#### LOVE AND A FELLOW-FEELING

I see now located over W. A. Power's Grocery store at 212 1.2 S. Main Street. I thank my friends for their past patronage and ask continuance of same.

I make plates at \$6.50
I make gold crowns at\$4.00
Silver fillings, 50c and up.
Gold fillings \$1.00 and up
Painless Extracting 40c.

I make a specialty of treating Pyorrhea, Alveolaris of the gums and all crown and bridge work and regulating mal formed teeth. All work guaranteed first-class.

S. G. BRUCE DENTIST

## I BLOKE MY GLASSES

once and found how inconvenient it was to be unable to use my eyes for the balance of the day.

I made a resolve then that I would make it possible to replace a broken lens, however complicated its formula the same day the order, was left with

SHOPS.

It this worth anything to you? It so remember this advertisement the next time you break a lens. This is only one example of the introductions and modernness of my stire business.

### M. R. CAMBELL

Registered Optometrist. Office 112 W. Whitner St. Ground Floor.



### J. M. McCown's Grocery GOOD THINGS TO EAT

Oranges			
Apples, per p	eck		400
Raisins. 2 1bs.			250
Nuts per 1b			250
Bananas	1 6 24 1 2	.15 and	200
Cranperries		100	qt.
Pruties, 2 1bs.	Charles of Sea	17 E 27 ( )-A	250
Citron, per 11			200
National Bisc	uit Co.'s	Fruit C	ake
at per pour	ad		.500
,我也可以 <b>是这个</b> 对你可以	A STREET STREET	THE REAL PROPERTY.	

#### J. M. McCOWN Phone No. 22.

B BLECKLEY O. M. HEARD Phone 671 Phone 27 Bleckley & Heard **UNDERTAKERS** 117 E. Whitner St.

## ANDERSON COUNTY

Answer all calls day or night.

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO. Insure with us and keep the money thoms. Every dollar of our collections deposited in Anderson county while and helping to improve Anderson county conditions.

EATER:

Rev. W. W. Leathers, J. J. Smith, F. L. Brown, Si L. Shirley, J. R. Vandiver, J. J. Major, H. H. Gray.

CIAN . USE—Subject to price a few hundred bushels County, raised bush outs delivered. Immediate delivery necessary to make this trace, Furman Smith, Spedgratz, Phone 464.

# NEW GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Pays Tribute to President Wilson---- Urges Passage Of Compulsory School Attendance Law and increasing rather than decreasing the Repeal of State Income Tax Law---Recommends Raising Age From 12 to 14 years in Child Labor Law and Appointment of Legislative Commission to Investigate Conditions and Prepare Working Men's Compensation Act In Investigate Conditions and Compensation Act Investigate Conditions and Compensation Act Investigate Compensation Act Investigate Conditions and Compensation Act Investigate Conditions and Compensation Act Investigate Conditions and Compensation Investigate Conditions and Compensation Conditions and Compensation Conditions and Compensation Conditions and Compensation Conditions and Conditions and Compensation Conditions and C

I am mindful of the responsibilities of their usefulness may be increased the position. I invoke Divine guid- and that the opportunity for educa-

have the executive, legislative and ju-dicial branches, each separate and

I have succeeded even better than I hoped, for new we are able to replace any broken lens, even where you do not give us the prescription, in from one to three hours, with an exact duplicate MADE IN OUR OWN law is obeyed.

I have faith in our people; I believe

that they want the laws enforced, and their conscience is awakened on this subject. The watchword of my cam-paign last summer was the enforcement of the law. I now declare afresh my purpose to carry out in good faith, this pledge. I believe in home rule—local self-government, and I rule—local self-government, and I expect every one who is charged with enforcement of law to do his duty. My desire is that in each communify the laws shall be enforced by the local authorities. I take this, the very first occasion, to say to these authorities that I stand ready and eager to cooperate with them in this work and the money, and will indorse the position that we can not spend public money better than in educating the citizens. The people realize and demand that the shall be enforced by the local authorities. I take this, the very first occasion, to say to these authorities that I stand ready and eager to cooperate with them in this work and cooperate with them in this work, and that they may be assured of my aid with every available lawful means to attain this object. Let me add anoth-

tend to do.

