

The Newberry Herald and News.

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TWICE A WEEK, \$1.50 A YEAR

WHEELER UP A TREE SURVEYING SPANIARDS.

WONDERFUL ENERGY OF THE DASHING EX-CONFEDERATE WARRIOR.

The Advance of the American Army—The Enemy Steadily Retires—Eight Spanish Heavy Losses Sustained by the Enemy in the Engagement of Friday—Starvation and Distress in the City of Santiago.

(Copyright, 1898, by the Associated Press.)

At the Front, on the Rio Guama, Monday, June 27—(Noon.)—Per the Associated Press Dispatch Boat Wanda via Port Antonio, Jamaica, June 28.—Tuesday (Evening)—Via Kingston, Jamaica—12:35 p. m. The American front has been advanced beyond the first crossing of the Rio Guama about a mile, and a tug lies three and a half miles from the Spanish entrenchments.

General Lawton's brigade rests on the road to Santiago de Cuba. The Third brigade, under General Chaffee, the Seventeenth, Twelfth and Seventh regiments, holds the trench, with his command lying across the road and river.

The First brigade, the Eighth, Twenty-second and Second Massachusetts, under General Evan Clark lies on the left flank, slightly in the rear, and the Second brigade, the First, Fourth and Twenty-fifth occupies the opposite position on the right flank. Gen. Wheeler, with the cavalry, is in the rear between Sevilla hills and the Rio Guama.

A strong line of outposts is maintained ahead.

General Chaffee's brigade, with three thousand Cubans under General Aguirra and several hundred under Col. Gonzales, was skirmishing towards the city this morning.

The Cubans had several slight skirmishes with the Spaniards stationed on the hills on the American right flank, and our auxiliaries occupied the blockhouses in that vicinity, which were evacuated before daybreak by the Spaniards. The latter retreated towards Santiago de Cuba. No fatalities are reported.

General Lawton, General Chaffee and General Wheeler have thoroughly reconnoitered the Spanish position, and, with the aid of information furnished by the Cubans, have very good maps of the roads and defenses of the city.

Much information has also been obtained from Spanish pacificos, who have slipped out of the city and given themselves up in the hope of getting food. They report great starvation and distress in Santiago. They say the Spanish troops are on short rations and that all the supplies are being held for their use.

The sick in the hospitals, the pacificos say, are suffering from lack of food, and they also report that seventy-seven Spaniards were killed and that eighty-nine were wounded as the result of the engagement on Friday last with Col. Wood's and Young's commands.

The most startling information obtained from the pacificos is that since the advance began almost twenty thousand Spanish soldiers have arrived at Santiago de Cuba. This statement is made on the authority of General Lawton and he is also of the opinion that General Pando may be able to effect a junction with General Linares at Santiago de Cuba.

There are two forts of considerable importance within the Spanish lines—Punta Blanco, at the southern end of the bay, and Santa Ursula at the southeast corner. On the road to Caney, on the north, is another fort. There are about 450 men in each of these fortifications, and stretching around the whole city are nine barbed wire fences, fifty yards apart, while just inside these are lines of rifle pits.

Outside, to the eastward, about two miles beyond the American outposts, is a line of entrenchments, extending from the northern extremity of the city to Morro Castle.

A little west of south, at a distance

of about seven miles from General Lawton's headquarters, lies Morro Castle. The road to within a few hundred yards of the batteries at the rear of Morro was reconnoitered yesterday afternoon by General Chaffee and several members of his staff.

The Cubans believe that if the water supply of the city can be cut off, Santiago will have to yield at once. They say that Admiral Cerro's entire fleet, except the torpedo boat destroyer Terror, is in the harbor. General Lawton is inclined to discredit the reports that guns have been taken from the ships to strengthen the defenses on land. He says it would be impossible for Admiral Cerro to reach the position of the American army with his big guns from where the Spanish ships lie.

No aggressive move by the Americans is anticipated for several days. The road to the base of supplies must be greatly improved before the onward movement can be safely made.

At present it taxes the quartermaster's department to the utmost to get provisions and ammunition. Last night one pack train arrived with supplies sufficient to last until tonight, and as this dispatch is being written another train of ammunition is coming in. A train of ammunition has reached General Chaffee's brigade, and a battery of Gatling guns and dynamite guns, attached to the Rough Riders, has been moved to General Wheeler's camp.

There is no high ground in the present position where Hotchkiss or Gatling guns could be put in position, but a little further on is ground where guns can be mounted and from which an effective fire can be directed at the Spanish entrenchments.

