

SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

The President pro tem of the Senate, before pronouncing that body adjourned on Wednesday morning, 4th inst., made the following brief but felicitous remarks:

MR. MASON'S SPEECH. Senators—In closing, with you, the present Congress, I beg permission to express to all Senators my sincere acknowledgments for the courtesy and forbearance which have marked their intercourse with the Chair, and for their personal kindness to its temporary occupant. I have certainly endeavored, by diligence and care in the despatch of the public business, and by strict impartiality, to deserve it.

I tender to each and to all of you, Senators, my earnest wish for a happy and grateful meeting with those awaiting you at your homes, and for your prosperity and welfare in life. It remains only to declare that the Senate stands adjourned without day.

Soon after the adjournment, the Senate assembled in pursuance of the proclamation of the President. The Vice-President elect was introduced by the committee of Arrangements, and the oath of office was administered to him; whereupon he took the chair, and addressed the Senate as follows:

MR. BRACKENRIDGE'S SPEECH. Senators: In assuming the duties of this station, I am quite conscious that I bring to your discharge few other qualifications than a deep sense of the importance of this body in the scheme of the government, and a feeling of respect for its members.

Happily, my duties are comparatively few and simple; and I am sure they will be made easy by a prevailing sense of propriety, which will of itself be sufficient on all occasions to preserve the dignity and decorum of the Senate.

In administering the rules which you have adopted for the convenience of your proceedings, I shall often need your kind indulgence, and I anticipate with confidence your forbearance towards the errors that spring from inexperience. Cherishing the hope that our official and personal intercourse will be marked by mutual confidence and regard, I look forward with pleasure to our association in the performance of public duties.

It shall be my constant aim, gentlemen of the Senate, to exhibit at all times, and to every member of this body, the courtesy and impartiality which is due to the representatives of equal States.

From the North Carolina Argus. RAIL ROAD MEETING. CARTRIDGE, March 9, 1857.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of the citizens of Moore, assembled at Cartridge to-day for the purpose of appointing delegates to the Cheraw and Coalfields Railroad Convention, to be held at Cheraw, on the 1st of April next.

On motion Col. W. B. Richardson was appointed Chairman and A. B. Black and H. C. McLean, Secretaries.

After the object of the meeting was explained, a Committee of seven was appointed by the Chair, to prepare Resolutions expressive of its object. The following gentlemen were appointed on said Committee; Alex. McIver, Esq., Col. John Morrison, Dr. S. C. Bruce, Angus B. Kelly, Esq., A. R. McDonald, Esq., P. C. Shaw and Neill R. Currie.

After being absent a short time, the Committee returned and reported through their Chairman, Alex. McIver, Esq., the following Preamble and Resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That this is the time for action, immediate and well directed action, and to this end, we pledge ourselves to do every thing that we can, towards furnishing material aid to the contemplated project.

Resolved, That inasmuch as the route from Cheraw to this place, traverses a region well timbered, the value of which will be greatly enhanced by the Road, we feel authorized in saying a right of way will be given free of charge through this country.

Resolved, That the contemplated Road will be a direct channel of trade between Charleston and the richest portion of the State; this will be a mutual advantage, and we confidently believe, a reason sufficient to induce the people of South Carolina to take an active part in forwarding this great enterprise.

Resolved, That the President of the meeting appoint fifty Delegates to represent the county of Moore in the "Cheraw and Coalfields Railroad" Convention to be held at Cheraw, South Carolina, on the first of April next.

Under the last Resolution, the following gentlemen were appointed, viz: Duncan C. Campbell, William C. Campbell, R. A. Stewart, Hugh Lesh, Neill R. Currie, Jesse Henn, Esq., Thos. D. Williams, Arch. McIver, W. D. Harrington, Daniel G. Clarke, Duncan Petterson, Alex. Campbell, Dan'l McKenzie, Esq., C. O. McDonough, H. C. McLean, A. B. McDonald, A. R. Black, A. R. Kelly, Dr. John Shaw, Dr. H. Turner, Dr. S. C. Bruce, G. S. Coe, L. B. Tyson, Alexander McIver, Samuel Barrett, Clement Dawd, Col. John Morrison, Haywood Mass, Alex. H. McNeill, N. B. McNeill, Messrs.

