N. Y.
I have used Dr. Fenner's Golden Relief for many years for the diseases and accidents for which it is advertised and have found it fully equal to all you claim for it.

Golden Relief

J. BOYD ESPY,
Presiding Elder M. E. Church.

St. Vitus' Dance

AKRON, Ohio, Jan. 8, 1900.
Dr. M. FENNER, Fredonia, N. Y.
"We have sold many dozens of your St. Vitus' Dance Specific and every case has been cured by it. It has proved a blessing here." ALLEN-CLARK DRUG CO.

Ask your druggist for Almanac for 1901 containing descriptions of the Remedies and Certificates of the most remarkable cures ever achieved by medicine.

For Sale by Dr. W. V. BROCKINGTON, Kingtree, S. C.

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These letters will enable all thoughtful men and women to judge of its value to them:

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"I know that through its columns views have been presented to me that I could not otherwise have had access to; because all earnest and thoughtful men, no matter how widely their ideas diverge, are given free utterance in its columns."—Theodore Roosevelt.

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"I consider it a very valuable addition to my library."
—Grover Cleveland.

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