APPROPRIATIONS BY CONGRESS MAY BE \$1,650,000,000

CONGRESS ANXIOUS TO COMPLETE WORK

Financial Preparedness Program includes Half a Billion the report, "that the program for five

ARMY AND NAVY BILLS PRINCIPLE IN SENATE

Indications Are That Senate Will Largely Accept Proposed Increases. -Dispose of Agricultural Bill Soon.

to complete its program of financial preparedness with every indication that appropriations this session will aggregate considerably more than a billion and a half dollars, at last half with the National Guard. Unless this a billion of which will be for national defense.

According to estimates based on tees, the grand appropriation total may reach \$1,650,000,000 exceeding by equality with the National Guard. more than \$500,000,000 the record of any previous congress.

Last week Representative Fitzgerald submitted a statement to the House showing that the grand total passed and pending, would reach nearly \$1,500,000,000. Since then the Senate Naval Committee has added nearbe military committee has increased PLEDGE SERVICE TO the military committee has increased the \$182,000,000 army appropriation measure by approximately \$100,000,

Army and Navy Lead.

The principal appropriation measures awaiting senate consideration are the army and navy bills. As amended in committee they carry \$282,000,000 and \$315,826,843, respectively, and together with the fortifications bill, which has passed both houses, would appropriate for national various parts of the republic while acdefense more than \$622,000,000. There is every indication that the senate speches against invasion are crowding will accept the major part of the pro- all the telegraph lines. At Tuxtepec, posed army and navy increases but Oaxaca, the manifestants, after a popconferences probably will pare some ular meeting at which orators spoke of them down.

naval bill as soon as the agricultural able-bodied men of the town to Genbill is out of the way probably within eral Carranza. a few days. The big building proconstruction policy public temporarily.

Ready For Revenue Bill.

With its work on appropriations nearing completion the House is ready to take up the \$210,000.000 revenue bill just introduced. After it is passed the house will be marking time waiting for the senate to catch existing between the two nations. up. Besides several of the big sup ply measures, the senate has the shipping bill, the child labor bill, the \$2. 000,000 militia relief measure, conser vation measures, the immigration bill and many minor matters to dispose of.

If there is to be an adjournment in time for the political campaign, Congress leaders believe some of the The Appropriations Committee of measures of the President's legislative the House faces another phase of the program must be sacrificed, probably Mexican trouble. Secretary Lansing the immigration and conservation called for an additional \$300,000 to get measures.

INCREASED PROGRAM NAVY IS APPROVED

Committee Recommends Four Dreadnaughts, Four Battleships and 10 Capital Ships.

the increased navy building program expedited as much as possible." recommended by the senate naval committee in amending the annual ap- TELL OF MEXICANS propriation bill passed by the house is given in a statement issued by Secretary Daniels.

program calling for four dreadnaughts were wounded during a clash with and four battle cruisers next year- armed Mexicans at Tampico, accordinstead of five battle cruisers, only, as ing to passengers arriving on the provided by the house-wrote into the Wolvin liner Dade from Vera Cruz. three years the general board's plan passengers on the Ward liner Montto add 16 capital ships before 1922.

"It marks a radically new policy in Cruz. the enlargement and increase of the The Monterey's passengers said, acnavy," said Mr. Daniels' statement, cording to the Dade arrivals, that two "It is the first bill that has incorpor- small heats from the Salem approachated a continuing policy in the build- ed the Timpico jetties and were fired ing of fighting ships. In his annual on hy Mexicans from the shore. The message to Congress last December Are in a returned the fire. Two President Wilson placed emphasis Area are were slightly injured, they upon the need of adopting a continu- soil although it could not be learned

10,000 MILITIAMEN

ON RIO GRANDE. San Antonio, Tex.-More than 10,000 National Guardsmen are either at border stations or so near that they could be moved right to the line within a few hours. It was believed that within three days the entire movement would be more than half completed. Eight American Consular officers, have been removed from their posts

In a report to the senate on the three year, five hundred million dollar navy building program Senator Swanson for the naval committee, laid stress on its recommendation that the navy general board plans be hastened to completion.

for Neutral Defense. House is not sufficient to bring the naval years proposed by the general board Takes Up Work on Revenue force of the United States to the position which they ought to hold among the navies of the world at an early enough period. The committee, therefore, reduced the time covered by the program from five to three years, the committee being convinced that the sooner we could get an adequate navy the better as the navy must always be our first line of defense and we have two great coasts to defend."

