

# PALMETTO BOYS IN CAMP NEAR EL PASO

PLANT THEIR TENTS ON TEXAS SOIL AND AWAIT FURTHER DUTY.

## TRIP MADE IN GOOD TIME

All of South Carolina Militia Now Near Border.—Sleep Under Dog Tents.—Long Journey Was Made Without Mishap.

El Paso, Texas.—On the broad drill grounds near El Paso, the South Carolina soldiers are now under canvas after their long trip from Camp Moore. The First Infantry arrived Friday and the Second Infantry and Independent units arrived Sunday. The journey was made without accident and the boys all seemed to enjoy the ride.

It is a hot camp that the South Carolina soldiers are in but it is a healthy one and the troops are in the pink of condition. About the first thing the soldiers did when they struck their heads out on the hot, dry desert was to have their hair cut with a razor.

Then if he were permitted to wear only his belt and canteen at dress parade he would be perfectly happy; but regulations are regulations, and the khaki uniform is sacred.

Camp Moore, S. C.—Col. H. B. Springs and 50 other officers and 972 enlisted men left for the Mexican border Wednesday in three special trains over the Seaboard Air Line. A fourth train bore the cavalry troop, the engineer company and the field hospital.

The First Regiment of the South Carolina National Guard entrained Monday morning for the border. They traveled in three sections, Lieut. Col. McCully in command of the First, Maj. Spratt of the Second and Col. Blythe of the third section. The first comprises 1,615 enlisted men and 53 officers.

The entire command was on its way to the border and Camp Moore will be deserted Wednesday. The quartermaster corps was left behind to wind up the affairs and then will report to the Department of the East for further orders.

There are 2,350 officers and men of the South Carolina National Guard going to El Paso for border duty. The regiments and the other units will report to the commanding officer at Fort Bliss on their arrival. Fort Bliss is seven miles from El Paso.

Thousands of visitors from all parts of the state visited Camp Moore to bid the soldiers good-bye. The camping grounds were thronged from early morning until late night.

Services were held in both regiments Sunday morning. The Irish volunteers attended mass in Columbia at St. Peter's. They were the guests of the nuns of the Ursulin convent for breakfast.

Each line company at field strength consists of one captain, one first lieutenant, one second lieutenant, one first sergeant, one mess sergeant, one supply sergeant, 6 sergeants, 11 corporals, two cooks, two buglers, one mechanic, 19 privates (first class) and 56 privates. There are 12 such companies in each regiment.

The machine gun company (one to each regiment) consists of one captain, mounted; one first lieutenant, mounted; two second lieutenants, mounted; one first sergeant, mounted; one mess sergeant; one supply sergeant, one horseshoer; five sergeants, six corporals, two cooks, two buglers, one mechanic, eight privates (first class) and 24 privates.

The headquarters company (one to each regiment) consists of one captain, mounted (regimental adjutant); one regimental sergeant major, mounted; three battalion sergeants major, mounted; one first sergeant (drum major); two color sergeants, one mess sergeant, one supply sergeant, two cooks, one horseshoer, one band leader, one assistant band leader, one sergeant bugler, two band sergeants, four band corporals, two musicians, first class; four musicians, second class; 13 musicians, third class; four privates, first class, mounted; and 12 privates, mounted.

The supply company (one to each regiment) consists of one captain, mounted; one second lieutenant, mounted; three regimental supply sergeants, mounted; one first sergeant, mounted; one mess sergeant, one stable sergeant, one corporal, mounted; one cook, one saddler, one horseshoer and one wagoner for each authorized wagon of the field and combat train.

Clemson Well Represented. Ninety-six Clemson men are now doing duty at El Paso. The fact that seventy out of the ninety-six hold offices as Captains, 1st and 2nd Lieutenants, Sergeants, Corporals, Musicians and Buglers reflects credit upon the institution in which they received their training, as well as upon the young men themselves. The showing that these men are making is a source of satisfaction to the college. They will be found willing and loyal soldiers, and we feel that Clemson College and all South Carolina can point to them with justifiable pride.

**Strength at Departure.**  
Following was the strength of the several units when they left Camp Moore: Company A, 3 officers, 96 men; B, 2 officers, 80 men; C, 3 officers, 80 men; D, 3 officers, 58 men; E, 2 officers, 88 men; F, 3 officers, 79 men; G, 3 officers, 41 men; H, 3 officers, 80 men; I, 2 officers, 68 men; K, 2 officers, 61 men; L, 3 officers, 77 men; M, 3 officers, 77 men; N, 3 officers, 73 men; O, 3 officers, 54 men; machine gun company, 3 officers, 54 men; sanitary detachment, 3 officers, 19 men; supply company, 3 officers, 21 men; headquarters company, 1 officer, 41 men.

