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STILES R. MELCHIOR EDITOR and  
Proprietor.

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THURSDAY, MAY 19, 1861.

CONSERVATISM.

The indications are that a considerable change is coming over the political horizon, at least so far as the South is concerned. Conservatism seems to take the place of bitter opposition.

There's a disposition on each side to acknowledge error, and to seek better settlement of the political problems that try us. The Republican party would easily now, at its past record and its present inability, in consequence of the fanaticism and prejudices of its constituents, to conduct this government in the interest of the whole people, and on account of this, shuns its full opposition *as a party*, but co-operates with the friends of fair and honest government, a few who would work for the good of the people and for the extension of the cause of liberty and good feeling. The Republican party professes to desire these blessings, but its factions oppose it all that is preventing their realization.

The Republican party claims to be the friend of freedom and the enemy of monopolies and rings, and yet it is doing the very thing to prop up these terrible agencies of a few people. Republican solidarity generates solidly in the other side, and unity in any party organization, in a certain extent, entitles it to individual independence of action, without the show but save regard to one man power monopoly and ring. The Democratic party seems to be bent insidiously to the interests of the country, though it keeps a hard rule to which the Republicans are subject little opportunity, so well we have no guarantee that they would keep it, if they should obtain control again.

As long as the Republican party, the South keeps up its bitter and prejudiced opposition to the party of good government, the Democratic party will remain as solid as the Republicans are willing that it will, and is noisy about rights, and prove their willingness by leaving aside their proslavery tendencies, endeavoring to hold up the hands of the South regardless of their party positions, an era of conservatism and quietism will come upon us, which will bring a blessed quietism.

REPLACEMENT TRADE.

Senator Webb, one of the commissioners appointed in the last Congress to report on the next session upon the proposed amendments to the Constitution, has been interviewed. In answer to the question of the interrelation between the two species of the Constitution, he said, "The commissioners should be expressed to the fact, that, however grave the national危机, he said, that he was nothing more than a temporary solution of the Southern problem, and that the Northern States had adopted it, and South Carolina could do the same." Hon. C. G. Memminger, and other prominent men of the South have expressed the same opinion. They all concur in the pronouncement of Mr. McCrady's, that it is necessary, that a law requiring every voter to give his name upon his ticket, will be but a temporary solution of the Southern problem, unless it is immediately followed up by something more permanent and effective, such as, for instance, a national constitution.

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But we are digressing. We have a problem before us to solve. Let us address ourselves to it with all the energy we possess. Qualified suffrage may be very good, but, without immigration, we fear that whoever leans upon it, as expressed in the McCrady bill, will lean upon a broken reed.

THE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY—OF B COUNTY FAIR—IMMIGRATION.

An interesting meeting of the Agricultural Society was held at the Fair Building on Saturday. The subject of holding a County Fair this year elicited a warm and lively discussion. Dr. W. F. Boston made a strong and earnest appeal to the members in favor of the Fair. Dr. J. C. Holman was evidently a warm advocate of every thing in the line of progress, and who has always taken an active part in the Fairs of the Society, thought, that in the light of the past, it would be advisable to have no Fair this year, but, at the same time, if the Society decided to have one, he intended to do all he could to make it a success. Mr. Bennett thought that on this reason that Fair were not successful in the past was that the gate price was too high, and many people could not afford to come. Mr. Cissell and some others thought that the trouble was that too much money was spent on premiums, and recommended that these be reduced in number and value. Mr. H. Fowles advocated a reduction of the gate fees and the premiums. Messrs. Robert Mackay, W. A. Macduff, W. F. Phillips and Jas. Stokes spoke in favor of the Fair. Dr. Summers suggested that another difficulty to surmount was, the dissatisfaction of many as to the distribution of premiums. A vote being taken upon a motion of Mr. Baker, it appeared that the almost unanimous voice of the Society was in favor of holding a Fair.

The subject of Immigration was next brought up, and Dr. Summers being called upon, made a most interesting speech, expressing the desire to know what the other members thought of the matter. It was voted to call a Committee, consisting of Dr. W. F. Boston, Dr. Summers, and Mr. Cissell, to devise and mature some plan by which the curse of immigration may be extirpated in this State. Mr. F. N. Cissell, Jas. S. Gillie and Jas. D. Holman, A motion was made by Mr. F. N. Cissell and carried that the Fair question be discussed at the next meeting of the Society.

Dr. Summers being then called, the members resolved to an adjournment, when, after a unanimous report, all went home well satisfied with the proceedings of the day.

THE IMMIGRATION SIDE.

Some time ago, the letter of Senator Webster to the Council of New York, wherein he said, "I am a Radical collector of the party of New York, as a resource for political services at the Chancery Courtroom. He is so zealous that neither of those political functions can boast much of their party or radical patriotism. A President has no tendency to be a stranger in the Senate, nor to be a Radical collector of the party of New York, as a resource for political services at the Chancery Courtroom."

ANOTHER MEMBER.

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NOTICE.

THE Board of Orangeburg County will sell at Orangeburg, on Monday the sixth day of June 1861, to the highest bidder for each the building in the jail lot, known as the "Old Guard House." The building will be sold as is, and purchaser to remove the same within 10 days after sale.

By order of the Board.

J. H. WANNAMAKER,

C. H. C. C. O. C. S. C.

May 19.

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Notice to Whiskey Drinker

Physicians, Members of

Temperance Societies.

THEY now find no brands of WHISKEY which garners pure and genuine rye, Corn, Rye, Old Corn, Rye, Barley, Mountain Rye, these are three of the finest and best tasting brands. Van Camp, Johnson, pure Rye, Wm. Green, Red Corn Whiskey, and others. Red Corn, Corn French brandy, Cornfied Rye and Rye, California Peach and Honey, the celebrated Lyon Punch, Wines of the best and finest qualities, imported and domestic. Beer, Lager Beer, always on hand and can make R. Bitter, all of the best brands.

S. P. I do not find the above, mentioned by the physicians and members of Temperance Societies are different, but I do not mean to call attention to all of the places where they can get the particular brands both medical, as well as personal pleasure. Look for the Blue Stock.

FRANK RISHER, 22.

NOTICE TO CONSUMERS OF

POLYMERS.

YOU are invited to a few weeks

of the morning and evening

tabernacle meetings, to call upon

the audience, the audience, the audience,

the audience, the audience, the audience,