

The Darlington News.

VOL. XXI, NO. 26.

DARLINGTON, S. C., THURSDAY, JUNE 28, 1894.

WHOLE NUMBER 1,012.

THE ASSASSIN'S KNIFE

President Carnot of France, Killed By an Italo-Anarchist.

FRENCH ATROCITY HAS NO PARALLEL

The Victim of the Tragedy Has Filled His Exalted Position With Honor to His Government, Resting His Authority Upon Manhood.

PARIS, June 25.—President Carnot was assassinated in Lyons last night by an anarchist. He was stabbed to the heart and died almost instantly. The assassin was arrested. The President left Paris on Saturday for Lyons to visit the exhibition.



Marie Francois Sadi Carnot, president of the French republic, was born at Limoges, in August, 1827. He was a grand son of Carnot, "the organizer of Victory" under the French convention, and was a civil engineer by profession. At the age of 20 he entered as a student the Ecole Polytechnique and passed with distinction to a school for special instruction in the building of roads and bridges. During the siege of Paris, in 1871, he was appointed prefect of the Seine Inferieure and as commissary general gave valuable assistance in organizing the defenses of that department. In February 1871, he took his seat in the national assembly as deputy for Cote d'Or and subsequently for Beaune. In 1876, he took office in the Besancon cabinet as finance minister. On the resignation of M. Grevy, in December 1887, M. Carnot was elected president of the republic.

An Autopsy Finally Allowed. PARIS, June 27.—Mme. Carnot eventually withdrew her objections to an autopsy. After the examination a statement to the following effect was issued: "The liver was horribly wounded. The dagger pierced it through a depth of five inches. The Aortic vein was severed and one rib was broken. The weapon penetrated fully seven inches beneath the surface. The abdominal cavity contained two quarts of blood. Externally the wound appeared only as a cut about an inch long under the breast. The dagger must have been under strong pressure; otherwise it could not have penetrated so far." At 8 o'clock yesterday afternoon the president's body was placed in a coffin. The mayor of Lyons has issued a mourning proclamation in which he says: "Cursed be the criminal. Cursed be the wretches who, by their doctrines and writings armed the assassin."

How England Regards the Crime. LONDON, June 27.—The House of Commons was filled with members and visitors at the opening of Monday's sitting. This morning Sir William Harcourt arose and announced that he moves and address to the queen, requesting her Majesty to associate any sentiment of her own feeling which might convey to France the abhorrence which the House of Commons regarded the crime, which deprived President Carnot of his life. The announcement was received with cheers.

The Pope Deeply Affected. ROME, June 27.—The Pope is deeply affected by the assassination of President Carnot. His Holiness had advised his entourage to offer prayers that complications between France and Italy may be averted.

The British Court in Mourning. LONDON, June 27.—Following the precedent adopted at the time of the death of the President James A. Garfield, the British court will go into mourning for a week out of respect to the memory of the late President Carnot.

Lord Rosebery Offers Resolutions. LONDON, June 27.—Lord Rosebery, in the house of lords yesterday offered a motion similar to the one announced in the house of commons by Sir William Harcourt in regard to the death of President Carnot.

Italian Bourses Closed in Sympathy. ROME, June 27.—All the Italian Bourses have been closed out of sympathy for the great loss France has sustained by the assassination of President Carnot.

To Rest by the Side of His Grandfather. LONDON, June 27.—The Paris correspondent of the Daily News says: President Carnot's body will be laid in the Pantheon beside that of his grandfather.

Emperor Joseph's Condolence. VIENNA, June 27.—Emperor Francis Joseph has wired Premier Dupp expressing his deep sorrow at the death of President Carnot.

Cleveland's Sympathy. WASHINGTON, June 27.—The President and Secretary Grusham sent telegrams of sympathy to Mme. Carnot in her affliction.

FIGHT TO A FINISH.

Republican Members of the French Senate Do Battle in Session.

