THE DAILY REGISTER is a twentyeight column peper, 24x38 inches, printed on good paper and with large, clear cut type, containing the latest telegraphic news, fall market reports, the least heed to the hour. When not editorial matter on the leading occurrences of the times, and replete with interesting miscellaneous reading.

The local news is full and interesting, one editor devoting his time exclusively to that department. Our corres- the coldest weather, when hearing that ondence from Washington and other aces of note gives an entertaining sume of all the important events of

TRI-WEEKLY REGISTER, with some minor changes, & mprises, the contents of the Daily a \$2.50 less per

WEEKLY REGISTER is a large, handsomely gotten-up eight page paper, 29x42 inches, containing forty eight columns of readin matter, em bracing all the news of the week and the most important editorial and local the first few years, but by and by they TERMS-IN ADVANCE:

Daily Register, 1 year...... \$7.00 6 months ...... 3 50 them for a wooden sword, or lose them 6 menths... 2 50 " ... 1 25 the baby has attacked the household and Weekly Register 1 year ..... 2 00 6 months .... 1 00

Any person sending us a club of ten such ominent naturalists as George subscribers at one time will receive either of the papers free, postage prepaid, for one year.

Any person sending us the money for twenty subscribers to the Daily may recain for his services twenty dollars of the amount; for twenty subecribers to the Tri Weekly, fifteen dollars of the amount; and for twenty subscribers to the Weekly, five de llars

of the amount. As an advertising medium THE REG ISTER aff rds unequalled facilities, baying a large circulation, and numbering among its patrons the well to-do peo ple of the middle and upper portion of the State. Terms reasonable. For any information desired, address

CALVO & PARTON. Proprietors. Columbia, S. C. Parties desiring copies of THE REGISTER to exhibit in canvassing will

Cheapes' 'ally in the South !

be surplie ton application.

THE EVENING SENTINEL. IS PUBLISHED AT THE LOW PRICE OF

84 Per Year " Is the bald-headed baby more do. IT IS A BRIGHT, NEWSY EVENING mesticated than others?" PAPER, and is edited with ability by Messrs. "Not a bit. He kicks around after JAMES R. RANDALI and P. A. STOVALL. It is the only afternoon paper in the South that the same fashion, and has even a worse publishes the feleg aphic dispatches of the time fighting flies and mosquitos,"

New York Associated Press. In its columns will be found al' the news that comes by telegraph, and the telegraphic market reports received up to the time of going to press, OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY THE EVENING SENTINEL is the official pa-

All who want a cheap paper should subscribe for it. Terms: \$4 per year; \$2 for six months, and \$1 for three months. WALSH & WRIGHT. AUGUSTA, GA.

## OLD AMERICAN HOTEL, Mrs. Jackson inform ed him that his re ESTABLISHED ABOUT 1830.

Resuscifited on the European Plan For Gentlemen only.

Rooms, each person, per day .... 50e " per week .... \$3 00 " per mont b.\$8 and 10 According to location of Rooms, paid in advance.

BOARD TERMS: Board and badging per day .... \$1 50 per week ... 6 50 kind as your Heavenly Father."

Breakfast....

MRS, M. J. ARCHER, Proprietress. 29 George st., cor. King, Charleston, S. C. ESTABLISHED IN 1846.

> B. B. ROGERS. IMPORTER. MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

Guns. Pistols.

POCKET CUTLERY, AMMINITION OF ALL KINDS pause, he asked her to call me.

245 BRUAD STREET, AUGUSTA, GEORGIA: Repairing done promptly.

it is all right."

THE BABY.

