The explanation, as we see it, leaves the argument just as we reported it, so for as its merits go. We give below what we reported Dr. Stokes as saying at Greenwood. It is taken from our issue of July 16. We ask the reader to compare it with what the Cotton Plant says he said and see if the two are not the same:

we do not recall it.

The Herald and News

ELBERT H. AULL, EDITOR.

ELBERT H. AULL, Proprietors.

NEWBERRY, S. C.

THAT GREENWOOD SPEECH.

"The objection urged that this scheme may cause loss to the government if there is a decline in price was considered. President Stokes said there was no possibility of loss under any circumstances. This plan would eliminate the speculator and reduce it to the

law of supply and demand.
"Suppose a farmer deposits in the warehouse \$100 worth of cotton and draws \$80 and at the end of the year when pay day comes this cotton is only worth \$40, and the farmer fails to cess. redeem his cotton. You say at once the government has lost \$40. It has done no such thing. What is to hinder the government from buying that cotton in and holding it until the price advances, and that is what it will do. But suppose the government wants to sell out and only realizes \$40. The government has lost nothing in that case, because the other \$40 was in circulation and it stands upon the same basis as your silver certificate issued since last July.

Then we asked Dr. Stokes how about the other \$20 that the farmer could have received for the cotton when he drew \$80.

If Dr. Stokes will examine the files of the Cotton Plant he will find, in an issue after the publication of our report of his Greenwood speech, that it stated that our report was a fair and correct report, bút that we charged him with making an argument that he did not believe himself. We did not intend to make any charges against him in our | permission. report, but we did not see how he could make it out that the government would lose nothing if it received only \$40 for \$80 advanced on cotton. Now be says it is on a par with greenbacks. Well, now, will the Cotton Plant tell us how this 346,000,000 of greenbacks Are not the treasury notes issued by the government redeemable in coin? We do not mean the gold and silver certificates. Is not the government required to keep one hundred million dollars in gold to redeem these 346,000,-000 of greenbacks?

These 346,000,000 of greenbacks are simply the notes of the government, issued in payment of its debts incurred by the war, which pass as legal tender, and pass as money instead of taxing the people to raise the money and were given to the people that the government owed and in payment of its expenses. True, the \$80 would be a note of the government, but what business sense would there be in giving a note for \$80 for which the government only received \$40. It would not be long before such notes would be useless.

To say that the outstanding \$40 was no loss to the government because it was on the same basis as greenbacks is no argument. To carry out the same line of argument, there would be just as much reason to say that the government could give to every man who had \$100 worth of cotton \$80 and let him keep his cotton too, because it would have as good basis behind it as the greenbacks, and then the man who had the \$100 worth of cotton would not lose the other \$20 that he might have received for his cotton, in the case supposed, when he placed it in the warehouse. Then, too, there would be \$80 in circulation justead of \$40.

But then we admit that we do not und 'and this great scheme of financ id have been induced to say this much in justification of what has been formerly said. We have only been seeking light all the time.

The Atlanta Journal publishes an interview with Gov. Campbell, Democratic candidate for Governor in Ohio, on the situation in that State. He says the all absorbing issue in the present campaign is the tariff. The Republican candidate, Maj. McKinley, author of the McKinley bill, is trying to draw attention to silver, but Mr.

Campbell is holding him down to the tariff. When asked what part the subtreasury plan would have on the campaign, Gov. Campbell replied to the

reporter: "Well, sir, you are the first man I have ever heard mention the subtreasury plan in Ohio. The people here know nothing whatever about it. I will give you a fine present if you will find one man in Ohio who will mention the subtreasury plan as an issue in the campaign. We are making the fight on the tariff, and on this transcendant

issue we will win the battle." That must be a great place to spend a while in. No subtreasury plan discussed or talked about! Just think midable rival.

The Abbeville Press and Banner of last week had about 29 columns of advertisements. Most of them were from the merchants of Abbeville and Greenwood. The business men of Abbeville appreciate the value of advertising, and patronize and support their home paper. Some of the business men of Newberry never advertise at all. It is

The Reformers in the cities are on the parties intorested in the business, the popular wave. They have won in Charleston and are making things live—

The Reformers in the cities are on the parties intorested in the business, minister of this city, has challenged to a public debate the Rev. Sam Jones, the noted evangelist, who is now hold—the other sufferers refase to give their master.