Kelly, Alex. Kelly, W. M. Person, John W. Warner, B. H. Worley, Sylvanus Barrett, William Barrett, J. H. Martin, John M. Troy, James C. W. P. Martin, J. J. Alston, Josh. C. W. M. Person, Thos. W. Ritter, Ed. G. Rowell, R. W. Goldston, B. Coles, Archibald Ray, Thomas B. Shaw, Alex. McIver, Archibald Buchan, Duncan Keith, J. D. Petterson, D. R. Shaw, A. M. Bruce, George Foshee, Harris Tyson, K. Street, Dr. C. Chalmers, W. P. Coe, and Bev. W. Harris.

Resolved, That we will endeavor to have the co-operation of the Montgomery, Chatham, and Richmond counties, in North Carolina, and all other friends of the work in our proposed convention.

Resolved, That the thanks of the citizens of Moore are due, and are hereby tendered to Col. J. W. Cameron, Col. J. L. Gaines, Col. Alexander Little, J. H. Houghton, Monrice Q. Waddell, A. J. Stelman, Geo. C. Mendenhall, J. J. Jackson, J. Manning, B. I. Howze and J. M. A. Drake, Esqs. for their zealous advocacy of our cherished scheme from its inception up to the present time, and it would give additional confidence if we could have their presence and influence in the convention.

Resolved, That the absence, and after the return of the Committee, the meeting was addressed by several gentlemen in speeches earnest and eloquent, that must have convinced the most skeptical, if any such were present, of the feasibility of building the Road, its vast importance to their section and the other portions of this State and South Carolina, through which it will pass. Some of the speakers were Clement Dawd, Esq., the Chairman, A. B. Black, Dr. S. C. Bruce, Alex. McIver, Esq., A. R. Kelly, Esq., Col. John Morrison and A. R. McDonald.

We attempt no synopsis, as it would be tedious, and perhaps occupy too much space. Suffice it to say, that there was no want of enthusiasm from any quarter, and that there can be no doubt that the citizens of Moore, will use their utmost exertions to push forward this great enterprise to its completion.

On motion, it was Resolved, That a copy of the proceedings of this meeting be sent to the "North Carolina Argus" for publication, with request that the Fayetteville, Cheraw and Charleston papers copy.

W. B. RICHARDSON, Ch'm, A. B. BLACK, } Secretaries, H. C. McLEAN, }

SKIRT EXPLOSION.—An Awful Fright.—A day or two since, a couple of ladies were crossing one of our most public streets, just where there is always a great crowd, one of the whalebone hoops of her balloon like garment suddenly burst from its confinement, and "stuck out a foot." May-be she didn't scream, and maybe she wasn't frightened, but she certainly did not like the weather she was very badly frightened or not, we can only surmise by the way she quickly raised her pretty silk skirt, and withdrew the rebellious whalebone, which, on being measured, was found to be just three feet three inches long! She let fall the naughty intruder, and dropping her pretty blushing face, walked hastily away with her companion, who, like the other spectators of the scene, was splitting her sides with laughter, Who'll dare attempt hoops after this? A fact!—N. O. Picayune.

NARROW ESCAPE OF MR. BUCHANAN FROM A VIOLENT DEATH.—About the time Mr. Buchanan returned from his late visit to Washington, we heard whispers of a singular and mysterious nature in regard to his illness and sudden return home. In prosecuting our inquiries, we ascertained that Mr. Humes Porter, of this city, came from Washington with Mr. Buchanan, also sick, and was obliged to take to his bed, where he has been ever since.

At the time we were satisfied of the truth of the statements which we give below, but as extraordinary efforts were made here as well as at Washington to keep the matter hushed up, we yielded to the solicitations of friends, withheld the facts in our possession. As they are now coming out through other channels, it is due to our readers to give them a history of this extraordinary case of a narrow escape from wholesale poisoning.

When Mr. Buchanan went to Washington, he put up at the National House where J. Glaney Jones, John L. Davison and others were stopping. It appears that this hotel has been terribly infected with rats of late, and one of the boarders—as the story goes—conceived the idea that they ought to be disposed of as soon as possible, and he procured extra large doses of arsenic, which he disposed of in the most tempting manner about the house. The rats ate the poison. It is well known that when rats partake of arsenic they put directly for water. There is a large tank of water in the upper part of the hotel referred to, and into it the heat of rats plunged, drank, burst and died. From this tank the house is supplied with water for drinking and cooking purposes.