There were no alarms last night. Many of our officers are amazed, as they have looked for resistance to our advance. The ground over which they have traveled could have easily been defended, but the Spaniards have steadily retired, not even attempting to harass our flanks, as the columns moved on through a natural ambushing country.

Apparently, General Linares prefers to place faith in the defenses of the city and intends to make a "last ditch fight" of it. A few—though only a few—hold to theory that he does not purpose fighting at all.

General Calixto Garcia, with 300 men, who landed yesterday, is expected to reach the front today. The Americans are in excellent spirits, and there is a remarkable lack of sickness. Thus far the water supply has been good, and there have been no bad effects from the changes except a few cases of dysentery. There was a brief rain squall last night.

At noon today Major Coolidge received orders to clear the road beyond the front, where the stream doubles back across it, for the advance of the artillery. A dynamite gun and a Hotchkiss gun will be put in position.

General Wheeler, who made a reconnaissance for half a mile beyond the skirmish lines this morning, finding that he was unable to secure the desired view through the luxuriant tropical foliage, dismounted and climbed a tree. A Major General of the United States in the forks of a tree, surveying the Spanish outposts through his field glasses, was a spectacle that gave some idea of the wonderful energy of the dashing ex-Confederate cavalry leader. This feat of agility in a man sixty-two years of age put to blush many a younger officer in his staff.

Champion Shot of the World.

Miss Annie Oakley writes: "Myself and many of the Buffalo Bill Wild West Co. have given Allen's Foot Ease, the powder to shake into the shoes, a most thorough trial, and it does all if not more than you claim." It instantly takes the sting out of Corns and Bunions. Allen's Foot Ease is a certain cure for hot, aching, nervous or sweating feet. Sold by all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

JAMIESON'S Summer Clearance Sale.

The balance of our Spring Clothing, Straw Hats, Ladies' Oxfords, etc., must be closed out.
CLOTHING

In this department we will show the biggest bargains ever offered to the trade.

\$6.00 Suits cut to \$4.50.

\$8.50 Suits cut to \$6.50.

\$11.50 Suits cut to \$8.75.

Watch our Clothing Window for great values in higher grade suits and odd pants that we will sell for much less than cost to manufacture. We have

Big Lot of Children's Suits

From 50 cts. to \$6 that we will make prices lower than they have ever been sold for before.

The balance of our Straw Hats to be closed at reduced prices.

Our entire stock of Ladies' Oxford Ties to be closed out, ranging in price from 37 cts. to \$2.00.

Our entire stock of Dry Goods must be closed out.

Good Sheetting, 31 cts.

Checked Homespun, 3 cts.

Good Shirting Prints, 3 cts.

Heavy cottonades, 10 cts. Regular price, 15 cts.

This sale means spot cash to every one. Come to see us and we will save you money.

Respectfully,

O. M. Jamieson,

The Newberry Clothes Furnisher and Shoe Dealer.

STATE CHAIRMANSHIP.

A Suggestion That There Be a Vice Chairman.

[Register, 29th.]

Colonel Willie Jones has been appointed colonel of the new regiment, and as he is chairman of the State Democratic executive committee, it is possible that he may resign from the last mentioned position. Some of the friends of Mr. Cole L. Blense have spoken of him for the chairmanship.

A Register reporter interviewed Mr. Blense last night and asked him if he would be a candidate.

Mr. Blense said: "I am not a candidate for the State chairmanship as I think Col. Jones should continue to hold that position and simply let the executive committee elect a vice chairman to act in the absence of Col. Jones. Col. Jones has managed admirably so far and has the work well advanced for the campaign. With his advice the vice chairman can perform all the duties and on the return of Col. Jones the chairmanship will belong to him as is right and proper."

"God grant that he may return safely to his State and family with renewed honors."

The reporter then asked: "Will you be a candidate for vice chairmanship?"

Mr. Blense answered: "Well, not exactly a candidate, but as I have been thrown with the chairman so much and familiarized myself with the duties of the place, if elected would accept, and perform the duties to the best of my ability, and on the return of Col. Jones turn over the position to him."

Teacher Wanted.

In Broad River School District to commence in August or 1st September. Term to continue for eight months. Applications received by either of the undersigned until the 1st of July.

D. A. DICKERT, Ch'm.
W. F. SUBERT, Sec'y.
Sunshine, S. C.

SIX ARRESTS MADE AT LAKE CITY.

The Men Taken to Charleston—The List of Those Charged With Participation in the Murder of Postmaster Baker.

(Special to The State.)

