

## LAURENS PASSED MINIMUM QUOTA

Over \$26,500 Reported for War Drive

## NATION PASSES ITS QUOTA ALSO

United War Work Drive Results in Oversubscription of Minimum Quota for Nation, State and County. Reports not yet in from All Township Committees.

The nation, the state of South Carolina and Laurens county, all passed the minimum quota in the United War Work drive which ended last week. The national subscription was \$203,179,033 or approximately \$38,000,000 more than the minimum amount asked for. Pennsylvania and Minnesota were the only two states which failed to pass the minimum goal. South Carolina's goal of \$1,000,000 was oversubscribed.

Chairman R. R. Nickels has had over the minimum total of \$26,500 reported to him from this county, but a number of districts have not yet reported. Of this amount the negroes, under the leadership of Josiah Hunter, raised over \$3,500. The subscriptions from the industrial plants were \$1,815. The Victory Boys and Girls campaign, of which Jas. H. Sullivan was chairman, resulted in subscriptions of \$808, this county making the third best record in the state in that respect. The totals reported by townships so far are as follows:

	Raised	Quota
Hunter	\$5,964.75	\$0,000
Jacks	650.00	750
Seuffelown	1,268.50	1,250
Cross Hill	1,669.00	1,200
Dials	1,775.00	3,500
Youngs	1,000.00	2,750
Sullivan	400.75	1,500
Waterloo	525.25	1,750
Laurens	12,644.96	7,500

## CLINTON GETS BIG STATE INSTITUTION

Permit Granted for Building of Home for the Feeble-minded Near Clinton.

A permit has been granted by the war industries board for the erection near Clinton of the home for the feeble-minded, provided for by the last session of the legislature. The first building is to be erected at a cost of around \$25,000, but it is thought that as the years go by it will be enlarged until it becomes an institution of considerable size.

It was decided to locate the home for the feeble-minded at Clinton several months ago by the state board of charities and correction, the organization having the matter in charge. The act of the legislature did not stipulate where the home should be located, but Clinton secured it by providing a site a few miles below the city, and offering other inducements.

## VIRGIL A. WHITE DEAD.

Prominent Citizen of the Gray Court Section Died at his Home Friday Morning.

Gray Court, Nov. 22.—Virgil A. White, rural policeman for Laurens county and a prominent resident of this section, died at his home near here at an early hour this morning. Although Mr. White was stricken with influenza about a month ago, he had recovered sufficiently to attend to his duties, only last Sunday making the capture of the supposed yeggman at Fountain Inn. Early this morning Mr. White was suddenly stricken and died before medical assistance could be summoned.

The deceased was 63 years of age and is survived by a wife, who was Miss Ella Martin of Greenville county, and two sons, J. Roy White of Augusta and Oscar White with the American Expeditionary Forces in France. The burial was at Harmony Baptist church, this county.

## Miss Loretta Taylor.

Miss Loretta Taylor, the twenty-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fletcher Taylor, died at the home of her parents at Watts Mills, Sunday, and was buried at Rocky Springs cemetery Monday, her pastor, Rev. J. L. McIn conducting the services. Miss Taylor was a bright and attractive young girl and her death is deeply regretted throughout the community.

## LIEUT. GROVER C. RICHEY WINS CROIX DE GUERRE

His Mother Receives Letter From Him Written October 28th. Saw Capt. Lee and Lieut. Smith.

Mrs. W. R. Richey, Sr. received a letter from her son, Lieut. Grover C. Richey, yesterday, written from France October 28th, in which Lieut. Richey told that he had been honored by the French with the Croix de Guerre for conspicuous service he had rendered in battle. Lieut. Richey was gassed at the time and had to be sent to the rear unfitted for further combatant service. His letter conveyed the good tidings also that he was getting along well and that he expected to be returned to the United States as an instructor. This plan, of course, will be interfered with since the signing of the armistice.

In his letter also Lieut. Richey told of meeting with Capt. Arthur Lee and Lieut. Joe F. Smith. They came together by accident and the meeting was a very happy one, particularly since Lieut. Richey had been separated from Laurens men for a long time.