Following are the present officers of the First Infantry:  
Colonel, Edgeworth Montague Blythe, Greenville; lieutenant colonel, P. Keys McCully, Jr., Anderson; majors, Richard Furman Watson, Greenville, First battalion; E. C. von Trescow, Camden, Third battalion; Thos. B. Spratt, Fort Mill, Second battalion; chaplain, Richard C. Jeter, Aiken.

Headquarters company, captain, G. Heyward Mahon, Greenville.  
Supply company, captain, Wyatt E. Seybt, Greenville; second lieutenant, Joseph E. Hart, York.

Machine gun company, Ralph J. Ramer, captain; T. B. Duckett and W. A. Hudgens, second lieutenants.  
Company A, Greenville, captain, William D. Workman; first lieutenant, William Taylor Adams, second lieutenant, Gideon S. D. Willis.

Company B, Anderson, captain, Louis L. Ligon; first lieutenant, Samuel E. Bradshaw; second lieutenant, J. T. Crawford.

Company C, Pelzer, captain, Robert C. Heyward; first lieutenant, Clayton M. Dockins; second lieutenant, George C. Bailey.

Company D, Laurens, captain, Arthur Lee; first lieutenant, D. Roy Simpson; second lieutenant, Joe Franklin Smith.

Company E, Union, captain, John Frost Walker, Jr.; first lieutenant, John A. Hollingsworth; second lieutenant, Elliott Roseborough Ashford.

Company F, Spartanburg, captain, Birchette T. Justice; first lieutenant, James A. Schwing; second lieutenant, Grantland C. Green.

Company G, Fort Mill, captain, Sam Wylie Parks; second lieutenant, Richard A. Fulp.

Company H, Rock Hill, captain, Lindsay Crawford McFadden, first lieutenant S. C. Chandler; second lieutenant, R. H. Hutchison.

Company I, Cheraw, captain, William Lockwood Gillespie; second lieutenant, William Alsbrook Malloy.  
Company K, Anderson, captain, R. D. Henderson; first lieutenant, H. L. Thompson.

Company L, Hartsville, captain Robert E. Craig; first lieutenant, John Lawrence Easterling; second lieutenant, William G. McLeod.  
Company M, Camden, captain Eben L. McLeod; first lieutenant, Henry Harold Birchmore.

**Officers, Second Infantry.**  
Following are the present officers of the Second Infantry:

Colonel, Holmes B. Springs; lieutenant colonel (vacant); major, First battalion, Augustus H. Silcox; major, Second battalion, Trelawney E. Marchant; major, Third battalion, James W. Bradford; major, medical corps Allen J. Jervy; chaplain (vacant); adjutant, First Battalion, William H. Cogswell, Jr.; adjutant, Second battalion, John A. Rice; adjutant, Third battalion, Charles L. Smith.

Company A, captain, J. Lawrence Gant; first lieutenant, Eugene U. Dooley; second lieutenant, Thomas W. Perry.

Company B, captain, Harry O. Withington; first lieutenant (vacant); second lieutenant, Walter R. Hillen.

Company C, captain, Thomas R. Garety; first lieutenant, John P. Sullivan; second lieutenant, William E. King.

Company D, captain, Christian H. Ortman; first lieutenant, Rudolph D. Ortman; second lieutenant (vacant).

Company E, first lieutenant, Benjamin G. Gaines; second lieutenant, James F. Jeffords.

Company F, first lieutenant, Thomas B. Marshall; second lieutenant, Archie D. Willis.

Company G, captain, L. M. Wingard; first lieutenant (vacant) second lieutenant, James T. Barclay.

Company H, captain, Joel J. Marshall (assigned); first lieutenant (vacant); second lieutenant, Robert E. Armstrong.

Company I, captain, James B. Keith; first lieutenant, S. K. Honour; second lieutenant, William P. Walker.

Company K, captain, Charles W. Muldrow; first lieutenant, Thomas L. Alexander; second lieutenant, Alexander Brunson.

Company L, captain, Robert T. Brown; first lieutenant, Allen R. Richardson; second lieutenant, Edward Bradford.  
Company M, captain, Frederick P. Pooser; first lieutenant, J. M. Owens second lieutenant, H. W. Bookhart.

