

# \$7,000,000,000 WAR LOAN PASSES HOUSE

NOT A VOTE WAS RECORDED AGAINST THE BIG REVENUE AUTHORIZATION.

## DEBATE WAS ON HIGH PLANE

Former War Opponents Demanded Record Roll Call.—Amendments Confine Loans to Nations at War With Germany.

Washington.—With a total absence of partisanship the House, by a vote of 359 to 0, passed the Seven Billion Dollar bill to finance the prosecution of the war against Germany, including a loan of \$3,000,000,000 to the Allies.

Owing to general pairs and absences only 359 votes were recorded for the bill, but both Democratic Leader Kitchin and Republican Leader Mann announced that all of their members would have voted affirmatively if they had been present.

The bill authorizes \$5,000,000,000 in bonds, of which \$3,000,000,000 will be loaned to Entente countries, and the issuance of Treasury certificates for \$2,000,000,000 ultimately to be met by increased taxation.

Chairman Simmons of the Senate Finance Committee took up the bill with his committee Monday, and since there is no opposition to it, expects to report it to the Senate at once.

The bill was not materially amended in the House, except for the inclusion of language specifically directing that the loans to foreign Governments shall be made during, and not after, the war and that the securities bought by this Government with proceeds of the vast loan shall be the securities of nations fighting Germany.

Other amendments adopted would prohibit the sale of the United States bonds at less than par and permit the purchase of foreign bonds "at par."

### INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE TO ASSEMBLE IN FEW DAYS.

United States Officials Plan For Coming of Commissioners.

Washington.—With the assembly of the most momentous international conference ever held in this country only a few days distant, officials of several executive departments of the Government devoted themselves to making final preparations for greeting the distinguished men Great Britain and France are sending here to discuss war problems.

Those familiar with official etiquette abroad say that the sending to this country of men like British Foreign Secretary Balfour, French Minister of Justice and former Premier Rene Viviani and General Joffre is almost without precedent.

### Committee of Welcome.

The preliminary committee of welcome, consisting of Third Assistant Secretary Long, representing the State Department; Rear Admiral Frank P. Fletcher and Commander D. F. Sellers, representing the Navy and Col. Robert E. L. Michie, Lieut. Col. Spencer Cosby and Capt. John G. Quekemyer, representing the Army, is ready to represent the port of arrival at a moment's notice.

### TAX SUGGESTIONS TO RAISE WAR REVENUE.

Washington.—Administration suggestions as to possible new sources of taxation through which to raise approximately one-half of the estimated cost of the first year of the war, or \$1,807,250,000, were submitted by Secretary McAdoo to the Senate Finance and the House Ways and Means Committees.

# GOETHALS IS TO BE BUILDER OF SHIPS

WILL SUPERVISE SHIP BUILDING PROGRAM OF AMERICAN NAVY.

## MORE SHIPS MEAN VICTORY

Lloyd-Gorge's Prophecy Discussed by Cabinet.—Congress Will Be Asked To Substantially Increase Appropriation.

Washington.—Means of quickly putting additional vessels into the trans-Atlantic trade and thus fulfilling the prophecy of Premier Lloyd-Gorge, of Great Britain, that more ships meant victory for the Entente Allies, was the principal subject before the meeting of President Wilson's cabinet.

Major General Goethals who built the Panama Canal, will supervise the merchant ship building program, it was announced. A bill will be introduced in both houses of Congress substantially increasing the \$50,000,000 appropriation now available for the shipping board, and giving the board additional authority that the building of wooden ships and the acquisition of other vessels may be expedited.

Legislation also probably will be proposed by the administration giving the shipping board power to formally take over the German merchantmen in American ports now in the custody of the treasury department. While it is conceded that the president would have the right to take this step it is understood that a specific act of Congress will be preferred.

First among the German ships to be put into active service will be two of the fleet of 23 lying in Philippine harbors. The insular bureau of the war department has secured permission from the treasury department to hasten repairs on the machinery of the two vessels least damaged by the crews and it is expected that within two or three weeks the ships will be leading Manila hemp to be rushed to the United States to prevent a failure of its supply of binding twine for the farmers for the crop of this season.

While the exact sum to be requested of Congress for the uses of the shipping board in building up the American merchant marine has not been disclosed, it has been estimated that \$225,000,000 will be necessary.

