



emberty

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Clerical Error Discovered But There

No Way to Corsect 1t-The County

Pension Commissioner.

[The State, 8th.]

The general assembly at its recent

session made considerable changes

in the pension acts. Aside from in

creasing the appropriation to \$200,

000 and providing for its disburse

ment in such a way that the most

needy veterans would be more ma

terially benefited than the others,

the legislature passed some six or

more acts making changes in the

pension laws. Recently numerous

requests have been made for copies

of these acts, and for the information

of those concerned. The State today

publishes some of them; the others

Yesterday in one of these new acts

The text of the act "to regulate

will be given tomorrow.

erall



ESTABLISHED 1865.

NEWBERRY, S. C., FRIDAY, MARCH 14, 1902

TWICE A WEEK. \$1.50 A YEAR

THE SOUTH CAROLINA

HOW IT IS TO BE SECURED UNDER

Preliminaries Soon to Begin-Will be Made Up from Exhibits Now in the State Endiding at Charleston Exposition.

[The State, 11th.]

Every effort is to be made now that the general assembly has made provision for it to have South Caro has suitably repre ente at the world's fair at St. Louis. With the material in the way of exhibits in the State building at Charleston, if it can be secured and properly worked over, will form a fine exhibit.

Under the clause put in the appro priation act by the general assembly it will be the duty of the present South Carolina commission in charge of the State building and exhibit at the Charleston Exposition to take charge of the work. This commission will soon meet to map out a plan of action and get the preliminary work under way.

This provision in the appropria tion act of this year for the exhibit at St. Louis reads as follows:

"For the purpose of preserving the exhibits of a permanent character at the South Carolina Interstate and West Indian Exposition which may become the property of the State as provided in section 5 of an act entitled "an act to provide for a building and a State exhibit at the South Carolina Interstate and West her old soldiers there should be Indian Exposition, and to make an classes, as there is today in the law, appropriation for the same, approved and give every old soldier or his Feb. 8, 1901, and such county ex- widow, rich or pour, their part of the hibits as may be placed under the care of said commission so as to form an exhibit at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition in 1903, at St. Lonis, Mo., \$2,500, and any unexpended balance of the appropriation in said act."

The section of the original act referred to reads as follows:

"Section 5. The commission here inabove created shall receive and hold for the use of the State all exhibits of a permanent character that may become the property of the State by purchase, donation or otherwise, and shall make a report as to such exhibits to the general assembly at its first meeting after the close of the exposition."

In a letter to Gov. McSweeney, who says he will perish before he Mr. Charles N. Reeves, secretary of the committee on legislation of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition com pany received today says:

Sir: Your very kind letter of March 1, giving the amount of the South Carolina appropriation for the world's fair exhibit and list of the members of the commission, came du ring my absence in Minnesota

Our people were very much pleased to note the patriotic action taken by the South Carolina legislature, and I want to thank you particularly for the kindly interest you have shown throughout. The commission is a strong body, and I believe that the South Carolina exhibit will be not only a credit to the State, but to the exposition as well.

THE PENSION LAW.

"Leona" Wants a Soldiers' Home or the Money Divided Between the Vet. rans-Other News.

Mr. Marcus Lester, has been very

We learn that Mrs. Jas. Moore, has been very sick.

Mr. A. B. Mills, Sr, has a case of La Grippe.

Some of our farmers have sown a great deal of spring oats.

Our schools are all still running

with good attendance. Rev. A McA. Pitman, of Green-

wood, preached at Bethel last Sun-

We had hoped that the last session of the legislature would have appropriated money to have built an old soldiers' home. As we consider the pension law as it stands today rotten from beginning to end, as it applies to certain individual soldiers and not to all who rendered service in the Confederate services. favor an old soldiers' home let it cost what it may, or either proportion the amount expended to every old sol dier, or his widow.

