

THE STORM IN ITS FURY

FROM ENGLAND TO IRELAND IT DOES GREAT DAMAGE.

Weeks Along the Irish Coast—Fishing Smacks and Little Boats Torn by the Waves—Life Savers Lost—Straw-Kilns and Barns Destroyed.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—It was thought last night that the heavy gale which had passed over Great Britain for several days had passed north into the German sea, but it seems the storm is still prevailing in southwest Ireland. A dispatch received this morning from Skibbereen, forty miles southwest of Cork, on the river Ilen, states that the gale is raging there with great fury. Many houses at Skibbereen, and some at Aldcourt, two miles below the town, are greatly damaged. The gale now prevailing in that portion of Ireland is believed to be the first of the storm which the weather indications last night showed were approaching from the coast of the Atlantic. Echoes of yesterday's storm are still heard. From Hantsgate, on the eastern shore of the Isle of Kent, from which port many fishermen sail daily to pursue their perilous calling, comes intelligence that some of the hardy residents of that town have made their last voyage.

bles a fishing smack hailing from Ramscote reached here this morning after an intended experience. She was caught in the Cullifary of the storm and was terror-stricken by the tremendous rollers which were taken by the vessel. Well swept by the channel from the main stream, the smack was badly damaged. Those on board of her are glad a chief escaped the fate which has befallen so many of their class, and are glad to see her safe. But not all the men who sailed in her have returned to their families who looked anxiously for their coming. Four of her crew, while assisting in handling the smack in the worst of the gale, were swept overboard by a violent comb which struck the vessel. Those on board were helpless to save their companions. Not for an instant could they relax their vigilance in watching the vessel and even had it been possible to spare some of the men to man a boat, it would have been death to have attempted to put the boat in the water. It was all the crew could do to keep their smacks afloat, and so they were compelled to let their comrades down. There is great excitement in Southampton, at the mouth of the Itchen, on the fact that the fate of the crew of the boat which went out yesterday to attempt to save the crew of a vessel which was in distress off that place. The life boat was fully manned, and the crew pulled pluckily off the shore and were soon hidden by tremendous seas. The crew on shore waited and waited for the return of the life savers, but they did not come back. Up to this morning they had not returned, and by many they have been given up as lost. Their families, hoping against hope, try to console themselves by the belief that the gale will eventually make its way back to return to shore, have succeeded in effecting a landing at some infrequent port on the shore further north.

There is hardly any doubt among those acquainted with that part of the coast that the life boat has foundered, and that every soul in her has found a watery grave. The steamer "Howarda Castle" was wrecked at the mouth of the Mersey last night. The men took refuge in the rigging. Four bodies have been washed ashore from the wreck. The steamer "Atlantic Liners," "Britannic" left the port in the teeth of the gale. The quartermaster of the "Britannic" was carried overboard in the Irish sea.

CHICAGO, Nov. 13.—Mrs. Gretchen Lentzenger and her 15-year-old son George were found dead in the former's saloon at 444 South Clark street this morning. The woman was choked to death by unknown robbers, who then beat and choked the boy until life left his body. The robbers forced open the till in the saloon and ransacked the drawers behind the bar. The three living rooms of the woman in the rear of the saloon also showed signs of the murders. The drawers were taken from the beds; drawers were pulled from the bureau and their contents scattered all over the floor. Everything which was capable of concealing any valuables was thoroughly ransacked. Mrs. Lentzenger and her son lived alone, and made but few friends in the neighborhood, but the woman had frequently expressed her lack of confidence in banks, and was commonly rumored about the neighborhood that she had considerable wealth secreted about the premises. The man in the last case, who had closed her saloon shortly before midnight, the police are endeavoring to find out who were her last customers, and expect that they soon will have some definite clue to the perpetrators of the crime.

Men and Horses Burned. DENVER, Nov. 15.—Mansien's livery stables, at Eighteenth and Laurence streets, were almost completely destroyed by fire. Four horses were in the building, and were suffocated, and between twenty and thirty horses met death in the same way. The names of the men could not be learned. Their bodies have been sent to the coroner's office for identification. Thirty horses were burned to death. All family horses, and valued at \$300 to \$750 each. The loss on building and carriages is \$15,000. It is thought the remains of two more men are in the ruins.

