

**MADE ATTEMPT TO  
KIDNAP THE KAISER**

**Col. Luke Lea and Other Officers of 30th Said to Have Tried It**

**GOT INTO CASTLE BUT HAD TO LEAVE**

**Story of Daring Scheme to Take Former Emperor Told Here.**

Returning officers and men of the 30th division have been telling, at the various ports of debarkation at which they have been arriving, the story which has been spread wide in the army overseas, but only hints of which have hitherto reached this country, of the attempt made by a group of American officers to kidnap the former German emperor at his refuge in Holland and take him to Paris. According to general reports the attempt was organized and led by Col. Luke Lea, commander of the 114th field artillery, who returned with his regiment through Newport News, and is now at Camp Oglethorpe for mustering out. The story was told here last week by men in the first contingent of the Old Hickory division to land at Charleston, but it was not published at the time because it was represented by friends of Col. Lea that publication might prove seriously embarrassing to him and might even result in court martial. Since then the story has been published in one form or another in several newspapers, and finally, the New York Times of Tuesday carried it in considerable detail. The Times' story reads as follows:

Col. Luke Lea, former United States senator from Tennessee, commander of the 114th field artillery of the 30th division—the "Old Hickory" division of Carolinians and Tennesseans—who returned from France only a week ago in command of his men, is the American colonel who led the party of American army officers who tried to kidnap the former German Kaiser last winter.

The fact that Col. Lea headed the kidnaping party was fully confirmed tonight by the correspondent of the New York Times from the lips of a Tennessee man who talked with Col. Lea upon his arrival at Newport News, Va., in command of the 114th field artillery last Sunday after that unit had arrived from St. Nazaire, France, on the transport Finland.

While current versions of the story printed last January in French, British and American newspapers asserted that the attempt to kidnap the Kaiser was made on Jan. 5, Col. Lea indicated to those to whom he spoke last Sunday that it really took place just before Christmas.

"What were you going to do with the Kaiser if your kidnaping project succeeded?" Col. Lea was asked by those to whom he admitted that he headed the party that went to the castle of Count von Bentinck, near Amerongen.

"We were going to give him a free ride to Paris in our automobile and present him to President Wilson as a Christmas gift."

This statement by Col. Lea would indicate that the attempt was made just before Christmas, and it was intimated tonight that it took place about December 21. From what was learned from the gentlemen who talked with Col. Lea at Newport News there were fully a dozen officers and men of the American army in the automobile party commanded by Col. Lea that tried to obtain possession of the Kaiser.

They were armed with passports, which they had managed in some way to obtain and which enabled them to travel through Holland to the Castle, where the Kaiser was stopping. They got close enough to the presence of the Kaiser, Col. Lea told close friends since his arrival in this country, to hear his voice, but were foiled through the sudden dispatch of Dutch guards from Amerongen to the Castle, a contingency wholly unexpected and which forced the American officers to make a quick retirement in their military automobile to avoid arrest and possible internment by the Holland authorities, if not courtmartial proceedings in the American army, provided their identity should become known.

Col. Lea did not desire to have the story of his escapade become known at the time. It is his intention to make a full public statement regard-

**STATE ITEMS**

**OF INTEREST TO ALL SOUTH CAROLINA PEOPLE**

The county supervisors of the State met in Columbia Wednesday, April 23, to form a State association.

A United States School Garden company of 150 members has been organized in the Chester public schools.

Governor Cooper Wednesday extended executive clemency to eight cases out of 52 applications. The remainder of the applications were refused.

Governor Cooper has accepted the chairmanship for the Southeastern department for the coming drive for the Salvation Army home service fund.

J. W. Wilson, aged about 34 years, a policeman at Rock Hill, sustained severe and painful injuries when an automobile in which he was riding turned over six miles west of Chester.

Notice was served on Governor Cooper and S. M. Wolfe, attorney general, by the attorney general of Georgia that suit to establish the boundary line between Georgia and South Carolina had been begun in the United States court. This action was begun several months ago, pursuant to a resolution passed in the general assembly of Georgia.