Chapter of Natural History ... The Pe-

"This is a baby. It is now about

hree years old, and at the wickedest

"What countries does the baby most

"He can be found in every inhabited

country on the clobe, the same as mos-

Yes, or anything else. They swal-

low pocket knives, thimbles, buttons,

"Do they graze during the day, or

"They are always grazing, paying not

actually eating they generally give utter-

ance to a peculiar cry. Strong men

" Men of deepest thought have agreed

that it signifies to wake up the neigh-

"Of what benefit to mankind is a do-

"Do you know of any instance where

Francis Train and Texas Jack, but we

don't put much faith in them sewever,

if the buby was maliciously and persist-

ently provoked, there's no knowing what

"No; on the contrary, no druggist

could make enough profit in a year to

buy him a pair of Arctic overshoes, but

for the presence of the baby in every

household. There is hardly an hour in

the day that the baby does not demand

peppermint, paregorie, milk, sugar, cor-

dial, cod liver emulsion, ipecac, or some-

"What machinery is made use of t

compel the baby to take a dose of castor

"There are several patent machines

for the purpose, but most people follow

the old rule of knocking him senseless

and getting the dose into his mouth be-

"What music do they seem to pre-

"A base drum is their first choice,

but they have a heavy leaning toward

the sound of the stove handle knecking

the nose off the pitcher with the empty-

Stonewall Jackson's Death-Bed

About daylight one Sunday morning

covery was very doubtful, and that it was

better that he should be prepared for the

worst. He was silent for a moment

"It will be infinite gain to be trans

He advised his wife, in the event of

his death, to return to her father's

house, and added : "You have a kind

and good father, but there is no one so

He still expressed a hope of his re-

covery, but requested her, if he should

die, to have him buried in Lexington, in

the Valley of Virginia. His exhaus.

tion increased so rapidly that at 11

o'clock Mrs. Jackson knelt by his bed,

and told him that before the sun went

ened, my child; death is not so near; I

She fell over the bed, weeping bitter-

ly, and told him that the physician said

Doctor, Anna informs me that I an

When he was answered, he turned his

to die to-day. Is it so?"

there was no hope. After a moment

down he would be with his Saviour.

may get well."

and then said :

lated to Heaven."

thing else costing money."

fore he recovers."

"Are they a healthy animal?"

borhood and have some fun."

killed or injured any one?"

it might do."

mesticated baby?"

"What animal is this?"

point of his earthly career."

"Can they be tamed?"

"Does the baby eat grass?"

quitos and boils."

only at night?"

BARNWELL C. H., S. C., THURSDAY, JANUARY 30, 1879. VOL. II.

tion, my dear sir, but we will not come back at present. You can expect us. however, in the course of a week or

Lard Ullan called again; 'twas vain The loud waves lashed the shore; the turn, they wouldn't think of it. In fifteen minutes they were on the other side, the ferryman was wondering to the General Government in 1812. what he would do with a twenty dollar tional, and which law the Government gold piece, and the young couple were made no effort to enforce. He says inquiring the way to the nearest Justice of the Peace.

TAKING A BILL BY THE HORNS.

Full Text of the Resolutions as Presented by Senator Morgan in the Senate.

Washington, January, 0 .- The Democratic Senators held a caucus this here like the leaves in autumn. They in relation to the enforcement of the for the payment of the money adthirteenth, fourteenth and fifteenth vanced. About 1820 Congress authoramendments, and to protect all citi- ized the payment of the principal, but zens in the exercise of all rights se- said nothing about interest. In 1829 cured by laws passed for that purpose, she again applied for the interest, and &c. The Democratic Senators agreed a bill passed both Houses of Congress upon a substitute for the above named ordering the interest of the debt, toresolution to be offered when it shall gether with the simple interest that an able and elequent speaker and an be taken up for consideration in the had accrued upon that interest to be he had but two hours to live, and an agreeable gentleman. He stands very Senate. While in this substitute they paid. ments of the Constitution to be of binding force and validity, they regard future course of action. Bills provi- Senator Edmunds' resolution as proding for amnesty, but containing ad- posing legislative action in conflict ditional provisions to prevent the fue with decisions of the Supreme Court installments, and always applied the

amendments, and they quote from account of race, color or previous con-- malation of suffrage belongs exclusively to the

The following is the full text of the Morgan in the Senate:

1. Resolved, As the judgment of 15th amendments to the Constitution binding as any other part of the Con-States have a common interest in the terest. enforcement of the whole Constitution in every State and Territory of the United States, and that it is alike the right and duty of the United States, so far as power has been delegated to them, to enforce said amendments and to protect every citizen in the exercise of all the rights thereby

2. Resolved. That the Government of the United States and the governments of the several States are distinct, and each has citizens of its own who owe it allegiance and whose rights within its jurisdiction it might protect. That the Government of the United States is one of delegated powers alone. Its authority is defined and limited by the Constitution. All powers not granted to it by that instrument, nor prohibited by it to the

States, are reserved to the States respectively or to the people, and that no right can be acquired under the Constitution or secured through the laws not tarry. Sit a little more in the miu- of the United States, except such as the Government of the United States has authority to grant or secure.