The Reformers in the cities are on the parties intorested in the business, minister of this city, has challenged to a public debate the Rev. Sam Jones, the noted evangelist, who is now hold—the other sufferers refase to give their master.

WHY NOT ENCOURAG ! OUR OWN STATE FAIR ALSO Governor Tillman, Secretary

Tindall and Mr. J. E. Wannamaker of the Board of Trustees of Clemson College, have issued a leeter to the farmers of South Carolina nrging them to attend and turnish sample crops and en- Reformers have won. courage the Augusta Exposition as a means of benefit ing themselves and for Mayor by the Democratic primary advertising the State and its resources. candidate of the Regulars. THURSDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1891. That is all right and proper, and we We publish elsewhere, with pleasure, the explanation of the Cotton Plant of Fair at Columbia a howling success. Dr. Stokes' Greenwood speech, headline and all, just as it appeared in the meant in any way to slight our State last issue of the Cotton Plant. We re-Fair or to discourage our farmers from gret that we did not see the explanaattending or sending exhibits thereto | 127. tion as published in the Cotton Plant by calling special attention to Augusta of August 12, but about that time the in the circular letter. At the same time, editor was absent, and if we ever saw it however, if they desired to have the resources of the State brought to the attention of the public and properly advertised, they might also have directed the attention of the farmers thereto, if it was thought necessary to give special

stress to Augusta. Possibly it was thought that our farners would think enough of their from a to z. own fair to take their own exhibits specially called to it.

At any rate every one should feel a personal interest in our State Fair, and we hope that exhibits will be large and varied as they should, and that the attendance will be good.

We feel that Col. Holloway and those associated with him will spare no pains to make the Fair a great suc-

The Newberry Herald and News seems not to appreciate its correspondent "H." The Cotton Plant will give "H." a welcome to its columns.-Cotton Plant.

Oh! no, Mr. Cotton Plant. "H." is a good friend of the editor of this paper and he knows we are his friend. He further knows that the "latch-string hangs on the outside" whenever he wants admission to the columns of The Herald and News or desires to visit the home of the editor. The Cotdeposited it in the warehouse and ton Plant cannot proselyte "H." in any such manner as this.

By the way, did the Cotton Plant notice that "H." had another communication in The Herald and News last week, and that we called editorial attention to it and advised our readers to read it? The Cotton Plant is at perfect liberty to copy any of "H.'s" articles that it desires. We will give it that

Commodore Duncan Nathaniel Ingraham died in Charleston on Friday, 16th instant. He was born in 1802, and at the age of 10 years was a midshipmite. He fought through the war of 1812 as a midshipman. He served lation in the same way as the \$40 in and at the outbreak of the late war he circulation. The worst that could be in the Mexican war as a commander, the illustration used by Dr. Stokes? resigned. In March, 1861, he entered said about it was that it would have no the Confederate navy, and was assigned to Pensacola and then to Charleston, where he distinguished himself by breaking up the blockade. He was bold and fearless as an officer. One of the most notable events in the navy was his rescue and release of Koszta, a naturalized American citizen, from the Austrian ship of war Huzzar in June, 1853, in the Mediterranean. He had lived very quietly at his birthplace, Charleston, since 1865.

The News and Courier copies an editorial from the Omaha Bee on "How to build up Omaha" and substitutes Charleston for Omaha. The gist of the whole thing is told in one sentence, and it is this: "The way to build up Omaha, is to give Omaha people your patronage." It needs no further comment. There is a big truth in this simple sentence. It is a sermon and lecture all in one. The people of Newberry can make the application for themselves. "The way to build up it; but that was no worse than must be Omaha, is to give Omaha people your patronage." Remember that.