Stabbed by Tramps. EASLEY, S. C., Nov. 15.—Mr. Philip Ellenburg, who resides near this place, was seriously and probably fatally wounded by three negro tramps last night. The negroes tried to enter his house for the purpose of robbing. When Mr. Ellenburg attempted to arrest them, he was brutally assaulted with the above results. One tramp is unknown; the other two were named as Wyatt & Latham's store. A posse of men immediately pursued them, have captured two and they are lodged in jail. The other will likely be caught very soon.—News and Courier.

Dynamiting a Doctor. VERMILION, Ky., Nov. 10.—An attempt was made to assassinate Dr. W. C. Parker, of this place, at 2 o'clock this morning. He had been formerly rested against a door which was open on an alley, and only a few days ago he made a change in the arrangement of the room and fortunately, though unwittingly, saved his own life. A bomb was placed against the door, and the building was almost destroyed and Dr. Parker received slight injuries. The other occupants of the building were thrown from their beds. The town is wild with excitement over the attempted assassination.

CHANGES IN STATE LAWS.

Several Suggestions Contained in Annual Report of the Fiscal Commission.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 18.—The annual report of the fiscal commission for the fiscal year just ended contains a proposition for the protection and development of the cotton industry. It says the supply can be increased indefinitely by increased agricultural culture under wise laws, and suggests the legislature to take some steps to protect the rights and the interests of her citizens as well and seed systems are being exported to other States.

The act proposed provides that the State shall appoint a controller of all fisheries, that the governor appoint a fish commissioner at a salary of \$2,100, holding office for two years; that rules be made for issuing franchises of lands for shell fish cultivation, which franchises shall be sold at not less than \$1.00 per acre, the rights to remain with the grantee or his successors forever, provided he plant them within two years.

The report of the comptroller general makes some radical suggestions for changing the insurance laws. It says that the present law is defective in that less here than from the same source in other States. The report instances where a large amount of business escapes taxation. The remedy suggested for the present defective law is the assured in cases of losses when contested and judgments obtained, is that small deposits of South Carolina bonds should be made by each company entering the State. The suggestion is made that all companies be charged the same fees that a South Carolina company would be charged, and that no such companies. A separate insurance department is advocated, an insurance commissioner to be appointed, with the power of a bank examiner. Pulling up the present law, and that all companies and loan associations should be classified with insurance companies and made to contribute their portion of the taxes. The law should be amended that every class of business entering the State can be made to pay tribute.

The comptroller says in several instances the settlements of county treasurers are not correct. Numerous errors have been detected, and in some cases inaccuracies and misappropriations were found, and in other cases of treasurers, and in one case the county treasurer received funds were discovered. This case has been turned over to the courts for strict investigation and action. The errors detected have been rectified and all the county treasurers have been notified except in Charleston where there is due the State the sum \$8,105.20, and in Sumter \$9,008.91. The balance from Union grows out of the county treasurer present as a voucher which properly belonged to and had been allowed in the settlement for the previous year.

"That county comes to me," he says, "that county treasurers in some cases deposit the county and school funds in bank and receive therefor a small rate of interest on the same, and often purchase many articles for these funds, but are told 'No money on hand to pay them.' The remedy suggested for these irregularities is having one disbursing office for the State, by having a slight increase in the clerical force of the comptroller general.

The custom of extending the time for the payment of taxes operates injuriously upon the annual settlements of the county. The time should be fixed at January 1st, and not interfered with except in extraordinary cases.—Greenville News.

The Price of Cotton. ATLANTA, Nov. 18.—It seems that there is no end to the fall in the price of cotton. There was a drop of six points more up to noon. The price at noon of January cotton was 7.78 cents per pound. The day before it was 7.84. The closing price was 7.81. The decline has not yet reached its lowest point, and how much lower it will go, as the receipts are steadily increasing.