Machine gun company, captain, Edward B. Cantey; first lieutenant, William G. McGowan; second lieutenant, William G. Mazyck, James T. Moore  
The present organization follows:  
First battalion, commanded by Maj. R. F. Watson, comprises: Company A, Greenville, Capt. W. D. Workman; Company B, Anderson, Capt. Louis L. Ligon; Company C, Pelzer, Capt. Robert C. Heyward; Company D, Laurens, Capt. Arthur Lee.

Second battalion, commanded by Maj. T. B. Spratt, comprising: Company E, Union, Capt. J. F. Walker, Jr.; Company F, Spartanburg, Capt. Birchette T. Justice; Company G, Fort Mill, Capt. Sam Wylie Parks; Company H, Rock Hill, Capt. Lindsay Crawford McFadden.

## APPEAL FOR RELIEF FUND

Governor Manning Asks People of State to Contribute For Relief of Flood Sufferers.

Columbia.—Gov. Manning issued an appeal to the people of the state to contribute to the fund for the relief of the flood sufferers. Gov. Manning has during the last week made a personal investigation into the situation in the lower counties, and he has received accurate information as to conditions in other sections of the state.

"The crops over a vast area in our state have been completely destroyed," said the governor, "and thousands of our people are wholly without crops, without occupation and will soon be without bread unless immediate help is given them. The federal government has made an investigation through the army engineers and the government has asked me to receive subscriptions to supplement the federal appropriation, which will not be sufficient to relieve the suffering. I have already received some voluntary contributions, and those who wish to give may send the money direct to my office in Columbia, and committees will be appointed to take charge of the work of distribution. Promptness is essential. Thousands of acres of crops have been laid waste in York, Chester, Kershaw, Clarendon, Williamsburg, Florence, lower Marion, Calhoun and other counties. The destruction is widespread and the want is urgent.

"I can not too strongly emphasize the necessity for prompt and generous response to this appeal on the part of our people who have been so fortunate as not to have suffered from the effects of the floods."

### Working For Textile Hall.

Greenville.—Within a short time those who are working to secure a textile hall for Greenville will hold an important meeting, calling all committees together, and will probably launch a determined campaign to secure the additional stock subscriptions necessary. At present approximately \$30,000 has been subscribed toward the exposition hall and auditorium. The original plan was to raise \$75,000, including valuation on the lot. It is possible that a lot will be donated, in which event something like \$60,000 would be needed for the building. The promoters of this splendid enterprise state that the hall must and will be erected here.

Other cities are eager to secure the Southern Textile exposition, and the first chance offered, one of those cities will step in and take from Greenville a chance to have here a wonderful institution. However, say those in touch with the situation Greenville will not give the others a chance, but will secure the hall and will have it erected for the 1917 textile show.

### Historic Body Holds Session.

Darlington.—The 71st annual meeting of the Darlington Agricultural society was held at Mineral Springs three miles from this city, where the society has held its annual gatherings for the last several years. There was a large attendance, several leading farmers of adjoining counties being present, and the meeting was generally voted to be the most enjoyable and successful ever held by this old and honorable organization. Much credit is due President E. T. Coker of Society Hill for the program.

### Strict Quarantine at Spartanburg.

Spartanburg.—A case of infantile paralysis has appeared in Spartanburg, according to official announcement made by the public health authorities. The child is the four-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Young of No. 137 Carlisle street and while the announcement is to the effect that the case is mild in form, the strictest quarantine has been established, and a ban has been placed upon children under 16 years of age attending moving picture shows, or going to Sunday schools. This is the first case.

### Strike at Anderson.

Anderson.—Following the refusal on the part of the management of the Gluck Cotton Mills to grant a request for a 10 per cent increase of wages throughout the mills, the 285 employees of these mills walked out in concerted action at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. The machinery in all departments became idle three minutes later.

### SOUTH CAROLINA NEWS ITEMS.

The summer school at Clemson College is now in full force. There are about 100 in attendance, quite a number of whom are corn club boys.

Hardy Montgomery, an aged negro man of Lancaster who was well known throughout the county as "Uncle Hardy" and liked by everybody for his honesty and sobriety and many other characteristic good traits was found dead in his bed. He was 117 years old.

Miss Lucy Watkins, an elderly woman, residing about 12 miles east of Camden, was killed instantly, supposedly from internal injuries resulting from a fall.

All the houses in the mill village at Winnsboro are being painted, lights and sewage installed and other improvements added.

Senator Tillman is making the fight of his life for the Charleston navy yard. There is an item in the naval appropriation bill of \$1,085,000 for the lengthening of the dry dock there. It is now wide enough and deep enough but not long enough.

# INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

By E. O. SELLERS, Acting Director of the Sunday School Course of the Moody Bible Institute, Chicago. (Copyright, 1916, Western Newspaper Union.)

## LESSON FOR AUGUST 20

### RIOT AT EPHEBUS.

LESSON TEXT.—Acts 19:23-41.  
GOLDEN TEXT.—The love of money is the root of all kinds of evil.—1 Tim. 6:10.

Teachers ought to have good maps and keep before the minds of their classes both the ancient and modern names of the places Paul visited. Paul resided at Ephesus nearly three years, A. D. 53 to 56. The events of this lesson occurred about three years after our last lesson in Acts.

I. The Missionary Work of Paul (vv. 1-10). How long Paul remained at Antioch after his second journey we do not know, but having passed through the "upper coast" he came to this city of Ephesus, which was an important city and a great mission field. In Revelations 2 and 3 is a list of the churches which he evangelized from this center. It was a great and effectual door for him (1 Cor. 6:9; read also Acts 20:17; 2:35). In this city Paul found a religious guild of 12 members (see vv. 2-7), whose religious experience needed the enrichment of the Holy Spirit; a like need is ever before the Christian church.

II. The Miracles Wrought by Paul (vv. 11-20). Ephesus was a center of magic and witchcraft, and special power was given Paul to work miracles which confounded the magicians in this, their stronghold. The Gospel proves its power most and best by transforming the characters of men. Deeds of love and service are the best proofs of Christianity, and these are the things which awaken heathen nations to seek after the Christian religion. But such deeds are often imitated as in this case. (See v. 13.) However, only the real spirit of Christ can work the true workings of the Gospel, and thus the name of the Lord Jesus was magnified in Ephesus. Imitation is often the sincerest form of flattery.

III. The Mob's Attack Upon Paul's Work (vv. 21-41). The first result of Paul's work was the burning of the books of magic (vv. 18-20). Many who had been dupes of the magicians ceased their secret practices and declared their wrongdoings in this public manner. Literally, book after book was thrown into the fire, much the same as in Florence Savonarola had his "bonfire of vanities." Paul's wonderful success had to have its testing before he left. The Gospel "way," the way of salvation, of true living, is sure to create a stir sooner or later. Preach the Gospel faithfully and fully, and it will stir up any community. It is not necessarily a bad sign when things begin to be disturbed. It may simply indicate that the fire is getting hot. The good results of revivals do not hurt business, but they do hurt the devil. So that "big business" was intensely stirred up in the city of Ephesus. Demetrius, their leader, uttered a striking and truthful commendation of Paul (v. 23), although it was entirely unintentional. (See 1 Thess. 1:9-10). Demetrius does not seem to seek to controvert the preaching of Paul, or that it did not square with the word of God, but rather that it would interfere with financial considerations. The modern world is full of descendants of the Ephesian silversmiths,—politicians and business interests which defend the saloon, and fairly respectable citizens who receive rents from such business, or from immoral or unsanitary properties, and who cry out against any reform which interferes with trade and money making. There are many today who are very enthusiastic religionists if they can coin money out of it or get into an office.

At this theater meeting (Paul was not present, vv. 29, 31) Demetrius appealed (1) to wealth, (2) to religion, (3) to the honor and fame of the city, and (4) he also made an esthetic appeal, (vv. 25, 26, 27). The Jews put forward one of their number, Alexander, to make a defense unto the people, and to show that they were not in sympathy with Paul and his companions in their preaching against the worship of Diana or that as Jewish Christians they did not maliciously hope to destroy the worship of Diana and the business interests of that city. Their effort, however, only stirred the mob to a larger shout, "Great is Diana of the Ephesians," which lasted for two hours.

Those who yell the loudest think they are sure to prove their point, though in such a way the point does not stay proved. Paul combines fearless courage and humble common sense, and while he faint would appeal to the mob (v. 30), he refrained. The mob must soon awaken to the manliness and spirit of Paul's soul. It was the town clerk who interfered (v. 35-41) and by skillful management quelled the excited mob. He was the temple keeper and showed that the worship of Diana was so settled in Ephesus that no company of Jews could overthrow it, and that they did not have any real cause for violence.

He also emphasizes the fact that the image of Diana, their chief god, had been miraculously sent to them by Jupiter. He called attention to the fact that Paul had not committed the wrong of which he was charged.

## ANNOUNCEMENTS

First Primary August 29.	Second Primary Sept. 12.
Candidates' cards inserted in this column for Five Dollars each, invariably in advance.	

