BUTLER ON RACE QUESTION.

SAYS FALL OF THE NEGRO IN AMERICA

Wants to Krep the Philippines and Send the Negro There, Remarks on Lynching.

Gen. M. C. Butler, formerly member of the Cuban commission, who was mustered out on April 15, was in Augusta recently on route to Cuba, whither he is going on purely private business.

He was asked by a Chronicle reporter for an opinion upon the Cuban and Philippine questions, but he professed to know nothing more of them than he saw in the newspapers

But he was not reticent upon the recent lynching of Sam Hose, and the consequent question. "It was," said he, "a most regrettable affair, and brings us face to face with a question that will not down -the race problem. And for this very reason I am an ardent expansionist: the Philippines give a natural home for the negro.

"One race is naturally opposed to others. Why it should be so in the economy of nature I cannot profess to know. But the fact remains. Just as the Creeks, Cherokees, Chicasaws, Choctaws and other Indian tribes were forced from these Southern States because of racial antagonism, so, it seems to me, is the negro destined to be.

"The question simply will not down. A colored preacher asked me if I thought there was any way to stop lynchings and I replied; 'Let your people stop their ferocities. As long as the latter continue, so will the vengeance of the white man, and no amount of legislation can step either.'

"Tae antagonism is there and will out no matter what means are taken to prevent it.

"Speaking, not in a spirit of hostility to the colored man, but because I think it would be best for him, I am of the opinion that Congress should provide means to get him out of the country. I introduced a bill when I was in the Senate asking an appropriation for this end of \$5,000,-000. Of course, that amount would not have been anything like adequate, but it would have been a starter. Today it would be cheap for the country if congress would appropriate \$10,000,000 to get the negro out.

"I would not favor foreing him out, but would make such inducements that the advantages of the change would appeal to him at once.

"Of course, it would take time. It took 50 years to bring him here, and, when it is considered that was in the days of sailing vessels, it will be seen that it should not take longer now when steam is in use.

"It is bound to come. Abraham Lincoln abolitionist as he was, foresaw that the two races could be only antagonistic, and he sought to buy the body. an immense tract in South America whereon to colonize the negro.

"Today the Philippines offer the best field. The Cuban's don't want the negroes. They have enough of their own. Now, one of the recognized principles of warfare is to attack the enemy at his most vulnerable point. This is what Dewey did in the Philippines. These, therefore, were legitimately acquired, and should be retained. Being in the tropics they make an ideal home for

intended him to live. AN EXPANSIONIST.

out against expansion are really absurd. There is nothing un-republican in the idea at all. While there is a certain parallel between the Filippinos and the Indians, no one ever contended in the days when the latter were a power in the land, that the white race should give up footof opposition existent then that exists now. The temperate zones are ples, and in their territory the presence of large numbers of a race indigenous to the tropics only results in antagonism. That brings us back to the negro again. But to keep on with the expansion idea.

"They say that it is opposed to

Democratic principles. Why, Jeffer son was himself one of the greatest expansionists the country has ever had, and with the exception of Alaska, every other territory we now have was acquired under Democratic administrations. I say keep the Philippines-it would be a confession of weakness and allow other nations to call us cowards to give them up now. Send 200,000 men to keep them, if necessary, until the people had learned enough to establish local government.

"Look at the Indians today. They are cooped up in reservations and are under military protection. The western territories such as Arizona and Utah were kept under military rule even for years after they began clamoring for admission as States. Keep the Philippines and make it worth the negro's while to go over there. To get the negro away from the South is the only way to do away with cheap labor, and to induce imi gration. And until the latter begins, rue, lasting prosperity will not

Testing Tobacco.

