

The Anderson Intelligencer

TUESDAY AND FRIDAY

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ANDERSON, S. C., FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 5, 1914.

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AUGUSTA TO LOSE THE ENCAMPMENT

SOUTH CAROLINA TROOPS WILL NOT GO TO GEORGIA FOR MANOEUVERS

HELD IN THE STATE War Department Has Ordered That Regular Troops Be Sent To Each State Instead

Dispatches reached Anderson last night from Columbia which said in effect that there will be no encampment held in Augusta, Ga., of the ninth division of the National Guard next month as has been formerly announced.

The statement coming here said that W. A. Simpson, adjutant general, had telegraphed from Governor's Island, N. Y., to Governor Blease and Adjutant General Moore the information that all former plans had been called off and that instead of holding the encampment within the borders of their own states.

It was stated in the telegram that troops would be detailed from the United States army to each state, beginning with North Carolina, coming on to South Carolina, thence to Georgia and so on, and that these troops would instruct the South Carolina militia in the tactics.

Shortly after receiving the message both the Governor and the Adjutant General left Columbia, the Governor to deliver an address before the graduating class of the medical college, and the Adjutant General to inspect the militia. No statement could be obtained from either of the officials.

The Augusta men have spent within the neighborhood of \$50,000 in preparing for the encampment and it is said that they will put up a stiff fight to have the order rescinded and try to secure the encampment. The Isle of Palms also had spent a lot of money preparing for the encampment.

The Columbia people seemed to think last night that the orders from the war department would be final and that they expect Governor Blease to announce the state encampment within the next few days.

While nothing could be done in this direction last night it was suggested that Anderson might make an effort to secure the encampment of the South Carolina militia in the event that the present orders are not revoked.

MR. M'GEE GIVES UP TREASURER'S OFFICE

HAS FORWARDED HIS RESIGNATION TO GOVERNOR

FOR OTHER WORK

One of County's Most Faithful and Efficient Officials Will Retire From Active Politics

Anderson county people will learn with regret that C. W. McGee, one of the best treasurers Anderson county has ever had, will retire from office he now holds on July 1 and will assume other work. This decision has been reached by Mr. McGee after mature deliberation and friends of his say that it is a wise move, but at the same time the public in general will regret to learn of his decision.

Mr. McGee has been contemplating this step for some time but he did not reach any definite decision until Tuesday afternoon. He then wrote to Governor Blease, notifying him of his resignation, which he asked to become effective on July 1. On that date, if he be relieved in time, Mr. McGee will take up other work.

The popular treasurer was elected to office four years ago, after serving for some time in the office of the clerk of court. He polled a tremendous vote when he was elected and this vote it is said, would hardly compare with the one he certainly would have received in the event he ran again this time. It is generally conceded that he could easily have been re-elected.

The governor should have received Mr. McGee's resignation early yesterday morning, but is away from Columbia, being in Charleston now, and therefore he has not given out any official notice of having received it. However, it is presumed that it will reach him today, and it is expected that he will make some announcement. Mr. McGee is anxious to take up his new work on the first of next month if he can be relieved by that time and if not, as soon thereafter as may be possible.

MR. DAVIS' BIRTHDAY

Celebrated as Memorial Day in many Southern States.

Atlanta, June 3.—Memorial exercises in many cities of South today marked the observance of the birthday of Jefferson Davis, president of the confederate States of America. In several states the occasion was designated as a legal holiday, banks and other business houses being closed.

In Tennessee and Georgia, the graves of the Confederate dead were decorated with appropriate ceremonies at many of the larger cities. At New Orleans the cotton market was closed and business practically suspended.

The day was a legal holiday in Virginia, memorial services being held at a number of places.

TEDDY IN PAREE

Will be Given a Good Time on the Bois du Bologne.

Paris, June 3.—President Poincaré is desirous of showing Colonel Theodore Roosevelt every courtesy during his visit to France and today gave orders to have the special presidential railroad car in readiness for the colonel on his arrival at Cherbourg.

It is understood Colonel Roosevelt will be received by the president at the palace of the Elysee Saturday.

Lost Nine in Succession.

Chicago, June 3.—A shake-up in the Cleveland-American league team was forecasted today in the announcement by Manager Birmingham that Blachland, who has been playing short stop, would be benched. The disheartening showing of the Cleveland team has moved Birmingham to experiment until he finds a winning combination.