### COMPLETE DEVELOPMENT OF FOOD PRODUCING POWER.

One of the Means of Meeting the Vital Problems of the War.

Washington.—Intensive development of the food producing power of the United States on a scale never before contemplated was discussed by President Wilson and Secretary Houston as the means of meeting one of the vital problems of the war with Germany.

Secretary Houston returned from St. Louis, where he conferred with representatives of the great grain raising states. He laid before the President plans under which the Federal Government, working in co-operation with state and local agencies, will put forth its utmost endeavors to stimulate the production and economical distribution of food.

Plans to include a request for legislation by Congress giving the Government power to regulate and fix food prices if necessary and to license large distributing agencies. Secretary Houston will begin conferences with congressional leaders to agree on the terms of the needed bills.

To continue the government's agitation for increased production and economy in the use of foodstuffs President Wilson probably will issue a proclamation to the Nation soon calling attention to the situation. A suggestion to this effect, approved by Secretary Houston, was laid before him by Representative Fisher, of Tennessee, and J. R. Paine, of Memphis, representing the Tri-State Better Farming Association.

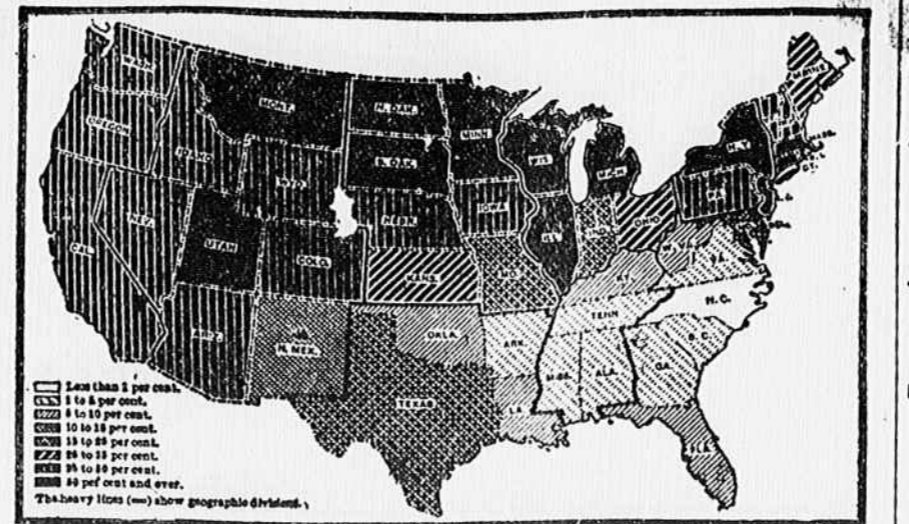
### AMERICAN REAR ADMIRAL SIMS NOW IN ENGLAND

Washington.—Rear Admiral William S. Sims, president of the Naval War College at Newport, has arrived in London to act as an intermediary between British admiralty officers and the navy department in the working out of problems involved in participation by the American navy in the ranks of the Entente Powers. His mission was admitted at the navy department after news of his safe voyage had been received.

### LOADED SHELL FOUND IN OFFICE OF THE GLOBE

New York.—A loaded three-inch shell weighing 15 pounds, made in the United States, was found in the press room of The New York Globe after the last edition had gone to press. According to the police, the shell was leaning against one of the presses in such a position that it would have been exploded had the machinery been started. The discovery was made by an employe. Government agents are trying to learn who placed it there.

# MAP SHOWING THE FOREIGN STOCK IN THE POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.



(By foreign stock is meant foreign born and children of a foreign born father or mother.)

The states in black have more people who are either immigrants or the sons and daughters of immigrant parents than they have of native stock. The immigrants of the United States and their children would populate to its present density all the United States west of the Mississippi with Alabama and Mississippi added.

# IS FIRM FOR GONSCRIPTION CUBA ENTERS WORLD WAR

INSISTS ON RAISING LARGE ARMY ON PRINCIPLE OF SELECTIVE CONSCRIPTION.

President Confers With Speaker Clark and Leader Kitchin.—Will Probably Be Opportunity For Half Million to Volunteer.

Washington.—President Wilson, in a conference with Speaker Champ Clark and Majority Leader Kitchin at the Capitol, insisted on the terms of the Administration plan for raising a large Army on the principle of selective draft. At the same time, it was learned that the War Department virtually had decided on plans under which opportunity would be given for approximately 500,000 men to volunteer for service for the term of the war.