To-day's estimated receipts are \$2,000,000. The receipts to-day a year ago were \$5,000,000. The difference is \$3,000,000. The difference in price is 3 cents less than to-day one year ago.

A Pathetic Scene. CHARLESTON, S. C., Nov. 18.—In the Session Court today quite a pathetic scene was brought to light for several minutes. The first of these was Falcone Assunta, who killed a brother countryman at the Line street depot some months ago. Assunta was in much sympathy in the community, was sentenced to five years in the penitentiary at hard labor. It was pathetic in the extreme to note his expression when a return was on the day when he was taken to the penitentiary. He could not speak nor understand one word of English, and the court spoke through an interpreter. Assunta is a fine-looking young fellow, of perhaps thirty years of age, and is a native of Italy. The prisoner started and clasped his hands. "I cannot do hard labor," he told his interpreter; "I have never been used to carrying rock."

CYCLONE IN INDIA.

Later Reports Make The Disaster Worse.

CALCUTTA, Nov. 10.—As further details regarding the cyclone which passed over this part of India Monday of last week are received it is seen that the damage done is very extensive. Besides the loss of seventy-seven lives by the sinking of the Indian government steamer "Enterprise" which foundered at the Andaman islands and the killing of sixty convicts there is no doubt, large loss of life at other places along the coast. Advice from various parts of Orissa, a province of India in Bengal, state that the cyclone passing over that section of country did great damage. The eastern part of the province referred to lies along the shore of the Bay of Bengal, and this section was therefore exposed to the full fury of the gale which seemed to gather force as it swept across the bay. The cyclone cleared the path through the forests, uprooting gigantic trees and hurling them aside as though they were reeds. No house could stand the terrible energy of the gale and every dwelling or other structure in the path of the cyclone was either swept from its foundations or literally picked up, turned over and deposited at some distance from the place where it had originally stood. The wind also did much damage in the vicinity of Calcutta or at least below that city. As is well known, Calcutta is the seat of an immense trade by sea and river, being the natural outlet for a trade of the great valleys of the Ganges and Brahmaputra. The city is situated on the east bank of the Hoogly river, the westernmost branch of the Ganges. The Hoogly river empties into the bay of Bengal through a number of mouths, the Delta being ten miles across. A large number of vessels were on the river, and many of them were waiting for an opportunity to ascend while others were awaiting a fair wind to put to sea. These vessels were in such a position that when the gale suddenly burst it was impossible to save many of them. The boats were driven ashore, and many were carried ashore, while others, more fortunate in their holding ground, were damaged by the pounding they received by the enormous seas which accompanied the storm. No estimate can as yet be made of the total loss, but the details received indicate it is known positively that the number of persons drowned or killed by falling trees or flying debris is very large.

Five Perish in the Flames. COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 13.—One of the most disastrous fires in years, from the fact that an entire family were consumed, occurred here early this morning, in a row of tenement houses on the corner of the intersection of the fire remains a mystery, but on the first alarm flames were seen shooting from the roof, licking up everything within grasp. The firemen endeavored to enter the rooms, but the dense smoke made this useless. One of the captains in his holding charges against the fire, but was pulled out again, nearly suffocated. Two hours were consumed in gaining control of the flames, and long ere that every person was supposed to have escaped. Such, however was not the case.

It was nearly 4 o'clock this afternoon when a little girl living in the neighborhood, with childish curiosity, rummaged through the ruins and found a naked arm, which led to a search and the ultimate discovery of five blackened bodies, buried to a crisp and beyond recognition. The entire family of Charles Betters was destroyed while sleeping in a little 8 by 12 room in the second story. They were Charles Betters, aged 30 years; Elizabeth, his wife aged 28; Carrie, aged 9; Myrtle, aged 6, and James, aged 3.

The clock on the mantel had stopped at 3:25 a. m., indicating the hour of the fire. In fighting the flames two of the pipemen stood in a window sending a stream into this room, without discovering the dying occupants, who were unconscious and unable to utter a cry.