Twenty or thirty of the guests were suddenly and some of them severely affected, from the use of water thus impregnated with the poison. Mr. Buchanan left suddenly for Wheeling, where he arrived

suffering severely from diarrhea. He, however, less severely affected than others, and in a short time recovered himself to receive visitors—but the same is not so entertaining to the favored persons, made it necessary for him to hasten, refusing to see any personal friend by order.

It is a severely trying in a critical moment, a doubt about this re-appointment to a place an open question up to the present time. Among the others most severely affected was the Hon. John L. Dawson, and it was rumored this morning that he has since died. The report, however, needs confirmation. Mr. Porter of this city was also severely affected, and thought confined to his room ever since, we believe he is out of danger.—Lancaster Pa., Express.

CHERAW, S. C. Tuesday March 17, 1857.

Railroad Meeting. A meeting of the citizens of Cheraw and vicinity, will be held on Friday next, at 3 o'clock P. M. A large attendance is desired; as delegates are to be appointed to meet in Convention, the delegates from Moore, Montgomery, Richmond and other sections favorable to the Cheraw & Coalfields Railroad, on the first of April next.

Agency for Russels Magazine. We have been appointed Agents at this place for "Russels Magazine," the first number of which is expected during the next week. The character and literary reputation of Messrs. Hyne and Cahill, its Editors, furnishes a sufficient guaranty that the Magazine will be in every way worthy of the liberal patronage of the Southern people. We hope that those of our own citizens who have hitherto from necessity patronized similar journals at the North, will transfer their support to this, and thus contribute to the maintenance of Southern literature. Those of our friends whether in North or South Carolina, who wish to subscribe will find it to their advantage to begin with the first number. We are authorized to give receipts for subscriptions.

Lyceum Lecture. Rev. M. B. Grier of Wilmington, N. C., will lecture before the Lyceum on next Thursday night, when we hope the citizens generally will turn out. Persons at a distance on the line of the Railroad, who wish to enjoy one of these intellectual feasts, will remember that they may spend the night here, and return home the next morning if they wish; though our people would be glad to have them remain as long as they choose to do so. Tickets for the lecture can be had at the Book Store.

Marlborough Court. Although the civil docket was as full as usual, there were no cases of particular interest to any except the parties immediately concerned, and scarcely any litigation except in those which involved title to lands. In Marlborough, lands are rapidly increasing in value, and its citizens becoming more and more of an agricultural people; hence the number of "trespass to try title" cases which appear on the issue docket.

To the credit of the District, we are glad to be able to say that the sessions docket was quite small, and the number of defendants yet smaller—as some two or three persons had monopolized that side of the Court.

B. F. McGilvray, Esq., the new Sheriff has entered upon the duties of his office, in which he has been acted to the entire satisfaction of his fellow citizens, and gives assurance that he will continue to discharge its duties most faithfully and efficiently. Col. J. W. Henagan, his predecessor, retires with the benedictions of his constituents following him, as a reward for his zeal and efficiency in their service.

Arrested. Martha Cannady the woman who killed a man by the name of Moore, about last Christmas, in Darlington District, and made her escape, was arrested yesterday within four miles of the Court House. The Court being now in Session, she will be put on her trial this week. It is said that Rogers who killed T. W. B. Coe, Jr., in the same District, will surrender himself for trial at this term.

The Weather. Since our last issue, we have had some very cold and unpleasant weather, it rained all of last Friday, a very cold rain indeed. Above here it turned into a sleet, and we have accounts that it proved very destructive to crops, causing a great many to be completely stripped of their leaves. We are afraid that the fruit crop is injured, and perhaps seriously. We will, however, hope for the best.

We return our sincere thanks to Prof. C. P. Felham, for a copy of the Catalogue of the South Carolina College.

Homeless. On Saturday, the 14th inst., at Eightville, in Marlborough District, a man by the name of Thomas Jones, was instantly killed by a young man, named Stables. A chicken was the weapon used. As we believe that some one had exerted a biased influence, one way or the other, by making unnecessary remarks, we desire to give any of the particulars.

Legislation. It is the charge of duties servant, should be held to perfect his strict conduct for his conduct in such a case to save not so, however, the citizen who undertakes a public service, runs the hazard of serious loss, if in the execution of its duties he happens to give occasion of offence to another.

