

FOR PRESIDENT:
GROVER CLEVELAND,
OF NEW YORK.
FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:
ALLEN G. THURMAN,
OF OHIO.

We acknowledge from Hon. J. S. Cotman a copy of Hon. J. C. Carlisle's speech on the tariff.

Greenville Gals Weck was a grand success. Crowds of people were there, and everyone, it seems, enjoyed himself. At least that seems to be the general verdict. We are glad it was a success and only regret we were unable to attend.

Governor Richardson and Mr. Tillman met again at Chester last Monday. Capt. Dawson, of the News and Courier, has publicly announced that he will meet Tillman on the stump; then it will begin to get lively. Capt. Dawson is now in New York.

The Press Association met last week in Greenville. The same officers were re-elected for the next year. Maj. John W. Holmes, of Barnwell, the annual orator, delivered an address on "The Garden of Eden." If there is much Garden of Eden in the publication of a weekly newspaper we have been unable to find it. The next meeting we believe is to be held in Columbia during December with Capt. F. W. Dawson, of the News and Courier, as orator.

Governor Richardson does not think that the State should be made a party to the lawsuit in case the Clemson will be contested, and that the State should only accept the bequest if the State can control the college. He says:

"Rather than have the State endowed with large funds of college agriculture and not be able to control it, he would prefer that South Carolina should let the Clemson bequest go and establish and endow the college herself."

The News and Courier of Monday publishes what purports to be a full list of the candidates so far announced for county offices in the State. It makes a total of only 852. Newberry is given only thirty-three in the list. Really we do not know how many are running for office in Newberry, but we do know there are more than thirty-three, for we have nearly that many candidates for county commissioners.

The candidates are a good set of fellows and have a good time.

Maj. D. R. Duncan of Spartanburg was equal to the occasion. In the congress convention at Laurens on Tuesday night the nomination for congress was offered to him by the convention, but as Laurens and Spartanburg had instructed for the primary he refused to take the nomination and preferred to submit his case to the decision of the people at a primary as the people preferred. He will not lose anything by this decision, whether he receives the nomination or not.

The county canvass is a little over half through, or rather will be to-morrow. So far, we believe, it has been pleasant and free from personal ill-will. Of course the usual "campaign lies" are told on all the candidates, and that they have occasionally to correct them. We hope to see our county campaign fought strictly on the personal merits of the respective candidates, and without bad blood.

Let the will of the people, as expressed at the polls, be the verdict by which the candidates must stand or fall.

"This is not to be a pedagogue campaign, but a campaign of square issues. The American people don't care what your grandfather was, or whether you ever had one."

The personal character and record of both Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Harrison is said to be good. The main issue, we presume, will be the tariff. We believe the people do love to have good stock, and they want to know that you have good blood in your veins, but a great deal more depends on what you are yourself than what your ancestry was.

We have received from Mr. James Wood Davidson, through Mr. John B. Alden, publisher, a copy of his book, "The Poetry of the Future." It is a neat little volume of 200 pages, Elzevir Edition, cloth, gilt top; price, 60 cents. Postage, 5 cents. John B. Alden, publisher, New York.

Davidson is a native of Newberry and a graduate of the University of the South. He is a scholar and ready writer. We publish in our issue to-day a sketch of him as taken from a letter we received. It will be of interest to many of our readers.

The Greenville News says that Judge Simonton will not convene the United District Court at that place on next Monday—the time appointed—because of the reason that there is no money on hand with which to pay witnesses and jurors. The News does not make this statement officially, however.

We refer to this for the simple reason that we cannot understand how it is that the Government in such cases will take men away from their business, make them pay railroad and hotel expenses, besides the loss of time, to serve the public, and then make them wait for their money or have their papers discounted, when there are millions in the treasury, and when we are constantly wanting to reduce the surplus. It is not right to require men to serve the public and wait for their pay.

We think Judge Simonton is right. He should not hold any court until the Government is ready to pay witnesses and jurors in cash for their services. Jump over a term or two, and my service the Government will get in a little cash by and by.

THE QUESTION OF THE CAMPAIGN.
The Herald and News has never been a mouth-piece in the strict sense of a separate agricultural college. In fact, our record has rather been against such an institution at this time; not because we oppose the education of the farmer, but rather because we favor such education, and have never believed it could be obtained by the establishment of such an institution. The great mass of the people and politicians took up the cry for a separate agricultural college, and it is the question of the campaign, county and State, and all the candidates at least are on one side, in favor of such college. So strong seemed to be the flood for such an institution that we have been silent on the question for some time, because sober thought and argument would not be listened to, and one who dared to say that he did not believe a panacea for all the ills of the farmer was to be found in such an institution was put down as an enemy to the farmer. When Mr. Clemson's will was made public we rather favored the acceptance by the State of this bequest, and thus let the experiment of a separate agricultural college be made without much cost to the State. Such an institution will be an experiment with us, and as we thought it could be tried in this way it might be well.