The home if it had been built Changes Made in Pension Laws in a few years would have been EXPERT AT ST. LOUIS. the State's property, and after built some of the NEW ACTS OF THE done away with appropriating money for pensions, and let all those who are not able to live at home without a pension go to the old soldiers' home and let the State bear all expenses, and if they refused to go give them nothing. Here is what we favor, to build an old soldiers' home or divide the apportionment of \$200,000 for pensions, in equal amounts to each old soldier or his widow, let him be rich or poor, high or low, as every man who went to the war was a target for the yankee bullets, and faced the storm of shot and shell, and his life was held up to the missles of death just the same as his poor neighbor who received a pension, and do away with property qualifications. The man who went to the war and did his duty and gets no pension,

deserves one as much as the man who

is receiving one. there was discovered a bad mistake We ask the question, is this fair of the engrossing department, the legislation? That is the condition of words "first Monday in February" affairs as we find them today, parappearing when it is the manifest tial legislation to benefit some, while intention of the act that the first others receive none who were better Monday in March was intended, for soldiers may be than those receiving from its text the act shows that it a pension. We claim it is right to was the intention of the framers to divide the amount. If our legislature permit at least a month for the per is going to apportion money for the formance of certain duties between old soldiers give them all a part two meetings of the board. This if it only be \$1.00 a piece. We beerror appears in the act creating the lieve in "equal rights to all and office of county pension commisspecial privileges to none." We besioner, and it is somewhat of a problieve if the State is going to pension lem as to how the difficulty thus created will be met. county aid to Confederate soldiers and to prevent their disfranchiseapportionment, according to the class ment," is as follows: he comes under. We believe that Section 1. Be it enacted by the the one leg and one arm soldiers general assembly of the State of should receive more than the others South Carolina: That from and because they have been disabled after the approval of this act the from making an honest living, and county board of commissioners of the suffered the loss of one of their limbs. various counties of this State shall If we are going to have part al leghave the right in their discretion to islation, and not going to give all the extend county aid to indigent Conold soldiers or their widows a part federate soldiers in their respective of the apportionment made, then we counties at the home of such soldiers say build an old soldiers' home, and or at the homes of such relatives or do away with appropriating money friends: Provided, that it shall be to pension old soldiers and widows. established to the satisfaction of the And after the soldiers' home is built said boards that such soldier is deand if any of them refuses to go to serving of aid and is physically unit let them alone and stop pensioning able to earn a support, and that he

them. We know of an old soldier

they are in need, and a home is of-

tion, or either build an old soldiers'

home for those brave boys of bygone

years, and do away with partial legis

Newberry Co. March 10, 1902.

PRESIDENT WITHDRAW CHAFFEE'S

Shortage of \$300 in Accounts of Aiker

Postoffice Reported by Inspector-No

Explanations,

[Special to The State.]

dent Roosevelt has withdrawn the

nomination of Wm. G. Chaffee to be

ter Chaffee amounting to \$300.

is now on file in the department.

fee's appointment is the result.

known to President Roosevelt by

appointed Chaffee last summer, de

clined to discuss the matter today

further than to confirm the above

knew Chaffee had not offered an ex

The senate had refused thus far

planation of the affairs.

have been yet filed.

unknown quarters.

Washington, March 10.-Presi

from the State to support him. will go to the County home, if the Sec. 2. That no Confederate sol-County home is not good enough for dier shall be disfranchised by reason a man, when he needs help and an of his having received or is receiving old soldiers' home is not to the taste such aid as aforesaid.

of an old soldier or his widow and The act "to provide for the repair of artificial limbs of certain citi fered them, and help freely given zens of this State who were soldiers and they refuse, we say let them suf in the war between the States and to fer. We would be glad to see the pay certain of such citizens money in day come where all the old soldiers, lieu thereof," reads thus: or their widows receive their propor-

does not obtain a sufficient pension

Section 1. Be it enacted by the general assembly of the State of South Carolina: That the sum of \$2,000, if so much be necessary, be and is hereby appropriated to defray the expenses of the repair of artificial limbs heretofore donated to citizens of this State who lost a leg the military service in the war between the States.

