

McADOO BACKERS TO SUPPORT CARTER GLASS

Movement for Virginia Senator Has Reached Big Proportions. Eleven Contestants for Nomination Remain in Field.

Washington, June 18.—Senator Glass, of Virginia, in a statement to the Associated Press tonight, declared he still favored the nomination of William G. McAdoo by the Democratic party for president, notwithstanding Mr. McAdoo's decision not to permit his name to be presented at the party's national convention.

Told that some supporters of Mr. McAdoo were now planning to urge his nomination, Senator Glass said:

"I still favor Mr. McAdoo's nomination. Even if I could measure up to the stature of the kind of man whom the convention should really nominate, I live in a section that is relied upon to furnish the electoral votes but not to supply the candidate."

Washington, June 18.—The refusal of William G. McAdoo to allow his name to be presented to the Democratic national convention apparently did not come as a very great surprise in inner administration circles. To other Democratic leaders in Washington, however, it seemed to be wholly unexpected and to his friends it came as a keen disappointment.

Some party leaders said Mr. McAdoo's self-elimination left the situation more or less in flux. They had regarded the former secretary of the treasury as one of the foremost candidates for the nomination. While Mr. McAdoo had insisted from the first that he was not a candidate, and that the delegates should go to San Francisco uninstructed, it is known that a number of them were favorable to his candidacy.

In fact, the McAdoo boom had reached such proportions that the senate committee which investigated pre-convention campaign expenditures made repeated efforts to locate a national organization behind it. B. M. Daruch, of New York, and a number of others were questioned, but they insisted that there was no organization and that no funds on behalf of Mr. McAdoo had been spent.

Dr. Rurrus Jenkins, of Kansas City, Mo., had planned to place Mr. McAdoo's name before the convention. He was invited to do so at a meeting of

McAdoo supporters here last month which was attended by Jouett Shouse, assistant secretary of the treasury; Daniel C. Roper, former commissioner of internal revenue; Frank R. Wilson, former director of Liberty Loan publicity, and others.

Coincident with Mr. McAdoo's announcement that he would not permit his name to go before the convention, Mr. Shouse issued a statement saying that an "active fight" would be waged for the nomination of Senator Glass, or Virginia, who has been looked upon as the certain choice to head the resolutions committee at San Francisco.

Mr. Shouse declared that the movement for the nomination of Senator Glass "has already reached formidable proportions," and that "a number of the most loyal McAdoo men" had declared that they "would exert themselves to the limit on behalf of Senator Glass."

Mr. Glass was one of the administration leaders in the house of representatives until he resigned to become secretary of the treasury when Mr. McAdoo retired. While in the house he fathered the federal reserve and farm loan acts and since his appointment to the senate by Governor Davis early this year to succeed the late Senator Thomas S. Martin, he has supported the president in the treaty fight.

It was Senator Glass who framed the Virginia Democratic platform with the League of Nations plank which President Wilson recently publicly approved and which is expected to form the basis for the league plank at San Francisco.

The Virginia delegation has been instructed to vote for Mr. Glass at San Francisco.

The elimination of Mr. McAdoo narrows the field to eleven contestants so far as is now known. Attorney General Palmer will enter the balloting with the Pennsylvania delegation instructed for him and probably with at least a part of the delegation from Georgia, in which state he received a plurality of the primary vote.

Delegates from Ohio and Kentucky have been instructed for Governor James M. Cox, while those from New Jersey have been instructed for Governor Edward I. Edwards, of that state. Other instructed delegations from Nebraska are for Senator Hitchcock, of that state; Iowa for Secretary Meredith, of the agriculture depart-

COAL SHORTAGE IN WINTER PREDICTED

Also Little Hope for Reduction in Prices, According to Federal Reserve Board.

Washington, June 18.—A coal shortage next winter which may curtail production of iron and steel and seriously affect other industries is foreseen by the federal reserve board in its review tonight for the month of May. The situation already is acute in some districts according to the board, and production in many lines is being held down.

Production of coal is being curtailed chiefly as a result of shortage of cars, the reserve board reports. It estimates the car supply at mines in the east at only 30 per cent of normal. Labor difficulties, while complicating the situation, are considered by the board as only a minor cause of reduced coal production.