A Horrible Crime. IRWINGTON, Ga., Nov. 16.—News has reached here of one of the most brutal crimes ever committed in this Southern county for many years. Mrs. J. M. Knight, the wife of a prosperous farmer living about five miles from this place, was murdered in her home, which was a two-story brick building. The house was destroyed while sleeping in a little 8 by 12 room in the second story. They were Charles Betters, aged 30 years; Elizabeth, his wife aged 28; Carrie, aged 9; Myrtle, aged 6, and James, aged 3.

His Mother Got Drunk. WILKESBORO, Pa., Nov. 17.—William Ruddy, a young man aged 29 years, committed suicide in a most sensational manner at his home in this city this morning. It is alleged that Ruddy came home and found that his mother had drunk to excess. He was terribly burned, his flesh hanging in shreds and in a short time death ended his excruciating suffering. The flames from his clothing soon set fire to the interior of the dwelling. A fire department was called out, but the structure being saved after some rapid work.

Six Burnt to Death. BROOKLYN, N. Y., Nov. 18.—At an early hour this morning a fire occurred in the fourth story tenement house at 120 Nostrand avenue. The building was constructed mostly of wood, and the flames spread to all portions of it with marvelous rapidity, cutting off the escape of those who lived on the upper floors. Six persons were burned to death, while a number of others were badly burned or had narrow escapes.

A Peculiar Death. URBANA, O., Nov. 13.—Thomas Winn, a 13-year-old boy, met his death in a peculiar manner. In company with another boy of like age he was playing about the fire and the two were jumping over the flames. Each started to jump at the same time from a different direction, and there was a collision. The boys' heads came together with a loud report. Winn suffering the greatest injury. The bump caused concussion of the brain and the boy died in a few hours after.

A W. Tramp. NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—Mayor Police presided at a meeting in Chokingery, to-night, the object of which was to protect the rights and interests of the city. He was assisted by Messrs. A. S. Hewitt, one of the speakers, advised to the practical power of the voters people and their attempt to support the state government. His death was a result of the electoral vote of the State was offered to him for money and he declined to do so.

STONEWALL JACKSON.

A Northernman's Estimate of His Character and Career.

The following is an extract from an article written for Harper's Magazine for November. The article is entitled "Stonewall" Jackson and was written by Dr. H. H. Field:

The midsummer of this year witnessed a scene in the mountains of Virginia that recalled the events of a past generation. The 21st of July was the thirtieth anniversary of Bull Run, where North and South met in the first real battle of war, for the engagements in West Virginia, near the Ohio, hardly rose to the dignity of battles. Bull Run was a conflict of armies, in which both sides took their first lessons in war, and out of which came at least one great hero, who stood so firmly while the battle raged around him that others who were broken and dismayed took courage as they saw his unshaken column standing "like a stone wall," from which he received the name "Stonewall" Jackson. This was the hero to whom a monument is now to be unveiled in Lexington, where he is buried. Of those who stood beside him that day, only a few are left. For most all had followed him to the grave, but the survivors, the shattered wrecks of war, came from far and near to do honor to him who once led them to battle, and to the spot which was the location at the grave of their beloved commander.

The demonstration furnishes an occasion for reflecting upon the condition of this extraordinary man. The years that have passed have removed us so far from the great tragedy, of the war, and from the passion it aroused, that we do not know even the names of those who were in arms against us; and no one can read the history of Stonewall Jackson without recognizing in him all the qualities that go to make a popular and a soldier some of the most potent critics rank him as the first of the war produced on either side. Not that he was at the head of the largest army, or under the most brilliant of military operations, but that with the means that he had, he accomplished more than any other commander. He had made a study of the campaigns of Napoleon, and he sought to succeed merely in having "the strongest battalions," but in secrecy of designs and rapidity of execution.

In the latter he outdid even Napoleon, for he was able to create a pitch of endurance that he could "rush" them twenty-five miles a day over a broken country, across rivers and over mountains, and fight battles with a speed that defied all calculation. In the war he gave more decisive proof of military genius than the campaign in the Shenandoah Valley in the spring of 1862, and the campaign in the Valley of the Shenandoah, which he conducted absolutely alone, with no interference from those above him—where he was pitted not against one army, but four, under Banks, Fremont, Shields and Milroy, advancing upon him from different quarters, and outmaneuvered them all, attacking and defeating each in turn till he drove them, one after another, out of the valley, when he gave all the credit to himself. He threw himself between the "Army of the Potomac" and Washington, and the second Bull Run proved far more bloody than the first.