> 3. Resolved, That the Constitution of the United States has not conferred the right of suffrage upon any one and the United States have no voters of their own creation in the States, but the fifteenth amendment of the Constitution has invested citizens of the United States with a new constitutional right which is exemption from discrimination in the exercise of the elective franchise on account of race, color or previous condition of servicude, and it is within the jurisdiction of the Government of the United States, which Congress is on account of race or color or previous condition of servitude of the

4. Resolved, That when such right to vote is dented or abridged by the the laws of a State, jurisdiction to mons can now go on until every in grief, "across the stormy water, government and is not in the Gov-

---

AN INTERESTING STATE DEEN E'.

NO 74

the General Government for Advances Made in the War of 1812.

Hon, D. Wyatt Aiken has written letter to the editor of the Anderson Intelligencer, in which he gives a his tory of the claim new before Congres for reimbursement of money advanced His statement of the matter is as fol After the revolution of 1776 the

General Government was barely able to pay current expenses, and hesitated about engaging in war with Great Bri tain because of the lack of money. At once the then independent and wealthy States came forward and patriotically loaned all the money the Government wanted. Maine, Massachusetts, New York, Pennsylvania, Maryland, city of Baltimore, Delaware, Virginia and merning to consider what course to South Carolina advanced all the needpursue on the resolution of Senator ed money. A few years after the war Edmunds, now pending in the Senate, of 1812, Maryland applied to Congress,

President Jackson vetoed this bill because it was contrary to the usual method of settling claims against the United States, to-wit: The United States usually paid her debts then in ture practice of polygamy, will proba- of the United States, particularly in payment to the principal, and after bly be introduced in both Houses, and Cruikshank's case, regarding those that was liquidated then computed interest due herself for money paid on cerdings against the Mormons will be the dicts of the Court to sustain the the principal, deducted this amount ground which will be taken in the from the interest that had accumulasubstitute, that the United States ted upon the principal, and paid the have no citizens distinctively their balance, not allowing the interest due own, that the Constitution does not the creditor to draw any interest at confer the right to vote on any one, all. Really this was a novel method but simply confers the privilege of of paying debts, but it was Jacksonian, freedom from any discrimination on I suppose, and if adopted now in the settlement of State debts would-well.

> Maryland persisted, however, until she finally got her money. About and the Comptroller-General of South Carolina reported to the Govermethod of computing interest and payted States would deprive South Caro-

In 1858 the State of South Carolina again applied to the General Govern ment for a settlement of this claim and in her petition protested against the loss of interest. The petition was presented in the Senate and referred to the Committee on. Claims, of which committee Mr. Iverson, of Georgia, was chairman. That committee in investigating this matter decided it was not a private claim of South Carolina, all the pertinent cases. Mr. Iverson presented such a bill, which passed the Senate by a very large majority, strange to say the most active opponent being Mr. Hunter, of Virginia, whose State was then advocating her claim of more than \$1,000,000, He contended these loans had been closed out as donations, &c., and should not be opened up again as new claims upon the General Government.

When this bill went to the House it of the advocates of the payment of made application to Congress for a return of their loan, and it was accorded them, the Tressurer being ordered to pay over \$700,000 to these two States.

her two agents here, (whom she had prove fatal. After he had be sentatives to attempt to recover this loan. For this reason Mr. Hunton, in November, 1876, introduced "a bill to provide for the recomputation of the and the several States, growing out of moneys expended by said States in the eys. He tilted the box up and pulled red as above reported.

the history of this whole matter is interesting reading, and worthy the thought of our people. Whether we will ever get credit for the amount due as a mount worth contending for you will not doubt, when I tell you that South Carolina loaned the Government in 1812 such an amount that if it were all paid to-day would be perhaps \$300,000. The amount due Virginia is over \$1,000,000: Delaware, \$90,000: New York, \$50,000: Iennsylvania, \$225,000, and the city of Baltimore, \$25,000. Your obedient servant, D. WYATT AIKER.