Last week Governor Cooper commuted to life imprisonment the death penalty of John Henry Jackson, a negro, sentenced to die in the electric chair for the killing of another negro in Abbeville County in September, 1917.

The State of South Carolina was victorious in its defense against the complaint filed by J. O'Neal Sandel of Calhoun County. The jury in the case returned a verdict for the defendant.

Augusta wants to play baseball with South Carolina cities and Charlotte in the proposed league rather than join the Georgia and Florida combination.

Charleston is to have a new hotel representing an investment of nearly \$1,000,000.

The Wofford College Glee Club will begin its 12th annual tour of the State on April 21.

S. Glenn Young, who has made for himself a nationwide reputation in 14 months in running down desperadoes and deserters from Uncle Sam's army, arrived in Columbia last week with five deserters who he ran to cover in Davidson County, N. C.

ing all the details of the kidnaping attempt as soon as he is discharged from the United States army.

The possibility that he might even yet have to face a court-martial for having crossed into Holland on such an expedition, and that those who were with him might be similarly dealt with, has been one of Col. Lea's motives for extreme reticence in the matter. While in France he and those who were with him remained exceedingly quiet about the matter because they were in constant fear that they would be court-martialed.

When the 114th field artillery arrived at Newport News there were a number of Tennessee newspaper men there to greet the regiment. In some manner word had reached Tennessee that Col. Lea commanded the Kaiser-kidnaping party, and those of the Tennessee newspaper men who were sent to Newport News who had a "tip" on the story were very anxious to obtain full details from Col. Lea. He told them the story was true, and that, while he intended to tell the whole story later, he did not care to confirm the facts so long as he was an officer in the uniform of the American army.

He related some of the details to several with whom he talked and told them that the party of more than a dozen American officers and soldiers was made up of men from all parts of the United States.

There were four commissioned and three non-commissioned officers in the party besides some others. Three of them were from the south, among them Capt. L. S. Phail of Nashville, and Lieut. Ellsworth Brown of Chattanooga.

**Habitual Constipation Cured in 14 to 21 Days**  
"LAX-FOS WITH PEPSEN" is a specially-prepared Syrup Tonic-Laxative for Habitual Constipation. It relieves promptly but should be taken regularly for 14 to 21 days to induce regular action. It stimulates and regulates. Very Pleasant to Take. 60c per bottle.

**Smile and Finish the Job!**



**GRAVER CRISIS NEAR IN GERMANY**

**Outlook More Serious Outlook Than Either of Two Preceding**

**BOLSHEVISM GAINING WITH THE MASSES**

**Especially in South Germany—Overthrow of the Government Planned.**

London.—Describing the outlook in Germany the Berlin correspondent of the Mail says the crisis which is rapidly approaching seems certain to be graver than either the January or March outbreaks.

"One of the storm centers is Bavaria especially Munich," he writes. "The situation in southern Germany has completely changed during the last three weeks. Thousands of people, including many women, attend mass meetings at which unadulterated Bolshevism is advocated and demands are made for the abolition of the election of parliament. A political section has arisen that is even stronger than the Spartacides. The members of this party call themselves syndicalists and are apparently led or inspired by terrorists who escaped from Dusseldorf when government troops occupied that city after the last pursuing.

"Bolshevism is working in Germany by propaganda as it did in

Hungary and is wrecking industry and removing opportunities for work."

**All Labor Seething.**  
Berlin.—Almost all the labor forces of Germany are either striking or threatening to strike as a result of agitation carried on by Independent Socialists and Spartacides, who are succeeding in their efforts to induce workers to make increasingly impossible demands. They have been partially persuaded mine guards on duty in the Ruhr district to protect the pits against the Spartacides to prevent miners from descending.