PARIS, June 27.—A meeting of republican members of the senate and chamber of deputies was held yesterday afternoon, to decide upon a candidate for president to be voted for at Versailles today. The proceedings were characterized throughout by an indescribable noise and continuous brawling. Deputies and senators shouted at the top of their voices over one another's heads. Some demanded a vote without debate. Blows were exchanged by several members and ink stands were thrown about freely. Deputy Marc Susset, member for Ardiche tried to stand upon the table, and was pulled forcibly to the floor by M. Betreux, member for Seine-Et-Oise. Another member who tried to hide the ballot box was struck and knocked down. Finally some of the calmer members proposed a recess and motion to adjourn was carried. A large number remained in the hall, however, and after a short period of quietness, Senator De Verninae, who presided, asked whether the meeting desired to vote. The tumult was renewed immediately and as it was impossible to restore order, M. Deverninae declared the meeting closed and left the tribune.

Fighting ensued for fully a quarter of an hour. Eventually the hall was cleared. The conflict was provoked by the socialists and the extreme radicals, in order to prevent a decisive vote. During the fighting, Deputy Humbert, socialist, seized the ballot box in which a vote was being taken and breaking it up, threw the pieces in the faces of his opponents. Under the circumstances a record of the vote was considered worthless.

Two hundred republicans met subsequently in the committee room. Deputy Delo-Montaud, presiding. Resolutions were adopted expressing the sorrow of the moderate members of the party that the plenary assembly had been prevented from accomplishing its purpose by such tumultuous scenes and accusing the socialists of purposely obstructing the proceedings. It was decided that the only recourse was to go to Versailles without preparatory decisions as to the presidency, and that this course was likely to ensure the election of M. Casimir-Perier. The socialist deputies had delegated Jaures, Hugues, Jourde, Tillerand, Groussot, Hovelacque and Peire Richard to attend the plenary meeting and act in concert with the advanced republican senators in the choice of a candidate who would not combat the socialists.

Later in the day the three republican senatorial groups—the Centre, the Left republicans, and the unionists republicans—met to choose a candidate for the presidency. A ballot was taken with this result: Casimir-Perier, 144; Dupuy, 15; Brisson, 6; Defreinet, 4; Arago, 2; Loubet, 3; Constans, 2; Cavignac, 1. No representatives of these groups attended the plenary meeting. Deputy Pelletan, radical, complains that he was struck in the face with an inkstand during the tumult in the plenary meeting. Deputy Sauzet, who was pulled off the table during the tumult, has challenged M. Betreux to a duel. The seconds named by M. Sauzet have declined to act.

LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE.

Arranging for a Line from Knoxville to Cleveland. CONCORD, Tenn., June 27.—Poles are being distributed here for erecting a long distance telephone line from Knoxville to Cleveland, Tenn. The route as surveyed, so far as your correspondent was able to learn, is from Knoxville along the Kingston pike to Concord, then parallel with the railroad to London.

On account of the night telegraph office at this place being abolished the night mails have been discontinued here. This only affects mail that heretofore was received on the 9:40 p. m. eastbound train.

AND AT THE OLD PRICES.

Strikers at the Soudy Coal Mines Return to Their Labors.

CHATTANOOGA, June 27.—The strike at the Soudy Mills company's mills of this city, is broken. The miners returned to work yesterday, at the same old price they were getting before the strike occurred. About one hundred returned to work yesterday, and the rest will follow. They have been on the strike for nine weeks.

Policeman Cut by a Bully.

GREENSBORO, N. C. June 27.—High Point is in a great state of excitement over a cutting affray that occurred there Saturday night. Joe Jackson was terrorizing the town and policeman Joe Hoffman attempted to arrest him. Jackson drew a knife and slashed the policeman in ten places. All this occurred before a crowd of nearly a hundred spectators, who were too greatly frightened to attempt to assist the policeman.