So far as is known, Lieut. Richey was the first soldier from this county to win the honor of the Croix de Guerre, and his parents and friends are proud of his achievement.

## ATTRACTIVE DISPLAY OF FOOD PRODUCTS

Food Production and Conservation Display Called Off and Window Full of Products Put on Display Instead.

At the last minute the exhibit in Food Production and Conservation, arranged for by Miss Harris, Home Demonstration Agent, had to be called off on account of quarantine restrictions. In order to display a few samples of the work done by home demonstration workers, a window next to Powe's Drug store has been artistically decorated with canned fruits and vegetables, including canned string beans, lima beans, tomatoes, soup mixtures, corn, okra, pumpkin, sweet potatoes, salad, collards, fruits of all kinds, marmalades, preserves, pickles, and relishes of every description. These products were canned under government directions and recipes will be furnished on request by Miss Harris. The tin cans are the products of Watts Mills cannery.

This window is beautiful with these lovely packs and appropriate decorations. It is being admired by all who see it and is well worth an extra effort on any one's part to view it. This exhibit shows what can be done by the women in the conservation of food. The food administration's slogan now is "Food will save the world".

Miss Harris states that this exhibit will be kept in the window for a few weeks.

## Gen. Lee's Daughter Dead.

Richmond, Va., Nov. 23.—Practically the entire south today is mourning the death of Miss Mary Curtis Lee, who died yesterday at Hot Springs, Va. Miss Lee was a daughter of General Robert E. Lee, the south's greatest chieftain, and was prominent in numerous societies throughout the South.

Miss Lee, who was the sole survivor of the famous General Lee, was nearly 80 years old. No funeral arrangements have been made yet, but it is probable that the remains will be carried to Lexington, Va., and buried beside those of her father.

## Food Administration Opens Office.

Mr. W. D. Byrd, chairman for the county of the Food Administration, announced Monday that headquarters for the food administration and the council of defense had been opened in rooms above the Jones-Taylor Hardware Company, and that information on subjects under the jurisdiction of these two organizations could be secured there. The office will be in charge of Mrs. W. R. Richey, Jr., who will be there during the greater part of the day.

## Rev. J. A. Brock Goes to Aiken.

Rev. J. A. Brock, who has been serving as pastor of the Lutes Avenue and Princeton Baptist churches for several years, has resigned the pastorate of those churches to accept a new field in Aiken county. Rev. Brock has made an earnest and faithful worker in his field here, and his congregation reluctantly give him up. He expects to take up his new duties at an early date.

## THANKSGIVING, 1918

"By the President of the United States of America. A PROCLAMATION.

"It has long been our custom to turn in the autumn of the year in praise and thanksgiving to Almighty God for his many blessings and mercies to us as a nation. This year we have special and moving cause to be grateful and to rejoice. God has in his good pleasure given us peace. It has not come as a mere cessation of arms, a mere relief from the strain and tragedy of war. It has come as a great triumph of right. Complete victory has brought us, not peace alone, but the confident promise of a new day as well, in which justice shall replace force and jealous intrigue among the nations. Our gallant armies have participated in a triumph which is not marred or stained by any purpose of selfish aggression. In a righteous cause they have won immortal glory and have nobly served their nation in serving mankind. God has indeed been gracious. We have cause for such rejoicing as revives and strengthens in us all the best traditions of national history. A new day shines about us in which our hearts take new courage and look forward with new hope to new and greater duties.

"While we render thanks for these things, let us not forget to seek the divine guidance in the performance of these duties, and divine mercy and forgiveness for all errors of act or purpose, and pray that in all that we do we shall strengthen the ties of friendship and mutual respect upon which we must assist to build the new structure of peace and good will among nations.

"Wherefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate Thursday, the twenty-eighth day of November next, as a day of thanksgiving and prayer, and invite the people throughout the land to cease upon that day from their ordinary occupations and in their several homes and places of worship to render thanks to God, the ruler of nations.

"In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

"Done in the District of Columbia, this Sixteenth day of November, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and eighteen and of the Independence of the United States of America, the one hundred and forty-third.