The testing of tobacco is a fine art which reaches its finest in Cuba. The Cuban's first test is by the smell. He can detect the slightest variation in order, and instantly rejects the tobacco as not belonging to the best grade. Then he takes the leaf, rolls a rude looking eigar out of it, and lights it. He gives one or two puffs, and then inhales the smoke. Thus he determines the flavor very accu rately. Next he watches the way the eigar burns, and finally tests the ashes. If the eigar will not hold its fire four minutes-the best qualities of all should go until five minutesthe tobacco is rot of the best. The tobacco should also hold its ashes until the eight is burnt nearly to the



When grip attacks a person of nervous temperament there usually a great depression of spirits, the patient is plunged in despair. and no amount of argument or raillery has any effect on his misery. The man or woman whose perves be come so shattered that it is a torture to remain in bed, and the night is passed in a vain attempt to get a little sleep is on the down grade to nervous prostration, insanity and death. There is no time then to ex periment with new and untried remedies. Neglect or delay in this respect may prove a fatal mistake.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is the best of all medicines for the nervous, tired out and sleeple-s victim of the grip, just as it is the best remedy for al other weaknesses and disorders of the nervous system. It attacks the minute germs of impurity clustered in the blood and thoroughly routs them out of every hidden corner of

"I was extremely nervous and al though I doctored with several physi cians I could not gain strength. My nerves became so completely unstrung that I could scarcely sleep at all, and I thought I should surely die. I began taking Dr. Miles' Necvine and in less than a week I was feeling very much better. After tak ing six bottles I was completely restored to health."

C. E. HACKETT, Greene, N. Y. A trial package of Dr. Miles' favorite treatment for the grip, consisting of Dr. Miles' Nervine, Dr. Miles' Anti the negro. For that is where nature Liver Pills, will be sent absolutely Pain Pills and Dr. Miles' Nerve and free of cost to any person sending name and address on a postal card, "Some of the arguments brought requesting the sample, and mentioning the name of this paper. Address Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhard, Ind.

Try Allen's Foot-Ease.

A power to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting fcot or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot hold required. There was the spirit Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it today. Sold by the natural home of the white pec- all druggists, grocers, shoe stores and general storekeepers everywhere. Price 25c. Trial package FREE. throughout the State as soon as its Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

and Whiskey Eabits cured at home without rain Book of par

A DARING FILIPINO RAID.

THE AMERICANS AT SAN FERNANDO TAKEN BY SURPRISE.

Sort of Scouting Expedition on a Rallroad Team that was Run Up Near the Am rican trappes s, where a Pare of the Track was Quickly Torn Up.

Manilla, May 8-7.40 P. M.—The Filipinos surprised the United States ferces at San Fernando with a daring out: trick yesterday. A railway train with an engine at each end was run almost to the American outposts and in plain sight of the town. Before they could be reached a gang of natives sprang off the train, tore up several lengths of the railway track, boarded the train again and steamed away so quickly that there was no opportunity to capture the raiders.

The Nebraska regiment is asking for a temporary relief from duty. Only 375 men of this regiment are left at the front.

AN EXPEDITION MISCARGIES,

Manilla, May 8-2.15 P. M.-The army's gunboats Laguna de Bay and Cavadonga, under command of Capt. Grant, which started up the San Fernando River for Guagua yesterday, and were presumed to establish there a base of supplies for the troops engaged in the northern campaign, returned to-day, Major Gen. MacAr thur having failed to connect with the expedition. The gunboats found rebels entrenched at Sosmoan and Guagua on the water fronts of the town. The vessels steamed past the works, shelling the occupants and driving them out. Landing purties from the boats entered both towns, capturing at Sosmoan a Span ish captain in uniform, who was ostensibly a prisoner in the hands of the rebels and also a native officer. Arriving at Guagua, the town and a small gunboat were found burning and the natives evacuating the place in consequence of the bombardment.

At Sosmoan the landing party captured a number of Filipino flags and a quantity of arms, chiefly bolos and bows and arrows, besides a lot of band instruments, which the men played as they marched back to the

Capt. Grant's expedition will probably return up the San Fernando River after having been reinforced by recently purchased light draught Spanish steamers.

SUPPRESSING THE NEWS.

Washington, May 8 - The war department has received from Gen. Otis a dispatch giving the situation in the Philippines, some parts of which have been omitted by the war department in making it public. The dispatch is as follows: Manila, May S .- Adjutant Gene-

ral, Washington: Situation as follows: Lawton at Maasin and Bali nag; scouting parties to north and east. MacArthur at SanFernando; * * * portion of country between Manilla and northern points held by troops returning home; appear cheerful and contented. Army gunboats operating in rivers. Have cleared country west of MacArthur of insur gents. * * * Signs of insurgents' weakness more apparent daily.