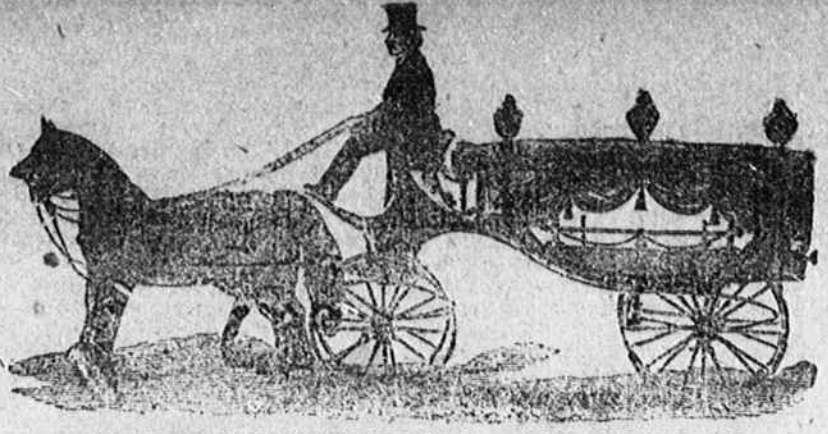
All this is matter of history, which it is not necessary to recall, not to follow the tireless soldier to Harper's Ferry, to Antietam, to Fredericksburg and Chancellorsville, where he fell at the very moment that the great flank movement which he had conceived and conducted had struck the Union army with a shock from which it reeled and could not recover, but sought safety on the ground of the retreating army. It had crossed only a few days before in all the confidence of victory. This is a record of continued success which it is hard to find another example in our own history, or indeed, in any other.

Brutal Attack on Sam Small. ATLANTA, Nov. 12.—There was a short but lively Nash's barber shop on Peachtree street shortly after noon. The participants were Rev. Sam Small, the well known evangelist, and one of the leaders of the anti-barron movement in the city. The barber shop was destroyed while sleeping in a little 8 by 12 room in the second story. They were Charles Betters, aged 30 years; Elizabeth, his wife aged 28; Carrie, aged 9; Myrtle, aged 6, and James, aged 3.

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Cotton Sample Improved.

ONE CENT PER POUND BY ACTUAL TEST.

At the gin house of Mr. F. H. Roberts, in Richmond county, just before starting his SAILOR ELEVATOR one bale had been ginned by the old method.

Just after starting his ELEVATOR another bale was ginned from the same pile. Without knowing this fact the cotton buyer offered one cent more per pound for the bale ginned with the new elevator. Read the statement of the Buyer and Seller.

This WILL CERTIFY that two samples of cottonseed us to-day by Mr. Rowan Rose, the market value of one exceeded that of the other by one cent per pound. (Signed) D. CRAWFORD & SONS.

This WILL CERTIFY that the two bales of cotton offered as above were both from the same pile of seed cotton and reedgheuhult same gin. One was carried to the gin in baskets and ohtennecr. J. Sailor Cotton Elevator. (Signed) R. ROSE.

The best GINS, PRESSES, ELEVATORS, ENGINES and the best machinery of all kinds for sale by W. H. GIBBES, JR., & CO. COLUMBIA, S. C.

Cooper & Burnside Bros. Groceries, Provisions, Vegetables FRUITS IN SEASON, AT LOWEST PRICES. Call and Examine our Stock COOPER & BURNSIDE BROS.

Pozzoni's COMPLEXION POWDER: SAFE; CURATIVE; BEAUTIFYING. 1. 2. 3. THREE WHITE, THREE RED, THREE GREEN, THREE POZZONI'S FANCY STORES, TINTS.

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Mutual Life Ins. Co. OF NEW YORK.