The situation everywhere is considered serious and it is said that the aim of the Spartacides is purely political having as its object the overturning of the present government and the establishment of Bolshevism. Sanguinary engagements have occurred at Kastrof, in Westphalia, according to the Tageblatt. A procession of miners which was on its way to the office of the Kastrof Anzeiger, clashed with public security guards and several were killed and wounded on both sides, it is said.

**MOTTLES PREVENTED BY RIGHT METHOD**

Mottled butter is frequently found on the market at this time of the year, and even though it may be of very good flavor, it is strongly discriminated against by the purchaser. As this defect is one of workmanship, it can be overcome by the application of proper methods on the part of the buttermaker.

Mottles are caused primarily by an uneven distribution of salt in the butter. This may be produced by insufficient working of the butter or by churning, washing, and working it at a very low temperature, or by washing or working it at a temperature several degrees higher or lower than the churning temperature.

When the quantity of butter made in one churning is much less than usual, it is necessary to work it at a greater number of revolutions of the churn than usual in order to produce the same results on the butter.

Extremely low temperatures of churning, washing, and working should be avoided, because they produce so firm a butter that it is only with great difficulty that the salt can be worked uniformly into it. High temperatures of churning, washing, and working must also be avoided to prevent an abnormal loss of fat in the buttermilk and also the making of a greasy, leaky butter.

Great variations in temperature during the manufacturing process should always be avoided. Under normal conditions the temperature of the wash water should be the same as, or within 2 degrees of, that of the buttermilk.

**Colds Cause Grip and Influenza**  
LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets remove the cause. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature on box. 30c.

**FOREIGN ITEMS**

**GATHERED AND CONDENSED FOR EASY READING**

German army officers are seeking to enter the United States army in such large numbers that the Spanish embassy found it necessary to post a placard stating these men are not wanted by the American military authorities.

The Three Hundred and Thirty-ninth Infantry of the Eighty-fifth Division forms the bulk of the American contingent, Archangel region.

The air service of the regular army has been given authority to enlist men up to 15,000.

President Poincare has commuted to ten years' imprisonment the death sentence imposed on Emil Cottin, who in an attempt to assassinate Premier Clemenceau on February last shot and severely wounded him. The commutation of sentence was on the recommendation of M. Clemenceau himself.

Specific instructions from President Wilson that the sailing of his steamer, the George Washington, be expedited immediately were received at the navy department through Admiral William S. Benson, chief of naval operations at Paris. As a result the vessel will leave New York for Brest at the earliest opportunity.

Rear Admiral William S. Sims, who arrived in New York from London came to Washington and made a personal report to the navy department on his services as commander in chief of the American naval forces in European waters during the war.

Traffic in Amarillo, Texas is practically at a standstill because of a snow storm which began last week.

The chief cause of anxiety in connection with the evacuation of Odesa by the allies and its occupation by the Bolsheviki lies in the fact that the most fertile regions in southern Russia have fallen into the hands of the Bolshevik forces, giving them immense resources of grain, coal and minerals.

The American steamship West Humhaw, the first American ship to enter a German port since America declared war, has returned to New York.

**COPY SUMMONS FOR RELIEF.**

(Complaint Not Served).  
In the Court of Common Pleas,  
STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,  
County of Horry.  
Adelle Smith, Plaintiff,

vs.  
H. Stacy Smith, Palmetto Grocery Co., N. P. Smith, The Butters Lunber Co., and two children and heirs at law of the late Henry Wise, deceased, if they be living and if dead, their next of kin and heirs-at-law, the names and number of, all of whom with their places of residence, being unknown, Defendants.

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED and required to answer the complaint in this action, which has been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas, for the said County, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office at Mullins, S. C., within twenty days after the service hereof; exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.  
Dated March — A. D. 1919.

HOYT McMILLAN,  
Plaintiff's Attorney.