CASTORIA. Chart Hetcher.

THE ROUND BALE COMPANY,

Has Applied For a Charter With a Capital of One Hundred Thousand Dollars

Columbia, S. C., May 8.—The Southern Round Bale Company has applied for a charter with a capital stock of \$100,000.

The principal places of business are to be Charleston and Barnwell. Mike Brown is one of the corpora-

A press for round bales will be introduced on the State farm as an experiment, and it is the intention of the company to establish other plants success is established.

CASTOFIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Letter of Mr. Boyd Evans to the Cop tains of South Carolina Volunteer Companies

The following letter to the cap tains of the South Carolina companies which volunteered for service in the war with Spain will be of great interest to the soldiers now mustered

Columbia, April 17, 1899.

Dear Captain: In looking over the last act passed by congress we find provision made to pay all volunteer sold ers from time they volunteered until time they mustered into service; they agree to pay rejected men also, provided proper receipts are made out and properly presented at the war department. The Governor will appoint Judge C.P. Townsend and myrelf to work up these claims and collect them if the men wish the money collected. Judge Townsend being in Washington will look after them at that end of the line and I being here will see that everything is properly made out before sent to him. While these claims will be paid by the United States government, they will be paid at what the State law allows.

You will probably want light on the following questions:

First-Are the men who were rejected entitled to the \$1.50 per day from the time they left home to the day of their rejection? Yes.

Second-Are the men who were accepted entitled to \$1.50 per day from the titte they left home to the late they were mustered into the service of the United States army? Yes, minus the amount paid them on the first pay day at Chickamauga, which was at the the rate of \$15.60 per month. This would entitled them to about \$1.00 per day yet.

Third-How will I manage to get receipts from those men who are scattered over the county and State, or will my receipt suffice? I am trying to arrange with the war department to let your receipt suffice? Will let you know later about this, as it is not finally settled.

Fourth-There were a few men (recruits), who joined us in Columbia from various parts of the State who were rejected between the date of arrival of the ommpany and its muster in, the exact time of enlistment, I do not know, and the names of whom I have no record. In this case what shall I do? Capt. Fuller has the slips of all who were examined the rejected and accepted men. I do not know of those available Ask for advice on this point:

As for this class of men we will have to do the best we can and get all we can and the others will have to loose. I will write Capt. Fuller on this point and advise you later. Do not let this hold you back. Call a meeting of the company and have them pass a resolution to authorize you to employ Judge C. P. Townsend and me to look after this matter for them and to pay a commission.

Yours truly, W. Boyd Evans. "BEFORE BABY IS BORN."

A Valuable Little Book of Interest to Al-Women Sent Free

Every woman looks forward with feelings of indescribable joy to the one momentous event in her life, compared with which all others pale into insignificance. How proud and happy she will be when her precions babe nestles on her breast-how sweet the name of "Mother!" And yet her happy anticipation of the event is clouded with misgivings of the pain and danger of the ordeal, so that it is impossible to avoid the feeling of constant dread which creeps over her. The danger and suffering attendant upon being a mother can be entirely prevented, so that the coming of the little stranger need not be looked forward to with fear and trembling, as is so often the case. Every woman who reads this paper can obtain absolutely free a valuable and attractive little book entitled "Before Baby is Born," by sending her name and address to the Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga. Tais book contains priceless informat on to all · men, and no one should fail to send for it.

SOUTH CAROLINA MAY GET MORE GERMANY'S FEELING TOWARD U, S Secretary Long in Receipt of Letter From German Minister Marine.

> Washington, May 8. - Secretary Long has received the following letter from the minister of marine in the German cabinet, expressive of the good feeling prevailing in the highest naval quarters of Germany toward, the United States naval authorities:

> Berlin, April 27, 1899. Captain-Lieutenant von Rebeur-Paschwitz, assigned to the imperial German embassy at Washington has repeatedly spoken in his reports of the very great courtesy he has met with in United States naval circles. On the occasion of his presence in this city said officer confirmed his reports in words of the warmest and most grateful appreciation, and expressed the conviction that it was solely through the valuable assistance of all authorities concerned and the over-ready courtesy of the officers of the United States navy that he was enabled to discharge his duties during and after the Spanish American

Capt. in Lieutenant von Rebeur-Paschwitz further stated gratefully that wherever opportunity offered he had enjoyed the most liberal hospi tality of his American comrades.