Lates of Advertising.

Contract advertising is payable 30 days atess accompanied by the name and address of but as a guaranty of good faith. THE PEOPLE. Barnwell C. H., S. C.

Personal Courage of Alexander II. Stephens

Those who have seen Hop. A. H.

Stephens and marvelled at the atom he is, would not be likely to think of him as a combatant, since he appears as a poor man, to need more than the little strength he has to fight against death, ever threatening him. Nevertheless, he is and always has been testy and pugnacious when his motives have been impugned or his honor questioned, and it is no fault of his that he had not repeatedly taken part in several duels. He has challenged Herschel V. Johnson, Ben, H. Hill, and other policicians, but they declined to accept his challenge, though avowedly adherents to the code, thinking it preposterous, no doubt, to go out with the little invalid. One might as well shoot at the edge of a razor as at the attenuated figure of the distinguished Georgian. During a heated campaign n his native State, in 1848, he had an altercation with Judge Cone; a South ern politician, and nearly lost his life. The Judge meeting him at a hotel in Atlanta, called him a traitor, and S'ephens, who was unarmed, struck his insultor across the face with a small cane. Cone, in a rage, drew a dirk kulfe, and attempted to stab him to the beart. Although large and nuscular, his puny opponent prevented the deadly thrust, but received eighteen or twenty wounds on different parts of his body. Finally, Cone drew the plucky little fellow down, and foreing his head back on the floor with his left band, as though he had been a child, he held his knife before his eyes, crying, "Apologize, or I'll cut your throat!" The laconic reply was, "Never. Cut away." The blade was descending, when common friends interferred, and so parted them. Stephens' wounds, fortunately, were dressed at once. Had there been any delay he would have bled to death a good example of his indomitable courage. His suffering, shrunken and wasted form contains a big soul. Stephens refused to appear against him on his trial, and their amicable relations were intimately restor

The Ice Kings of America.

[La Saile (III.) Special.] Ice men are making ready for the harvest. More ice is cut and stored every Winter in this city and Peru than in any other single locality in the country. The great ice firms here give employment to from 700 to 1,000 men during the season, and store from 500,-000 to 1,000,000 tons of ice-if the Winter be mild the former amount, and if it be cold the latter. If this Winter be favorable, more ice will be cut than ever before. The bulk of the proriver clear to its mouth, and to all points east and west upon the coast of the Gulf of Mexico. In this trade seven but that to meet the question fully a steamboats and fifty barges are con general law must be passed covering stantly employed from the opening til the close of navigation upon the Illinois river. The firms engaged in the business here are truly the ice kings of America.

We learn from the Abbeville Medium that a serious cutting affray took place at Ninety-Bix recently between Dr. A. J. Watts, of Laurens county, and Mr. Thomas C. Punket. in which the latter was seriously per haps mortally injured. The un was lost by a very close vote. Some nate affair occurred in Pope's countthese honest debts actually voted between the parties as to the toll on against the bill because of the then scant wheat thrashed by Mr. Puckett for Dr. Treasury of the General Government. Watts during the fall . One word In 1870, Maine and Massachusetts brought on another and the "d-d lie" given by Dr. Watts which brought on the fight. Puckett said he didn't take such talk from any one, and started to turn upon his adversary, who plunged his knife into him, passed a joint resolution instructing and producing injuries which may yet appointed in 1860 to prosecute this Mr. Puckett threw Dr. Watts to the claim against the Government,) to in- floor and seized him by the throat, tercede with her Senators and Repre- but the parties were separated by some bystanders.