We have special reference to a case within our knowledge, in which citizens of this District were put to considerable expense of coats in defending an action brought against them as managers of elections for refusing votes on the ground of color. The object of the plaintiffs in offering their votes, was to make the issue in Court, that their status might be established—the votes were refused—the managers were arrested, and the jury found a verdict for the defendants, the managers, thus endorsing and sustaining them in their refusal to receive their proffered votes;—yet the plaintiffs being "nulla bona," the defendants are required to pay some \$150 or \$200 each. Application was made to the Legislature at its last session for relief, but the House refused it—so these public officers, for no offense in the world except their zeal to preserve the purity of the ballot box are mulct in a severe penalty, to say nothing of the "Fees" which their counsel required them to pay for his services. No matter what opinion any one may have had as to the propriety of their refusing the votes in the first instance, all must now admit that they were correct, inasmuch as an intelligent jury, before whom all the facts of the case came in review has passed upon it, and pronounced in their favor.

We repeat it, it is a hard case and requires legislation, otherwise, it will be a gross imposition upon an honest man to put him in a position of public trust, with no salary attached, and require him to act under the solemn obligation of an oath. The duties of citizenship do not in our humble estimation require any such sacrifice as this. Because a man is competent to administer the laws in the capacity of manager of elections, it does not follow that he owes it to the community to pledge his private means for the faithful performance of the duties attached to the office, much less ought he to be subjected to loss or injury when he has done for the public, all that the public could demand.

In such cases when the public officer is sustained by the verdict of a jury, the expenses should be borne out of the public funds—the State should pay them. If the officer was at fault, there might be some ground for the position that he should defray his own expenses, but even then, it would seem that this should depend entirely upon the fact whether it was an honest error of judgement, or a wilful malfeasance.

The Legislature having refused its aid to the citizens whose case we have been considering, we trust that something will be done for their relief by the people of the District for whom they were acting. They are not able to bear the expense of defending an action in which the people are the real defendants, nor ought it to be exacted of them.

Major General's Election. Brigadier General E. B. C. Cash, was, on the 4th inst., elected Major General of the Fourth Division, S. C. M., without opposition.

The Convention. Our Charleston friends, and those on the lines of the Cheraw & Darlington R. R., and North Eastern Road, will bear in mind that on the first day of April, a Convention will be held at this place to organize the Cheraw and Coalfields Railroad, Charleston, especially, ought to be represented as it is as much to her interest, as any other section of the country. A full attendance is earnestly requested.

See the proceedings at Carthage, N. C., copied from the Argus.

F. F. Waxley, Esq. It is with the deepest regret that we see that the above named gentleman has withdrawn from editing the Darlington Flag. As a bold and fearless writer, he stands prominent, and as a spirited one, he has no superior. Whatsoever he says do, and wherever he may go, we tender him our heartfelt wishes for his prosperity.

Kansas. We received from the Polytechnic and Calliopean Societies, a copy of an address delivered before them, by Jas. D. Trudewell of Columbia. The talents of this gentleman guarantees an able effort. The subject of the oration was, "The Study of the Federal Constitution" which is peculiarly adapted for an address before such bodies. The Societies will accept our sincere thanks for their kindness in furnishing us a copy.

Messrs. Race & Dudley.—Mr. A. C. Race has associated with him in the Coach and Carriage making business, Mr. James Dudley formerly of Marlborough District. They are gentlemen, and workmen, well qualified to the patronage of the public. In fact there is no necessity for sending to the North for anything in their line, from a Railroad Car to a Baby Carriage.

Amphotypes.—See the case of Mr. Mason. Those who saw his specimen when here last, need no other evidence of his skill in the art.

"The Inventor." We are indebted to Messrs. Kellogg & Dodge, Patent Agents at Charleston, for the March number of this Periodical, "devoted to the dissemination of reliable information in relation to Patents, and the Patent Office—to the Mechanic Arts, Agriculture, Architecture, Engineering, Mill work, &c., &c." It is published in New York, monthly at \$1.00 per annum, and seems from the slight examination we have given it to be a useful publication.

Items. The following gentlemen compose Mr. Buchanan's Cabinet. Lewis Cass, Secretary of State, Howell Cobb, Secretary of the Treasury, J. B. Floyd, Secretary of War, Isaac Tourey, Secretary of the Navy, Aaron N. Brown, Postmaster General, Jacob Thompson, Secretary of the Interior, Jeremiah S. Black, Attorney General.

