

Classified Columns

Want Advertising Rates

Twenty-five words or less, One Time 25 cents, Three Times 50 cents, Six Times \$1.00.
 All advertisement over twenty-five words prorate for each additional word. Rates on 1,000 words to be used in a month made on application.
 No advertisement taken for less than 25 cents, cash in advance.
 If your name appears in the telephone directory you can telephone your want ad to 521 and a bill will be mailed after its insertion for prompt payment.

WANTS

WANTED—By Lady, position as clerk in Dry Goods or General Mds. store. Must be nice place for Lady to work. If interested, write Clerk No. 152, Iva, S. C.

WANTED—A man who owns a Ford car, to handle "The New Ford Starter" in Anderson county. Apply to J. G. Wham, Laurens, S. C.

WANTED—At once 100 mules 6 to 10 years old. Must be fat and sound. The Fretwell Company.

WANTED—Position in Clothing or General Merchandise store. Can give best reference. Salesman, care of Intelligence.

WANTED POSITION—As Stenographer by one with experience. Can give best of reference. Address Stenographer care of Intelligence. 1-5-15.

WANTED—A place as tenant on a farm for a white man with a family. Is familiar with farm work and needs the job badly. Can work one horse farm. If you need such a man write 344,708, care Intelligence.

WANTED—To give away several loads of earth to be moved at once. Apply T. K. Rorer, Pepper Building—1-7-2t.

POSITION WANTED—As Clerk in General Merchandise or in Grocery or Hardware Store. Reference furnished. Experienced. Write Box 149, Iva, S. C.—1-41t.

SEWING WANTED at 223 West Benson St. Plain and fancy dresses, and children's clothes a specialty.

LOST

LOST—Cuff button, gold, with initials T. T. P. engraved. Lost between Lewis Drug Co. and Pelmet to South Thursday night. Finder return to Intelligence office.

MISCELLANEOUS

GARDENING—A small home garden in the really profitable one (ten minutes of active daily light work will make such a plot however; profitable to you. Phone 464. Furman Smith, Seedman.

WE BUY PEAS and pay the cash. Furman Smith—Seedman. Phone 464. D1f

WHEN UNEXPECTEDLY detained down town for luncheon, you cannot do better than drop in here. A light lunch on a substantial meal. Cuisine and service O. K. and prices just as attractive as our food. The Lunch-casetta—d1f.

POLES—Wagon and buggy poles new and second hand. Paul E. Stephens.

FINE FRUITS—We carry the largest and most complete assortment in the city—keep 'em moving. Fresh Florida oranges, grape fruit, apples, bananas, wholesale and retail. J. K. Manos. Phone 233—d1f.

I HAVE FOR SALE several dozen cans prime tomatoes at \$1.00 per dozen, string beans at \$1.10 per dozen, dessert peaches without sugar at \$1.15 per dozen, desert peaches heavily sugared (1-4 pound sugar in can) \$2.25 per dozen. E. C. McCants.

LADIES! LOOK YOUNG, DARKEN GRAY HAIR

Use the Old-time Sage and Tea and Sulphur and Nobody will know.

Gray hair, however, handsome, denotes advancing age. We all know the advantage of a youthful appearance. Your hair is your charm. It makes or mars the face. When it fades, turns gray and falls out, why and remedy, just a few applications of Sage Tea and Sulphur enhances its appearance a hundred-fold.

For the first time in several days the recorder's court yesterday had material for grinding. Four cases were disposed of, convictions being handed down in three and a dismissal in the fourth. Of the cases in which convictions were returned, one was for drunkenness and the others for petit larceny.

FOLEY SIDNEY PILLS

FOR BACKACHE, KIDNEYS AND BLADDERS

IMMIGRATION BILL SENT TO CONFERENCE

HOUSE REGISTERS DISAPPROVAL OF EXEMPTIONS FROM LITERACY TEST

Some Southern Representatives Took Opposite Sides on Negro Amendment.