A Jones county man, who attended the Macon fair and saw a man handle accounts between the United States a swarm of bees, went home and experimented with one of his own ecvwar of 1812." And this bill was refer- out a handful, and held them up so I think you will agree with me that distance, could see them. Then he tried to put them back, but this was a failure. Then he endeavored to them off, and this also appeared to be s failure, for his wife heard him give a

you know the balance.

the Senate, that the 13th, 14th and nor of South Carolina that the novel of the United States are as valid and log debts by the Treasury of the Unistitution, that the people of the United lina of \$50,000, due as accumulated in

In 1876, the Legislature of Virginia verely cutting him in the abdo

mon, having four or five wives, says the boa; still keeping one arm about the women who have sung for them.

eyes toward the ceiling, and gazed for a he can see no other humane or just his sweetheart to prevent her falling moment or two, as if in intense thought; course. He says the polygamists are out, called to the old gentleman: chapter of Natural History... The Pe-enliarities and Instincts of the Ani- then replied, "Very good, very good, but cannibals, and therefore they can. "Much obliged for your kind invita- The Claim of South Carolina Against not eat their wives like the New He then tried to comfort his almost Zealanders, nor can they cast them off to suffer and starve. They must heart-broken wife, and told her that he be allowed to protect them and care ten days. Till then, adieu!"

had a good deal to say to her, but he for them as long as they live. He was too weak. Colonel Pendleten came does not think that he and others into the room about 1 o'clock, and he should be punished for the exercise of asked him who was preaching at the a religious belief, especially where the headquarters to day?" When told that practice antedates the decision declaring an old law not unconstituthe whole army was praying for him, he he cannot think that Congress will

"Thank God! they are very kind." He said : "It is the Lord's day ; my "Yes, quite easily. After a little juwish is fulfilled. I have always desired and thus prevent the children of Utab dicious discipline they cease to struggle to die on Sunday." and become subservient to the will of

His mind now began to fail and wander, and he frequently talked as if in against the Mormons are doing so encommand on the field, giving orders in his old way; then the scene shifted, their services, and who may be safely spools, or any other object a little smaller sation with members of his staff; now and he was at the mess table, in converthan a tea cup. If offered milk they with his wife and child; now at prayers then they be sent to Washington. with his military family. Occasional These petitions have begun to pour in intervals of return of his mind would appear, and during one of them I offer. ed him some brandy and water, but he declined it, saying, "it will only delay my departure, and do no good; I want to preserve my mind to the last, if posoften jump out of bed at midnight, in sible."

> About half-past one he was told that "What meaning is attached to this swered again, feebly but firmly, "Very high in the church, and is now in cor- admit, the 13th, 14th and 15th amendgood ; it is all right."

A few moments before he died he cried out in his delirium : Order A. P. Hill to prepare for action! Pass the infantry to the front rapidly!" "Tell Major Hawes"-then stopped, leaving the sentence unfinished.

"They are of no earthly account for Presently a smile of ineffable sweetcan slide down hill on a cellar door and ness sprend over his pale face, and then carry articles out of the house and trade he said, quietly, and with an expression of relief, "Let us cross over the river,

and rest under the shade of the trees. And then, without pain or a straggle, his spirit passed away .- Richmond Disport N.

THE MORMON QUESTION.

Doom of Polygamy-Eftoris to Excape the Pennity of

the Law. [Philadelphia Times.]

WASHINGTON, January 14 .- The imcortance of the recent decision of the Supreme Court on the Mormon question seems to have been lost sight of in a measure, but it is very certain that the Mormons themselves understand the full force of it, and are in the tmost consternation accordingly. In 1862 Congress passed an act to punsh and prevent the practice of polygamy in the territories of the United States. From that time to the present, however, the law has been a dead letter, the Mormons paying no attention to it, and the United States authorities taking no steps to enforce it. When Judge M. Kean went to Utah and began his proceedings against the Mormous he did not do so under the act of 1862, but under a Territorial law for the punishment of lewd and lascivious conduct. The Mormons have always held that the act of 1862 was unconstitutional, and they affected to believe thet the officers of the Government so regarded it, inasmuch as no attempt was made to enforce it. Not long ago, however, the Government officers concluded to proceed under the act of 1862, and after consultation with the Mormons a young man named Reynolds offered himself as a means to test the constitutionality of the law. It was a voluntary act on the case found itself before the Supreme Court. That Court has just de- mule. cided that the act of 1862 is not unfore suffer the penalties of the law, storm, but not my angry pa." which imposes a fine not exceeding

