# PARKER REPLIES.

Says Blease Admitted Knowledge of the Lanahan Matter

## IN A TALK WITH HIM

At Wright's Hotel in June, 1906, and in Justice to All Parties Concerned Calls on Blease to Name the "High State Official" Who Represented the Lanahan Firm Before the State Board.

To the Editor of the News and Courier: Please pardon a few words in answer to Senator Cole L. Blease in his recent remarks in the State Railroad Commission Says It Must days illness. He was taken sick on Senate with reference to my testimony before the winding-up commission.

The absurdity of the charge of conspiracy as made by Mr. Blease self was a supporter of Governor sonal regard for him, I differed with order, which is as follows: him on the issues of the campaign and voted for another.

I have never had a communication with him or any one else referred to by Mr. Blease with reference to my the Southern Express company file for in the primary this Summer. testimony, except with Mr. Avery with this commission, print and keep Patton, to whom, after having been posted, and keep open to public inposted, and keep open to public inof a committee of Senators and Re-December 30, urging him "not again showing all rates and charges for interred at Belton, at which place he before the commission a few days

Mr. Blease asks the question why I waited until after Mr. Lanahan's death to answer the question as to who Mr. Lanahan had told me was representing him in South Carolina. I agree with him that it was unfortunate that the answer had to be made subsequent to Mr. Lanahan's death, but I had no choice in the matter.

No one knows better than Mr Blease why the question was not answered two years are at the time of

terms, "a plea of confession and avoidance." Mr. Blease now denies that he had any connection with Mr. Lanahan.

I may add that I am advised by Mr. Wm. Elliott of Columbia, who was my attorney in the proceedings before the Supreme Court, that Mr. Blease made to him practically the same statement as made above.

In justice to Mr. Blease himself, and in justice to the memory of Mr. Lanahan, Mr. Blease is now, it seems to me, called upon to say who was the "high State official," whom Mr. Lanahan had employed, as he has acknowledged full acquaintanceship The Senator Was Operated On For in the matter. Whilst I cannot con ceive that I have been mistaken as to statements made to me by Mr. Lanaham, still if there be error in what Mr. Lanahan stated to me, Mr. Blease can clear it and should do so.

Respectfully, Lewis A. Parker. Greenville, S. C., February 17, 1908

AFTER THE EXPRESS COMPANY

Publish hts Rates.

The Railroad Commission has adopted an order relating to express rates which is very important. Bills grew rapidly worse until Thursday must be apparent, but there may be in line with this order have from morning, when he passed away at some conditions not understood by time to time been presented in the nine o'clock .. all. Neither Capt. Smyth nor my- General Assembly and there have been some complaint in regard to the were present when the end came Ansel in the recent campaign. For myself, though I had the highest perregard to the express companies in Senator Latimer was about fiftyregard to the matters treated in the seven years old. He has been in

> Columbia, S. C., Feb. 12, 1908. To the Southern Express Company. It is hereby ordered:

1st. That on or by March 15, 1908, subpoensed as a witness before the inspection, at each of their offices or of a committee of Senators and Re winding-up commission I wrote on agencies in this State, schedules presentatives on a special train and pearing in a matter about which I freight; and said schedules shall toned up-right gentleman. He had know practically nothing." To this contain classification of all freights. been for years a member of the Methletter I have had a reply and had Said schedule of rates, charges and odist Church. He leaves a wife and not seen Mr. Patton until I appeared classifications to be open to public several children. inspection at any time during office hours.

classification of any article, be made Marion Rucker of Anderson, Exuntil 30 days' notice be posted at all Speaker of the House Farnk B. Gary offices or agencies and not until this of Abbeville, Senator LeGrand Wal commission has had 30 days' notice ker of Georgetown. and its consent given to the proposed the proposed rate or change in classification.

Southern Express company shall paste conspiciously on each package received by it for shipment collect, a

# LATIMER DEAD.

The Senator Dies Thursday Morning After a Short Illness.

## SHOCK TO STATE.

Appendicitis at a Washington Hospital on Sunday.-At First He Got Along All Right, But Peritonitis Followed and He Soon Passed Away.

Senator Asbury C. Latimer died at Providence Hospital at Washington on Thursday morning after a few Sunday night and was taken to the hospital at once, where he was operated on for appendicitis. He got on very well until Tuesday, when complications set in, and the Senator

Mrs. Latimer and two daughters the Sesate nearly six years. Before going to the Senate, he served ten years in the House as a Representative. He was a candidate to succeed himself and would have been voted

His remains were brought from to put me to the humiliation of ap- the transportation or carrying of any lived. Senator Latimer was a high- one,

Among the prospective candidates developed for the unexpired term to 2d. That no rate, or change of be filled by the Lgislature, are E.

#### FOOLISH YOUNG MAN.

3d. On or by March 15, 1908, the Gets in Serious Trouble For Raising a Money Order.