We have thought of this matter a good deal lately and we have read carefully the will of Mr. Clemson, and we have come to the conclusion that if the State would not accept this bequest, if the people want a separate agricultural college let us build it. This will be contested by Miss Lee, the only heir-at-law of Mr. Clemson, and who is yet a minor and will have four years before she arrives at the age of twenty-one years in which to do it, and then the control of this institution under the will, will not be under the State, but in the hands of the trustees appointed by Mr. Clemson and their successors. If the State is to have a separate agricultural college let us have it, so that the State can control it.

If the people want it they can have it. The people rule in this country; they pay the taxes and elect their representatives who can establish such an institution if the great mass of the people say so.

Now we desire it distinctly understood that The Herald and News is a friend to the farmer, notwithstanding what anybody may say to the contrary. It is very nice to talk about trained men as lawyers, doctors and preachers, and the necessity for trained men as farmers, but is the thing practicable? How many boys from Newberry County could attend such an institution if it were established? How many who did would return to the farm and become farmers? What would be the practical results of the establishment of such an institution? These are questions to be considered along with all this theory that we hear on the subject.

There is one thing that may be put down as sure, that if such an institution is established with or without the Clemson bequest, the funds now available even by tearing down the "annex" will not be sufficient to maintain it. That, however, is a small question, if the people want the institution. Mississippi has an Agricultural College, and when this discussion first began a great deal was said about such an institution on the Mississippi plan. A correspondent of the News and Courier who attended the commencement of this College last year summed up the opposition to it in that State as follows:

"First, its establishment has increased taxation unnecessarily. Second, that if they are to be taxed it should be for free common schools. Third, that the college does not make farmers."

The trouble with this College is that it does not make farmers, and we believe the same complaint comes from other agricultural colleges. The Johnston Monitors give the Farm & Fireside, an agricultural paper, as authority for the assertion that out of 65 graduates of the Agricultural College of Ohio, only one is engaged in farming, and from the same paper the following quotation is made:

"Indeed, we venture the assertion, which we believe cannot be successfully contradicted, that no college or university of general education in the United States will show a smaller proportion of its graduates engaged in agricultural pursuits than this agricultural college of Ohio."

Results may be different with us. If not, where is your argument for technical training for farming, when only one in sixty-five who have been trained for that business engage in farming? The trouble is that the farmer does not know what his son will be, or want to be, or is fit to be, when he starts him off to college. The young man who is going to secure a technical course as a doctor or minister first obtains, if possible, a good literary education, and until this is done the decision of a professional man is rarely made. An agricultural college, separate and distinct, is not going to reach the farmers as a class, nor do the good they are now to believe it will when established.

What we need is more and better common schools where all the boys and girls can go and obtain a good English education; and when we get those, if we desire it, let us have the college, where the young man who desires to farm may go to take his technical course.

All the legislative candidates in Newberry favor the establishment of an agricultural college and we suppose a majority of our people are on the same side. This being the case, the people hear only one side of this question. Our convictions being those stated in this article, we felt it our duty to state them plainly and simply. The people will decide this question for themselves.

No one will deny that an agricultural college will accomplish good. It will be a step forward, but it is the one most desired to be taken just now, and the one if taken, that will result in the most good to the greatest number of our people who are the tillers of the soil. That is the question to be decided.

THE RACE FOR SOLICITOR.
The campaign for Solicitor of the 7th Circuit is now fairly open and before the people, with five candidates from the four counties. H. L. Farley and Stanyarne Wilson, Spartanburg; David Johnson, Union; R. C. Watts, Laurens, and O. L. Schumpert, Newberry.

The primary majority plan has been adopted, and September 11 fixed as the time of the first primary. The Herald & News will give its hearty support and endorsement to Newberry's candidate, Col. O. L. Schumpert, because we believe him to be the man for the place, and we say this without any disparagement of the claims of any of the other gentlemen in the race. He is an able lawyer, an eloquent advocate and an excellent gentleman, and we believe the people of this Judicial District will select him as their next Solicitor. Assuring and encouraging intelligence is received from all the counties in the Circuit. It is important that the friends of Col. Schumpert should keep the matter agitated and be sure to turn out on the day fixed for the primary. We hope the campaign will be one free from personalities and be conducted on a friendly and pleasant basis, and let the candidates stand or fall on their merits as the verdict of the people may decide.

A correspondent of the Abbeville Press and Banner nominates Gen. R. R. Hennipill as a candidate for Governor, and pledges him as a true reformer from A to Z.