excreding five years. He replied: "O, no; you are fright- the Court cannot be overstated. In- er tack: dictments and convictions of Mor- "Come back I come back I" he cries punish such conduct is in the S

from suffering as bastards. The societies which are working ergetically and shrewdly. They send printed petitions to ministers throughout the country and ask that they be circulated for the signatures of the

hesitate to grant amnesty for the past,

ask Congress to pass some law to enforce the provisions of the act of 1862. Mr. Cannon, outside of his polygamous practices, is a man of faultless character and habits, and stands well among bis associates. He has been a great traveler, he is a strong writer. respondence with the leading Mormons of Salt Lake City as to their

Mr. Cannon thinks that further prodeferred until Congress can take ac-

The Facts in the Case Set Forth in Prose. "Boatman, do not tarry, and I'l

us across the lake. "Now, who be ye would cross Lock Gyle this dark and stormy night?" asked the ferryman, with much curi-

"What is that to you, you bald headed snipe of the valley?" replied the chieftain, growing pale around the gills. "If I pay you a good round sum for your services, it appears to me your interest in the matter should end there. Do you require the pedigree of every man, woman and child you take across in your infernal scow? I'd smack your jaws for your impudence, but as it is," displaying a handful of coin, "as it is, I'm the Chief of Ulva's Isle, and this-Lord Ullan's daughter. His horseman hard behind us ride and should they overtake us here in the glen it would be hard with

Out spoke the hardy Highland wight while he unlocked his skiff and told

"I'll go, my chief, I'm ready; but considering the terrible storm, I hope you will make it two dollars, although, as a matter of fact I do not venture forth for a mere money consideration, but for your winsome lady. I have been there to some extent myself, and can appreciate the situation, so, by my word, the bony bird in danger shall

dle to trim the boat!". By this the storm grew loud apace, his part, for it is not likely he would the water-wraith was shricking and have been selected by the authorities, things looked most almighty dark. He had two wives, while other Mor- But still, as wilder grew the storm, and mons in Salt Lake City had a dozen or as night grew drearer, adown the glen more. However, he was indicted, and rode at least a dozen men with old Ullan at the head on a cream-colored

"Oh, haste thee, haste !" the lady c-netitutional and that it is therefore cries; "though tempests round us valid. Of course Reynolds must there- gather, I'll meet the raging of the

So on they rowed amid the roar of \$500 and imprisonment for a term not, waters fast prevailing, and when Lord Utlan reached the shore his wrath was An effort is being made by the Mor- dreadful to behold. And no wonder, mens and others on behalf of Rey. for, sore dismayed, through storm and may exert by appropriate legislation, holds, on the ground that he ought shade he discovered his daughter out to prevent the denial or abridgement not to suffer for stepping forward vul- in the boat, with a smile on her lip and by a State of the right of a citizen to untarily in order to test the law, and salt spray in her eye, and both arms vote when such denial or abridgement it is hoped, through a pardon by the around her lover. For awhile it seem-President or in some other way, to ed that he would take it out of his prevent his punishment. Petitions hired man and the cream colored mule, for this purpose are now circulating as he declared he would have the forin Utah and elsewhere. But, in the mer beheaded as soon as he got home meantime, Mormomism is doomed, and the latter tammered over the ear conduct of a person who is not so ac-The importance of the action of with a club. Presently he took anoth- ting by authority, and in obedience to

one of them is in the penitentiary. and I'll forgive your Highland boy, ernment of the United States. The Mormons themselves are greatly my daughter! oh, my daughter! and alarmed. According to Mr. Cannon, also settle the bill with the ferryman." The Roman Catholic bishop of Monthe delegate in Congress from Utab, But the young lady could not be treal has officially forbidden the presthe most they hope for now is the pas- caught so easily. Neither could the ence of women in the church choirs sage of a law granting amnesty for young man, who told the ferryman to after June 1, and many of the churches the past. Mr. Cannon, himself a Mor. press on, and then turning round in of his diocese are already dismiss

what to the timbe, who stated (called - J. M. Main, Becretary,