Brown and Frye Never Speak. WASHINGTON, June 27.—Carl Brown of the Coxyey contingent refused to recognize Gen. Frye and his army on the ground that they were not sufficiently imbued with the spirit of the commonwealth to be accepted as members. Frye and his army joined the Calvinites in camp. Brown's hostility to the new camping is largely practical, based on fear of a famine in camp.

THE WEEK'S NEWS CONDENSED.

J. S. Coxe spoke at Ashtabula, O., Thursday.

There are 40,000 Seventh Day Adventists in Wisconsin.

Frye's "army," 300 strong, has reached Cumberland, Md.

The first carload of new wheat has arrived at St. Louis.

The Missouri River at Omaha, Neb. is near the danger line.

Texas populists have nominated T. L. Nugent for Governor.

The De Pauw University School of Law has been abolished.

The report of the failure of the Pueblo Journal is not true.

A cyclone storm visited Iowa and Nebraska Thursday night.

A windstorm at Brookville, Ind., Friday, did \$25,000 damage.

An eight inch vein of gold has been discovered in Pike's Peak.

Twelve houses were struck by lightning at Brazil Ind., Friday.

Kelly's commonwealth "navy," now in Indiana, numbers 1,333 men.

Gen. Kelly's sailors became landsmen again at Bridgeport Ind.

Large schools of menhaden are reported near Gloucester, Mass.

Rich deposits of gold are said to have been found near Bluff City, Colo.

The treasury gold reserve at close of business Friday stood \$61,002,746.

Coxeyites tried to board a passenger train at Steele, N. D., but failed.

Twenty two Coxeyites were arrested at Fairfield Ill., for train stealing.

The Independent state convention of South Dakota is in session at Mitchell.

The Missouri supreme court decided that a falling firm may prefer creditors.

Recent rains in Illinois, Iowa and Missouri improved the crop prospects.

The torpedo boat at Dubuque, Ia., has started on its Mississippi river trip.

The President, on Friday, received the new Korean minister, Mr. Ye Sung See.

A saw mill engine near Laclede, Mo., exploded, killing two men and injuring a third.

A parade of 25,000 men is expected at the Knights of Pythias encampment in August.

Leavenworth and Albany, Ind., will prevent Kelly's industrial tars from landing.

The government payment to the Cherokee Indians began at Vinita I. T. Saturday.

A terrific windstorm devastated the neighborhood of Pierre, S. D., Wednesday night.

The fishing schooner Effie T. Kemp is reported a total loss on Baker's Island, Me.

Clinton Osborn, a popular politician of Halton, Kan., shot and killed Chas. B. Hamble.

The congress of the National Press Association is in session in St. Paul, Minnesota.

The name of Frank McCoppin for postmaster of San Francisco, was sent to the Senate.

A court of inquiry at Halifax, N. S., has exonerated the captain of the lost steamer Texas.

E. B. Meredith will probably be the prohibition nominee for governor of South Dakota.

Gen. Alex. S. Webb was elected president of the Society of the Army of the Potomac.

For the first time the Illinois Glass Company will operate its Alston factories in summer.

A new Episcopal diocese will be created out of the northwest tier of counties in Wisconsin.

General Aubrey's industrial army is deserting at Columbus, Ohio, because he enlisted tramps.

Kelly and Baker, leaders of the commonwealthers, were arrested for vagrancy, in Louisville, Ky.

The National Linsseed Oil Company has won its suit in the United States court to issue bonds.

The Kansas political situation is reviewed Democrats say they will not fuse with Populists.

LAST WEEK OF TARIFF

The Final Vote in the Senate Is Cast on Thursday.

THE AMENDMENTS TO THE INCOME TAX.

In the House the Bill to Admit New Mexico As a State Will Hold Precedence After Tuesday—Other Matters Awaiting Their Turn.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—Party leaders on both sides of the chamber agree that this week will see the tariff bill out of the senate; as to the precise date there is a divergence of opinion. Senators Harris and Jones expect to see the final vote taken not later than Tuesday evening. Senator Aldrich, on the republican side, says it may be taken then, but it will more likely be Thursday. Senator Thurston says the vote may be taken Thursday, but he hardly thinks it will be reached before Saturday.