The building program includes building of 157 ships prior to July 1, 1919, 66 of them to be begun as soon as practicable, including eight capital Washington.-Congress is preparing ships. Of reorganization of the naval militia, the report says:

"The committee realized that it was very important that the naval militia should be put on an equal basis was done, the naval militia, which is now an important part of our naval establishment, instead of increasing figures compiled by Chairman Fitz. would be lessened, as more inducegerald, of the House Appropriations | ment would be given to enter the Na-Committee, and increases put into tional Guard than the naval militia. pending measures by senate commit- The committee recommends legislation which puts the naval militia upon

"It also imposes upon the naval militia the same requirements in respect to drill and services that are required for the National Guard, and they are subject to the call of the for the present Congress based on bills president in case of emergency of war, similar to the National Guard."

CARRANZA GOVERNMENT

Citizens in Various Parts of Mexico Offer to Enlist for War.

Mexico City.—Telegrams declaring adhesion to the Carranza Government and offering contingents of from 200 to 2,000 men each, continue to pour into the Central Government from counts of popular mass meetings and for war, crowded into the telegraph The senate plans to take up the office and offered the services of all

Meetings of students have been gram for 1917 and the provision for a held in Puebla, Queretaro, Quadalajara, Guadaloupe, Hidalgo, Morelia ably will mean a debate of several and many other points at which adheweeks. Meantime the army bill will sion to the government was pledged. come from committee and an effort As an offset to these warlike demonmay be made to pass it as soon as it strations, Mexican women, under the is ready, setting aside the naval bill leadership of Senarita Hermila Galindo, editor of the newspaper, La Mujer Moderna, (The Modern Woman), are supporting the Women's Peace Party of New York and have corresponded with Margaret Lane of New York in an effort to aid in bringing about a peaceful solution of the difficulties

LANSING ASKS HOUSE FOR ADDITIONAL FUNDS.

Secretary Wants \$300,000 at Once to Get Americans Out of Mexico.

Americans out of Mexico. In a memoraundum dated June 28 accompany. ing the estimate he said:

'The conditions are such at the present time that, in my opinion, it is highly desirable that every American citizen should leave Mexico at the earliest practicable woment. The appropriation made heretofore by Congress for assisting Americans in leaving Mexico is exhausted, and I urge Washington.-Formal approval of that the amount above mentioned be

FIRING ON OUR SOLDIERS.

Calveston, Texas.-Two American The committee, besides framing a sailors from the scout cruiser Salem bill provision for completing within They received their information from erey; bound from Tampico to Vera

whether any Mexicans had been bit.

10,000' PRISONERS TAKEN BY ALLIES

BRITISH AND FRENCH CONTINUE GREAT SOMME-ANCRE DRIVE.

REPORT STEADY ADVANCE

Continue Efforts Around Verdun-Intensity of the Great Battle Does Not Diminish Any During Sunday.

London.-All through the night and Sunday the great British and French offensive which began Saturday morning in the Somme and Ancre sectors continued with intensity. Both British and French War Offices report a steady advance at certain points, but speak also of the formidable German resistance.

Fricourt, an important town, three niles East of Albert, has fallen to the British arms, while the French have taken Gurlu, which lies to the Southeast. The fighting at the southern end of the British line, where it is in contact with the French, is of the flercest nature tremendous artillery actions preceding all infantary attacks.

The French have taken 6,000 prisoners, according to the latest estimates, while the British, though reporting the capture of 3,500 later declared that the estimates were too low. Owing to the nature of the battle, it is not doubted that the casual ties are very high.

Notwithstanding the terrific offenive against them in the Somme River egion, the Germans have not ceased in their effort around Verdun. They have bombarded several of the Verdun sectors and have launched infantry attacks against the French trench-While Berlin declares that the French attacks against the famous

Thiamont work were repulsed by curtains of fire the French War Office announces that this strategic position has been re-captured by the French forces and is held by them.

Referring to the Anglo-French drive the Germans official statement says that at several points of the first line trenches along the Somme the enemy forces gained success and were able to advance. A German division in this sector had to be withdrawn.