(By Associated Press.)
 WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—The immigration bill was sent to conference late today by the house after it had registered its disapproval of the senate amendments barring "members of the African or black race" and exempting agricultural immigrants from Belgium from the literacy test and the contract provisions.

Both of these amendments caused protracted debate. Most southern members favored restriction of the negro amendment, but others suggested that to press it might mean final defeat of the entire bill. Northern representatives generally opposed the provision. After an extended debate a roll call showed a vote of 252 to 75 against it.

The Belgian exception was defeated without division after several efforts to alter its provisions had been voted down.

The senate amendment to exclude all persons of "constitutional psychopathic inferiority, and persons with chronic alcoholism" was accepted. Much of today's debate was against the literacy test, opposed by President Wilson despite the fact that it already had been agreed on by both houses. Representative Gallivan made an effort to secure another vote on the test provision, but was ruled out of order.

Some of the southern representatives took opposite sides on the negro amendment. While Representatives Burnett, of Alabama, and Slayden and Dies, of Texas, urged against pressing it, contending it would jeopardize other features of the bill. Representative Small, of North Carolina; Aswell, of Louisiana; Quinn, of Mississippi, and Eagle of Texas, favored its adoption.

Representative Eagle declared the South already had more millions of negroes than the north had thousands of them.

"We do not want the negroes to come into our country," he said. "It has taken us a century to educate the southern negro and we don't want any more of them down our way."

Representative Small said that while the negroes now in the United States should be treated fairly, he believed that further influx should be stopped.

Representative Aswell declared the only argument used by those opposed to the amendment was that it might endanger the bill, which, he contended, was no argument at all.

Representative Burnett, in charge of the bill answering Eagle's contention that the south was most favored by negro immigration, declared that last year 8,000 of the African race came into the United States. Of that number, he said, only 39 went to Louisiana, not one to Texas, a few to Alabama and some to other southern states, while more than 3,000 went to New York.

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Personal

Dock Craig of the Sandy Springs section was in the city yesterday.

Will Adams of Starr was among the visitors in the city yesterday.

Frank Axman of the county was in the city yesterday for a short while.

Mrs. Minnie Hall of Williamston was shopping in the city yesterday.

H. J. Neall of Spartanburg was in the city yesterday on business.

W. F. Strickland of Spartanburg was among those visiting in the city yesterday.

H. Hippelmeier of Raleigh spent yesterday in the city.

W. W. Boykin of Charlotte was among the visitors in the city yesterday.

Frank Sharpe of Pendleton spent yesterday in the city.

Bud Simpson of Brushy Creek was in the city yesterday for a short while.

Ansel Hall of the county was in the city yesterday on business.

H. Hamilton of New York, Charles Kohn of New Orleans and E. M. Ivey, of Atlanta, all jewelry drummers, went to Greenville yesterday after calling on local dealers.

H. I. DePas of Columbia was in the city on business.

Robert J. Cartledge, Jr., of Greenville is among the visitors in the city.

J. Lindsay Ross of Shelby, N. C., is visiting in the city.

Joseph Lelsch of Tryon, N. C., is in the city on business.

S. J. Newton of Liberty was in the city yesterday on business.

Dr. and Mrs. J. M. Hobson of Townville were among the visitors in the city yesterday.

S. G. Pettigrew of Edgefield was in the city yesterday for a short while.

L. E. Martin of the Hopewell section spent yesterday in the city.

Miss Nettie McPhail of the Hopewell section was visiting in the city yesterday.

A. McPhail of the Hopewell section was among the visitors in the city yesterday.

Claude Martin of Neals Creek was in the city yesterday for a short while.

W. O. Kay of Belton was in the city yesterday for a short while.

John C. Pruitt of Starr was among the visitors in the city yesterday.

John Finley of the Mountain Creek section spent a short while in the city yesterday.

J. B. Leverett of Starr was in the city yesterday on business.

Mrs. Mary Clark of Honea Path was visiting yesterday in the city.

Bert Nalley of the High Shoals section was in the city yesterday for a short while.