WOODROW WILSON.

"By the President,

"ROBERT LANSING,

"Secretary of State."

## SECRETARY M'ADOO RESIGNS; GIVES UP CABINET PORTFOLIO

Gives As His Reasons Necessity for Regaining Health and Rebuilding Fortune. To Take Effect Upon Appointment of Successor.

Washington, Nov. 22.—William Gibbs McAdoo, Secretary of the Treasury, director general of railroads and often discussed as one of the presidential possibilities of 1920, has resigned his offices to return to private business.

President Wilson has accepted his resignation. Mr. McAdoo will give up the Treasury portfolio as soon as a successor has been selected. He wished to lay down his work as director general of railroads by January 1st, but will remain if the President has not then chosen a successor.

Upon the new Secretary of the Treasury, whoever he may be, will devolve the task of financing the nation through the transition period of war to peace, which probably will include at least two more Liberty Loans and possibly also a further revision of the system of war taxation.

Letters between President Wilson and Mr. McAdoo, made public today with the announcement of the resignation, give Mr. McAdoo's reasons for leaving the cabinet solely as a necessity for replenishing his personal fortune and express the President's deep regrets at losing his son-in-law from his official family.

The following letters were made public with the announcement: Mr. McAdoo's letter of resignation, dated November 14, follows:

## MRS. W. H. GILKERSON, JR., DEAD.

Follows Her Husband to the Grave Three Days After His Death. Buried Here Friday.

While the flowers were still fresh on the grave of her husband, Mrs. Cora Babb Gilkerson, died at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Gilkerson, Sr., Thursday morning shortly after ten o'clock. Mrs. Gilkerson had been sick of influenza, but no doubt the shock occasioned by the death of her husband and that of her sister, also, just a few weeks before, was largely instrumental in bringing on her own death. The funeral services were held Friday at ten o'clock, at the same hour at which her husband was buried just three days before, the body being interred alongside of his in the Laurens cemetery. The services were conducted by her pastor, Rev. J. M. Steadman, of the First Methodist church.

Mrs. Gilkerson was the daughter of the late Abner Babb, of Fountain Inn, and was married to Mr. Gilkerson, February 14th, in Greenville, where she had made her home for several years. They had been keeping house for themselves but a few weeks when death put an end not only to their happy married life but to the fond hopes of parenthood. On October 24th she lost her youngest sister, Mrs. L. Z. Muehlen, of Greenville, and since then several nieces and cousins have died, all of influenza, so that her death in the last weeks of her life were peculiarly heavy. Of her immediate family she is survived by the following: brothers and sisters: B. C. Babb, of Paces; S. O. Babb, R. O. Babb, Mrs. S. C. Wood and Mrs. W. E. Wood, all of Fountain Inn; J. B. Babb, of Oconee; and H. L. Babb, of Howards, Va.

## HEAVY ROLL OF CASUALTIES.

Nine Men From This County Added to Roll of Those Killed or Died from Wounds.

During the past week a heavy roll of casualties has been reported for this county in the newspapers and by letter. The list which The Advertiser carries may not be complete, but it was gathered from the daily papers, the Red Cross and from relatives of the soldiers named.

Alvin Powers, son of Mrs. Mary E. Powers, previously reported killed has been officially reported by the war department as killed in action, Sept. 24th.

William T. Sanders, who lived near Watts Mills, has been officially reported killed.

Corp. Walter Price, son of Mrs. Caroline Price of Watts Mills, has been reported killed, through the Red Cross.

Frank M. Cox, of Gray Court, is officially reported as dead from wounds received in action.

E. A. Davidson, of Clinton, is reported dead from wounds received in action.

Sergt. John T. Adams, son of J. A. Adams, of Ware Shoals, is officially reported killed in action.

Robert Emmett Hill, son of Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Hill, of Gray Court, is reported in the casualty list as killed in action.

Whitt Caine and Vance Allison, both colored soldiers from this city, are unofficially reported as killed in action. Corp. Wofford Stephens, of Gray Court, Furman Weeks, of the Laurens Mills, William James Brown, of the Laurens Mills, and B. M. Gray, of Gray Court, are all unofficially reported as wounded.