To the two children and heirs-at-law of the late Henry Wise, deceased, if they be living and if dead, their next of kin and heirs-at-law, the names and numbers of, all of whom with their places of residence, being unknown, TAKE NOTICE that the complaint in the foregoing stated cause of action and the Summons, of which the foregoing is a copy, were filed in the office of the C. C. C. P. at Conway, S. C., on the 1st day of April, 1919.  
W. L. BRYAN, (L. S.)  
C. C. C. P.  
HOYT McMILLAN,  
Plaintiff's Attorney.

Congressman A. F. Lever, in an enthusiastic speech before the good roads meeting at the Automobile and Fashion show in Columbia, said that if he were Governor of South Carolina he would immediately call an extra session of the General Assembly to pass some law for an improved system of highways.

**UGH! CALOMEL MAKES YOU DEATHLY SICK**

**Stop using dangerous drug before it salivates you!**

**It's horrible!**  
You're bilious, sluggish, constipated and believe you need vile, dangerous calomel to start your liver and clean your bowels.

Here's my guarantee. Ask your druggist for a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone and take a spoonful tonight. If it doesn't start your liver and straighten you right up better than calomel and without griping or making you sick I want you to go back to the store and get your money. Take calomel today and tomorrow you will feel weak and sick and nauseated. Don't lose a day's work. Take a spoonful of harmless, vegetable Dodson's Liver Tone tonight and wake up feeling great. It's perfectly harmless, so give it to your children any time. It can't salivate, so let them eat anything afterwards.—adv

**Prohibition.**  
A hymn-book underneath the bough,  
A jug of lacteal from the bossy cow,  
Ahead a desert of distress,  
An endless dusty wilderness—  
That's all that's coming to us now.  
—T. J. Daft.

**MASTER THE BEAST, SAYS LLOYD GEORGE**

Paris.—Premier Lloyd George, of Great Britain, in a statement to the Petit Parisien, denies the report, generally prevalent, that he is an obstinate opponent of the guarantees asked by France against a renewed attack by Germany.

"Disensions?" the premier asked "Do you seriously think they can ever exist between our two countries?"

"There has been some dissensions but is it not from sincere discussion that a final agreement must emerge between France and England? Our understanding has remained complete and absolute. England did not come to fight by the side of the French to give your country merely relative security during a limited period. No they mean France to have absolute security in the future.

"You know what sacrifices England has made and you know well that England does not regret them. She is ready to make fresh ones if it becomes necessary to guarantee the peace and independence of France.

"I have seen the scourge of war twice lashed on France by Germany. We do not intend that there shall be a third time, and should it be fifty years hence, France again will find England by her side with all her wealth and power for, mark well my words, the wild beast must be mastered.

"It is mastered at present but if one day it raises its head ready to spring it will find itself again faced by France and England united in brotherhood."

**At Last.**

The doctor coughed gravely. "I am sorry to tell you," he said, looking down at the man in bed, "that there is no doubt you are suffering from small-pox."

The patient turned on his pillow and looked up at his wife.

"Julia," he said, in a faint voice, "if any of my creditors call, tell them that at last I am in a position to give them something."—Truth Seeker.

**The Joy of Motherhood Told.**

**Women Tell How They Made Event One of Great Happiness.**



In every part of the land there are women who tell how, through the application of Mother's Friend, they entirely avoided the suffering usually incident to motherhood. They relate in no uncertain terms how from its use the days were made bright and cheerful and the nights calm and restful. How the crisis was passed without the usual suffering experienced when nature is unaided, and how they preserved their health and strength to devote it to the rearing of their children and to the things life holds for them.

Mother's Friend is the most penetrating remedy prepared especially for expectant mothers from a formula of a noted physician. Strain upon the ligaments is avoided, and instead of a period of discomfort and constant dread it is a season of calm repose. The hours of the crisis are less, and Mother's Friend enables the mother to retain her natural grace, and her skin is not cracked and does not become hard or disfigured.  
Write to the Bradford Regulator Company, Dept. L, Lamar Building, Atlanta, Georgia, for their Motherhood Book, and obtain a bottle of Mother's Friend from the druggist today.