The republicans, it is understood, have not abandoned their intention of fully debating certain propositions found in the bill, such as the sugar schedule; its alleged connection with the trust and the investigation now going on; neither will they overlook the abandonment of the reciprocal or commercial arrangements made under the provisions of the McKinley act.

It is believed that the income tax part of the bill will be concluded today and possibly the internal revenue paragraph. A large number of amendments still to be offered to the income tax and the attack the republicans intend making on the increase in the tax on whiskey may, however, prevent these matters from being disposed of in one day.

The absence of Speaker Crisp from the House last week prevented the committee on rules, in whose hands are the proposed destinies of legislation in the house, from arranging a programme of business for the coming week. It will not be absolutely necessary for them to do anything in the matter before Tuesday or Wednesday, for the rules of the House and pending business are sufficient to provide for the first two days. This being the 4th Monday of the month, is set aside for consideration of business relating to the local affairs of the district of Columbia. When the house adjourned on Saturday, the general deficiency appropriation bill for the current year was the unfinished business of the whole—the question of paying nearly half a million dollars of judgments of the court of claims on account of Indian depredations; and the balance of a year's salaries to the families of three deceased members, one of whom died as far back as the 41st congress—promised to require an ordinary day's session for their settlement. The probabilities seem to be, therefore, that other general legislation will not be considered before Wednesday.

There are half dozen measures on the calendar whose advocates are desirous of securing recognition, but the bill to admit New Mexico as a state of the union, stands the best show for first place. Another bill that nestles in the good graces of the leaders is that introduced by Representative Cooper of Indiana, authorizing the states to tax greenbacks as gold and silver are taxed.

HURLED TO HIS DEATH.

An Aged Atlanta Citizen Almost Instantly Killed by a Train.

ATLANTA, June 26.—Augustus L. Ehlers, of 76 Foundry street, was killed by an incoming passenger train on the central railroad about seven miles from this city shortly after 7 o'clock yesterday.

Mr. Ehlers is a highly respected German-American citizen 63 years of age. For the past three years he has been engaged in working at the Gate City Oil Mill, which is located on the east side of the central railroad between East Point and Hapeville, at a distance of about seven miles from the city.

Mr. Ehlers goes out to his work and returns to his home on the central hour train. Yesterday morning he was on the hour train which left Atlanta 6:50 o'clock. The central road and the hour train was going out on the right hand track. When it stopped for him at the oil mill, which is on the left hand side of the double tracks, Mr. Ehlers alighted and started across the left hand track to the mill.

He was deaf and could not hear the approach on the left hand track of the last passenger train of the central road, which reaches Atlanta at 7:45 o'clock. In an instant it struck him, hurling his body high into the air and killing him almost instantly. The body was brought to the city at 11:30 o'clock and a coroner's inquest held.

SANTO, THE ASSASSIN, TALKS.

Declares Himself an Anarchist, in Favor of a Policy of Violence.

LYONS, June 27.—Santo, the assassin of President Carnot, was again brought up this morning, for examination before examining Magistrate Benoit. He declared himself to be an anarchist and strongly in favor of a policy of violence. Replying to questions Santo said that he acted upon his own initiative and had not been engaged in any conspiracy to murder the president. The Magistrate, however, is not convinced that the prisoner had accomplished, as it has been ascertained that when he stopped at Vienne and Montpelier he had several suspicious conferences with persons suspected of being in league with anarchists. When Santo arrived at Vienne on Saturday on the way to Lyons, he slept at the house of an anarchist and afterwards started for Lyons at 8:30 o'clock in the afternoon. The police investigation has already led to the arrest of three persons at Vienne who are believed to have been engaged in the suspected conspiracy. The authorities here believe that Santo was an agent of the anarchists and that he was entrusted with the task of murdering the president and carried out instances which he received at various towns between Gette and Lyons.

