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"Be True to Your Word, Your Work and Your Country"

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STATE BANK NOTES.

A Comprehensive Summary of Democratic Views Regarding Them.

New York World. "A Puzzled Democrat" writes from Forest Port, N. Y., to ask enlightenment concerning the proposed repeal of the law taxing State bank notes out of existence. He asks:

Does the Democratic party favor this repeal? What would the effect of such repeal be?

Yes the Democratic party in its national platform favored the repeal of the tax. The reasons for repeal may be succinctly stated as follows:

1. State bank notes are not money. They have no legal-tender quality and nobody proposes to give them such quality. They are nothing more nor less than negotiable notes, and the right to issue negotiable notes belongs to every person. The law preventing State banks from issuing them is in violation of this right.

2. The country sorely needs increased and better distributed banking facilities. The cry for "more money," in response to which some of the most dangerous proposals ever made in politics have come, really reflects the need of more money but of greater better distributed and more readily accessible banking facilities. The repeal of the prohibitory tax would lead naturally to the multiplication of local banks and supply this need. It would give employment to capital in every town, render aid upon occasion to farmers, local merchants and manufacturers everywhere and check the tendency of currency to flow to the great cities to become there involved in hurtful enterprises of speculation.

3. It would give to the country an increased and more elastic currency. The bank issues would flow out in advances upon crops the moment they were needed, and would be retired by natural processes as soon as the need was past.

4. As these notes would not be legal-tender money, their circulation would depend upon the soundness of the banks issuing them and the excellence of the State laws governing their issue. There would be every inducement, therefore, for the banks to keep their credit above suspicion, and for the several States to enact rigid to ensure the certain redemption of their bank notes. Indeed, the act of Congress repealing the prohibitory tax would probably be made applicable only in States whose laws provide for the perfect security of bank issues.

5. The national bank system is manifestly coming to an end by reason of the progressive extinction of the debt on which it is founded. The volume of national bank circulation is rapidly decreasing. Some other form of currency must take its place or the country must suffer from contraction. A well-guarded system of State bank circulation is the best substitute that financial ingenuity has been able to devise.

6. The repeal of the prohibitory tax would bring into use as a basis of bank circulation a great volume of municipal securities, water bonds and other improvement debentures which are now not available for such purposes, but which are as secure as any paper pledge of credit can be made. This would add to the market for such securities and tend to stimulate local improvement by rendering them financially easier and cheaper.

7. The cry of "wild-cat money" is altogether false and misleading. There is no more reason why State bank notes should be insecure than why any other debt obligation should be so. As a matter of fact even at the period of wildest "wild-cattling" there were only a few States in which the currency issues were discredited. There were many whose bank notes—these of New York among them—remained as good as gold up to the time when they were taxed out of existence. The only reason that all were not good was the lack of sound banking laws in a few States. This lack is not likely to occur again in any State, and its occurrence may be effectually prevented by the act of repeal itself. None of the "wild-cat" conditions exist now. The telegraph, the fast mails, the close and constant inter-communication of the people have done away with them forever. There is no reason why State bank notes should not now be as secure as were those of Kentucky, Georgia and Virginia and some other States in the old days, when those notes were not only redeemable in gold upon presentation, but freely exchangeable with gold in all financial centers.

Nobody wants "wildcat" banking or purposes to allow it. The proposed repeal of an arbitrary and unjust prohibitory tax is intended and well calculated to work great benefits to the people, with no corresponding disadvantages whatever.

Printing By Electricity.

The proprietors of the Birmingham Daily Gazette have just introduced electricity to a new sphere of usefulness by employing it as a motive power for driving their large printing machines. The Gazette is absolutely the first daily paper in the world that has been produced by that form of power, which bids fair to revolutionize the whole system of machines, and leave steam, and even gas, far behind as motive forces. The added cost for this work is very trifling. In the same way the value of a box of stationery is much enhanced if the giver has had the address of the recipient stamped upon the upper right hand corner of the paper.—*Mary V. Worstell, in St. Nicholas*

A STEAM LINE TO EUROPE.

Direct Trade With Mediterranean Ports.

News and Courier. Mr. James Knott, of Newcastle on Tyne, England, has determined to put on a regular line of steamers between Charleston and the Mediterranean ports, and the Charleston agency will be in the hands of Messrs. Street Bros. The Swedish Prince will be the first steamer, and will be due here on the 10th of December. Other steamers will follow as the demand warrants. Two steamers will surely be here in December. At present the intention is to take outward freight only, but an opportunity is offered for the merchants of the South Atlantic States to offer inducements to warrant the importation direct of fruits, etc. from Italy to Charleston.

SUNDAY OPENINGS STILL DEMANDED.