At a recent meeting of the York County Alliance two very important and practical questions were considered. One was a reduction in the average of cotton and the other the improvement of the public roads. These are things which concern the members of the alliance. More practical work would be of great benefit to the Alli-

The government rain makers were so successful at San Diego, Texas, with statements in reply to its question. their experiments last week that they have become heroes in the eyes of the ranchmen. They got a rain last Sunday at a cost of \$2,500 for explosives, The Democratic Candidate Elected Mayor and the ranchmen declare the rain to be worth fifty million dollars to them. Melbourne, the Australian rain maker, has also been so succesful, it is clalmed, in Kansas, that a fellow in California says he has stolen his patent.

When a man finds fault with all religious, social and political organizations and wishes to construct society anew, he ought to be haltered out in a rail pen far away from every one else. -Orangeburg Enterprise and Alliance Monitor.

True, but in this day and time we fear that you would need several rail pens, or the old fashion ones would twenty-two votes being scratched for have to be enlarged.

The New York Associated Press has split by the withdrawal of the Sun and the Tribune. Col. Elliott F. Shepard, of the Mail and Express, and several of his associates got control of the company, and the two papers didn't relish him. The two papers will form a for-

The Cash Property Sold to Minnesota Capitalists.

[Special to the State.] CHERAW, S. C., Oct. 15 .- The Cash roperty, which lies about six miles rom Cheraw, has been sold to Minnesota parties. There is about 6,000 or 7,000 acres of land in the tract, a part of which contains a lot of fine timber of different kinds. The company which has bought the property intends soon very queer. If the papers in Newberry | to erect a large saw mill, with a capacould get half 29 columns the hearts of the editors would be made glad and the merchants would reap the profits.

To erect a large saw mill, with a capanot under bond as required by law. To erect a large saw mill, with a capanot under bond as required by law.

A Challenge for Sam Jones. the merchants would reap the profits. | Yet the process a rumor that as much as \$75, 000 was paid. Mr. Ferguson, one of

VICTORY FOR THE REFORMERS.

Charleston-His Majority About Two Hundred.

[Special to the State.] CHARLESTON, S. C., Oct. 21.-The Col. J. F. Ficken has been nominated election, defeating Mayor Bryan, the

The election was quite and peaceable. hope to see South Carolina well repre- The police force, although admirably tain parties in the State that there had sented at the Augusta Exposition, but organized and distributed, were the idlest set of men in town. Only in we would like to see also our own State | Ward 9 did the slightest trouble occur. There was, at the Mall, a slight disturb-We have no idea these gentlemen ance, due to whiskey and over-enthusiam for the one or the other candidates, but it amounted to very little. Ficken's majority in cleven wards is

Ward 4 is still doubtful at 1.30 a. The Reformers have elected twelve aldermen at large and five from the

There is talk of a lost ballot box in ward 4. The election commissioner adjourned from the city hall to the premidnight,) and at 2 a. m. the result in

ward has not beet declared. It is a fact, however, that Maj. Ficken is nominated. The aldermen's ticket is scratched

Dr. Thompson was defeated for there without having their attention school commissioner; Dr. Vedder was elected. Mr. Theo. D. Jerver, Jr., has been elected chairman of the executive com

mittee over Maj. Boyle, unless Ward materially alters results. At 2 a. m. Maj. Baker and Gen. Huguenin were seen together. Maj. Barker said: "We cannot declare the results in Ward 4 to-night. There are complications which may not be adjusted before to-morrow." The complications referred to are understood to be between the managers in Ward Four. The nature of the difficulty is not

known. There will, however, be no changing of results. The Reformers have, be-yond a doubt, something like 200 ma-

That Greenwood Speech.

[Cotton Plant.] The Herald and News (Newberry referring to our illustration at Greenwood uses this language in its issue of

"If an explanation of Dr. Stokes" Greenwood speech has ever been made we have never seen it. Again in another editorial in the

same issue, it says: "Then we asked him if he really beieved that the government would lose nothing because the money was still in circulation, and we have asked him again, and as yet have received no

reply."
These are remarkable statements in-We corrected The Herald and News in the first issue of The Cotton Plant after its question was asked. But to go no further back than August 15th we said under the caption "Chaims to be Fair" the following:

"The trouble lies in his (The Heraid's) statement of it and not in what Dr. Stokes said. He does not state all that Dr. Stokes said. The statement made at Greenwood was, that in the case supposed the government had not lost the \$40 outstanding. It was in basis behind it; but that was no worse than must be said about 346 million of Greenbacks which have nothing but the government behind them. further admitted that this might not be a desirable result, among those who believe in money that is based alone on some valuable entity, but the question of loss to the government was settled by the argument in the negative-unless the 346 million Greenbacks represent a loss to the government. If this is not a true statement will The Herald and News kindly point out wherein it fails of truth or accuracy? We assure him before hand that we will not charge him with either insincerity or trifling, however inconclusive his argu-

ment may be." Again in our issue of September 12th under the caption "Some Ignorance" occurs the following:

"His (Darlington Herald) statement in regard to storing \$100 worth of cotton, drawing \$80 and afterward the cotton being sold for \$60-The trouble with this is not in what Dr. Stokes said, but in what he is reported to have

He said the \$20 was still in circulation; and the worst that could be said for it was that it had no basis behind said for 346 million greenbacks, which, have no basis either. If our cotempor ary holds that there is actual or possible loss to the government in the circulation of the greenbacks, then is his fear of loss in the case of sub-treasury notes well founded. To hold such a view would be sheer ignorance of political economy as well as history-but the ignorance is not on Dr. Stoke's side. Does The Herald and News read The Cotton Plant when it answers a question of The Herald and News?

Did it read this? Some allusions even in its issue of Oct. 1st, imply that it did; but we prefer to think that it did not in order to escape the uncharitable conclusion that it has deliberately misconstrued and suppressed our plain

A WALK OVER.

of Spartanburg.

[Special to the State.]

SPARTANBURG, Oct. 19 .- The contest is over, and the Democracyl is trium-phant. Col. Joseph Walker, the Democratic nominee, defeated Mr. Chase, the independent candidate for mayor, by a majority of 146 votes. This majority is much greater than was expected. Mr. Chase received 438 votes and Col. Walker 584.

Most of the negroes voted for Mr. Chase, and it is said that he received but 30 white votes. The whites voted in a body for Col. Walker. Besides this, he got about 30 negro votes. It is estimated that fully 200 white men did not vote. The total vote was 1,042,

BAD FOR BEAUFORT.

The Town Treasurer a Defaulter for Over \$5,000 and the Town in Debt Over \$20,000.

Special to the News and Courier.] BEAUFORT, October 20 .-- A mass meeting os the citizens of Beaufort was held yesterday evening at 4 o'clock to receive the report of the committee appointed to investigate the town finances. The total amount of the bonded debt of the town is reported at \$9,900. The total amount of the floating debt is \$15,072.65. The total deficit in the accounts of Taylor, the defaulting extreasurer, is \$5,432.33. The amount due merchants on orders for pay endorsed by Taylor \$1,361.99. A committee of five was appointed to investigate as to where the responsibility for the deficit lies, as the treasurer was

WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 17 .- Rev. ing a series of meetings here.

-The Governor Calls on Parents to Prove Their Inability to Pay Tuition

[The State, 17th.]

That is, he intends to work a "reform" in the institution's management. He yesterday stated that complaints had been lodged in his office from cerbeen irregularities in the awarding of the beneficiary cadetships, or, in other words, the law had not strictly been complied with. These complaints are to the effect that there are young men in the academy enjoying the benefici-

to pay the tuition. Governor Tillman requests the announcement made that parents having sons in the academy on beneficiary scholarships will be given a chance to submit proof of their inability to pay, and informs them that they can send such proof to him at once. He will examine it and submit it to the board cinct headquarters in ward 4 (about of visitors at their next meeting, when all cases will receive decisive action. Future developments are awaited with interest.

Lecturer Keitt at Anderson.