Lake City, June 28.—This morning six United States deputy marshals arrived here from Charleston and at once proceeded to arrest D. M. Epps, H. F. Stokes and H. C. Goodwin of this place, W. A. Webster and M. V. Ward, who reside a few miles in the country, and R. E. McKnight of Scranton, S. C., charged with complicity in the Baker postoffice affair.

The parties will be taken to Charleston tonight to appear before the Commissioner tomorrow. Everything passed off very quietly.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

The following men at Lake City were arrested today on a charge of being implicated in the killing of Postmaster Baker and will be taken to Charleston tonight: Mendie Epps, H. F. Stokes, H. C. Goodwin, R. E. McKnight, M. V. Ward and W. A. Webster.

These men were arrested by deputies from Charleston on a warrant issued by Postoffice Inspector Bulla. T. M. Gilland of this place has been retained for the defense. Everything is quiet at Lake City and very little excitement manifested.

Johnson's Chill and Fever Tonic

Cures Fever
In One Day.

Campaign Appointments

The report of the sub-committee on campaign schedule was adopted as follows.

Georgetown, Saturday, July 2.
Kingsree, Tuesday, July 5.
Florence, Wednesday, July 6.
Marion, Thursday, July 7.
Conway, Saturday, July 9.
Durlington, Tuesday, July 12.
Chesterfield, Thursday, July 14.
Bonnetsville, Saturday, July 16.
Bishopville, Tuesday, July 19.
Camden, Thursday, July 21.
Lancaster, Saturday, July 23.
Chester, Monday, July 25.
Windsboro, Tuesday, July 26.
Yorkville, Wednesday, July 27.
Gaffney, Thursday, July 28.
Spartanburg, Friday, July 29.
Union, Saturday, July 30.
Newberry, Monday, August 8.
Laurens, Tuesday, August 9.
Greenville, Thursday, August 11.
Pickens, Friday, August 12.
Walhalla, Monday, August 15.
Anderson, Tuesday, August 16.
Abbeville, Thursday, August 18.
Greenwood, Friday, August 19.
Aiken, Monday, August 22.
Edgefield, Tuesday, August 23.
Saluda, Thursday, August 25.
Lexington, Friday, August 26.
Columbia, Saturday, August 27.

OUR BOY CADE "ALL BROWNIES."

Service Uniforms Have Reached Them at Chickamauga—The Paymaster Has Arrived.

Chickamauga Park, Ga., June 28.—Orders were issued today for an inspection of the regiment in order that all surplus baggage may be sent home immediately.

The brown duck suits arrived to day and will be given out at once. We are still needing blue shirts, canteens, knapsacks, etc.

The soldiers today signed the payroll. The paymaster is now on the ground and our money will probably be issued within four days.

Recruits are still coming in and are being drilled in squads. The indications are that we will not leave here under a week or ten days, if then. Other regiments are preparing to go this week.

WILLIAM BANKS.

ONWARD TO SANTIAGO GEN. SHAFTER PRESSES.

THE AMERICAN ARMY WITHIN THREE MILES OF THE DOOMED CITY.

No Fighting Since Friday Last—Lines Around Cuba Being Tightened. So As To Effectually Prevent Food Supplies Reaching Spaniards—Barbed Wire Used as a Means of Defense for the First Time in Civilized Warfare.

Washington, June 28.—It was very late in the day when the first dispatch within two days came to the war department from General Shafter, but the news was regarded as so good that there was no disposition to complain. It disclosed a very satisfactory rate of progress on the part of General Shafter towards the town of Santiago itself, and apparently he has gained all this ground and has come within three miles of Santiago without suffering any losses since the bloody skirmish of Friday last. Altogether the performance is regarded as very gratifying by the department officials here. As near as can be gathered from the brief dispatch, the American army is now at the fork in the road, one branch of which leads to Santiago and the other to Morro Castle at the entrance to the harbor. General Shafter is thus free to move in either direction, according to the demands of the campaign. With the 1,300 men who reinforced him yesterday on the Yule and the additional brigade that will reach him by tomorrow, it may be possible to make even more rapid progress in the advance upon Santiago, as these men can be relied upon to relieve the main body of troops from the necessity of keeping open the line of communication between Shafter and his base at Baiquiri. Meanwhile, further reinforcements are being prepared and dispatched as rapidly as the best energies of the department can direct, and it is believed that several thousand men sailed today from Tampa directly for Santiago.