BANDITS DRIVE HORSES FROM BORDER RANCH

Troops Face Each Other Across River and Sentries Exchange Shots.

San Antonio, Tex.-Captain Leroy Eltinge with two troops of the Eighth Cavalry searched the country on the Mexican side of the river opposite Fort Hancock, Texas, for bandits who fied back into Mexico, after raiding the American side. It was reported he had returned to the American side of the river, having lost the trail of the raiders.

The best information obtainable indicated there were eight Mexicans in the raiding party which drove off a few head of horses and cattle from a ranch 54 miles southeast of El Paso. Lieutenant Tardy with only part of one troop followed their trail to a point where it ended at the river, and Captain Eltinge, several hours later arrived with two troops from El Paso to make an investigation and to conbinue the pursuit if he considered it advisable. He was instructed not to precipitate a clash with Mexican troops if it could be avoided.

All reports received at Gen. Funston's headquarters indicated nothing more exciting along the international line than the exchanging of shots between sentries at Nogales. Apparently no early offensive by the concentrated forces of the Mexicans in front of General Pershing's positions was contemplated.

All officers commanding the troops along the 1,700 miles of border are cautioned to avoid clashes with the Mexican troops that face them, but the recurrence of such incidents as that at Nogales has caused staff officers to fear that something may happen at any time that may serve as the basis for further complicating the situation.

FORTIFICATIONS BILL BIGGEST EVER VOTED

Washington.-Approval of a conference report on the biggest fortifications appropriation bill ever sent to the White House was voted by the house and senate. It carries \$25.748, 050 in cash appropriations and \$13,-800,000 for authorized contracts. The senate added \$4,880,050 to the house total, largely increasing items for reserve ammunition.

OBREGON STRENGTHENS HIS ARMY ALONG BORDER

San Antonio, Texas .-- While the war department was moving into the frontier thousands of the National Guardsmen, General Obregon, Carranza's minister of war, was engaged in strengthening the border army. Minor changes were directed by him in his armies that now are quantered in force in almost all northern cities, except a few that lie under the American guns, according to information at Wort Sam Houston

WAGES CAMPAIGN FOR SANITARIUM

TO EDUCATE PEOPLE BY OBSER-VING "TUBERCULOSIS WEEK" IN SOUTH CAROLINA.

DISPATCHES FROM COLUMBIA

Doings and Happenings That Mark the Progress of South Carolina People, Gathered Around the State Capitol.

The first week of August is to be observed as "tuberculosis week" in South Carolina. This will be the prelude to a statewide campaign to be waged this fall to awaken interest in the state tuberculosis hospital and to educate the people as to its possibilities and opportunities to bring relief to the thousands in this state who are afflicted with the disease.

Mrs. Annie I. Rembert, field secre tary of the state board of health, re cently appeared before the South Car olina Press Association in York and outlined the plan for an anti-tubercu losis league and received the unani mous indorsement of the press of the state. All organizations in the state are to be appealed to in the project. The co-operation of the Federation of Women's Clubs, now in session at Winthrop College, is to be sought, along with the civic leagues in all cities and towns, chambers of commerce, fraternal orders, ministerial unions, public schools, church societies and other allied organizations. Tentative plans are to observe "tuberculosis day" in the public schools, at which time tracts will be read to the children on the treatment of tuberculosis and measures to be observed to prevent the spread of the disease. It is this manner of co-operation that it is hoped to greatly reduce the death rate in South Carolina from tuberculosis. Last year 2,000 people in South Carolina died from this dis-

To direct a campaign of such magnitude, considerable funds will be necessary. The state has no appropriation with which to wage warfare against the ravages of consumption, excepting the support of the sanitorium at State Park. This, a new institution, accommodates 32 patients, with a provision that a proportion of these shall be admitted free. Pay patients are charged \$1 daily. A similar institution in Georgia is said to accommodate 350 and one in North Carolina from 150 to 200. The work is to be furthered by discussions, lectures, tracts, newspaper publicity and the other methods of bringing the matter to the attention of the people.

AdJ.-Gen. Moore Makes Changes.