THE BUSINESS BRISK.

Development of Southern Interest Never More Active.

BALTIMORE, June 25.—The Baltimore Manufacturers Record in its weekly summary of industrial conditions in the south says: "The completion of the re-organization of the Richmond and Danville railroad, backed by the greatest financial interest in America must prove of incalculable value to the south. It will attract renewed attention to this section and help to start with increased vigor the advancement of every business interest of the whole south. Reports from all parts of the country show that increased attention is being given to the question of emigration to the south, while on the part of the southern people there is greater activity than ever before in dividing ways and means to attract men, money and manufacturers in this section."

Taking a general look over the situation the prospect for the solid substantial development of the south was never more promising. The list of new industrial enterprises as reported during the past week shows a slight decrease as compared with the preceding week. Among the enterprises reported were a \$45,000 preserve farm company; \$300,000 cane works; \$100,000 oil and wood working plant in South Carolina; a \$35,000 wood working company, Banxite mines, shoe factory, telephone system etc., in Georgia; printing works, novelty mill, phosphate mine, horse shoe works, steam laundry etc., in Florida; a \$20,000 manufacturing Co., a large lumber plant, etc., in Mississippi; an ice factory, gold mines, etc., in North Carolina; a \$20,000 flour mill company, wood working plant, tool works, etc., in Tennessee; a \$25,000 publishing company, gold mine, \$5,000 lighting plant, \$12,000 publishing company, canery, coal mine, etc., in Virginia. The new buildings included a \$7,000 school house and \$20,000 school house in Georgia; a \$53,000 business building in Florida; a \$18,000 residence in Virginia, and a \$14,000 church in Alabama.

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SAFE FROM RUST.

Sheet-Iron Covered by Tar and Then Heated In.

For the protection of sheet-iron pipes from the rust tarring is now largely resorted to, as a method alike simple, economical and effective. The sections, as made, are for this purpose coated with coal tar, and then filled with light wood shavings and the latter set on fire, the effect of this treatment, it seems, being to render the iron practically proof against rust for an indefinite period, and rendering future painting unnecessary. In confirmation of this, the instance is cited of a chimney of sheet iron erected in 1866, which, through being subjected to the treatment in question, is bright and sound to-day as when erected, though never having had any paint applied to it since. It is suggested that by strongly heating the iron after the tar is laid on the outside the latter becomes literally burned into the metal, closing the pores and rendering it rust proof, in a far more complete manner than if the tar itself be first made hot and applied to cold iron, according to the usual practice pursued. It is a matter of importance, of course, in carrying out this method with iron pipes, not only that the iron should not be kept too hot, but that the iron should not be kept hot for too long a time, lest the tar be burned off; and hence the desirableness of using light shavings instead of any other means of heating.

Writers of comic plays are said to have, as a rule, a very good conceit of themselves. But one of them objected, nevertheless, when an ardent admirer compared him with Shakespeare. "You mustn't do that!" said the dramatist. "Why not?" "Well, Shakespeare had his way of writing, you know, and I have mine!"—Youth's Companion.

DOUBLE TRAGEDY IN GEORGIA.

In Crawford County a Merchant and Lawyer Fight to the Death.

MACON, Ga., June 23.—News was received here last night of a double tragedy in Crawford county Wednesday. Wert Dent, merchant and O. P. Wright lawyer, both of Roberts, had a difficulty in Dent's store. Wright cut Dent across the abdomen. Friends interfered and Wright went across the street and was followed by Dent, who with entrails protruding out, plunged a large pitch-fork into Wright's breast, and broke the fork over his head. Both of the men will die.

The Johnson Publishing Co., Incorporated. RICHMOND, June 23.—The B. F. Johnson publishing company was chartered here yesterday. The minimum capital is to be \$50,000, and maximum \$200,000. The object is to issue histories and other educational works that will be satisfactory to southern schools. Stock in the company has been taken by many leading citizens.