Sec. 2. That the comptroller general be, and is hereby, authorized and required to draw his warrant on in section 1066, as class A, class B, postmaster at Aiken because of the the State treasurer, and the State shortage in the accounts of Postmas- treasurer pay the same, for a sum not exceeding \$25 in favor of any The matter was brought to the at- citizens of this State, upon the presentation to him by or on behalf of priated shall be more than sufficient, tention of the president through a such citizens of a certificate under then the amount so appropriated report of a postoffice inspector which seal of the clerk of court of the counsuch citizen lost a leg or an arm or was permanently disabled in a leg or Postmaster General Payne he told the latter he would take the matter in an arm while in military service code of laws of South Carolina of in hand and the withdrawal of Chaf of this State or the Confederate States in the war between the States, and that such citizen received an Senator McLaurin, upon whose artificial limb under the act of 1879, recommendation President McKinley facts and to say that so far as he is not on the State pension roll and cost of such repair certified to by a No applications for appointment reputable physician of the county the service of the State, or Confederwherein such citizen resides: Pro to confirm the nomination on account of certain opposition to Chaffee from | vided, that such citizen who is re

thing under this appropriation proshall be appropriated out of the pension fund: Provided, further, that in case any citizen received money instead of an artificial limb as proa certificate under seal of the clerk of court of the county wherein such to receive such compensation instead said act: Provided further, that all persons desiring the benefits of this in the war between the States; and act shall file their claims as herein approval of this act, and if the comp troller general shall find that the years of age, or (b) that her husband amount of claims filed and approved | lost his life in the service of the State exceed the said sum of \$2,000, then

Here is the act "creating a county pension commissioner, defining his duties and to further define and regu late the duty of county pension boards hereafter," in which the error has been made:

the claims approved by him.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the general assembly of the State of pension board of the respective counties in this State shall at its first meeting in January in each year elect one of its members to the position of pension commissioner, whose duty it shall be to attend in the auditor's office of his county every Saturday during the month of January in each year for the purpose of said board, which said board shall meet on the first Monday in February of each year to pass upon said applications. Said commissioner shall be and is hereby authorized and required to administer oaths. When said applications have been approved by said board, said commissioner shall write up the lists of the same. Said board shall meet again on the first Monday of Feb-

service in any one year. Below are given the last two of the new pension acts resulting from this year's session of the general assembly. The first is the act giving the requirements as to the eligibility for to provide for pensions of certain pensions and the method of disbursement. It reads as follows:

ruary in each year to sign said lists

and immediately forward same to the

comptroller general. Said pension

commissioner shall be allowed \$2 a

day as pay for his services, but shall

not be paid for more than 10 days'

Section 1. Be it enacted by the general assembly of the State of South Carolina, that section 1065 of the code of laws of South Carolina 1902, and the same is hereby amended, so as to read as follows:

Section 1065. The sum of at least \$150,000 shall be annually appropriated to pay the pensions provided appropriated shall be distributed pensions of certain soldiers and sailproportionately among those legally ors, now residents of South Carolina, entitled to receive the same: Prohave been first paid in full: Provided further, in case the same, or such amount as shall be approshall be distributed proportionately

receive the same. Sec. 2. That section 1066 of the was a bona fide soldier or sailor in ate States in the war between the ceeding \$150 per annum nor property | that the English visit and all its de-States; and second, either (a) that sufficient to produce such an income; ceiving a pension from the State while in such service he lost a leg or or (b) that he has reached the age 60 ed.

shall not be entitled to receive any. arm or sight, or received other bodi. years, and that neither he nor his wife SECRETARY LONG ly injury whereby he has become vided that the amount so appropriated | disabled, or that he is totally dis- | from any source or possessed propabled by paralysis; and further, that neither himself nor his wife has an income exceeding \$150 per annum, nor property sufficient to produce bona fide soldier or sailor in the servided under the act of 1879, the act | such an income, or (b) that he has | vice of the State or of the Confedof 1881 or the amendments thereof, | reached the age of 60 years, and that that such person shall be allowed the neither he nor his wife is receiving States, and, second, that she has sum of \$25 upon the presentation of an annual income of \$75 from any source, nor possessed of property sufficient to produce such an income. citizen resides, that he was entitled (B) If a woman. First, That she is that either (a) she is sixty years of the widow of a man who was a bona of the artificial limb as provided in fide soldier or sailor in the service of life in the service of the State or of the State or of the Confederate States second, that she has never remarried provided within 90 days after the or having remarried is again a widow; produce same. and third, that either (a) she is 60 or of the Confederate States in the he shall pro rata the said sum among | war between the States: and fourth, that she has not an income of \$100 per annum or property sufficient to produce same. Fifth, the classifica tion of all pensioners shall be as follows: Class A. Those who as a result of wounds received in said war, are physically helpless, or whom while in such service lost both arms or both legs or sight; or who are dis-South Carolina: That each county abled by paralysis and are unable to make a living whose income or his years. wife's does not exceed \$150 per an num. Class B. Those who while in tives, principally the carders and such service lost one arm or one leg and whose income or his wife's does not exceed \$150 per annum. Class the mills replied emphatically in the C No. 1. Those soldiers and sailors disabled by wounds received during said war, whose income or his wife's meeting the pension applicants in does not exceed \$150 per annum. each range and fix up all pension | Class C No 2. Those who have reached | The mill men say they will not put papers in a condition to go before the age of 60 years, and whose in come or his wife's does not exceed \$75 per annum. Class C No. 3. Widows of those who lost their lives while in such service of the State or of the Confederate States, and whose income does not exceed \$100 per annum. Class C No. 4. Widows above the age of 60 years