The constitution provides that the governor may make such recom-mendations to the general assembly as, in his judgment, are good and

The time has come when we have to meet new conditions; we are living in a time of change and progress. This condition gives us new problems to solve—new difficulties to meet. We are to be congratulated in having at the head of the nation a man of great discernment, courage, and ability, who is dealing with national questions in a statemantike way May I hope in a statesmanlike way. May I hope that we will seek inspiration from that example to deal with State ques-tions with wisdom and courage.

We are progressive Democrats and we must have the courage to do justly to each and every class of our citiens, even if it requires legislation hitherto untried by us.

Primary Election Law.

In my judgment, the people of this

State, regardless of party, owe a debt of gratitude to the last State conven-State, regardless of party, owe a debt of gratitude to the last State convention of the Democratic party for adopting rules and regulations governing the primary elections. It is due to the members of that convention to say that the apprehensions of the computer with the publicity given to the rolls of the clubs; saved us from irregularities and charges of fraud. So far as I know, the last primary election was one in which the will of the people was honesity expressed by their ballos, and these were fairly counted. I recommend, therefore, that your honorable body shall enact into law for primary elections, such provisions as controlled the last Democratic primary elections, each and every man entitied by law to vote, shall have the adopting rules and unfaitering effort.

Child Labor.

I recommend as a companion act to the compulsory attendance law with local option feature, that you have companion act to the compulsory attendance law with local option feature, that you have companion act to the compulsory attendance law with local option feature, that you with local option feature, that you with local option feature, that you have companion act to the compulsory attendance law with local option feature, that you act on the compulsory attendance law with local option feature, that you act on the compulsory attendance law with local option feature, that you with local option fe

Education.
It is gratifying to know the gress we are making to show the gra-gress we are making to education; it is even more gratifying to realize that our people are aroused to its paramount importance; that they are State shall be educated. This is to acquaint this commission with exmanifested in the spirit of self-help, and each year sees a substantial in posed upon the State board of assesting that the number of school disparent in the number of school d tricts that tax themselves for school

Our institutions of higher learning have shown steady growth and are have shown steady growth and are doing splendid work. We must provide liberally for their support so that their growth and development can be maintained. But the fact stares us in the face that we are in a period of general business depression and we must jealously consider every item of expenditure, to save the people from unnecessary burden. I suggest, therefore, that at this time we should not undertake any enlargement of these plants or any unnecessary expenses.

Notwithstanding the progress we are making in educational facilities and the general awakening that has Notwithstanding the progress we are making in educational facilities and the general awakening that has come to us, we must frankly admit that we are still far short of the position we should occupy in the work of ar great importance as the fix-itied we should occupy in the work of education. It stands to our shame that the percentage of illiteracy. In this connection, as there is now among our citizens is so great. This

Mr. President, Mr. Speaker and Gen-tlemen of the General Assembly: In assuming the duties of governor for the public schools, in order that ance, and earnestly pray that wisdom, tion may be given to all of our boys courage, and strength may be given and girls. We must encourage the me to see clearly and to do justly in spirit of self-help, and every district all that may come to me as duty.

Under our form of government we vote of its resident voters before revote of its resident voters before re-ceiving State aid. Yet, the growth dicial branches, each separate and dicial branches, each separate and distinct from the other, and each a check on the other.

The governor of the State is at the head of the executive branch. It is encouraged to have at least a seven months' term, and no teacher should be required to teach more than 50 pube required to teach more than 50 pupils. The State can not have an ed-ucated and efficient citizenship unless it extends help to weak and un-developed districts. Any community owner

vibting a liberal tax and enrolling 40 or 50 children, should be assured of adequate educational facilities. It is the duty of the State to make up deficiencies in such districts. The rightstand for this expenditure of public money, and will indorse the position

manufacturing centres and mill towns demands attention and study. The State can not longer overlook the needs of children in such communities, and should encourage the spirit er word, not as a threat, but as a warning; if in any community the lawful authorities fail to enforce the laws, it will then be my duty to see that the laws are obeyog. This I intend to do.

The constitution provides that the given such additional help in its forces that will enable it to do in mill schools what has been done so effec-tively in high schools and rural

> As soon as ample school facilities shall have been provided, the welfare of our people demands that our children shall be required to attend the schools. The policy of the State is to educate all the people at the expense of all the people for the welfare of all the people. I recommend, therefore, the enactment of a compulsory attendance law with local option feature. We must strive to bring each and every community to the point of the construction.

mean to South Carolina if all of her citizens were educated, and for the attainment of this object we give our best and unfaltering effort.