W. B. King of the county was in the city yesterday for a short while.

James R. Anderson of Vereness was among the visitors in the city yesterday.

E. M. Duckworth of the Lebanon section was in the city yesterday.

Walter Chambles of the Mountain Creek section, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

John Cox of the county spent yesterday in the city.

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Damage Done Best Htel in Scarborough In the Daring Raid of the German Warships



Photographs showing the damage done to the buildings in Scarborough and the east coast of England by the raid of the German warships on Dec. 16 have just reached the United States.

This one shows the result of the bombardment of the Hotel Royal, the summer house at Scarborough. This was the finest hotel in Scarborough, which is one of the best known watering places in England. The German battleships stood off in the open sea some miles out and hrew shell after shell into the buildings of the town. Several of them struck the hotel and the hole here shown was through the rooms of a guest.

ANOTHER YEGGMAN HELD FOR TRIAL

"Texas Dutch" Wanted For Prosperity Postoffice Robbery.

CARZER IS LURID ONE

Crackman Whose Penitentiary Term Governor Ends, to Be Tried in Greenville.

Special to The Intelligencer.
 COLUMBIA, Jan. 7.—Charles Howard, alias Charles Herne, alias Texas Dutch was sent up by United States Commissioner R. Beverley Sloan to the United States court to answer to the charge of burglarizing the postoffice at Prosperity on May 5, 1902. In default of a \$5,000 bond he was remanded to the Richland County jail. He will be tried at the Federal court in Greenville beginning the third Tuesday in April.

Howard, who was paroled from the penitentiary on Saturday by Governor Bleasdale after serving part of a ten year sentence for burglary in Spartanburg County, was brought from the city jail to Commissioner Sloan's office, handcuffed, in the custody of Deputy United States Marshal William Cooper and Chief of Police J. W. Richardson. He acted as his own counsel, District Attorney F. H. Weston appearing for the government.

Postoffice Inspector H. T. Gregory identified the copy of the indictment which was returned in the United States court by the grand jury, in April, 1905, against "Dutch" Howard charging him with the Prosperity postoffice robbery. Mr. Gregory having been one of the witnesses before the grand jury which returned the indictment. The yegg asked the inspector why he hadn't served the warrant against him on his release from the Federal prison in Atlanta some years ago after serving out another sentence instead of waiting until his trial in the State courts. Mr. Gregory told him it was a matter of discretion which the officers exercised as to what charges they would first try them on.

Howard's moniker is "Texas Dutch," Texas being his native State. At the time of his indictment in Greenville two other indictments were returned against him, one charging him with the robbery of the postoffice at Fort Mill in York County June 9, 1902, and the other with the robbery of the postoffice at Clemson College, September 31, 1902. His assistants on the Prosperity "job" were "Portland Ned" and Gus DeFord, this same trio doing the robbery at Fort Mill in York County. The Clemson robbery was pulled off by "Portland Ned" and Howard.

The first time Howard appears to have run into the coils of the law was in 1898 when he along with Portland Ned, John F. McCarthy, the reformed yegg then going under the alias of John O. Dandrell, were arrested in Norfolk, Va., in connection with the arrest of John W. Kennedy alias John Collins, there then leader, at Lynchburg. All four were tried at Charleston, West Virginia, on the charge of burglarizing the postoffice at Eastwell in that State. Kennedy, Portland Ned and James Johnson, as he was then known, and Howard, then under the alias of Charles Herne, were convicted and sentenced to five, three and three years respectively in

the Federal penitentiary. The jury disagreed as to McCarthy, who was subsequently taken to Faleigh, N. C., convicted and sentenced to the penitentiary.

Howard and Portland Ned or Johnson served out their sentences and on their release in October, 1901, resumed criminal operations. In this career of crime they reached South Carolina and began "working" this State in 1902. In conjunction with Gus DeFord and Noland they blew the safe in a bank at Mullins in 1902 and secured around \$6,500 and some jewelry. On Thanksgiving night in 1902 the safe of the Enoree Cotton Manufacturing Company was dynamited and about \$10,000 taken.