NOBLE DEAD AT ARLINGTON

BEAUTIFUL MONUMENT WILL BE UNVEILED AT CAPITAL TODAY

"BLUE AND GRAY"

Grand Army of the Republic Joins In Tribute to Chivalry of the South

Washington, June 3.—Final arrangements for the unveiling tomorrow afternoon of the monument erected in Arlington National Cemetery in honor of the Confederate dead were completed today. President Wilson will deliver an address at the unveiling ceremonies. General George W. Gardner, of Albion, Mich., commander in chief of the Grand Army of the Republic; General Bennett Young of Louisville, commander of the United Confederate Veterans and Sir Moses Ezekiel, the sculptor, will participate in the unveiling ceremonies.

The monument, which is of bronze, has as its central figure, the statue of a heroic woman facing southward and bearing in an extended hand a laurel wreath. About the base are 32 life-sized figures, representing the heroic sacrifice of the men and women of the Confederacy.

The erection of the monument was made possible through the efforts of the United Daughters of the Confederacy.

Sir Moses Ezekiel, who arrived here today, explained that in modeling the memorial he had sought to portray the South's highest supreme above her sacrifices and privations.

"The intention is that it is a peace monument," he said, "without forgetting the sacrifices and heroism of the south and emphasizing the fact that we were fighting for a constitutional right and not to uphold slavery. I have attempted to have the dominant idea, the future and not the past, that the future of the South is to rest the future on her industrial and her agriculture, and to let the past go, but not forgotten."

"With this idea, the large figure at the top represents the South, one hand holding a wreath for the past, but with the right hand resting on the handles of a plow. The smaller figure below represents the sacrifice, the devotion, the heroism of all classes of the south in upholding the fighting for what they passionately believed to be right."

WOODWARD DUKE DIES UNDER CAR

Machine was Overturned With Himself and Party—He Was Drowned

(By Associated Press.)

Salt Lake City, Utah, June 3.—Woodward Duke, son of J. B. Duke, president of the American Tobacco company, was drowned under his overturned automobile in a mountain creek near Park City, Utah, today. The other members of the party were not injured.

The accident took place about forty miles east of Salt Lake City and just over the summit of the Wasatch mountains. The machine skidded into a six-foot embankment into the water. Duke was driving and was caught beneath the car.

The other men were thrown clear and were not injured. They were Joseph Baird, I. P. Bliss, Edward White and G. L. Burt. Duke's body will be brought to Salt Lake City tomorrow.

JUST KILLING TIME

United States Senate Doing Some Careful Pilibustering.

Washington, June 3.—Just when a vote on the Panama Canal tolls exemption repeal bill seemed certain to come within a few days, the senate foreign relations committee today surprised the senate and complicated the situation by reporting favorably a resolution designed to lead to the submission of the dispute with Great Britain to arbitration by international tribunal.

So far as administration leaders know, President Wilson opposes arbitration unless the repeal bill previously is passed and no word had come to the capital tonight that he had changed his position. Many senators believe without the president's approval no arbitration proposal can receive a majority.

CAPITAL CITY CORRESPONDENCE

John G. Richards Comes Out For Blease, As Was Predicted by "Sinbad" Some Time Ago—Dominick Files His Pledge

Railroad Commission Waking Up

Columbia, June 3.—"I am going to vote for Cole L. Blaise for United States Senator because I believe he is nearer the mass of the people than the other man," said John G. Richards Jr., candidate for governor tonight. This statement was made in answer to a direct question as to whether he was for Smith or Blaise.

It was talked around Columbia during the State convention that Mr. Richards had declared in a Blaise conference that he was going to vote for the governor for the United States Senate and it was known also that Mr. Richards attended the Blaise caucus on last Monday here. This is the first authorized statement of the position of Mr. Richards.

Major Richards expressed his confidence that he would be chosen governor. He was here today in attendance on the railroad commission of which he is chairman and leaves with them in the morning to inspect the Carolina and Northwestern Railway and the Seaboard Air Line.

DOMINICK FILES PLEDGE

Columbia, June 3.—Fred H. Dominick tonight filed his pledge as a candidate for congress from the third

THEIR VIEWS OF NEW HAVEN

Some Directors Testify In Reply To Sensational Evidence of C. W. Mellen

Washington, June 3.—James S. Elton, of Waterbury, Conn., and William Skinner of Holyoke, Mass., directors of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad, testifying today before the interstate commerce commission at its investigation into the affairs of the road, said the acquisition of various New England trolleys, steamship lines and other properties at a cost of many millions of dollars, constituted a part of the New Haven's comprehensive plan to increase its facilities.