THE SEVENTH DISTRICT.
Ambitious Young Colored Men at Fort Motte and Pine Grove Advocate Miller for Congress.

[Special to the News and Courier.]
FORT MOTTE, July 28.—At a meeting of the Republican clubs of Fort Motte and Pine Grove precincts to-day at Fort Motte, there were present some five hundred persons. Mr. George Brown presided, and H. Kelt acted as secretary. The meeting was addressed by Major J. H. Fordham, S. J. Shiver and Hon. T. E. Miller. Two young Republican clubs were organized. The meeting unanimously adopted the following resolution:

Resolved, That we, the electors of Fort Motte and Pine Grove, in mass meeting assembled, do hereby endorse the candidacy of the Hon. T. E. Miller for Congress in the 7th district, and will give a hearty support to his nomination and election.

For Lieutenant Governor.

[From the Laurens Herald.]
We notice with great pleasure the nomination of the Hon. Sampson Pope of Newberry, for Lieutenant Governor. Dr. Pope is not a stranger to the people of the State, and his candidacy, I believe, will meet with a hearty endorsement in this county, as his loyalty to his party and his untiring efforts to secure reformation and reform whilst a member of the General Assembly for four years, entitle him to the confidence of every man who has the welfare of his country at heart. We bespeak for Dr. Pope the hearty endorsement of the organizations that have worked for and demanded the needed reforms in our State, and which have as often been refused.

FRIENDS.

FULLY EMPLOYED.
[Editorial in Laurens Herald.]
Without disparaging the claims or fitness of any other gentlemen who may have been proposed for the same position, we fully endorse the nomination of "Friend" regarding the nomination of Hon. Sampson Pope, of Newberry, for Lieutenant Governor.

Dr. Pope, by his able, fearless, manly course during four years' service in the General Assembly in behalf of reformation and in opposition to extravagance, deserves the hearty thanks of every friend to economy and reform. Regardless of the petty flings and sneers of certain penny-a-liners, he never faltered in his advocacy of the people's rights, and in opposing what he regarded as wasteful methods.

Independent of these considerations, however, Dr. Pope possesses every other requisite and qualification to fit him for the high position for which he has been named.

KILLED WHILE ASLEEP.
Lightning Strikes a Horse and Kills a Mother and Child.
MAYON, Ga., July 28.—About 7 o'clock last night George W. Sheppard, an operative in the East Mazon factory, with his wife and five-year-old son, went to bed at their home on Factory Row in East Mazon. Shortly after 10 o'clock Mr. Sheppard was awakened by a dull but severe pain in his left leg. On waking he found a piece of timber across his face, his right arm across the breast of his wife at his side, and his right leg across the breast of his wife. He had an indistinct recollection of a flash and a shock, and supposed he had been struck by lightning. Feeling for his wife he found her dead. Reaching down to the foot of the bed he found that his son was also dead.

The lightning had struck the Eastern corner of the house and tore away a portion of the timbers, one piece falling on the bed, which was in the corner, and striking Mr. Sheppard in the face. The footboard of the bed was also splintered.

A Probation Defeat.

MERIDIAN, Miss., July 21.—Lauderdale County to-day reversed the decision made two years ago, and voted by about a thousand majority in favor of open saloons.

ALL FOR PRIMARY.
Work of the Congressional and Judicial Convention.
[Laurens Advertiser, August 1.]
At 8 o'clock this evening G. W. Sheild called the Congressional convention to order and read the call, signed by the members of each of the counties represented in the district. The counties are represented as follows: Laurens; Spartanburg; Fairfield; Greenville; Union; and Richland.

Dr. M. C. Caine, of Laurens, was elected permanent chairman of the convention, and Captain Newton F. Walker, of Spartanburg, secretary.

Mr. W. L. Gray, of Laurens, stated that the convention was called upon to decide whether or not to favor a democratic nominee for Congress elected by primary, and he thereupon offered a resolution favoring the primary, and appointing September 28 as the day for holding the same.

C. P. Sanders, of Spartanburg, seconded the resolution in a few well chosen words, closing with the remark "that Spartanburg has a candidate in the race who is willing to submit his claims to the people, and who could only be defeated by a man, which brought a round of applause."

Mr. Heyward, of Greenville, also seconded the resolutions, stating that Greenville's candidate could not be defeated by any other man, and here he lauded the large number of Greenville spectators put in good work.

C. A. Douglas, of Fairfield, made a strong plea for the convention. He felt called upon, in the face of the almost universal opinion, to vote in favor of a primary, and he thereupon offered a resolution favoring the primary, and appointing September 28 as the day for holding the same.

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