

## 5,000 VETERANS AT RICHMOND REUNION

Richmond, Va., May 20.—(Special)—The world is competing preparations for the 32d annual convention of the United Confederate Veterans, which will be held at Richmond, Va., on June 20, 21 and 22. Fully 5,000 veterans are expected to be within the city's boundaries. Most of them will be accompanied by one or more members of their families, and, in addition, thousands of present members of the United Confederate Veterans, Daughters of the Confederacy, the Confederate Veterans Memorial Association, and friends and matrons of

the veterans. The veterans will sleep in comfortable quarters. Thousands of them will be accompanied by relatives and friends. The city will be a scene of activity. The cost of the reunion is estimated at \$1,250,000. Applications for tickets should be made at the Richmond and Petersburg Railroad Station, Richmond, Va., on June 20, 21 and 22. Reduced Railroad Rates.

On the Southern Railway, the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway and, in fact, practically all the transportation systems in the South have agreed to give the veterans, accompanying members of their families, and members of auxiliary organizations the benefit of reduced fares to this city and return. These rates have been fixed as follows:

Veterans and accompanying members of their families, 1 cent a mile for each mile traveled.

Members of the Sons of Confederate Veterans, Daughters of the Confederacy, the Confederate Southern Memorial Association, other auxiliary organizations, sponsors and matrons of honor, one-way fare for the round trip.

### Identification Certificates.

Tickets will be placed on sale through the South in ample time for visitors to reach Richmond on or before June 19. As customary and in order to eliminate trouble in procuring tickets at the reduced rates of fare, identification certificates have been prepared and are being distributed to all veterans and members of Confederate and affiliated bodies. Individuals who are unable to procure them through usual channels should apply at once to Adjutant-in-Chief Carl Hinton, Sons of Confederate Veterans, Hotel Richmond, Richmond.

### To Stop a Cough Quick

take HAYES' HEALING HONEY, a cough medicine which stops the cough by healing the inflamed and irritated tissues.

A box of GROVE'S O-PEN-TRATE SALVE for Chest Colds, Head Colds and Croup is enclosed with every bottle of HAYES' HEALING HONEY. The salve should be rubbed on the chest and throat of children suffering from a Cold or Croup.

The healing effect of Hayes' Healing Honey inside the throat combined with the healing effect of Grove's O-Pen-Trate Salve through the pores of the skin stops a cough.

Both remedies are packed in one carton and the cost of the combined treatment is 35c. Just ask your druggist for HAYES' HEALING HONEY.

### LAND SALE

State of South Carolina,  
County of Laurens.  
IN COURT OF COMMON PLEAS  
Home Building and Loan Association,  
Plaintiff,

against  
C. W. and Clary O. Martin, et al, Defendants.

Pursuant to a decree of the Court in the above stated case, I will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, at Laurens, S. C., on Saturday in June next, being Monday the 5th day of the month, during the legal hours for such sales, the following described property, to wit:

All that lot, piece and parcel of land situate, lying and being in the City of Laurens, County and State aforesaid, on the west side of Chestnut street, being known as the home place of Mrs. Clary O. Martin, formerly the home place of T. B. and Mrs. T. B. Crews, and bounded on the north by Academy street, on the east by Chestnut street, on the south by lot now or formerly belonging to Mrs. T. B. Crews and on the west by lands of N. E. Dial and lands of J. P. Caldwell and containing eighty-two one-hundredths (82-100) of an acre more or less, and being the identical lot conveyed to Mrs. Clary O. Martin by J. Clardy Bolt by deed dated 8th of October, 1919, recorded in deed book 43 page 184, office of the Clerk of Court for said county and state.

Any person desiring to bid on said property, shall be required to make a deposit of not less than one hundred dollars with the Clerk at the time and before said property is bid off as evidence of good faith in bidding. This does not refer to the Plaintiff or the Defendant Dixie Flour and Grain Co. Terms of Sale: One-half cash, balance to be paid twelve months from date of sale; the credit portion to be secured by bond and mortgage of the purchaser over the said premises, bearing legal interest from date, with leave to purchaser to pay his entire bid in cash. Purchaser to pay for papers and stamps. If the terms of sale are not complied with, the land to be re-sold on same or some subsequent Saturday on same terms, at risk of former purchaser.