Congress has appropriated \$50,000 for a Federal Court House and Post Office at Columbia, S. C.

The "Key-see Courier" says, that the work on the Blue Ridge Railroad, may now be resumed, "as the required sum of \$220,000" has been subscribed. Rabun County gives \$22,000 and the citizens of Wallonia and vicinity pledge themselves for twenty thousand more.

The "True Carolinian" also learns, that the amount which it was expected would be raised out of the city of Charleston, in order to secure the State aid, and place the final completion of the Blue Ridge Railroad beyond the shadow of doubt has been more than realized.

The "Chester Standard" says that the family of Geo. W. Caris, of Chesterville, were poisoned last week from drinking tea, supposed to be made of sassafras root. The roots were given to a nephew of Mr. Curtis by a negro who cannot now be identified, and they turned out to be Jossamine instead of sassafras. An infant died of the effects, the others recovered.

Bishop Geo. F. Pierce, of the M. E. Church, has returned from a tour to Kansas, and publishes in the Southern Christian Advocate, an account of his experience there. He indicates the "Border Ruffians" from the change of civility and ruffianism, and says: "If Missouri, needed an advocate before the country, I would volunteer in her defence."

The Texas papers mention the departure from San Antonio, on the 12th of February last, of a company of eighty-two men, under Capt. French, who were going to the aid of Gen. Walker.

The "Edgefield Advertiser" relates the fact that a man named Joseph Williams, had killed the servant of the Editor of that paper, by shooting his brains out with a pistol. The Editor speaks of this brutal outrage with much feeling, but refers the matter to the country and its laws.

EMBEZZLEMENT ON THE PACIFIC RAILROAD.—Yesterday afternoon, Mr. J. J. Porter, Station and general agent for the Pacific Railroad at Jefferson city, was arrested at that place, we learn, charged with embezzling the funds of the company.—William Price and Lucus Abbott, conductors, were arrested last night, in this city, on the same charge. Porter gave up \$3000 of the embezzled funds, and Price \$700. Abbott, at his own request, was sent up to Jefferson city this morning, in charge of an officer; for what purpose, can only be surmised.

The affair was brought to light in the following manner: Porter informed a conductor on the road that he and two others had been, for some time, making a practice of appropriating a considerable share of the money received for fare, freight, &c., and which did not come through the regular channels, as when money was paid for passage to the conductor, instead of the ticket agent, or way freight paid for without regular entry on the books. The information was given as a preliminary to a proposition which was immediately made, that the conductor should go in with them, and aid in the scheme.

He pretended to do so, and when he had discovered the whole arrangement, gave information to the company, by whom the arrest of the agent was procured. The latter implicated Price was taken before Justice Allen this morning, and on an affidavit made by Morris D. Reese, was held to bail in the sum of \$3000, waiting an examination.—St. Louis News, 27th ult.

WONDERFUL GROWING STONE.—The Scientific American publishes a communication from Chilian Beach, formerly of Auburn, now of Leila, Michigan, in which he minutely describes a stone which has been in his possession for twelve years, and which, during that time, by simple exposure to the air only, had been performing feats of a progressive character.—When he obtained it twelve years ago, it was a little more than half an inch long and three eighths in diameter. It has now grown five eighths of an inch long and half an inch in diameter. The most curious feature of this increase of the stone is not an equal expansion, but a particular enlargement one side of the parent stone.

The stone, he says, is the most perfect white transparent, will cut glass, and increasing in size and weight with exposure to food but common air.

It has never yet found a person who could tell why it was so given him any explanation as to the cause of its growth.

DR. KANE'S DOG.—The Arctic dog brought home by Dr. Kane has strayed away off in Alleghany. He has become the property of James McArthur, timber dealer in Oramel. The recently intense cold weather has kept this large, black, shaggy animal in high spirits. When they take him into the forest among the timber hewers, where he can do no harm, and remove his muzzle, he cuts all sorts of pranks, seeking the deepest drifts, and actually burying himself for delight; you can see the dry snow move, but no semblance of a dog, till on a sudden out he pops, giving his hairy flocc a tremendous shake, and away he runs for another dive. Mr. McArthur calls him "Es-ki-mo" (Esquimaux), not a very smooth name, but characteristic. To look "Esq" fair in the face, you see almost a likeness of a black bear, though his eyes are rather languid. His long, soft, shaggy covering is nearly equal in bulk to his body. When left to run at large in the village, he wears a muzzle to prevent his destroying the pigs and chickens.—Newark Advertiser.