The People's Advocate gives the following report of Lecturer Keitt's address before the Anderson County Alli-

ance at its recent meeting: District Lecturer Jos. L. Keitt being present was accorded the floor and proeeded to address the Alliance, more especially on the question of finance. He said that all civilized countries had some system of finance and that ours was embodied in the national banking system, which had so completely placed the control of the currency of the country in the hands of a certain class that the amount of the wealth of the country held by the agricultural and laboring classes had steadily decreased for the last three decades and that during the last decade it had decreased from 36 per cent. in 1880 to 23 per cent. in 1890. That a great deal of this wealth was of an invisible nature and the result was that those who produced the wealth and owned only 23 per cent. of it paid about 80 per cent of the taxes hat were collected. That of the \$1,000,-000,000 spent by the recent Congress the farmers and laborers paid about \$800,000.000. This was an inequality and injustice that we were seeking relief from, and instead of the present vicious and unrighteous system we had proposed another and a different sys- the lower end of Shenandoah valley, tem by which the government would take the control of the currency from the bankers and furnish it directly to the people based upon the products of the soil. That this was true Jeffersonian Democracy as exemplified in the teachings of Jefferson, Calhoun and Jackson, under whose leadership the party had always fought the idea of national banks as unconstitutional and dangerous to liberty, and that Mr. Calboun had constantly held that the government should not extend its credit to the banks but to the people directly without an intermediary, and that this was the underlying principle of the sub-treasury plan. His remarks were continued at some length along this line and were listened to attentively and approvingly by the delegates.

TO RAISE THE PRICE OF COTTON.

Important Management Inaugurated by

[Special to News and Courier.] GREENVILLE, Oct. 19 .- The Green ville County Farmers' Alliance met in special session to-day for the purpose of taking some action on the vexed ques- THE YOUTH THAT HAS MADE ALL tion with them, of the buying and selling of cotton. They passed the following resolution, which is intended to a far-reaching effect to raise the price

of cotton: "Whereas, cotton is our cash product and producers are forced to take for it prices below the cost of production, not only the farmers, but the merchants who furnished them supplies on time must sustain the loss. The profits on cotton are divided between the specu-

lators and manufacturers: "We, the Greenville Farmers' Alliance, do advise our farmers to refuse to sell heir cotton at the present prices, and to at once ware house so much cot ton as will satisfy their creditors, and borrow from the banks or individuals on ware house receipts and hold their cotton for better prices.

"That the action of our meeting be published throughout the Cotton States, and we ask the farmers to at once, through State and County Alliances, act in accordiance therewith. "That Sub-Alliances are hereby requested to call meetings at once to act

on these resolutions." The Alliance of this county proposes to accomplish the purpose of the reso lution by concentrating the cotton brought to this market in the Alliance warehouse for the purpose of having i graded into lots, "so that each grade

can be sold at its true market value." The warehouse will store cotton fifteen days free of charge to buyer and seller alike, enabling the seller to hold his cotton for better prices and the buyer to get large lots for shipment After the fifteen days' free storage is out the cost of storage and insurance will not exceed 25 cents for the first month, and 20 cents for subsequent months. A committee of the Alliance

says:
 "It is now generally conceded that the present crop is far short of that of last year and of much finer quality, yet the prices are below the cost of production. It therefore must be apparent to all that there is everything to gain and nothing to lose by holding. Some of the Greenville banks have agreed to advance liberally on ware-

house receipts." A resolution was also passed asking every true Alliance man not to sell his cotton until he takes it to the ware-The Alliance proposes to hire a grader of cotton or grade it them-selves by "types" from New York. The cotton buyers here are defied, and if the plan of the Alliance is carried out they must buy Alliance cotton at the warehouse and have it weighed by Alliance weighers. It is not likely that they will consent to be instructed by the Alliance where to weigh the cotton they buy without some lively kicking.

A WARNING TO WOMEN. Nearly One Hundred Delegates to a Female Convention Poisoned.

BRADFORD, PA., October 16 .-- Nearly one hundred delegates to the Women's Christian Temperance Union State Convention were poisoned this afternoon by something they ate or drank at dinner in Armory Hall tendered to the delegates by the McKean County organization.