"There can be no doubt but that the great readiness of the authorities in giving information and the extreme courtesy of the different offi cers and officials of the navy ashore as well as on the sea, is to be ascribed primarily to your excellency's initia tive. I therefore desire to express to your excellency my most sincere thanks for the assistance given Captain-Lieutenant von Rebeur-Pasch witz and I have the honor to request that you will transmit my thanks also to the gentlemen of the offices of the secretary of the navy, the commander-in-chief of the Atlantic squadron and other gentlemen con-

"I ask that your excellency will accept the assurance of the high esteem with which I have the honor to be, very respectfully,

Tierpitz, Rear-Admiral, Minister of State and Secretary of State of the Imperial Marine Office.

Seer, tary Long on the New Navy

Hon. John D. Long, Secretary of the Navy, is the author of a very notable contribution to the forthcoming (June) number of Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly, now a giant among the ten cent magazines. It is ontitled "The Building of the New Navy," and is illustrated with nearly forty elaborate pictures and official plans, showing types of all the classes of United States war vessels, from the torpedo beats and destroyers to the most formidable first-class battleship, such as the new Maine, the Kearsarge and the Kentucky. In the course of this elaborate and comprehensive paper, Secretary Long reviews, in a most appreciative manner, the work of his distinguished predecessors in office—Secretaries Hunt, Chandler, Whitney, Tracy and Herbert—whose efficient and patriotic energy in the building of the new navy led up to the glorious results consummated under the present administration.

Just for To-day.

Lord, for tomorrow and its ills I do not pray: Keep me, my God, from stain of sig-Just for today. Let me both diligently work And duly pray: Let me be kind in word and deed Just for today. Let me be slow to do my will, Prompt to obey: Help me to mortify my flesh Just for today. Let me no wrong or idle word Unthinking eay: Set thou a seal upon my lips Just for today. Let me in season, Lord, be grave, In season gay; Let me be faithful to Thy will

Just for today.

Lord, for tomorrow and its ills I do not pray; But keep n e, guide me, love me, Lord, Just for today. -Sunday Magazine.

AN OUTRAGE ON THE ARMY. The Bud Beef Court and its Forcordained

Report

Washington, May S .- "The Pres ident is commander in chief of the army and my superior. He has approved the findings of the Wade Court of Inquiry; therefore I have

no comment to make. It would be

an unsoldierly act were I to do so." With these words G.n. Miles replied to a Star reporter, who saw him for a moment to-day with regard to the probable action he would take in view of the adverse report of the court.

"Will you formulate a protest to the President?" was the next ques-

"I have nothing to say. No, sir," eplied the General.

"Will you inspire a Congressional investigation?"

"No, sir. I will not talk upon the subj⊬ct."

"Do you believe Congress will recify the matter?"

'I do not know what Congress will do, nor have I the means of knowing in advance what verdict the result of an investigation might develop. have no comment, criticism or state ment to make in this matter, and you may take it as certain that any alleged interviews or intimations to the contrary said to come from me are wholly and unqualifiedly false.

"I was, and am now, actuated sole ly by the consideration of the health. lives and integrity of the army. My duty is done."

Inquiry was made as to the status of the officers criticised, and what course they might pursue, and it was stated that as a military, lega proposition it was impossible for any action to be taken by any of the officers aggrieved. They might demand a Court of Inquiry, but this was a Court of Inquiry which recommended that no further action be taken; this being approved by the President precluded any further inquiry. Gen. Engan, who is specified in the report, is not likely to ask for any further investigation. Lient Col. Maus, of Gen. Miles's staff, the other officer criticised, feels it keen ly. His friends say he was among the witnesses whom Gen. Miles asked to be called, and was not called

by the court. STANDARD OIL IN TROUBLE.

!! Tries to Baibe Oblo's Attorney General to Withdraw Suns Against h.