> Sec. 3. That section 1067 of the code of laws of South Carolina, 1902. be and the same are hereby amended so as to read as follows: Section 1067. The persons described in the preceding sections shall be entitled to a pension upon complying with the other provisious of this chapter, and each pensioner of the several classes shall be paid the amounts hereinafter set forth, to-wit:

whose income does not exceed \$100

The other is the act "to amend section 3 of an act 'Entitled an act soldiers and sailors now residents of South Carolina, who were in the service of the State or of the Confederate States in the late war between the States, approved the 19th day of February, A. D. 1900, so far as re lates to widows of Confederate soldiers and sailors '"

Section 1. Be it enacted by the general assembly of the State of King Edward. South Carolina: That sub division or arm, or who became permanently for by this chapter, and in case the 2nd of sub-title (B) of section 3 of discussed the matter it was stated by disabled in a leg or an arm during same, or such amounts as shall be an act entitled "An act to provide for those in position to know that she who were in the service of the State vided, that those pensioners described or of the Confederate States in the war between the States, approved class C, No. 1, class C No. 3, shall the 19th day of February, 1900, be practically impossible for her to go down to the two representatives in and the said sub-division is hereby simply as a young American girl congress-Mr. Foss of Illinois, chairamended by inserting between the word "remarried" and the word "and" the following words, "or that she being 60 years of age, is a widow again, her last husband having died," As soon as the shortage was made ty wherein such citizen resides, that among all those legally entitled to so that section 3 of the said act when so amended shall read as follows: Section 3. In order to obtain the benefits of this chapter, the appli-1902, be, and the same is hereby cant unqualified by residence, must tions. When Miss Roosevelt's status ferred to stay at home. amended so as to read as follows: also show: (A) If a man, first, that Section 1066. The applicant must he was a bona fide soldier or sailor have been a resident of the State for | in the service of the State or of the the act of 1881 or the amendments | two years prior to the time of the | Confederate States in the war bethereof, and that said artificial limb applicant. In order to obtain the tween the States; and second, either the Emperor and Empress of Gerneeds repairs, and that such citizen | benefits of this chapter, the appli | (a) that while in such service he lost | cant qualified by residence must also a leg or arm or received other bodily also the estimates of the probable show: (A) If a man. 1st. That he injury whereby he has become dis abled; and further, that neither him self nor his wife has an income ex

is receiving an annual income of \$75 erty sufficient to produce such an income. (B) If a woman, first, that she is the widow of a man who was a erate States in the war between the never remarried or that she being sixty years of age is a widow again, her last husband having died, and 3, age, or (b) that her husband lost his the Confederate States, and, fourth, that she has not an income of \$100 per annum nor property sufficient to Henry Moody of the Sixth Congres-

AUGUSTA THREATENED WITH A MILL

Operatives Demand 10 Per Cent Advance General Close Down Expected Next Monday.

[Special to The State.]

Augusta, March 10:-The busi ness interests of Augusta, and particularly of West End, the mill district, are worked up and very blue over the prospects of one the largest cotton mill strikes this section of the country has had to deal with in life-a strong feeling of loyalty to-

About three weeks ago the opera spinners, made a demand for a 10 per cent. increase in wages to which negative. The labor organizations set March 17, next Monday, as the last day of grace and decided to strike if the demand was not granted. on the 10 per cent. increase and the determination of the operatives makes the strike inevitable.