The department has had in mind the difficulties of the campaign that are just developing to the public eye, such as the use for the first time in civilized warfare of barbed wire fencing as a means of defense, and acting upon the advice of some of our army officers who were in Cuba while the fighting was confined to the Spaniards and the insurgents, a certain number in each regiment have been provided with wire cutters and charged with the duty of cutting down these fences so as to permit the advance of the troops.

It probably will be necessary to shell out the forces defending these wire chevaux de frise before they can be cut, unless the men in charge of that duty are to be unduly exposed to danger. This will involve a large use of field artillery that would be required in ordinary warfare. The officials here have been forehanded as to these details, and, in fact, have provided for the use of barbed wire by our own forces, having sent about 150 tons of this wire with General Merritt's expedition.

The lines are being tightened around Cuba, and it will soon be impossible for even small quantities of food or war supplies to reach the Spaniards there. The proclamation issued today extending the blockade to the south coast and to San Juan is believed will accomplish this result. On the south coast the Isle of Pines will be cut off as a transfer depot for cattle and food supplies coming from Jamaica and Central America. By closing San Juan harbor the Spaniards will lose the last chance of smuggling war supplies to Cuba, and the future operations of the army and navy looking to the occupation of the Island of Porto Rico will be materially advanced by the establishment of a successful blockade.

There was no further word from the Cadiz fleet today, though it is known to be still lying at Port Said, under pretext of repairing one of the torpedo boat destroyers. The delay on the part of the Spanish fleet has not stopped the preparations for the

sending of the eastern squadron under Commodore Watson to the Spanish shores. The commodore is hastening with all speed southward on the Newark to join and confer with Admiral Sampson off Santiago.

It has been known to our government for some time past that the Spanish government was trying to obtain possession of the splendid modern armored cruiser O'Higgins, owned by Chile. Our agents, however, have watched these negotiations carefully, and our government has been finally satisfied that they have failed. It is needless to say that the result was agreeably received here, as the gravest complications might have resulted from the sale of a warship by a neutral power to Spain.

Take JOHNSON'S

CHILL & FEVER

TONIC.

COL. ALSTON'S REGIMENT

Will Be Sent to the Front in a Week or Ten Days.

Chickamauga National Park, June 28.—The order issued Sunday to immediately equip and prepare fifteen regiments of the First corps to form an expeditionary force was revoked by Major General Brooke today. This does not change the plan to prepare for an expedition, however, since the revoking order affects more especially the transfers that were named in the former order. It provides further, that instead of fifteen regiments being immediately equipped and prepared, the entire First Army corps of twenty-seven regiments is to be hastily prepared for active field service, and the natural inference prevails among the best posted army officers at the park that the entire force will be off for Tampa or other seaports within a week or ten days, or as rapidly as transportation can be provided.

The regiments included are: Ninth Pennsylvania, Second Missouri, First New Hampshire, Twelfth New York, Twenty-first Kansas, Eighth Massachusetts, First South Carolina, Twelfth Minnesota, Fifth Pennsylvania, Fourteenth Minnesota, First Pennsylvania, Second Ohio, Sixth Ohio, One Hundred and Fifty-eighth Indiana, First West Virginia, One Hundred and Sixtieth Indiana, First Georgia, Thirty-first Michigan, Sixteenth Pennsylvania, Second Wisconsin, Third Kentucky, Fourth Pennsylvania, Third Illinois, Fourth Ohio, First Kentucky, Third Wisconsin and Fifth Illinois.

Major General Brooke was appointed by the President to command the corps. Major General Wade will be left in command at Camp Thomas. The change made by today's order appears to have been in accordance with General Brooke's desire not to go to the front without sufficient men for any emergency that might arise.

Major Otto Becker and Major Seymour Howell were the only government paymasters arriving today, although twenty five were expected. Major Becker stated that the pay corps would begin paying the army at once, and it is estimated the amount to be paid out will be not less than two million dollars.

THE HOT SPRINGS OF ARKANSAS.

The Mountain-Locked Miracle of the Ozarks.

The hot waters, the mountain air, equable climate and the pine forests make Hot Springs the most wonderful health and pleasure resort in the world, summer or winter. It is owned and controlled by the U. S. Government and has accommodations for all classes. The Arlington and Park hotels and 60 others and 200 boarding houses are open all summer. Having an altitude of 1000 feet it is a cool, safe and nearby refuge during the heated term in the south.

For information concerning Hot Springs address C. F. Cooley, Manager Business Men's League, Hot Springs, Ark.

For reduced excursion tickets and particulars of the trip see local agent or address W. A. Turk, Gen'l Pass. Agent, Southern Ry., Washington, D. C.