Many properties thus acquired, it was stated, only had a prospective value, the natural growth of New England being taken into consideration by the directors.

Mr. Elton, questioned on this point by William Nelson Cromwell, who appeared as counsel for several directors, declared the purchase for \$11,000,000 of the New York, West Chester and Boston road the stock of which former President Mellen of the New Haven testified was worth only "ten cents a pound" was for the purpose of obtaining a foothold in the Metropolitan district and obtaining greater terminal facilities in New York.

Mr. Elton testified that the New Haven directors had changed their methods and now were not influenced so much by one or two men, like J. P. Morgan and former President Mellen, as they formerly were. He said the "directors now direct" and had learned a "great many things." He added that President Elliott was more deliberate than Mr. Mellen and did not "rush them off their feet."

Mr. Skinner said he believed "if things had been allowed to go on and the New Haven and its officials had not been subjected to inimical inquiries and legislation" the property would have pulled out all right, perhaps, in five years. He asserted that Mr. Mellen could have retained the presidency of the road had he so desired as he had a majority of the directors with him. Mr. Skinner will resume his testimony tomorrow. He will be followed by Laurence Minot, of Boston, a New Haven director during a part of Mr. Mellen's administration.

SENSATIONAL

Charges By Hobson—Charges Administration With Fear

Newport News, Va., June 3.—That within three weeks after the seizure of Vera Cruz by the American forces two shipments of arms for Huerta were landed in Mexico under convoy of foreign warships and that the United States government was "afraid to protest or allow the press of the country to say things about it" was the declaration of Congressman Richmond Hobson in an address here tonight.

Mr. Hobson declared that a German steamer, under the protection of a German warship, had landed a cargo of arms on the Atlantic side, and that another had been landed on the Pacific side. Continuing he said that the United States officials knew that arms were landed but were afraid to make a protest and afraid to allow the press to publish the facts.

WILL DECLINE THE PROPOSAL

THAT IS THE FORECAST OF THE ACTION OF GENERAL CARRANZA

IS PLAYING DEEP

Seems To Be Trying To Force a Kind of Recognition of His "Government"

(By Associated Press)

Washington, June 3.—Whether the Mexican constitutionalists are to participate in peace negotiations at Niagara Falls probably will be determined by tomorrow. Agents of General Carranza tonight were in telegraphic communication with the constitutionalist leader after having forwarded to him the answer of the South American mediators of his message of protest carried to Niagara Falls last week.

Publication of the mediators' message was withheld here until General Carranza has determined on his reply. Rafael Zubaran, minister of the interior in Carranza's cabinet, and at the head of the constitutionalist agency in Washington, would not discuss nature of the mediators' proposals or the probable attitude of his chief. Persons however, suggested that the terms on which the mediators proposed to receive the constitutionalists into peace negotiations would be declined.

The mediators' note, addressed to Mr. Zubaran, reached Washington in a special delivery letter. As soon as the message had been forwarded, the constitutionalist agency began preparations to communicate with General Carranza at Durango by a special wire. When the message had been forwarded, conferences with their chieftain were begun over the wire, Mr. Zubaran announcing that he hoped to have some conclusive information later in the evening.

Administration officials awaited the outcome with considerable anxiety; throughout the day there were some expressions of apprehension in official quarters over the success of mediation plans as originally outlined. It was the first time that any admissions had been made of probable setbacks. Yet those who admitted the possibility of obstacles insisted that all difficulties ultimately would be overcome. Secretary Bryan again reiterated that mediation was progressing satisfactorily.

Niagara Falls, Ont., June 3.—Mediation tonight waits on General Carranza. The commander in chief of the constitutionalist forces in Mexico has in his possession a communication from the three South American diplomats which open the door for constitutionalist representation in the conferences here.

Upon his word depends whether the entire Mexican problem will be settled by diplomacy or whether the constitutionalists will continue to fight their way to Mexico City.

The mediators have smoothed the way for the constitutionalists to participate. The United States government wants them to accept. A rejection may eventually mean the Washington government's withdrawal of the moral support it has been extending to their cause.