### FOR CONGRESS.

I announce myself a candidate for Congress from the Third Congressional District of South Carolina, subject to the rules of the Democratic party.  
**JOHN A. HORTON.**

I am a candidate for Congress from the Third Congressional District, subject to the rules of the Democratic primary.  
**A. H. DAGNALL.**

I announce myself a candidate for Congress from the Third District. I will abide the rules, regulations and results of the Democratic primary.  
**HENRY C. TILLMAN.**

**FRED DOMINICK IS A CANDIDATE FOR CONGRESS SUBJECT TO THE RULES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY.**

I respectfully announce myself a candidate for re-election to the National House of Representatives from the Third Congressional District of South Carolina, subject to the rules and regulations of the Democratic primary.  
**WYATT AIKEN.**

### FOR SOLICITOR.

I announce my candidacy for Solicitor of the Thirteenth Judicial Circuit, subject to the rules and results of the Democratic primary election.  
**J. ROBT. MARTIN.**

I am a candidate for Solicitor of the Thirteenth Judicial Circuit and pledge myself to abide the result of the Democratic primary and to support the nominees of same.  
**JNO. M. DANIEL.**

H. H. HARRIS is hereby announced as a candidate for Solicitor of the Thirteenth Judicial Circuit, subject to the rules of the Democratic primary.

I announce my candidacy for Solicitor of the Thirteenth Judicial Circuit, subject to the rules of the Democratic primary.  
**J. D. LANFORD.**

I hereby announce myself a candidate for Solicitor of the Thirteenth Judicial Circuit, subject to the rules of the Democratic party.  
**D. W. SMOAK.**

### FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

The many friends of W. CLARENCE MANN hereby announce him as a candidate for the House of Representatives subject to the rules of the Democratic primary.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the House of Representatives from Pickens county, subject to the rules of the Democratic primary.  
Platform: In favor of the state taking guano out of the hands of the speculator and placing it in its own hands to protect the farmer and itself. Not in favor of either the child labor law nor compulsory education.  
**W. H. COX.**

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the House of Representatives from Pickens county, subject to the rules of the Democratic party.  
**W. E. FINDLEY.**

The many friends of J. S. LEOPARD hereby announce him as a candidate for the House of Representatives, subject to the rules of the Democratic party.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for member of House of Representatives from Pickens county, subject to the rules of the Democratic primary.  
**JOHN P. SMITH.**

W. L. PICKENS is hereby announced as a candidate for the House of Representatives from Pickens county, subject to the rules of the Democratic party.

### FOR CLERK OF COURT.

O. S. STEWART is hereby announced as a candidate for the office of Clerk of Court of Pickens county, subject to the rules and regulations of the Democratic party in the primary election of 1916.

I am a candidate for the office of Clerk of Court of Pickens county, subject to the rules of the Democratic party.  
**J. L. BOLT.**

I am a candidate for Clerk of Court of Pickens county and pledge myself to abide the result of the Democratic primary and support the nominees of same.  
**B. T. McDANIEL.**

Being solicited by my friends I hereby announce myself a candidate for re-election as Clerk of Court of Pickens county, subject to the rules of the Democratic primary election. Efficiency is my platform.  
**A. J. BOGGS.**

### FOR SHERIFF.

At the solicitation of a few friends I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Pickens county, subject to the rules of the Democratic primary.  
**W. ANDERSON LOOPER.**

I hereby announce myself a candidate for re-election as Sheriff of Pickens county, subject to the rules of the Democratic primary.  
**R. R. ROARK.**

### FOR AUDITOR.

HENRY A. TOWNES is hereby announced as a candidate for Auditor of Pickens county, subject to the rules of the Democratic primary.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for re-election to the office of Auditor of Pickens County, subject to the rules of the Democratic primary.  
**N. A. CHRISTOPHER.**

### FOR TREASURER.

I am a candidate for Treasurer of Pickens county, subject to the rules of the Democratic primary.  
**OLAR T. HINTON.**

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the rules of the Democratic primary.  
**BENNETT H. POWERS.**

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for re-election to the office of Treasurer of Pickens county, subject to the rules of the Democratic primary election.  
**TAYLOR H. STEWART.**

### FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for County Superintendent of Education of Pickens county, subject to the rules of the Democratic primary.  
**F. VAN CLAYTON.**

I hereby announce myself a candidate for Superintendent of Education of Pickens county, subject to the Democratic primary.  
**C. L. CRAIG.**

W. S. RICHBOURG is hereby announced as a candidate for the office of Superintendent of Education of Pickens county, subject to the rules of the Democratic primary.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for re-election for County Superintendent of Education, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.  
**R. T. HALLUM.**

## Telephone



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