SANDFORD'S INVIGORATOR, AS A LIVER MEDICINE. THERE has long existed a demand for such a remedy that could be relied on as safe and effectual. This remedy has been prepared to meet that demand; and extensive trial of its virtues has shown how universally it has accomplished the purpose designed. Among the complaints which have been speedily cured by the use of the Invigorator we mention Liver Complaint, which is the cause of many other diseases—among which are, Biliousness, Headache, Pain in the Side and Loins, Dropsy, Fever, Fyver and Ague, Jaundice, Indigestion, Languor and loss of Appetite, Listlessness and Irritability—all of which are caused by a diseased action of the Liver. The Invigorator is compounded with particular reference to the Liver, and when that disease is removed all the rest are cured, as the cause of them is taken away. A few doses of the Invigorator rarely ever fail to stimulate the Liver to a proper action, and by its continued use to remove the disease. It has been taken with great success in cases of Cholera, Dysentery, &c., and for these it has been found a very efficacious remedy. An occasional dose stimulates the stomach to a healthy action and restores the appetite and vigor. One dose will relieve the oppressive uneasiness experienced by eating a heavy dinner, as it excites the digestive organs to vigorous action. For a debilitated state of the system the Invigorator has no equal which experience proves, as it restores the system and removes the yellowness from the skin, which is the result of a diseased Liver.

Prepared and sold by Sandford & Co., 185 Front St., New York. Price \$1.00 per bottle, containing forty doses. Also sold by MALLOY & GOTT, Cheraw, S. C.

And by A. N. BRISTOW, Bennettsville, S. C., Oct. 27, 1856; 29—ly.

Shall I leave off eating meat or drinking coffee I frequently wake by those troubled with liver complaints and indigestion. I will answer them by saying, eat anything that is good and nourishing, and drink your regular drinks, and if the stomach is not sufficiently active to digest these it needs something to quicken its action and make it do its work better.

Dr. Sandford's Invigorator acts directly on the stomach and liver—giving them a healthy action causing food to digest well, and if taken immediately after eating it will prevent the food from rising, or souring on the stomach, and for an overloaded stomach the Invigorator gives instant relief by stimulating the digestive organs to more rapid action.

ANOTHER LETTER FROM INDIA. Messrs. Perry Davis & Son.—I am happy to be able to add that your medicine is getting more and more into note, and consequently the demand for it is increasing. The sales at my various Sub-Agencies are very satisfactory, especially in Maulmain and Dinapore; in fact wherever European Regiments are located the sales are extensive. A party in Agia who sent for a supply for his personal use and that of his friends, says the demand for it is great, and recommends the appointment of an Agent there.

Mr. Toone, of Barrackpore, writes under date of 20th October.—"This will certify that my son, 19 years of age, was taken suddenly ill in the night, with a severe pain in the stomach, followed by Cholera. He found no relief until I gave him a tea-spoonful of the Pain Killer, diluted with warm water; but after the expiration of a few moments he brought it up, when I repeated the dose, which partially relieved him I followed it with a third dose, when he fell asleep, and on waking next morning he was quite fresh. I consider it a most valuable medicine to be always at hand." I remain yours, &c., J. L. CARBAU, Calcutta.

MAIL ARRANGEMENTS, AT THE CHERAW POST-OFFICE. Mails for Rail Road. Close Daily at 9 00 P. M. Bennettsville, S. C. via Salisbury, N. C. Close Daily at 5 00 P. M. Fayetteville direct and Intermediate places. Close Sundays, Tuesdays and Thursdays at 3 00 P. M. Charleston, C. M. Darlington and Pinebluff, N. C. Close Saturdays, Festivals and Thursdays at 3 00 P. M. Rockingham, N. C. Close Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 3 00 P. M. 39 A. M. 40—ly. Close Sundays, Tuesdays and Thursdays at 9 00 P. M. J. T. WESTERVELT, P. M.

Cheraw Lodge, No. 15, A. F. M. This lodge regular communication of this Lodge will be held on the night of Monday, 23rd inst. with special exercises. D. H. McLEAN, Secy., Feb. 16, 55—2d.