The net result of the new plans would be to make the total National Guard and regular force to be organized first independently of the selective draft plan, approximately 724,000 men, making room for the absorption of half a million volunteers.

No attempt to enlist men to accomplish this will be made until Congress has acted and authority is granted to enlist such volunteers for the duration of the war only.

The President talked for nearly an hour with Speaker Clark and Representative Kitchin and discussed the Administration Army plan in detail, making clear that it had been drawn upon only after the most thorough consideration at the War Department, and after it had been decided that it was the only way to meet the demand for a great and efficient fighting force.

Opposing Sentiment. Both Speaker Clark and Representative Kitchin told the President that much sentiment existed in Congress against the plan, principally on the ground that draft should not be resorted to until an effort had been made to raise an Army through volunteers.

Careful reconsideration of the terms of the existing National defense act is responsible for the contemplated change of the Administration's policy in regard to the mobilization of the National Guard for war. Officials now think the law grants the States the right to organize additional guard units up to the full limit of 500 men to a Congressional District.

### LATIN AMERICA'S MORAL SUPPORT ASSURED NATION.

Argentina "Recognizes the Justice" of This Country's Stand.

Washington.—Without formally announcing abandonment of their neutrality, two more Latin-American Republics, Argentina and Costa Rica, have given assurances of their moral support for the United States in the war against Germany.

Argentina, choosing a middle course between those of Brazil and Chile, her sister Nations in the influential A. B. C. trio, has notified the State Department that she "recognizes the justice" of this country's stand against German aggression. The communication contains no intimation that the Argentine authorities contemplate an actual break with Berlin.

Little Costa Rica, just emerging from the throes of a revolution, sent word to her diplomatic representative here that she endorsed the course of President Wilson and was "ready to prove it if necessary."

### GOVERNMENT ARMOR PLATE PLANT TO BE IN W. VIRGINIA.

Washington.—The Government's armor plate and projectile factories, for which Congress appropriated \$12,700,000, will be built at Charleston, W. Va., a location recommended by a special Navy board as offering an ideal combination of military safety and easy access to manufacturing materials. In announcing the selection, Secretary Daniels said construction work would begin at once, and would be hurried to completion.

# ENTENTE LEADERS ARE IN WASHINGTON

ARE HERE TO CONFER ON AMERICA'S PART IN SEA WAR.

## TO PATROL ATLANTIC COAST

Protecting Seaboard From Northern Canada to Canal Zone to Be First Duty of American Warships.—Withdraw British and French Ships.

Washington.—With high British and French Naval officers in conference here with American Naval officials, definite steps have been taken toward participation of the American Navy in the war against Germany.

Patrol of the entire Atlantic seaboard, reaching southward to the Panama Canal zone and possibly northward to include Canada, will be the first duty of American warships. With that goes the necessity of guarding against the probable extension of the German submarine campaign to include approaches to major American ports.

British and French ships now on this patrol duty will be withdrawn as soon as the American forces have their lines established. The American squadrons will operate from British and French bases in the South Atlantic wherever necessary.

This was learned in connection with the announcement that Vice Admiral M. E. Browning, of the British Navy, and Rear Admiral R. A. Grasset, of the French Navy, are in Washington conferring with Secretary Daniels, Admiral Benson, Chief of Naval Operations, and other officers of the American Navy. The conferences have to do with the part the American fleet will play in the war either immediately or later, when its strength in light patrol craft and trained men has been increased.

Commanders of the British and French forces off the American coasts, it is known, have expected that Germany would extend her submarine operations to these waters.

It has been expected that Germany would formally announce a submarine blockade of Boston, New York, the mouth of the Delaware, the mouth of the Chesapeake, Charleston and Savannah. These are the arteries through which flow the main traffic in foodstuffs and war supplies for Europe.

### ARMY AND GUARD IS NOW OPEN FOR VOLUNTEERS.

Doors Are Opened For Enlistment For Period of War.

Washington.—All men who enlist in the regular Army or the National Guard in the present emergency were assured in an announcement by Secretary Baker that they would be kept in service only for the period of the war. The action followed a conference between the Secretary and President Wilson.