WENT FROM THIS STATE.

Man Who Kiled Another in Mississippi is From Spartanburg.

J. F. Wilder, who shot and killed W. L. Booth of Ballas, Texas, at lopps, Mississippi, last Saturday afternoon, is a native of Spartanburg county. He has a brother living in Spartanburg and has many relatives in the county. Twenty years ago Wilder was running a saw mill engine at Woodruff at 50 cents a day. He left here 15 years ago for Mississippi, where he operated a saw mill on his own account. He made money fast and is now worth about

Another Supreme Court Needed.

The Dorchester Eagle says: 'There is complaint now that the county is put to unneccesary expense to care for one J. M. Walker, who has been confined in the county jail for more than a vear. The case was tried nearly a year ago and Walker was sentenced to 15 years in the state penitentiary, but has remained in jail here pending a decision from the Supreme court. The county is paying \$9 per month board for Walker and the board is getting tired of it. An investigation into the matter has been orderby the supervisor." The Legislature has just established two more circuits to relieve the congestion of cases that accumulates in the circuit courts, and may be at the next session it can be induced to establish another supreme court to work off the congestion of cases that has accumulated on the hands of the old

#### An Object Lesson.

In the hold of one lake steamer, 4-21,000 bushels of wheat were carried recently from Superior to Buffalo. gle boatload of grain. It weighed about 25,260,000 pounds and will mill into 18,945,000 pounds of flour, convertible into more than 20,000,000 pound loaves of bread---three loaves year and a half. Assuming that thrium of the

SUICIDE STATISTICS.

Childies Marriages a Cause-Rate Dutch, English and American Emblems High Among Germanic Nations.

Among 1,000,000 suicides of all classes, it has been found that 200 married men with children destroyed their lives; 470 married men without children; but whomers with and love widowers without children.

With respect to the women, 45 married women with and 158 without children committed suicide, while 104 widows with, and 238 without offspring, completed the list.

On the race of things, says the 11lustrated London News, it would appear that in childless marriages the number of men suicides is doubled and in women trebled. Leaving the case of actually insane persons out of count, it would also appear that in males suicide is more frequent than in females.

Equally interesting is that phase of the subject which dears with the causes. One table dealing with 6.73: cases snows one-seventh caused by misery, one twenty-first part by loss of fortune, one forty-third by gambling, one nineteenth by love affairs one-ninth by domestic troubles, one sixty-sixth by fanaticism, and by foiled ambition and remorse one-seventh and one twentyseventh respectively.

The geography of suicide is also of high interest. Westcott says the highest proportion in Europe shown by the Germanic races, Saxony having "the largest spicide reof any country." In Norway the rate was very large for a time, its decrease being attributed to the greater restrictions now laid on the liquor traffic.

The Celtic races have a low rate. and this is evinced by the figures for Ireland and Wales. Mountainous regions are said to show a lower rate than lowlands. In the highlands of Scotland and Wales, and in the high areas of Switzerland, suicide is

Times and seasons also operate, apparently to influence the act of selfdestruction. Roughly speaking, the curve line of suicide, calculated through the year, rises from January Think of the pretty baking and to July, and decreases for the secloaves of bread involved in that sin- ond half of the year. The maximum periods have been found to fall th May, June and July. I believe indeed June is found to show a marked predominance as a suicide month.

One reason for such preeminence in the warm season of the year is set a day for each man in Admiral Evan's hot weather affecting the system and fleet during the whole cruise of a tending to disturb the mental equil-

NEW YORK HISTORY IN FLAGS.

That Have waved over the City. The first Laropean visitor to Manhattan is and was Henry Hudson who in 1609 filled up the river now bearing his ......c. The flag under which ae sailed was that I the Dutch East

India Company, which was the flag of the United Provinces of the Nethcrlands, orange, white and blue arranged in three equal horizontal stripes, in the centre of the white stripe being the letters "A. O. C."--Algemeene Oost-Indise Compagnie (General East India Company).

From the time of the discovery no visitor came into these waters of which there is record until 1612, when Manhattan was settled under the East India Company, which continued in possession until 1622 when the government fell into the hands of the West India Company. The mag of the Dutch West India Company was the same as that of its predecessor save that it bore the letters "G. W. C." Geocstroyeore West-Indese Compagnie (Privileged West India com-

This was the dominant flag ti. 364, when this island was surrende. . i to the English, and the Union sack terosses of England and Scotland) of Great Britain supplanted the tifcolor of Holland and the name of New Amsterdam was changed to New York. The Union Jack at present is derived from the union of the three crosses of St. George, St. Andrew and St. Patrick, adopted in 1801, when the act of union with Ireland was passed.

In the month of July, 1673, the ""c" am'n took po's ssien of the city, which they occupied until November 19, 1674, when by virtue of a freaty of peace between England and Holland the Union Jack again floated over the city.