The mediators tonight were hopefully confident General Carranza would send envoys here. Instead of believing negotiations will be indefinitely prolonged by such a course they think a pacific settlement would in reality be more quickly obtained as parties in the Mexican dispute then would be

LEVER'S BILL COTTON FUTURES

GOT A FAVORABLE REPORT FROM THE HOUSE COMMITTEE

TAX ON GAMBLING

Would Not Affect Any Straight Forward Contracts For Future Delivery

(By Associated Press)

Washington, June 3.—The house agricultural committee tonight agreed to report favorably the Lever bill to regulate dealings in cotton for future delivery, with an amendment to tax so-called gambling transactions transferred from the domestic to a foreign market.

The measure would levy a tax of one fifth of one per cent for each pound of cotton involved in any contract of sale of cotton for future delivery made on exchanges. It would provide for the standardization of cotton and authorize the secretary of agriculture to designate from time to time what markets shall be considered bona fide spot markets.

A LADY VANDAL BEAT GENTLEMAN

Rained Blows Furiously Because He Objected To Her Ruining Paintings

London, June 3.—A savage attack with a hatchet was made tonight by a young and stylishly robed suffragette on an attendant at the Dore Gallery, who tried to prevent her from destroying valuable pictures on exhibition there.

The woman had already ruined two paintings in the gallery, which is in the heart of the fashionable quarter of London, and was hacking a third when an attendant named Bouriet seized her arm.

The vandal turned on the man furiously and rained blow after blow on his body severely injuring him.

THE ADVOCATE Muddle
Dr. Mark L. Carlisle Writes a Strong Letter to Rev. S. A. Nettles.

Greenville, June 3.—Rev. Mark L. Carlisle, one of the most distinguished preachers of the South Carolina conference, has written a letter to Rev. S. A. Nettles protesting against the latter resuming the editorial management of the Southern Christian Advocate. Dr. Carlisle points out that Mr. Nettles was given no appointment by the last conference and cannot hold over.

Dr. Carlisle states that he introduced the resolutions demanding a change in the editorial management of the Advocate and he did so without reference to whether or not Mr. Nettles would be vindicated or found guilty by the last conference. He says in his letter that no bishop has given Mr. Nettles an appointment as editor of the Advocate and that therefore he has none.

here to shape the program of peace. There were no conferences today with either Mexicans of American delegates. It may be stated that there will be no obstacles placed in the way of General Carranza's participation by the Huerta delegates or other principals.

The Cotton Crop Outlook More Than Usually Bright

Atlanta, Ga., June 3.—(Special Correspondence.)—President Harrison of the Southern Railway Co., speaking today of the outlook for this year's cotton crop said, "The Government Cotton Report issued on June 1st, indicates a substantially better condition in the states traversed by the Southern railway lines than on the corresponding date last year. This bears out the information received from our agents."

"Some uneasiness has been caused by droughts in the Cotton States east of the Mississippi River, but generally speaking, weather conditions along our lines have been more favorable for giving the crop a good start. Wet weather conditions during the early part of the season results in the plant developing a spreading, superficial root system which is incapable of drawing a sufficient amount of moisture from the deeper soil during dry periods later in the season and most of the roots being just below the surface, they are liable to be seriously injured in the cultivation of the crop."

"On the other hand a dry May means the development of a good tap root and a deep root system which will insure better growth in the event of an unfavorable condition later in the season, the deep breaking of the land and better preparation of the seed bed now more generally practiced in accordance with the advice of the deep breaking not only enables the soil to retain more moisture but makes possible the development of the deep root system, the lack of the excessive rains have facilitated the cultivation of the crop and the reports from the territory along the Southern railway lines indicate that it is unusually free from grass and weeds."

Suffs Are Expensive To the Government

London, June 4.—How to deal with the growing menace of the militant suffragette agitation is becoming a problem of terrible import not only to the government but to the community at large. Efforts of their well wishers to persuade the militants that they are retarding the cause have been in vain; they are convinced nothing but force will achieve their hyrthrams and they have been applying themselves with new vigor to the out-rages.

The cost of police and other protection against the threatened outrages is becoming enormous. Elaborate preparations for the coming

Ascot race meeting. Strong fences have been erected and a special water supply has been installed in case of fire.

Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst now occupies a house overlooking Buckingham Palace, and the force of police within the palace grounds has been increased. The king has ceased his daily morning canter in Hyde Park, because of the militant activity.

According to the London Daily Mail the police have received information of a suffragette plot against Prince Henry, the king's third son, who is at Eton. Scotland Yard has sent special detectives to Eton to guard the prince.