In effect, this places on a war-time volunteer basis all of the men enlisted since the state of war was declared. It makes available a total of 517,868 places in the enlisted grades of the two services to men who wish to serve for the war only.

Mr. Baker laid stress on the fact that this action was contemplated when the Administration bill was framed, and was in no way to be construed as a compromise plan. The Secretary pointed out that the net result of the application of the war enlistment plan would be to leave the Nation without an army of any sort, regular or National Guard, if the war lasted beyond the enlistment terms of new men now in those services.

"I stand firmly and unalterably in support of that bill," Secretary Baker said, "without modification of its least detail."

There is given a tabulation by the Department of the forces proposed to be organized in the bill, so arranged as to show the exact number of volunteers, to serve for the duration of the war only, for which provision is made in both the regular Army and the National Guard.

Regular Army, exclusive of Philippine scouts:

At war strength, with all increments added 293,000.  
Present strength, 131,451.  
Volunteers required, 161,549.

National Guard, including only units now organized: At war strength, 329,954; present strength, 123,605.  
Volunteers required, 206,349.

Additional:

To replace 150,000 officers and men withdrawn from above force as training personnel.  
Total number of volunteers for war service only 517,868.

### ADDITIONAL GUARDSMEN CALLED TO THE COLORS

Washington.—Secretary Baker ordered into the Federal service the following additional National Guard forces: First Tenn. Infantry, Second Maine Infantry, First S. C. Infantry, First Separate Battalion Florida Infantry, Second and Third Regiments and Company A of the Kentucky Infantry, Eighteenth Penn. Infantry, Fourth New Jersey Infantry, Third New York Infantry and Fifth Maryland Infantry.

# EAT SKINNER'S THE BEST MACARONI



TWO LARGE PACKAGES 25¢ MADE FROM THE HIGHEST GRADE DURUM WHEAT COOKS IN 12 MINUTES. COOK BOOK FREE SKINNER MFG. CO. OMAHA, U.S.A. Largest Macaroni Factory in America.

# PUZZLE GET A LOT

There are 9 squares. Can you put a figure (no two alike) in each square so as to make a total of 10 in each row and column? Send for puzzle. Small fee for puzzle and postage. Send your solution, with 4c in postage for copy of prospectus to THE ATLANTIC REALTY CO. Baltimore, Md.

# WANTED

Colored Laborers and Track men as well as hands; also Pattern Makers, Molders and Carpenters. Bricklayers experienced either fire brick or red brick construction. Steady work. Good wages. Apply in person to BETHLEHEM STEEL CO., Sparrows Point, Pa.

# RED FACES AND RED HANDS

Soothed and Healed by Cuticura—Sample Each Free by Mail.

Treatment for the face: On rising and retiring smear affected parts with Cuticura Ointment. Then wash off with Cuticura Soap and hot water. For hands: Soak them in a hot lath of Cuticura Soap. Dry, and rub Cuticura Ointment.

Free sample each by mail with Business Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

# Everybody's Son but Mine.

"There's one kind of spirit we don't want in America," said a novelist, "that is the spirit which was too prevalent at the beginning of the war in England.

"An English statesman visited Nottingham, the lace-making town, one other day, to ask for labor volunteers and the mayor said that Nottingham wanted to do her duty, but nothing, course, must be allowed to harm Nottingham lace industry.

"Then the statesman jumped up and said that the mayor was a survival of the old 1914 spirit, now happily dead and buried in England—the spirit that made each English father wave a flag in August, 1914, and shout: 'Take everybody's son but mine!'

# Too Slow.

"How do you like your new chat four, Chugwitz?" "He seems a reliable fellow." "Yes?" "Still, I'd rather pay a fine for speeding occasionally than miss every train I try to catch on ten minutes' notice."

# Tuberculosis Publication.

The National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis announces that it will presently begin publication of a monthly magazine devoted exclusively to the subject of tuberculosis. It will be printed in New York and will be called The American Review of Tuberculosis.

# HEALTH POSTUM FIRST

Scientific facts prove the drug, caffeine, in coffee is harmful to many, while the pure food-drink—

# POSTUM

is not only free from drugs, but is economical, delicious and nourishing.

Made of wheat and a bit of wholesome molasses, Postum is highly recommended by physicians for those with whom coffee disagrees.

Postum is especially suitable for children. "There's a Reason" Sold by Grocers.