Notwithstanding the action of Congress and of the Columbian Commission requiring the closing of the Worlds Exposition on Sunday, the Directory at Chicago, consisting of forty-five members, have expressed the wish that the gates should be open. They propose that the machinery shall be kept silent, and offer as a sop to the churches opportunity for religious services. This vote of the Directory is undoubtedly at the suggestion of the Sunday Opening Association which has been formed in Chicago. An attempt will be made when Congress meets to have it remove the Sunday closing condition which was attached to the appropriations made for the Fair. These appropriations have been accepted with this condition, and while the law remains unchanged the gates of the Exposition cannot be opened on Sunday. It was in response to the clearly expressed wish of the people of the country that Congress took the action it did, and unless it is now willing to run counter to that wish and defy Christian sentiment it will not change the condition upon which the appropriation was made.

A general effort is being made to bring those who are in favor of observing Sunday into contempt. One of the respectable evening papers of this city speaks of them as the "Sabath fanatics." They are rather numerous and solid in character to be thus branded. The "fanatics" are those who show so much zeal in the cause of Sunday opening that they are willing and anxious to over-ride custom law and all other opposing considerations even though Sunday opening may require Monday closing.

While there are many excellent Christian men, like Bishop Potter, who think that the Exposition can be safely and wisely opened on Sunday afternoon, the great majority of them as shown by the expression of general assemblies, general conferences, and other Church bodies, are firmly opposed to it as a desecration of the day, and as a practical nullification of statutes enacted to protect it. We trust that none will be deceived by the desperate effort to have the action of Congress and of the Commission rescinded. It will be a very unfortunate thing if this attempt is allowed to succeed. All who have the ear of a member of Congress should see to it that he is made to understand that the opposition to Sunday opening is too strong to be overcome by clamor and denunciation.—*The Independent*

A GOOD REPORT.

A temperance discussion once sprang up in a large coach crossing the Alleghenies, and the subject was handled without gloves. One gentleman maintained a social silence until he could endure it no longer; then he broke out strongly, saying, "Gentleman, I want you to understand that I am a liquor seller. I keep a public house but I would have you to know that I have a license, and keep a decent house, I don't keep loafers and loungers about my place, and when a man has enough he can get no more at my bar. I sell to decent people and do a respectable business." When he had delivered himself, he seemed to think that no answer could be given. Not so, thought a Quaker, who was one of the company. Said he: "Friend, that is the most damning part of the business. If these would sell to drunkards and loafers, these would hold to kill off the race, and society would be rid of them; but these takes the young, the poor, the innocent, and the unsuspecting, and makes drunkards of them. And when their character and money are gone, they kick them out, and turns them over to the other shops to finish off; and these ensnare others and sends them on the same road to ruin." Surely the Quaker had the best of the argument, for he had the fact on his side. The more respectable and attractive any public house is, the greater mischief it is able to do in any decent community.

No better preparation for the hair has ever been invented than Ayer's Hair Vigor. It restores the original color to faded and gray hair, and imparts that natural gloss and freshness, everyone so much admires. Its reputation is world-wide.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Harrison's Cabinet officers press to be very wary of their jobs.

There are some nice places in the Senate to be awarded to Democrats. Senator Mills is in favor of going slowly with the revision of the tariff. Chicago's police force may soon adopt the bicycle to replace the horse. The official vote of Iowa gives Harrison a plurality of 22,965 over Cleveland. Tennessee miners are organizing again to resist the employment of convicts. Cotton planters are protesting the passage of the Hatch anti-option bill. An Oregon gang of robbers has among its members the six Zachari brothers of Missouri.

One of a party of three horse thieves captured in New Mexico was a woman from Texas. An Indian named Costello was hanged at El Paso, Tex., for a criminal assault on a girl. At Camden, Ark., John Evans was sentenced to serve 21 years for killing Deputy Sheriff Wooble.

Bank robbers blew open the safe of the First National Bank of Liberty, Mo., but got little money. The second trial of Actor M. B. Curtis for the murder of Policeman Grant has begun at San Francisco.

Western Kansas people will receive powerful assistance from outside the State in their efforts to divide the State. From \$4,000,000 to \$6,000,000 of the stock of the St. Louis-Chicago Electric Railroad have been floated in New York.

Dun's review reports business excellent the country over, with the volume of trade greater than in previous years.

T. Egbert Wheeler of Kansas City prayed to die because of the loss of an infant daughter, and Saturday night he died.

At Johnson City, Tenn., four men were arrested for tunneling under a bank, intending to blow it up and rob the vault.

Hon. Chauncey F. Black of Pennsylvania says the Democratic clubs will get themselves in shape for the campaign of 1896.

Jerry Simpson says the people voted for Hange and they want it made soon. Therefore he favors an extra session of Congress.