Child Labor.

all primary elections, each and every ty are assessed at different percent man entitled by law to vote, shall have ages of their value. Increased extended to rote more than once.

Laxation; different classes of property are assessed at different percent classes of property are assessed at different percent classes of property are assessed at different classes of property are assessed at different classes of property are assessed at different percent classes of property are assessed at different classes of property are assessed at different percent classes of their value. Increased expending the property are assessed at different percent classes of their value. Increased expending the property are assessed at different percent classes of their value. Increased expending the property are assessed at different classes of property are asses ed expenses in the judicial depart-ment, necessitate the devising of progressive and more modern methods of valsing revenue. I would therefore recommend that a tax commission be created to exclutine into this subject and suggest a till embodying a plan of revision of our tax laws. In order cation and the State board of assessors, should be devolved upon it. Supervision of the enforcement of ex-isting tax lavis, should be given, temisting tax laves, should be given, temporarily at 'east, to this commission, with yowe' to equalize the assessed valuation of property between county and county and between tax district and tax district, increasing or decreasing assessed valuation, as may be found necessary. Annual appropriations should be made by the legislature for State, county, and scholars and the tax commission. purposes, and the tax commiss should be authorized to impose levy upon the assessed valuation property, when ascertained by it, will raise the amount necessary

income tax has been so ineffectual in obtaining true and just returns, thus inequalities of taxation, I recommend the repeal of the State law taxing in-

Workmen's Compensation Act. I realize the hardships and delays and the frequent miscarriage of jusand just settlement between them. Frequently, a hardship is imposed upon the employer; and just as fre-quently injustice and unnecessary delays in settlement of these cases are

imposed upon the employee. I rec-ommend the appointment of a comommend the appointment of a commission to study this fluestion and to report, by bill or otherwise, to the legislature to convene in 1916, a measure that will bring relief to plaintief and defendants, by a work-

men's compensation act. Land Registration. The delay in congressional action on the establishment of a rural credt system, makes it necessary for us to look to ourselves for help in this step towards the development of such a system, I recommend the enact-ment of a land registration act that will guarantee title and fix boundary lines. This would enable the landowner to obtain loans on property with as little trouble and expense as he is now able to do on his personal property, by removing the necessity of repeated examinations of title. This is a necessary step before we can provide a system of land banks or rural credits. deem these measures important, if properly planned and safe-guarded, in order to increase the number of home owners in the country and towns, and to furnish means for improvement of to furnish means for improvement of rural homes and the conditions of life in the country. Ownership of home means permanency of tenure; permanency of tenure means improvement of conditions of life and sur-roundings. If every farmer owned his place and lived upon it, the problems of rural life would automatically

solve themselves; isolation removed, homes would be more comfortable; there would be better churches, better schools, better roads, and community life more attractive. I realize that this may be classed as progressive legislation, and we have limited precedence for it in this country, dating back only to 1910. I do not advise these land banks as State institutions, but that they should be developed by independent organizations under State supervision.

Under existing laws regulating the manufacture and sale of commercial fertilizers, our farmers have not adeand every community to the point of er who is the consumer, as well as having school facilities; and, wherever these facilities are acquired, to require school attendance,

Picture to yourselves what it would representatives of the fertilizer de-partment at Clemson College, of farmers, and of representatives of the manufacturers, to revise our fertilizer laws and to report by bill to the next session of the legislature.

wise to consider our penal and chari-table problems as a whole. There is table problems as a whole. There is a lack of coordination in the system of management of the State penitentiary, State hospital, reformatory, I alis, chaingangs and alms houses of the State, counties and cities. We should develop our humanitarian undertakings. In this work we have the examples of other States, notably Virginia, illustrating what may be accomplished by having a State board of charities. I recommend, therefore, that you consider the advisability of establishing, in this State, such a board, for, though the proposition in volves an expenditure each year, if this work is properly done, it would mean greater economy and efficiency in these institutions.

National Guard.

I favor a strong, well-maintained, wall-disciplined National Guard, and urge that adequate appropriation be made for it, to make it as effective factor in the State government. South Carolina must have an efficient and effective National Guard.