Shortly after the afternoon session was called to order a large number of House at Newberry, on the first Mondelegates felt violently ill, and in half an hour at least seventy five were lying of land, lately the property of Isom limp in their seats or on the floor, all Greenwood, deceased, in the county vomiting and extremely sick. Medical aid was summoned and every physie. . in the city had a dozen or more and nine-tenths, more or less, and patients on his hands. Mrs. Ganoe | bounded by lands of Thomas W. Keitt, and Mrs. Owens, both of Phillipsburg, Centre County, Miss Pearl, Mrs. Ada
Cable, reporter of the Era, and Miss
Davis, all of Bradford, and Mrs. W. H.
Halevey, of Pittston, reporter of the in cash, and to secure the balance, and the pay-

John F, Ficken Nominated for Mayor of Trouble Caused by Beneficiary Scholarships Isaac Kinard. Colored. Hanged for the Murder of his Landlord. Mr. Lemuel G. Oxner.

[Special to News and Courier.]

LAURENS, October 16.-The awful scene in the courtyard of the jail as Isaac Kinard was ushered into eternity Governor Tillman's in the Citadel is only a prelude to that to be enacted when the eleven negroes pay the penalty for the murder of Nance. At 11 o'clock Kinard was seen in his cell and appeared to be very cool, and cared little to talk. He said he slept well last night and was ready for the work of to-day. As they took him from his cell he made only one request, and that was that he be allowed to tell his fellow-prisoners good-bye. This was granted and with a broad grin he shook their hands and they cried "Go, meet ary scholarships whose parents are able l us in glory, Ike," "Be sure," and then as he proceeded down the stairs the

prisoners, who had been singing hymns to him all the morning, began "Praise God from whom all blessings flow." At 11 o'clock he was placed on the scaffold, and had no request to make but that a pair of socks and a testament he had in his pocket be given to the colored preacher. The block then dropped, and after hanging twenty-five minutes Kinard was pronounced dead by Drs. Dial, Aiken and Anderson. Ike Kinard was hanged for the murder of his landlord, Lemuel G. Oxner, which occurred on June 13 last. He

was sentenced on the 4th of October to be hanged to-day. His attorneys endeavored to get a respite, but the Gov-ernor refused. Yesterday he expressed himself to Deputy Winters as being very sorry that he killed Mr. Oxner; that he was the best man, he had ever worked for, and he wished Oxner had killed him instead of him killing Oxner. His appearance, however, showed no signs of emotion.

A RESPITE FOR THE ELEVEN. A respite has been given to the eleven regroes sentenced to be hanged next Friday until the Supreme Court can act on the motion for a new trial. FIRST HANGING FOR MORE THAN HALF

A CENTURY. Madison, Ga., October 16.-Aleck Morris was hung here to day for the murder of Joe Lockwood and his wife in 1887. The execution was private and was the first in Morgan County since

Snow in Virginia.

LEXINGTON, VA., October 20 .- The first snow of the season in Virginia fell to-day along the Valley branch of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad at Woodstock, Newmarket and Mt. Jackson, in to the depth of one inch.

Torn to Pieces by a Tiger. BELGRADE, October 19 .- An animal tamer entered a cage containing a tiger and was torn to pieces in full view of the large audience. Many spectators fainted at the horrible sight

ADVERTISED LETTERS. Post Office, Newberry, S. C. List of letters unclaimed and advertise ctober 22. 1891. 'romer, Miss AdelaidMarks, Mrs. A'ice C. Cromer, Miss AdelaidMarks, Mrs. A'ice C.
Cook, Johnnie
Etheridge, Pink Myers, Georgie
Goffins, Miss Anna E
Gary, James
Hilt, Mrs. Anna Russels, Harrison
Kennedy, M. J. Toney, William
Lathrop, J. R. Lambert, T. O. Wheeler, Francis
Longshore, Siller
Persons calling for the above letters will
please say that they were advertised."

OPERA HOUSE. Thursday, Oct. 22.

THE MASTER MIND OF MIRTH AND MELODY. AMERICA LAUGH.

WILL E. BURTON. ADMIBABLE COMPANY OF COMEDIANS,

In the Great Farcical Comedy Drama

Prices. - - \$1, 75c, 50c and 25c. Reserve seats at Wright's Bookstore. Sale of Personal Prop-

erty. NOVEMBER 6TH, 1891, BEGIN-ning at 10 o'clock, I will sell at the late residence of John D. Wedeman, deceased, the following personal property belonging to his estate: 3 Mules, 1 Four Horse Wagon, Sulky Plow, 1 Disc Harrow, 1 Road Cart, several Grain Cradles, a lot of Fold, deceased, Eugene Longshore and Corn and Fodder, a lot of Cattle, etc.