Congressman Bynum has discovered a scheme of the Federal Marshal at Indianapolis to make money out of his election expense account.

Neglect to hang out a signal light caused a collision, with loss of life, between two freight trains on the Panhandle near Richmond, Ind.

Robber rule at Wenatchee, near Spokane, Wash., has at last aroused the people, and the reign of thugs and murderers will terminate speedily.

W. L. Dempsey the St. Louis drummer who was arrested by mistake at Osceola, Mo., will sue that town and Town Marshal Calvard for \$20,000 damages.

President Higginbotham of the World's Fair Board has appealed by letter to Congressmen and Senators as individuals in behalf of an open Sunday at the Fair.

George Southard of near Valparaiso, Ind. believed that faith would prevent him from all harm and picked up a rattlesnake as a test. He was buried yesterday.

Dr. Jenkins, Health Officer of New York, states that there are reasonable doubts now whether any of the deaths at the New York Quarantine in the fall were caused by cholera.

The Senate inquiry into the employment of Pinkertons at Homestead finished its work at New York with an examination of Robert Pinkerton and Captain Hind and adjourned to Washington.

Joseph D. Hallock of Chillicothe, Mo., and Mrs. Martha Stafford of Leadville were married at the former place yesterday. Forty years ago they were married at the same place, but were divorced. Afterward each married and lost their companions.

Definition of Vanity.

London Tid-Bits offered a prize for the definition of "vanity" with this result. The winning definition is: "The rose colored spectacles through which we view ourselves."

The following are some of the definitions sent in: "The thin end of nothing sharpened to a point."

"The reflection of nothing, seen in the glass of self conceit."

"The tendency which most men have to keep their best goods in the front shop window."

"Fool's food."

"Emptiness priding itself on its contents."

"An attempt to recommend ourselves by a behavior contrary to our real character."

"The minimum of egg and the maximum of cackle."

"The egotism of little souls."

"A hollow drum upon which any passer by may play."

"A merciful provision of Nature whereby fools are satisfied with their folly."

"An inflated belief in the vastness of our supreme nothingness."

"A mirror in which we always see the faults of others, but never our own."

"A sensitive plant which cannot live without sunshine of public applause."

"The peacock's tail of humanity."

"A grain of sand convinced that it is a mountain."

"The outward fullness of inward emptiness."

"Everybody's private opinion."

"The gilded robes in which Ignorance wraps itself."

"A mean, petty conceit of any superiority, showing want of true greatness."

evaporation and cooling. In from five to ten minutes take the feet out, wipe them dry, and get into a bed on which there are two extra blankets.

Just before or after getting into bed, drink a large glassful of lemonade as hot as possible, or a glassful of hot water, containing a teaspoonful of cream of tartar, with a little sugar if desired.

Should there be pain in the chest, side or back, indicating pleurisy or pneumonia, dip a small towel in cold water, and wring it as dry as possible. Fold the towel so that it will cover a little more surface than is affected by the pain. Cover this with a piece of flannel and both with oiled silk, or better, with oiled linen; now wind a strip of flannel a foot wide several times around the chest.

The heat of the body will warm the towel almost immediately, the oiled linen and flannel will retain the heat and moisture, and steaming the part will generally cause the pain to disappear.

Should there be pain or soreness in the throat, you should treat it in a similar manner with wet compress and flannel bandage.

Eat sparingly of plain, simple food. Baked apples and other fruit, bread and butter, bread and milk, milk toast, baked potatoes or raw oysters may be eaten.

By following the above directions intelligently and faithfully, you will ordinarily check the progress of the cold, and prevent serious, possibly fatal, illness.—*Youth's Companion*

An English Proposition Endorsed by the American Delegates.

Brussels, Nov. 28.—In the International Monetary Conference today Mr. Alfred De Rothschild, of the English delegation, proposed that the powers engaged in the conference should form an association having for its object collective purchases annually of five million pounds sterling of silver, to be continued for a maximum period of five years, under the express condition that the United States continue its monthly purchase of silver similar to the purchases heretofore by said government, equal to 54,000,000 ounces of silver.

Mr. Rothschild's plan was preceded by an explanatory memorandum; quoting his correspondence with the governor of the Bank of England, wherein the governor says that he is always opposed, on principle, to bimetallism, and that Mr. Rothschild's plan is merely a monetary palliative of the crisis which the fall in silver has provoked. The governor adds that, nevertheless, this expression of opinion is purely personal.

All other British delegates except Bertram Currie are known to approve the Rothschild plan, and it is now confirmed that Mr. Rothschild and the American delegates are working together.

The Rothschild proposal was referred to a special commission of fourteen delegates. The same commission was instructed to consider and report on the plans of Moritz Levy and Adolph Soetbeer, mentioned in the proposals if the United States delegates. The commission on the American proposals will sit daily and will report to the conference on next Friday.