No reduction of coal prices is in sight, the board says.

Commenting on the far reaching effect of the car shortage and freight congestion, the reserve board states that reports of its agents indicate that the transportation tie-up is largely the result of the railroad strike which still continues over a large section of the country. The congestion is further accentuated according to the board by local strikes of other groups of transportation workers.

Sporadic strikes in the manufacturing industries, notably textiles have continued to indicate unrest, the board says. An acute shortage of labor on farms is reported. Wages apparently have fallen behind the advances in prices and cost of living, the board asserts.

Little hope for a general reduction in prices is held out by the board though it suggests that changes in prices that have taken place may furnish the basis for a more far-reaching alteration in the essential price structure. Changes during May the board says have borne witness of many disturbing factors whose importance and persistence are as yet uncertain.

Considerable interruption to business resulted during the month from labor and railroad difficulties, the board states, and the outlook has been such as to cause a severe curtailment in the volume of stock and securities transactions. Material lessening in the market value of liberty bonds and first securities is attributed to these causes.

CANDIDATES ENTER BOUTS FOR OFFICE

Irby in Race for United States Senate. Cooper Files Pledge. John L. Rice Withdraws as Candidate for Comptroller General.

The State, Saturday.

Four more candidates have filed their pledges and paid their assessment fees. Governor Cooper yesterday filed his pledge as a candidate for reelection. W. C. Irby of Laurens formally entered the race for the United States senate with Senator E. D. Smith and George Warren of Hampton. D. L. Smith, familiarly known as "Jack" Smith, filed his pledge as candidate for railroad commissioner, as did R. L. Moss of Columbia. Frank Shedy of Lexington entered the race several days ago for reelection.

Thus far opposition has developed in only three state offices. The two other than that of railroad commissioner are lieutenant governor and adjutant general. W. W. Moore is offering for reelection in the latter, and Octavius Cohen and Wilson G. Harvey of Charleston and Oscar K. Mauldin, of Greenville are offering for lieutenant governor.

John L. Rice of Columbia withdrew from the race for comptroller general yesterday afternoon, which leaves the field at present to Walter E. Duncan of Aiken. Mr. Rice has concluded to withdraw on account of his obligations as secretary of the state tax commission. His resignation of the latter position at this time would retard the completion of the tax books in time for the collection of taxes, as the commission would find difficulty in filling his place, and he feels that duty requires him to continue his work with the tax commission during the summer months.

ment, of that State; Oklahoma for Senator Robert M. Owens; South Dakota for James W. Gerard, former ambassador to Germany; North Carolina for Senator F. M. Simmons, and Oregon for McAdoo.

John W. Davis, of West Virginia, ambassador to Great Britain, and Homer S. Cummings, of Connecticut, chairman of the Democratic national committee, whose names also are expected to be presented to the convention, have no delegations instructed for them, and with the exception of the states named the delegations are uninstructed.

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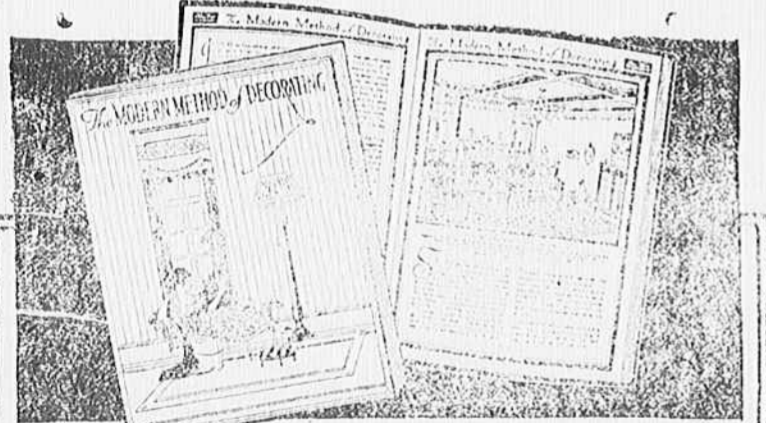
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