Ed. L. G. NARD, Columbia, S. C. General Agent. M. T. SIMPSON, Cross Hill, S. C. Agent.

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Padgett Pays the Freight. A GREAT OFFER THAT MAY NOT AGAIN BE REPEATED. DO NOT DELAY. "STRIKE WHILE THE IRON IS HOT." Write for Catalogue now, and say what paper you save the advertisement. Remember that I sell everything that goes to furnishing a home—manufacturing some things and buying others in the largest possible lots, which enables me to wipe out all competition.

HERE ARE A FEW OF MY STARTLING BARGAINS. A No. 7 Flat top Cooking Stove, full size, 15x17 inch oven, fitted with 21 pieces of ware, delivered to you own depot, all freight charges paid by me, for only Twelve Dollars.

I will send you a nice plush Parlor suit, walnut frame, either in combination of blue and red, or in shades of blue and green, for your railroad station, freight paid. I will also send you a nice Bedroom suit consisting of Bureau, with glass 1 light bedstead, 1 chair, 1 table, 1 center table, 4 cane seat chairs, 1 cane seat and back rocker all for 16.50, and pay freight to your depot.

I will send you an elegant Bedroom suit with large glass, full marble top, top \$30, and pay freight. Nice window shades on spring roller 4.00. Elegant large walnuts day clock, 4.00. Walnut lounge, 1.00.

I cannot describe everything in a small advertisement, but have a immense store containing 250,000 feet of floor room, with all the latest styles in building materials, parts of August, making in all the best business of this kind under one management in the Southern States. These second-hand warehouses are crowded with the choicest productions of the best factories. My catalogue containing illustrations of goods will be mailed to you with alacrity if you will send us an advertisement.

L. F. FAUETT, Proprietor Padgett's Furniture, Stoves and Carpet Store, 1110-1112 Broad Street, AUGUSTA, GA.

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At the gin of Mr. F. H. Roberts in Richmond County, just before starting his Sailor Elevator one bale had been ginned by the old method. Just after starting his Elevator another bale was ginned from the same pile. Without knowing this fact the cotton buyer offered one cent per pound more for the bale ginned with the new elevator. Read the statement of the buyer and seller.

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The best Gins, Presses, Elevators, Engines and the best machinery of all kinds, for sale by W. H. GIBBES, JR., & CO. COLUMBIA, S. C.

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PRIMARY ACADEMIC, COLLEGIATE AND COMMERCIAL COURSES. Vocal and Instrumental Music, Art, Elocution, Physical Culture, Cooking, Dress Cutting, Domestic Economy, French, Bible Studies, and others. Enrollment last year 180. Pupils from thirteen counties. Strong moral and religious influence. No boarding houses; the seven dormitories are healthful locations, 700 feet above the level of the sea, 400 feet above Columbia, 125 feet above Aiken. Elegant building. Young ladies can board with the President. Only College in the State that makes provision for young ladies to reduce expenses by doing domestic work. Seventeen young ladies aided this way last year. Expenses for literary course and board for ten months, \$100 to \$120; music, \$30; bookkeeping, \$20. For actual sessions September 22d. For further particulars apply to L. B. HAYNES, A. M., President, Leesville, S. C.

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ABBOTT'S FEMALE COMPOUND. This will certify that two samples of my ABBOTT'S FEMALE COMPOUND, being treated without benefit by physicians, have been cured completely by one bottle of Abbott's Female Compound. Its effect is truly wonderful. It contains no opium or any other deleterious substance. It is a reliable information on all female diseases. ABBOTT'S FEMALE COMPOUND CO., NEW YORK, N. Y. FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

LIFFMAN'S FEMALE COMPOUND. This will certify that two samples of my LIFFMAN'S FEMALE COMPOUND, being treated without benefit by physicians, have been cured completely by one bottle of Liffman's Female Compound. Its effect is truly wonderful. It contains no opium or any other deleterious substance. It is a reliable information on all female diseases. LIFFMAN'S FEMALE COMPOUND CO., NEW YORK, N. Y. FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.