C. A. POWER,  
C. C. P. and G. S.  
Dated, this May 2, 1922. 40-21-A

## THERE IS PLACE ON MOST FARMS FOR TURKEYS, DUCKS OR GEESE



Hen Will Always Be the Leader Among Farm Poultry.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Farmers give much attention to various combinations and rotations of crops, endeavoring to secure an arrangement that is most profitable for each individual farm. They do the same in selecting the kinds and numbers of live stock. But not so much attention is paid to the selection of poultry to suit the peculiar conditions of farms and neighborhoods. The hen will always be the leader among farm poultry, says the United States Department of Agriculture, but she requires the aid of turkeys, guineas, geese and ducks, just as on a dairy farm the cow often requires the aid of pigs and sheep to make the farm business most profitable.

### Ducks Gather Food From Streams.

Where grain fields of neighboring farms are in proximity to the barn and dooryard it would, perhaps, be better not to keep turkeys. The farm through which no streams run, and which has no large pond, would probably be better without ducks. But the circumscribed farm, on which turkeys would be a disadvantage, may be supplied with a small pool so located that ducks would be profitable, and the farm that has no streams and ponds may have large range for turkeys.

Turkeys, ranging further afield, prey upon the insects that escape the hens. From the time the ponds are old enough to freeze until near frost, they take the bulk of their food from field insects, devouring millions of grasshoppers and other injurious worms that feed on crops. In regions where wooded areas are still fairly extensive mast is an important item in the diet of the turkey. When the supply of insects begins to fail the mast larder begins filling up. Feeding on acorns, chestnuts, beechnuts and the like, turkeys will go a long way toward fattening themselves for the Thanksgiving or Christmas market, and will not require much feeding of corn or other grain to finish them. Generally speaking, turkeys will require a larger feeding of grain than chickens to finish them for market, but as they utilize forms of waste that hens and their broods would not reach, the keeping of a few turkeys is good economy. The finishing period is short.

Guinea fowls use still other kinds

of waste that would escape both hens and turkeys. Taking a wider range than chickens, and yet not quite so wide as turkeys, keeping largely to the thickets and weed patches, and committing fewer depredations against field and garden than either chickens or turkeys, requiring little feeding at any time, being good layers during their season of eggs that are thought by many to have a richer and finer flavor even than hen eggs, the guinea is a good fowl to keep on any farm where a serious effort is made to convert all waste into meat or eggs.

Geese, in a larger measure than chickens, or any other kind of poultry, are grazing stock, taking their living in large part from the ordinary grasses of the pastures. When the facts are taken into consideration that the demand for geese is strong, steady, and extended practically over the entire year, not confined to the holiday seasons as the demand for turkeys, that geese excel all other kinds of poultry as producers of fat, the importance of an adequate number of geese in the poultry scheme becomes apparent.

On farms where ponds or streams are available, ducks will convert into meat and eggs great quantities of water insects and various aquatic forms that would not be utilized by any other kind of poultry. Ducks, while they consume large quantities of grass and other green stuff, are more partial to animal feeds and are very energetic in patrolling the branches, creeks, and ponds as sources of feed supply.

### Pigeons of Questionable Value.

The one kind of poultry of questionable economic value on farms is the pigeon. Almost exclusively a grain eater, the pigeon renders no important service as a conservator of waste, except, perhaps, in the case of shattered grain in the fields, and that in a large measure would be taken up by other poultry and by pigs. The pigeon has its place in the towns and cities, but, except in isolated instances where conditions are peculiarly favorable, its production is not often desirable on farms. The back-yard poultry keeper can hardly hope for success with turkeys, geese, ducks, or guineas, but for those who have lots over garage, stable or coal shed the opportunity for squab growing is worth considering.

## INJECTING SWINE IN FLANK MEANS SAVING

Use of Ham or Shoulder Often Results in Infection.

Department of Agriculture Urges Veterinarians to Avoid Possibility of Injury by Selection of Some Other Place.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Complaints from packers indicate that there are still many veterinarians and farmers who persist in immunizing hogs against cholera by making injections in the ham or shoulder, a practice that often results in infection and the formation of deep abscesses in the hams and shoulders where the serum and virus were injected. The United States Department of Agriculture has long advised against using those parts as points of injection, and the department veterinarians are instructed to avoid the possibility of such injury by selecting some other place.

The ham has been favored as a place for making the injections because they can be made more rapidly and easily

at this point, but they can be made with equal success in less valuable parts, such as the flank or auxiliary space, where there is loose connective tissue that readily absorbs the serum. In making an auxiliary injection the front legs should be spread apart so as to stretch the superficial muscles between the legs, and the needle should be directed so as to avoid the muscles of the shoulder.