The gang's operations in this State covered some months and a great deal of "swag" both in money and jewels were obtained as a result of their safe blowing expeditions. They "worked" systematically. One of them would visit a town and "locate" a "job" and come back to headquarters with his "pals," and while one watched the others would blow the safe and get away before the inhabitants knew of their presence. They made Columbia headquarters for a while and Howard hung around a restaurant on Gervais street where he was nominally employed.

His career was brought to an end when he, Noland, Duggan and McKinley were rounded up and arrested in Columbia in the first part of January, 1903. In April of that year they were convicted in Charleston and sentenced to five years each in the Federal penitentiary in Atlanta. On serving out this sentence Howard and Noland were taken in charge by Marion Carolina officers and carried to Marion and tried for the Mullins bank robbery, but owing to certain circumstances were acquitted. They were immediately remanded to jail on another warrant and the sheriff of Spartanburg notified. The now Sheriff W. J. White of Spartanburg came to Marion and within twenty-four hours he took Howard and Noland back to Spartanburg, where in April 1907, they were tried for the Enoree robbery, convicted, and sentenced to ten years each at hard labor in the State penitentiary. There they remained until being taken to the Spartanburg county chancery from which they were returned to the penitentiary under orders from the governor in the fall of 1914. On January 2 they were paroled and immediately taken into custody to answer to other charges. Howard, as has been told, and Noland to answer to the charge of bank robbery at Fort Mill in 1902.

Noland was taken back to Yorkville this afternoon by a deputy sheriff and placed in jail to await trial. Of the other members of the gang Duggan died in prison. McKinley, after serving his term in Atlanta, was sent to the State penitentiary and was paroled by the governor last year. Within a few days he was rearrested charged with robbery in Spartanburg and sentenced, on conviction, to a term on the Spartanburg county chancery where he still is, according to the lat-

est information.

The career of "Portland Ned" is familiar to newspaper readers in South Carolina. He was arrested in Atlanta in the fall of 1907, in his service as a member of the South Carolina State penitentiary, his figuring in the dictagraph records in 1912, his parole by Governor Bleasdale while a United States deputy marshal was waiting in the outer office with a warrant for him, and his final landing in jail in North Carolina, all are too recent events and have been told too often to justify more than a bare mention. DeFord escaped while being taken to Charleston for trial and has never been recaptured.

McKinley's moniker was "Dayton Scotty" and Duggan's "Los Angeles Star."

"Dutch Howard" took his fate with that plodding manner apparently possessed by the celebrated yeggman. He is rather short and stout in appearance and although said to have been a leader of his gang does not present a very intelligent appearance.

John F. McCarthy, the former "West Philadelphia Johnny", the reformed yegg, will go back to his work of lecturing with his moving picture "sentenced for life."

IF SKIN BREAKS OUT AND ITCHES APPLY SULPHUR

Use it like a cold cream and dry Eczema eruption right up.

The moment you apply bold-sulphur to an itching or broken out skin, the itching stops and healing begins, says a renowned dermatologist.

This remarkable sulphur made into a thick cream effects such prompt relief, even in aggravated Eczema, that it is a never-ending source of amazement to physicians.

For many years bold-sulphur has occupied a secure position in the treatment of cutaneous eruptions by reason of its cooling, parasite-destroying properties and nothing has ever been found to take its place in relieving irritable and inflammatory affections of the skin.

While not always establishing a permanent cure, yet in every instance, it immediately subsides the itching irritation and heals the Eczema right up and it is often years before Eczema eruption again manifests itself.

Any good ointment will supply an ounce of bold-sulphur, which should be applied to the affected parts like the ordinary cold cream. It isn't unpleasant and the prompt relief afforded is very welcome, particularly when the Eczema is accompanied with torturous itching.

PIEDMONT INSURANCE AGENCY

See Me For Any and All INSURANCE.
 C. E. TRIBBLE, Manager
 Brown Building.