## City Again Under Quarantine.

On account of increased numbers of influenza cases, the board of health instituted another quarantine last week. Schools, churches and the picture show are temporarily closed. The board of health will meet weekly to confer over the situation. The epidemic in the city appears to be on the wane but there appears no abatement in the country.

## Post Office Hours Thanksgiving.

In order that city and rural carriers may have the benefit of a full holiday Thursday and eat Thanksgiving dinner with their people there will be no deliveries of mail made that day. The outgoing mails will be dispatched as usual and incoming mail distributed to boxes and deliveries made of special delivery matter.

Miss Erin Abernethy, formerly of Laurens county, but now of McCormick, is teaching this session near Winnsboro, Fairfield county.

## GERMANY SURRENDERS HIGH SEAS FLEET

Additional Submarines Also Surrendered

## SEVENTY ONE SHIPS INTERNED

Nine Battleships, Twelve Cruisers and Fifty Destroyers are Given up by Germans to Allied Fleet Thursday. More Submarines Also Surrendered by Vanquished Huns.

London, Nov. 21.—The British grand fleet, accompanied by an American battle squadron and French cruisers, steamed out at 3 o'clock this morning from its Scottish base to accept the surrender of the German battleships, battle cruisers and destroyers.

A wireless dispatch this noon reports that it got into touch with the German ships this morning and that the surrender is being carried out according to plan.

The point of the rendezvous for the Allied and German sea forces was between 30 and 40 miles east of May Island, opposite the Firth of Forth.

The heavy fog which had enveloped the grand fleet for three days, cleared last night and this morning the weather was dull with a slight haze hanging over the Firth of Forth.

The fleet which is to witness the surrender consists of some 400 ships, including sixty dreadnaughts, fifty light cruisers and nearly 200 destroyers. Admiral Sir David Beatty, commander of the fleet, is on the Queen Elizabeth.

The names of the battleships, battle cruisers and light cruisers which have been surrendered to the Allies have not been announced officially. However, a telegram received from Berlin Sunday gave this list:

Battleship Kaiser, 24,113 tons; Kaiserin, 24,113 tons; Koening Albert 24,113 tons; Gronprinz Wilhelm, 25,000 tons; Prinzregent Luitpold, 24,113 tons; Markgraf, 24,293 tons; Grosser Kurfuerst, 25,293 tons; Bayern, 28,000 tons; Koening 25,293 tons, and Friedrich der Grosse, 24,113 tons.

Battle cruisers—Hindenburg, about 27,000 tons; Derflinger, 28,000 tons; Seydlitz 25,000 tons; Moltke 23,000 tons, and von Der Tann, 18,800 tons. Light cruisers—Bremen, 4,000 tons; Brummer, 4,000 tons; Frankfurt, 5,400 tons; Koeln, tonnage uncertain; Dresden, tonnage uncertain, and Emden, 5,400 tons.

Washington, Nov. 21.—An American battle squadron, probably including five dreadnaughts, commanded by Rear Admiral Hugh Rodman, and operating as a unit of the British grand fleet, participated today in the passing of German sea-power.

The identity of American naval craft in European waters never has been disclosed. The dreadnaughts originally sent over were selected because they burned coal as the British government had difficulty in maintaining a supply of fuel oil. The original group may have been relieved, however, and more modern ships sent in their place. They have been on duty with the grand fleet fifteen months. The first ships sent over by the navy were destroyers and the original force has been supplemented very largely since then. With orders out for approximately 275 additional destroyers, construction has been urged forward vigorously until a week has not passed that has not seen new craft delivered and promptly sent overseas.

American destroyers, presumably, still are kept on patrol and convoy duty until all German submarines are accounted for.

Publication in Berlin of Capt. Pershing's exposure of conditions in the German navy, especially with regard to naval officials here, the probable reasons for the abandonment made to the armistice terms covering this element of the German fleet. The original text, as read by President Wilson to Congress on Nov. 11, demanded the surrender of 160 submarines, while under the amended version the Germans were forced to turn over "all" undersea craft. It is

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