EUSTATIA A. WEDAMAN. Administratrix. October 16, 1891. Notice of Dissolution.

Terms: Cash.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETO fore existing between the undersigned is this day dissolved by mutual JAS. K. P. GOGGANS. W. H. HUNT, JR.

October 13, 1891.

#### Master's Sales.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA-COUNTY OF NEWBERRY-IN COMMON PLEAS. The Scottish American Mortgage Company, Limited, vs. Orlando Hope

Foreclosure. BY ORDER OF THE COURT, berein, dated 17 July, 1891, I will sell at public outery, before the Court House at Newberry, on the first Mon-day in November, 1891, all that tract or plantation of land (the property of the defendant), in the county and State aforesaid, containing One Hundred and Eighty-seven acres and two-tenths, more or less, bounded by lands of G. L Sease, Mrs. S. A. M. Fellers, Mrs. Elizabeth Gallman and Dr. Jno. C. Half-

TERMS:-The purchaser will be required to pay in cash one-half of the purchase money, and to secure the bal-ance payable at twelve months, with interest from the day of sale, by a bond and mortgage of the premises sold, with leave to the purchaser, however, to anticipate payments in whole or in part. Purchaser to pay for papers.
SILAS JOHNSTONE,

Master's Office, 10 Oct., 1891.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA-COUNTY OF NEWBERRY-IN COMMON PLEAS. Elizabeth Richard vs. Thomas Keitt,

BY ORDER OF THE COURT, herein, dated 17 July, 1891, I will sell at public outery, before the Court day in November, 1891, all that lot Flannels, J. M. Capnon, Thomas Davis and

Scranton Truth, were among the most able at twelve months, with interest from the day of sale, by a bond and All were taken to the residences of mortgage of the property-with leave

Master's Office, 8 Oct., 1891.

BLACK EYES FOR

COMPETITION.

When you see the above sign Exhibited There is your Place to Buy.

We have opened a new department

ODD CENTS COUNTERS. FROM I TO 25 CENTS. Where you will find the

GREATEST BARGAIN THIS SIDE THE

OCEAN.

NOTHING Of this kind has ever been offered to the Public, and nothing

> Our Bargain Offer. COME AT ONCE Before it is too late.

can surpass

C. Klettner.

Special attention is called to ur Pawnbroker Clothing, consisting of

5CO MEN'S SUITS At Prices which no 500 FROCK COATS Millionaire 500 SACK COATS Auctioneer 500 PAIR PANTS 500 BOYS' COATS

Kerosene Oil 13c. a Gallon

YES, IT IS SO! WHAT?

HAT YOU CAN BUY YOUR Tin, Glass, Crockery, Lamps, Vases, Jewelry, Laces, Ribbons, Ball Thread, Spool Thread, Needles, Pins, and everything else you can think of, at

The 10 Cent Store, for less money than you can anywhere in Newberry.

SHERARD & MINOR, The 10 Centers, Foot's Old Stand. STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA COUNTY OF NEWBERRY-IN

PROBATE COURT. John William Folk as Administrator of the estate of Levi E. Folk, deceased, Plaintiff, against Louisa A.

Folk, et al., Defendants.

Complaint for sale of Land to aid in payment of debts, &c. VIRTUE OF AN ORDER herein, dated June 1st, 1891, I will sell at public outcry, to the highest bidder, at Newberry Court House, on salesday in November next, all that parcel or tract of land situate in said County which was set apart to the widow, Louisa A. Folk, as dower, containing seventy-three and four-tenths acres, more or less, and bounded by lands of the estate of Mrs. Louisa A

others: On the following terms to wit: Onethird of the purchase money to be paid in cash, with privilege to the purchaser to pay all cash if he so desires, and the remainder to be paid in two equal installments at one and two years from day of sale, with interest from that date, and to be secured by a bond of the purchaser, with mortgage of the premises, and Policy of Insurance upon the dwelling for its insurable value assigned or payable to the Probate Judge

for the one year. J. B. FELLERS, J. P. N. C. Oct. 5th, 1891.