I will at a later day, submit for your consideration, by special message inggestions relates to the State limit, attions, especially the Hospital for the mane, to which I am devoting special consideration.

I will also communicate with you, later, on the subject of coads, the Confederate Home, the Confederate board of health; also the Laver bill, warehousting and tarsrecting of eroge castile tick eradication, and other subscription of the althrity and the residence of the Massissippi to two and one-half wave-castile tick eradication, and other subscription is a later day, and other subscription of the Massissippi to two and one-half wave to subject the Massissippi to two and one-half wave-castile tick eradication, and other subscription and the residence of the Massissippi to two and one-half wave-castile tick eradication, and other subscriptions and other subscriptions. a lack of coordination in the system of management of the State peniten-

Economy.

Permit me to remind you that we are face to face with a situation in business for which we have no precedent. The European war has lerga-ly shown how closely allied and in-terlocked are the interests of the na-tions of the world. The general shrinkage in values and in business, has added greatly to the anxieties, cares, and suffering of all our people and has greatly increased the number of those, without employment Under these conditions, we must, or the one hand, jealously guard the expenditures of the public moneys, but on the other, we should be slow to stop public work that is desirable, which would further increase the number of the unemployed. is propitious for the State and counties to undertake carefully conducted work on the public highways. This would accomplish a greatly needed improvement and would give em-

ployment to many who have no means of making a living. It is not a time for us to be discouraged and to look at only the depression around us. If we think that conditions now are gruesome, pause for a moment and consider the conditions under which we labored in the sixtles and early seventies. Faith and hard brought us through these trials, and I am confident that self-reliance and resourcefulness will dominate and im-prove this situation. With self-denial, with economy, with energy and cour age, we will meet our difficultie bravely and we will work out our sal-vation, and will bring about a restoration of business and enterprise to a normal condition. Let me urge you to bear in mind these facts; and let us urge you to that cool consideration of all matters that will bring you to realize that economy does not consist merely in cutting off items in the ap-propriation bill, but rather in seekmerely in cutting off items in the ap-propriation bill, but rather in seek-ing that the peoples' money is judi-ciously spent and that for every ap-propriation the State will receive a

full and adequate return. Conclusion. In conclusion; permit a personal reference. From my earliest youth the ambition to be the governor of South Carolina has filled my breast. To serve my State is my ardent de-sire—to join all other patriotic citi-zens in the effort to do her service zens in the effort to do her service and help in the upbuilding of her re-sources and in the character of her citizenship. I appeal to all citizens to join me in the determination to place and to keep South Carolina in the forefront among her sister States in progress, in moral tone, and in an enlightened and educated citizenship. am confident that I voice the desire of a large majority of South Carolinians when I urge our people now to turn their backs on past factional ditterness and dissension, to look forward, turning their faces resolutely to ward, turning their faces resolutely to the future. The vision of a people reunited must be kept before us; a people determined to take advantage of the resources. which God has put within our grasp, to develop these resources; to build up our waste places; to diversify our crops and industries; to educate and uplift our citizenship, and to that end I pray that God may give to me and you a wise and understanding heart, that we may be able to discern the evil from the good, and that He may give us the spirit to that He may give us the spirit to think, to say and to do such things as are right, and that His blessing may be upon us in our efforts to serve

#### 00000000000000000 OAK HILL SCHOOL

PIEDMONT, S. C., Jan. 16.—As this is my first attempt to write. I will tell where our school is located. It is four miles north of Piedmont and one mile west of Saluda River, in Anderson county, on the Elrod road (as is is

sometimes called.)
We opened school again Monday,
Jan 4th, after a two weeks' vacation
for Christmas.
Twenty-seven new pupils have been
enrolled since then, which makes a
total of seventy-four on roll in the lwo rooms.

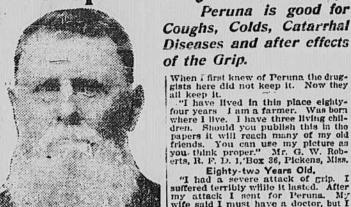
two rooms.

I am glad to see so many boys and girls attending school. I think that it is the proper place for every boy and girl to be.