It is desirable to make the injections at a point that will make drainage easy should an abscess form. Serum should never be injected into a mass of fatty tissue, as it is not sufficiently absorptive. Although the serous membrane lining the abdominal cavity takes up serum readily, abdominal injections are not recommended because of the danger of puncturing the internal organs with the needle or of carrying infection into the cavity.

Small pigs and sows up to 80 pounds in weight may be held up by the hind legs, with the forefeet resting on the ground, and the injection made into the loose tissue of the flank. A pig so held is in a good position for the taking of temperature, cleansing the area of operation, and making the injection. Farmers' Bulletin 834, which has been recently reprinted, contains full information regarding hog cholera and the methods of control.



Injecting Hog in the Flank.

# THE TALLEST FLOWER

That skyward rears its graceful head from common ground, and possibly may be born to "blush unseen and waste its fragrance," but the floral fragrance of Mary Garden Perfume which Collins' Department Store sells at only 90c was formed of cultivated flowers of France, and not wild roses. When the stalks were snapped the flowers bent, their petals dropped, their fragrance caught, kept and converted into the most fragrant and lasting of all perfumes, and the price is so much less at COLLINS' DEPARTMENT STORE.

Then too, we sell the lower grades of perfume. Hoyt's Dime Colognes at only 7c. Perfumed Toilet Soaps, small white hotel size, oval shape bars at only one cent. One cake Oetagon Soap and one bar toilet soap, all for 5c. Palm Olive Soap, three for 25c. Florida, 4c. Extra large size Glycerine, 2 for 15c.

"Full many a gem of purest ray serene, the dark unfathomed depths of Ocean bear. Full many a flower is born to blush unseen and waste its fragrance on the desert air," but the essence of Roses that pervades the Talcum and Powders at COLLINS' DEPARTMENT STORE is not wasted, and the odors are lasting and the price of Marvis is only 20c for talcum and 45c for face powder; Air Float Talcum Powder at 8c; Air Float Face Powder at 8c; Colgate's Shaving Sticks in tin cases 25c.

An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of Paragaphs filled with Epitaphs.

"Here rests his head upon the lap of earth. A youth of fortune and fame unknown. Fair science frowned not on his humble birth," and he might have been living and walking on, instead of lying in the earth, had he used scientific compounds like Collins' Department Store sells to exterminate dangerous germs and eliminate filthy flies and dangerous insects.

Bee Brand Insect Powder will kill them for only 9c, 3 bottles for 25c. Bee Brand Insect Powder in large size bottles, 2 bottles for only 45c. You can kill the fly before it happens while in the incubator state with Shepherd's Fly Driver and sprayer. Turpentine for 9c, three bottles for 25c. Pneumonia Salve for 20c. Castor Oil at 9c, three bottles for 25c. Black Draught 19c per package. Wine of Cardui at 75c. Black Draught Stool Powders at 25c. Caldwell's Syrup of Pepsin 49c. An ounce of taffy is worth a pound of "Epitaphy."

When the Day has closed his eye far in the west, and night's curtains are pinned back by the stars, and you are at rest, I want you to think about the pretty Curtain Material which COLLINS' DEPARTMENT STORE sells for so much less: 36 inch Curtain Goods in white at 7c and 10c; 36 inch flowered Curtain Material at 10c and 36 inches white Curtain Material 10c, 14c; and 36 inch Curtain Material in tan and white at 19c, also better grade in wash fabric Goods, 36 inches wide in tan, cream and white at 10c, also better grade in wash mercerized Curtain Material, the 40c kind at 29c.

**DRESS GOODS**  
Figured Voiles, 36-inch .....15c  
Voiles, 36 and 40 inch .....25c  
Voiles, 40-inch .....29c

**BATISTE PRINTED**  
Batiste 40-inch .....20c  
Batiste 40-inch .....39c

**SILK MESSALINE**  
Black, 36-inch Messaline .....98c  
Blue, 36-inch Messaline .....1.45

Follow the Most Beaten Path and You'll Land on the Heights of Laurens Square, Where Like a Giant Rock There Stands Between You and High Prices

**COLLINS' DEPARTMENT STORE**  
**J. D. COLLINS**  
W. G. WILSON'S OLD STAND LAURENS, S. C.