## SPECIAL TO THE LADIES

OF NEWBERRY AND SURROUNDING COUNTY.

CALL AND SEE THE NICEST LINE

DRESS GOODS YOU EVER SAW.

---OF---

--ALSO---A SPLENDID SILECTION

Ladies' Shoes,

Hosiery, Ladies' Underwear.

Silks.

Domestics AND OTHER THINGS

"TOO NUMEROUS TO MENTION."

WE INVITE SPECIAL ATTENTION

TO OUR J. D. Davenport & Co.

I CAN BE FOUND AT THE C. N. and L. Depot, prepared to give prompt attention to weighing cotton give me a call.

NEW GOODS

For the Fall and Winter Season 1891.

GO TO THE OLD RELIABLE GLOTHING STORE

SMITH & WEARN,

money than any where else. Remember We Handle RELIABLE AND FIRST-CLASS GOODS.

Our goods are arriving daily, and we certainly can give you some bargains.

Call and see us. Yours as ever,

SMITH & WEARN,

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Me have the largest and best selected stock of Shoes ever brought to this market. \$10,000 stock to select from. When you want style, stock and finish at uniformly low prices, Minter & Jamieson's is the place to get them. Gentlemen! do you want a durable, stylish and comfortable shoe? Then buy the celebrated Lilly, Brackett & Co. Hand-Sewed Shoes.... For the romping school boy, buy the Douglas \$1.75 and \$2.00 School Shoes.... For Misses' and Children's School Shoes, buy our Stonewall Tips in spring heels and common-sense heel and toes.... For the ladies we have the E. P. Reed's; they are beauties.... In medium and low-priced shoes, we can give you the Hayes-Partridge Shoes, all of which ar e guaranteed . . . . Buy The Minter & Jamieson \$2.00 Shocs in Button and Laced; -they are hummers; they sell so fast and give such universal satisfaction that it is hard to keep them in stock; -equal to any \$2.50 shoe in the city.

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STRAWS

show which way the wind blows. Watch them When you see all sorts of Clothing patterned after Blalock's; when you see it imitated in appearance and make-up---in everything except price and merit; when you find THREE persons buying Clothing of him where ONE bought a year ago; then you may know the wind is blowing you towards Blalock's. And why not go? You are losing money by trying to head the other way; money and labor, time and patience. Go with the wise, and you stop losing, and begin to gain. Hundreds now realize that there is everything to gain and nothing to lose---with BLALOCK.

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# TELEGRAPHY Thorough, Fraction at Catalogue at ea assisted to positions. Correction Free. Write to Bryant & Stratton Business College, LOUISVILLE, KY.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, NEWBERRY COUNTY.

By J. B. Fellers, Esq., Probate Judge. WHEREAS, Robert T. Caldwell hath made suit to me to grant him Letters of Administration of the Estate and effects of Amand E. Spence, These are, therefore, to cite and admonish all and singular the kindred and creditors of the said Amand E.

Spence, deceased, that they be and appear before me, in the Court of Probate, to be held at Newberry Court House, on the 27th day of October, 1891, after publication hereof, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, why the said Administration should not be granted. of October, A. D. 1891. J. B. FELLERS, J. P. N. C.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, NEWBERRY COUNTY. By J. B. Fellers, Esq., Probate Judg.e WHEREAS, Nathaniel B. Mazyck hath made suit to me to grant him Letters of Administration of the estate and effects of John Blake Mazyck,

deceased: These are, therefore, to admonish all and singular the kindred and creditors of the said John Blake Mazyck, deceased, that they be and appear before me, in the Court of Probate, to be held at Newberry Court House, on the 26th day of October, 1891, after publication hereof, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, why the said administration should not be

Given under my hand this 10th day of October, A. D 1891. J. B. FELLERS, J. P. N. C.

COTTON WEIGHING.

WINES LIQUORS Given under my hand this 12th day of October, A. D. 1891.

J. R. FELLERS J. P. N. C. TOBACCO

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