Miss Ruby Baker is my teacher. I think she is the beat teacher we have had in some time. She tries so hard the course studies. to make our studies interesting for us. All of the boys and girls like her

Miss Ettle Maddox is our assistant teacher, and we are all proud of her She is getting along fine with her lit

## Old People Everywhere Say



MR. W. C. HEMPHILL.

When I first knew of Peruna the drug-gists here did not keep it. Now they all keep it.
"I have lived in this place eighty-

'I have fived in this place eighty-four years I am a farmer. Was born where I live. I have three living chil-dren. Should you publish this in the papers it will reach many of my old friends. You can use my picture as you think proper." Mr. G. W. Rob-erts, R. F. D. 1, Box 36, Pickens, Miss.

"I had a severe attack of grip. I suffered terribly while it lasted. After my attack I sent for Peruna. My wife said I must have a doctor, but I insisted upon taking the Peruna, and made a quick and perfect recovery." Mr. J. R. Prince, R. R. 1, Tuckahoe, N. Y.

Eighty-one Years Old.

Eighty Years Old.

"I had a great deal of trouble with my bowels and bladder, and pain in my right hip which felt like rheumatism. Weak back. Constipated. Urine highly colored. Many doctors failed. I have taken Peruna and think I am good. I commenced taking Peruna, cured. I have gained twenty pounds in weight since I began Peruna." Mr. W. C. Hemphill, Louisville, Miss.

Eighty-one Years Old.

"I had nervous prostration. One doctor would say I had catarrh of stormer would say I had catarrh of stormer had another enlargement of light. Nothing seemed to do me much which built me right up." Mrs. Martha. Avery, 28 Graham St., Leominster, Mass.

Eighty-one Years Old.

"I had nervous prostration. One doctor would say I had catarrh of stormer had another enlargement of good. I commenced taking Peruna, which built me right up." Mrs. Martha. Avery, 28 Graham St., Leominster, Mass.

W. C. Hemphili, Louisville, Miss.

Eighty-four Years Old.

"About fifteen or twenty years ago
I was suffering with pains in my
back. I could scarcely get about. I
got some Peruna and was relieved of
the pulns ever since.

"I have used Peruna occasionally
"I have used Peruna occasionally
"Thave used Peruna occasionally
"Those who object to liquid medicines can now obtain Peruna Tablets.

# Do It Now!

Make a small deposit each week in this Financial Stronghold, and by adding a little each week to your Bank Account you'll be surprised at the rapidity with which you can accumulate a snug sum-"Big Oaks from little Acorns Grow." The same applies to our

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

### WHEN REVERSES COME

Your worry will be reduced to a minimum if you are in a position to meet all obligations with a check on

## The Peoples Bank

LEE G. HOLLEMAN, President D. O. BROWNE, Cashier E. P. VANDIVER, Vice-Pres. Bleckley Building, Anderson, S. C.

#### "Goods Well Displayed Are Half Sold"

Greenville Show Cases are designed and built to display your goods to best advantage. They are perfectly finished to give your store the attractiveness that draws trade and makes profits bigger. Complete facilities for manufacturing special or regular show cases and other fixtures for store, bank, barbershop, etc. Low prices and very favorable freight races save you money when dealing with us.

Greenville Show Cases

Represent the skill of workmen of long experience in show case building. Carefully selected wood, finest quality glass. Awarded gold medal at National Conservation Exposition. Write, for illustrated descriptive Greenville Mantel & Mig. Co., Greenville, S. C.

#### ROOFING-ROOFING-ROOFING \$3.00 PER SQUARE

First-class Galvanised Corrugated and V-Crimped Roofing in 6, 7, 8 and Piris cinds of the Control of the Columbia Stricks 10 cents per square extra. Only required with V-Crimped Roofing.

COLUMBIA SUPPLY COMPANY, 823 Gervals St., Columbia, S. C.

Rall for Druggists.

The fourth annual ball of the Womin's Organization of the Louisville Retail Druggsts' Association will be given at the Woman's Club Thursday night. A musical program will be included. Members of the druggists' families and their friends will take



DEPOSIT YOUR MONEY

With us, and then we will lend you money when you need it. Interest Paid on Deposits.

The Farmers and Merchants Bank

The Farmers Loan & Trust Co. ANDERSON, S. C. Combined Resources a Little the Rise of One Million Dollars

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