DOUBLE TRAGEDY IN FLORIDA.

LAWTAY, Fla., June 23.—Some time last night Dr. Gustavus Drolshagen and wife who live about a mile east of this place, were murdered. The assassin entered their room while they were asleep and crushed their skulls with an axe. Robbery is supposed to have been the motive. There is no clue to the murderer.

MARY LEE MINE FIRE UNDER CONTROL.

BIRMINGHAM, June 25.—The fire in the Mary Lee coal mines is still burning. However the men who are fighting it have it under control to the extent of preventing it from spreading much further. The coal seam that is burning is quite a thick one, and it will be some time before the flames can be extinguished.

BACK TO THE SCENE OF HIS CRIME.

ATLANTA, June 25.—Sheriff Powell, Huntsville, Ala., was at the police station yesterday and left last night with J. W. alias "Crack" Johnson, who is wanted in Huntsville on a charge of assault and jail breaking. Johnson does not deny his guilt and went back without a requisition.

HAS CHARLESTON DISBANDED?

SAVANNAH, June 26.—Ted Sullivan and the Atlanta team arrived here yesterday and will play the games scheduled with the Savannah team. Sullivan says Atlanta has not disbanded but is in the league to stay. He says Charleston has disbanded.

THE MEXICAN SAILS OUT FROM PORT ROYAL.

BEAUFORT, S. C., June 25.—The big British steamship Mexican with a heavy cargo was successfully taken out from Port Royal and over the bar yesterday, drawing twenty-five feet of water and without any tug assistance by Pilot Walsh.

NASHVILLE WILL REMAIN A FINISH.

MOBILE, Ala., June 26.—The report sent out that the Nashville club will withdraw from the southern league is unfounded and maliciously false.

THE RANGE STRIKE SPREADING.

IRONWOOD, June 27.—The strike is spreading on this range. Over a thousand men have joined the union during the past few days. The situation is quiet.

WIMAN GETS A STAY.

NEW YORK, June 26.—Judge Barrett, of the supreme court, has granted a stay in the Erastus Wiman case until Friday next.

C. S. GEORGE, A FARMER, AND EDWARD DAVIS HIS Hired MAN, WERE ARRESTED Friday at FITCHBURG, Mass., for issuing counterfeit half dollars.

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Norment & Co.

LADIES' GOODS EXCLUSIVELY.



A customer who dropped a silver dollar on the floor remarked as it rolled away: "A dollar goes a long way in this store"

THIS IS THE GENERAL VERDICT.

Our Goods are

Standard Values.

Prices Correct.

Respectfully,

Norment & Co.

Mar 29—

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

MRS. M. J. BYRD

wishes to inform her friends and the Public Generally that she is

"SELLING OUT AT COST"

her entire stock of MILLINERY, FANCY GOODS, AND NOTIONS.

From 23 to Jul 1.

If you feel weak and all worn out take BROWN'S IRON BITERS

Darlington Lodge

No. 7, Knights of Pythias, meets on 1st and 3rd Thursday Evenings in each month, at Castle Hall, Florence street, opposite Broad. Visiting brothers fraternally invited.

The Darlington Building and Loan Association.

THE Regular Monthly Meeting of this Association will be held at the office of E. Keith Dargan, Esq., next Monday night, 25th inst., at 7:30 o'clock. Dues received by undersigned at his office until 6 o'clock p. m., and at the meeting. CHAS. K. ROGERS, Secy. and Treas.

To Lovers of Music:

CALL on C. N. Spinks, at Darlington Shoe Store, and inspect line of musical goods, such as strings and trimmings for the violin, guitar, banjo and autoharp. Just received and will continue to receive monthly from Oliver Ditson Co., of New York, all of the latest songs; also latest publications in sacred music. Ap13—3m.