Important appointments and assignments have been made in the Nationadjutant general.

as follows: Camp administrative a certain valuation, and the plan is to staff, Maj. A. M. Brailsford, First apply this to the city or large capac-Lieut. W. Buck Sparkman and First Lieut. F. A. Bell; infirmary, First infantry, Maj. J. E. Poore, Capt. H. T. Hames, Capt. J. W. Campbell and First Lieut. C. M. Tripp; infirmary, Second infantry, Capt. Isadore Schayer. Capt. Allen J. Jervey and First Lieut. T. O. Maddox.

Dibert Jackson of Columbia has been appointed captain, infantry section, officers' reserve corps, with rank from March 19, 1908.

Changes in the Second infantry were as follows: William E. King was appointed second lieutenant, Company C, Second infantry; Second Lieut. R. J. Ortman was appointed first lieutenant, Company D, Second infantry; George A. Knebel was appointed second lieutenant, Company D. Second infantry; Allen R. Richardson was appointed first lieutenant, Company L. Second infantry.

Decision Affects Anti-Compact Law. The state supreme court dismissed mandamus proceedings brought by Philip LaTourette, an insurance broker of New York City against F. H. McMaster, state insurance commissioner, compelling the issuance of a non-resident broker's license to Mr. LaTourette. In his petition to the supreme court LaTourette contended law was discriminatory and in contravention to both the constitutions of South Carolina and of the United however, are dublous about transport-States. The constituionally of the ing valuable animals so far and prelaw was upheld in the opinion of the supreme court. The law has caused suitable horses on arrival. These they over 70 insurance companies to leave say will have the advantage of being

Inquirles About Scholarships.

Scores of prospective college students are inquiring about the scholarships and the scholarship examination for Winthrop, the University of South Carolina and Clemson College, and for the Citadel. These examinations are under the control of the president and faculty of each of the respective institutions. Vacancies are never reported to the state department of education, and the inquirers would be better served by communicating directly father than with the superintendent. ber of the quartermaster's corps.

GOVERNOR ISSUES CALL FOR THOUSAND RECHUITS.

One thausand recruits are needed at once to complete the First and Second regiments of the National Guard of South Carolina for service in Mexico.

The call for the men was issued by Gov. Manning after a conference at Camp Moore with Col. E. M. Blythe of the First regiment, ranking officer and Col. H. B. Springs of the Second regiment.

The following call was signed by Gov. Manning:

"To the People of South Caro-"A crisis confronts us. The

call for service has come. South Carolina is expected to do her part. Our men are responding nobly. About 2,500 are now in camp. We need at least 1,000 additional men. I make this appeal to the patriotism and loyalty of the men of South Carolina to offer their services without delay. The matter is urgent. Recruits are needed at once. I request those in each community who are interested in seeing South Carolina furnish her full war quota of troops to take the lead in securing available recruits for the two South Carolina regiments and urge that they communicate with Col. O. K. LaRoque at the governor's office in Columbia at once. Recruiting officers will be sent to any communities that indicate a response to this appeal. I am confident that the patriotism of our people will bring a prompt response.

"Richard I. Manning, Governor." .

Announce Plans For Warehouses.

Many inquiries are being received by John L. McLaurin, state warehouse commissioner, as to proper construction of warehouses for the coming heart. The warehouse of 1,000 bale capacity is a simple device. To secure the lowest insurance rate, it is only necessary, Mr. McLaurin says, that the house shall have tin or metal roof, sufficient doors in sides and ends, opening outward, the number depending on length of sides and ends; dirt floor, and wooden sides and ends, which may be made of thinenst substantial material. Concrete floor may be used, if desired. Wooden floor will materially increase the insurance rate. The whole house may be of corrugated iron, but it is only necessary that the roof be of tin or metal. The building should be located at least 100 feet from any other building.

The commissioner has under ad-Asement plans for the construction of houses of larger capacity. An effort is being made to secure the approval of the insurance companies for a building which may be efected at a reasonable cost, upon which a cheap rate of insurance may be maintained on a large valuation. Mr. McLaurin hopes to introduce the reporting system, whereby premiums are paid monthly upon the cotton in storage each day, al Guard of South Carolina, according and upon the daily market value. All to an anouncement by W. W. Moore, the country houses of the state system now have the advantage of this apt to lose his respect for old age. Assignments have been announced equalitable method of insurance up to ity warehouses.

HAPPENINGS AT CAMP STYX.