Merchants of West End are entirely dependent upon the mill trade for the life of their business and all fear with the coming crisis comes It is frequently stated that north-

ern mills, principally Borden's "Iron mill," a print goods establishment of Fall River, Mass., are in with the operatives and are encouraging a southern strike in order to benefit

The operatives talk confidently of winning but business men see no chance for them in the fight.

The strike will go on Monday and will effect the Sibley, John P. King, Augusta factory, Enterprise and all other Augusta mills and quite likely those of Langley, Bath, Warrenville and nearby South Carolina towns.

WILL NOT ATTEND CORONATION. President Roosevelt Decides That His Daughter (annot Accept the Invita-

Washington, March 7 .- Miss Alice Roosevelt, daughter of the President, will not attend the coronation of

When the White House officials

should not go. It was learned to night that the reason why Miss Roosevelt will not attend the coronation of King Edward is because it has been found but the struggle finally narrowed traveling privately in the household man of the naval committee of the of Special Ambassador Reid. Notwithstanding it was stated she would not go to London as the daughter of Mr. Moody, for whom Senator Lodge the President, but simply as Miss made the winning fight. It was for Roosevelt, it was learned that London court circles were considering would not be placed in some imporseriously the question if the status tant foreign mission rather than in became a matter of international funcbecame a matter of international discussion, the President considered the advisability of cancelling the visit, but found that an invitation to visit many was on the way to America. It was decided, in view of the youth of Miss Roosevelt and the interna- several things for it without benefit. tional conditions, as well as courtesies she would be called on to meet, lights would have to be relinquish-

LEAVES CABINET.

W. M. MOODY OF MASSACHUSETTS

Old Secretary Out of Politics-Will Return Between President and Himself.

Washington, March 10. -The third change in the cabinet of president Roosevelt occurred today w en Secretary Long submitted his resignation in a graceful letter, it being accepted in one equally felicitous by the president. The change was made complete by the selection of Wm. sional district of Massachusetts, as Mr. Long's successor in the navy department. Mr. Moody will assume charge of the navy department May 1.

This change has been expected for a long time. Mr. Long had intended to retire at the beginning of the late President McKinley's second term but he consented to remain until certain lines of policy, in which he was involved, was more satisfactorily arranged. Then when President Roose. velt, succeeded, though anxious to return to private life-for Secretary Long will never again enter public wards Mr. Roosevelt induced the secretary to defer his retirement until it was convenient for the president to make a change. Mr. Long will re enter the practice of law.

The correspondence exchanged today is as follows:

Navy Department, Washington, March 10.

My dear Mr. President: Will you kindly accept this as my resignation of the secretaryship of the navy-to take effect on the Ist day of May next, or sooner, of course, if you shall at any time so wish? It has been to me a delightful service. I leave the official circle of your cabinet, in which my association with you and its memalso the collapse of many mercantile bers has been so happy, with high appreciation of your administration and with most cordial good wishes for its success and for you personally.

Very truly yours, John D. Long.

The President.

White House, March 10. My Dear Secretary: It is with very sincere regret that I accept your resignation. I shall always count it a privilege, not only to have served with you during the last six months, but to have served under you at the outset of President McKinley's administration. I have seen you in both relations, and it has never been my good fortune to be associated with any public man more singleminded in his devotion to the public interest. Our relations have been not merely official but also those of personal friendship.

May all the good fortune you so richly deserve attend you wherever Sincerely yours, Theodore Roosevelt.

To the Hon. John D. Long, secretary of the navy.

Mr. Moody's selection for the portfolio of the navy was the outcome of an interesting contest. There was no less than a half dozen aspirants house, who had the energetic support of his western colleagues, and a time in doubt whether Mr. Moody the navy department, but he pre-

A Printer Greatly Surprised

I never was so much surprised in my life, as I was with the results of using Chamberlain's Pain Balm," says Henry T. Cook, pressman of the Aseville, (N. C.) Gazette. "I contracted a severe case of rheumatism early last winter by getting my feet wet. I tried One day while looking over the Gazette I noticed that Pain Balm was positively guaranteed to cure rheumatism, so bought a bottom of it and before using two-thirds of it my rheumatism had taken its flight and I have not had a rheumatic pain since." Sold by W. E. Pelham & Son.