Columbus, Ohio, May S. - Attorney General Monett this afternoon filed n the Supreme Court his answer to he motion of the Standard Od Com pany requiring that he designate the persons alluded to in his statement that he had been approached with offers of bribes to dismiss the suits against the company, and named Charles B. Squires, formerly of Cleveland, and of New York, as the party through whom the alleged proposition was made. The Attorney General in his answer says: As to the third request in the motion ad dressed to the Attorney General to name the party who had the conversation with him and to name parties connected therewith representing the Standard Oil Company, the Attorney General says that the party call ug bin ap from Cleveland and the party making the proposition set forth in the complaint was Charles B. Squires, formerly of Cleveland, now of New York city; and the stockholders and officers, representing the Standard Oil Com pany, that Charles B. Squires claimed were the parties, and through whom the proposition hadin some way come to him, were Frank Rockefeller, of Cleveland, a stock holder of the Standard Oil Company F. B. Squires, secretary of the Stand ard Oil Company, and Charles N Haskell, late of New York city.

Prevention

better than cure. Tutt's Liver Pills will not only cure, but if taken in time will prevent

Sick Headache, dyspepsia, biliousness, malaria, constipation, jaundice, torpid liver and kindred diseases.

TUTT'S Liver PILLS ABSOLUTELY CURE.

CHRISTIAN SCIENTISTS ON BAIL.

The are Charged With Negligence in Letting a Woman Die

New York, May S .- Coroner Banning and a jury this afternoon and evening held an isquest at Mount Vernon into the death of Mrs. Charlotte M. Barguet, who died on Wednesday lest of dropsy, and whose life, it was claimed, might bave been saved if she had been given medical attendance.

The authorities claim she was treated by Christian Science methods, and that the neglect resulted in death. The jury handed in a verdict to the effect that Mrs. Barguet died from acute dropsy, which could have been relieved, if not entirely cured, and life prolonged, if proper medical

treatment had been given. The jurors held that Mrs. Clarence Fowler, the Christian Scientist who treated the woman, L. A. Barguet, her son, and Miss Ethel Barguet, her daughter, were guilty of negligence, and recommended that the coroner take the proper steps to punish them.

Coroner Banning accepted the verdict and immediately announced that he was sitting as a committing magistrate, and directed the constables present to arrest and bring before him the three persons held responsible by the jury. The coroner hen announced that he would hold Liston Barguet, Jr., and Mrs. Fowler to await the action of the grand jury, under \$1,000 bail each, or stand comnitted to the county jail at White Plains. In the case of Ethel Barguet he would hold her as an ac-

The two held as principals furnished the required bond, and Coroner Banning paroled Ethel Barguet, who sa school teacher in New York.

DEWEY IS COMING HOME.

Rear Admiral Walson Sent to Manila to Relieve Him-Will Return Direct to New York

Washington, D. C., May 8.- The avy department has selected a suc cessor to Admiral Dewey to command the Asiatic squadron. Orders were issued today detaching Rear Admiral Watson from command of Mare Island navy yard and ordering him to report to Admiral Dewey at Manila, to relieve that officer when he feels that he can be spared

Rear Admiral Kempf, at present on waiting orders, has been instructed to succeed Watson in command of the Mare Island navy yard.

It was st ted at the navy department that Dewey will come from Manila direct to New York when he returns to the United Stated.

for a State Fire Insurance Agents' Associ atton.

A circular letter, signed by the epresentatives of seventeen Columbia fire insurance agencies, was received here yesterday, asking for a meeting of fire insurance agents of the State, to be held in Columbia on the 21st of next month, for the purpose of organizing "an association of the local fire insurance agents of the State," For details of information address A. H. Walker, 1206 Washington street, Kendall building, Co-

Ram's Horn Blasts.

There is no wealth that can ward

Sometimes ignorance is wisdom. Self-indulgence is the road to ruin, Only live men win for God and

Nursing your anger is nursing a

Love is a principle, rather than a passion It takes two foels to make flattery

possible. Sin is .ne only cloud without a silver lining.

A good occupation prevents mental dissipation.

Let preaching without gloves nean with love.

Some men in doing right, lead others to do wrong.