Capt. Marshall of the reserve corps temporarily commanding Brookland company of the Columbia battalion, Second regiment; Captain Fulmer having been given leave in order that he might be married before the departure of the regiment

"Cat" Randle, captain of the Sumter company in the Second, was a star athlete at the Citadel and in camp has also shown himself a man of his hands. He and various other boxers have put on several spirited after-supper sparring matches. These draw large crowds.

Maj. vonTresckow's battalion of the Second infantry hiked three miles during one day in heavy marching order and though the day was warm and humid, the men showed the improvement in condition effected through regular drills recently by swinging along easily under the field equipment and returning to camp full of energy.

Some mounted officers have horses that the "anti-compact" insurance they purpose taking with them to Texas and others may buy saddlers in the state before their departure. Some, fer to take their chances of picking up already acclimated.

> Recruiting at Greenville for the National Guard is progressing well, according to Private P. C. Westmoreland, who left Camp Moore for Green ville to assist First Lieutenant W. T Adams with the recrpiting office.

The adjutant general issued a commission to Maj. William F. Robertson. C. A. C., of Greenville.

Capt. Oscar W. Babb has at his own request been transferred to the offi with the several college presidents cers reserve corps. He was a mem

WHY WOMEN WRITE LETTERS

To Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co.

Women who are well often ask "Are women which the Lydis E. Pinkham Medicine Co. are continually publishing, genuine?" "Are they truthful?" "Why do women write such letters?"

In answer we say that never have we published a fictitious letter or name. Never, knowingly, have we published an untruthful letter, or one without the full and written consent of the woman who wrote it.

The reason that thousands of women from all parts of the country write such grateful letters to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. is that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has brought health and happiness into their lives, once burdened with pain and suffering.

It has relieved women from some of the worst forms of female ills, from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, nervousness, weakness, stomach troubles and from the blues.

It is impossible for any woman who is well and who has never suffered to realize how these poor, suffering wo-men feel when restored to health: their keen desire to help other women who are suffering as they did.

His Grisvance.

A proper man is young always, Herr Foschwitz, aged fifty years and captain in the landwehr, married about the time the war began a wife not yet twenty. Since the war has been dragging on and he has continued at the front, he has spoken often to his comrades about a matter very near his

"If this fighting business keeps up much longer," says he, "when it's over I'll find myself tied to an old woman."

HOW TO CURE ECZEMA, ITCH AND ALL SKIN DISEASES

Don't suffer any longer with eczema or any other skin trouble. Just apply Hancock's Sulphur Compound to the parts affected and it will stop the itching at once and cure the trouble permanently. Many sufferers from skin troubles have written us that the Sulphur Compound cured them after everything else failed, Mrs. Evelyn Garst, of Salem, Va., writes: years ago I had a rough place on my cheek. It would burn and itch. I was fearful it might be of cancerous nature. I used different preparations. but nothing helped it. One bottle of Hancock's Sulphur Compound cured me completely." To beautify the complexion, remove blackheads and pimples use Hancock's Sulphur Ointment. For sale by all dealers. Write for Booklet .-- Adv.

When a man goes into a restaurant and is given a tough fowl, he is very

For poisoned wounds use Hanford's Balsam of Myrrh. Adv.

Where there's a will there's usually

Achy Joints Give Warning A creaky joint often predicts rain. may also mean that the kidneys are not filtering the poisonous urle acid from the blood. Bad backs, rheumatic pains, sore, aching joints, headaches, dizziness, and urinary disorders are all effects of weak kidneys and if nothing is done, there's langer of more serious trouble. Use Doan's Kidney Pills, the best recommended kidney remedy.

A North Carolina Case

Benton, gro-4th and Nun s., Wilmington, St s., Wilmington,
N. C., says; "Typhoid fever brought
on my kidney trouble. I had a constant, dull paint
across my b a c k
that kept me from
resting, and t h e
kidney secretions
were scanty a n c
burned in passage.
Mornings I was so
tired and lame, I could hardly dress.
I had awfully dizzy spells, lost weight
and was a physical wreck. Finally I
was given up to die, but Doan's Kidney Pills saved my life. They cured
me, and today I am strong and
healthy."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Boz DOAN'S RIDNEY FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills and Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic.

Kill All Flies! They Spread Dalsy Fly Killer



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