The Americans manifest increasing hope that the conference will adjourn without having achieved some substantial results.

"Golden Medical Discovery" cures those diseases which come from blood impurities—scrofula and skin diseases, sores and swellings.

But does it? It's put by the thousands of gallons, and sold to hundreds of thousands. Can it cure as well as though it had been compounded just for you?

Its makers say that thousands of people who have had Tetter and Salt-rheum, Eczema and Erysipelas, Carbuncles and Sore Eyes, Thick Neck and Enlarged Glands, are well to day because they used it.

Suppose that this is so. Suppose that a quick-witted man was far-seeing enough to know that to cleanse the blood was to cleanse the life. Suppose that by many experiments, and after many failures, he discovered this golden key to health and that his faith in it for you is so strong that you can go to your druggist, buy a bottle, and if it doesn't help you, you can get your money returned—cheerfully. Will you try it?

The remedy to have faith in, is the remedy the makers themselves have faith in.

No other remedy is so reliable, in cases of sudden colds, or coughs, or for any and all derangements of the throat and lungs, as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. This wonderful medicine affords great relief in consumption, even in the advanced stages of that disease.

If the hair is falling out and turning gray, the glands of the skin need stimulating and color-food, and the best remedy and stimulant is Hall's Hair Renewer.

THAT MURRAY DECISION.

Even Republicans See The Political Bearing.

The decision of the State Board of Canvassers in the Moise-Murray Seventh Congressional District contest, seating the negro, was the sensation of yesterday, and nearly every person met, no matter of what political faction or party express the greatest surprise. Those who were acquainted with the facts of the case as they were presented to the State board utterly fail to understand how such a result could have been reached.

Murray himself, so a leading Republican who was pretty intimately concerned in the case said yesterday, was as much surprised as any one else. This same Republican who by the way is one of Murray's right bowers when talking about the decision remarked, "You Conservatives are certainly catching it on every side," and went on to say that he believed that if Gen. Moise had been one of the "Dominant Element," Murray would have never laid eyes on the certificate which entitles him for the present to consider himself the Congressman from the Seventh District of South Carolina.

Murray spent the day in the city. He walked up and down Main street time and time again during the day and was about the happiest looking "nigger" that ever walked the streets of Columbia. A friend of his remarked that his head would soon be so large that he would at last have to discard that old stove pipe he has been wearing for so many years, and suggested the propriety of replacing it with a flexible "wool hat".

Gen. Youmans, leading counsel for Gen. Moise says that they have made no arrangements about appealing to Congress and contesting the award of the certificate to Murray. He has as yet had no consultation with Gen. Moise, but intimates that the contest will be made.

General News In Brief.

Cleveland is hunting on the Virginia beach. Sam Small of Georgia, is lecturing in this State.

Postmaster General Wanamaker's life is insured for \$1,505,000. One man was drowned, and three froze to death at Newbern last week.

The Western North Carolina Methodist Conference is now in session in Winston.

The fish caught last year in North Carolina were valued at \$1,057,000 to the fishermen.

The net receipts of the United States Government during the last year were, \$736,401,296, and the expenditure, \$684,019,289.

The comet which was heading toward us last week did no damage to this terrestrial sphere. Only a display of celestial fireworks on Wednesday night.

For the last fifteen days Winston has been a seat of incendiarism. A \$250,000 fire some weeks ago. Then the handsome hotel, the Zinzendorf, and now another fire.

The Hotel Zinzendorf of Winston, the pride of Western Carolina, was burned on Thursday, loss \$125,000. Insurance \$100,000. The fire originated by the explosion of a gasoline stove in the laundry.

John Hatcher of Knoxville, Tenn., died last week from the effects of drinking six beer bottles of whisky at one time. He had made a bet to the effect that he could drink so much, and he died from the effects.

Cotton growers are delighted at the marked rise in the price of the staple. Several things combine to bring about this effect; political affairs, New York futures market, short crops and the mastery which America has obtained over the cotton market of the world.

Should be in Every House.

J. B. Wilson, 371 Clay St., Sharpsburg, Pa., says he will not be without Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, that it cured his wife who was threatened with Pneumonia after an attack of "La Grippe," when various other remedies and several physicians had done her no good. Robert Barber, of Cooksfort, Pa., claims Dr. King's New Discovery has done him more good than anything he ever used for Lung Trouble. Nothing like it. Try it. Free Trial Bottles at Dr. E. Norton's Drug Store. Large bottles, 50c. and \$1.00.

Only the wounds of self respect are fatal, but the wounds of self love ache the hardest.

Complete cable communication was established in 1872 between Australia and England. The first telephone exchange was established in London in 1879. Ten officers were connected.

Optim Habit cured by Dr. Miles' Nervine.