From this time there was no interuption in the supremacy of the English until the year 1609, when the memorable rale of Leisler, specifly terminated by his death, occurred. He was a warm supporter of William and Mary, and it is possible that, while he held possession of the fort, the flag of William, not then proclaimed King of England, might have floated over New York. But there is no record of this.

Were it so however, it could have been but for a very brief period, and the English flag waved undisputed until the era of the American revolu-

members of the investigating committee. Having been excused by the investigating committee from answering the question then, it certainly would have been improper and inconsistent for me subsequently to have rushed into print to make public statements which I had asked the Legislative committee to excuse me from making before them. Having been excused then from disclosing the personage referred to by Mr. Lanahan, I was not called upon to note any denial by him that Mr. Blease was the person referred to It will be noted, however, that Mr Lanahan never denied any part of the conversations referred to by me in my testimony. He merely denied that he had told me that Mr. Blease represented him, which at that time I had not testified to before the committee, because, as stated, I had been

Mr. Blease certainly surprises me, however, in his statement to the effect that he had no idea that I referred to him in my statements before the investigating committee. When I testified in June, 1906, Mr. Lanahan had been advised of my having been subpoensed and of the C. M. Efird necessity of my testifying to my conversation with him if the Court decreed that I should do so; furthermore the attorneys representing Mr. H. H. Evans had been advised before I testified of the purport of my testimony.

As the intimacy between Mr. Blease and Mr. Evans was well known, I had presumed that it had been com- ties of Florence, Horry, Georgetown municated to Mr. Blease what my

testimony would be.
This precaution was confirmed in my own mind by statements of Mr. Blease to me. On the evening of my testimony, whilst Mr. Haynsworth and I were supping together at Wright's Hotel, Mr. Blease, who had been taking supper at a table some distance away, stopped at our table a moment, and after expressing his approval of the position I had taken with reference to testifying said it effect that he was familiar with all ment of the party referred to by me by Mr. Lanahan; that he had no apoligies to make to anyone for voting to excuse me from giving the the service expected of a m when be he did learn what was expected he declined to serve furthr, and received less than two hundred dollars

matter, and, as, expressed in legal tenced to hang on March 25.

for his compensation.

the sene la label as herein set out:

Amt .. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. Weight........... Date . .

5th. On each of these labels shall for shipment.

> B. L. Caughman. Chairman. John H. Earle. J. M. Sullivan, Commissioners

TWO MORE JUDGES

To Fill the New Circuits Created

This Session.

Messrs. J. W. DeVore, of Edgefield, and S. W. G. Shipp, of Florence, were Thursday afternoon elected judges of the two new circuit created by this legislature.

Mr. J. W. DeVore was chosen judge of the eleventh circuit, consisting of Lexington, Saluda and Edgefield. He was opposed by Mr. Mr. DeVore represents Edgefield

in the house, and his opponent, Mr Effrd, is supreme court reporter. Mr DeVore defeated Mr. Sfird by a you of 89 to 70. Mr. S W. G. Shipp, of Florence

defeated Mr. W. Y. Montgomery, of Marion, by a vote of 92 to 69. The twelfth circuit consists of the counand Marion. The new judges will begin the dis

charge of their duties with the begining of the spring terms of court in May.

SPEEDY JUSTICE.

Quick Work in the Trial of a Confessed Flend.

Committed assault Thursday, ar rested and jailed Friday, indicted the the facts with regard to the employ- following Monday, tried, convicted and sentenced to be hanged Tuesday the record established by the Trazewell, Va., Circuit Court in the case of the Commonwealth against name, but that in justice to the party Walter Rippey, the convessed negro referred to be wanted to say that rapist. Rippey was tried for assault that party had not undersood fully on Mrs. Mary Dancey. Mrs. Dancey testified and in the course of her accepted the employment, and when story was several times overcome, of his sweetheart, Mrs. Ester Pollogical I understood the statement of Mr. crime in that section. The jury was two shots into his gody and feil,

Marshall A. Fisher, of this city went perior to make that one cargo. Here for Warren and returned with him to this city on Tuesday.

by the forwarding office, amount col- was that he did not know why he did waterways will mean, lect or to be collected, the weight of it. The facts in the case are as folthe package and the date received lows: On November 2, 1907, Mrs A. E. Beverly, Waren's aunt, purchased a money order at the Bamberg doing so he changed the order to \$9.81 ond added several articles for his own use.

he desired for his own up and carried the balance to his aunt, who was rency, secured by a deposit of misart of the transaction. The matter inspector was not long in locating system, gathering the corrupt humthe guilty party.

Lide, Esq., United Staets Commis- criticism from the leading business um of three hundred dollars for his appearance at the United States Court. Warren is a young white man about twenty-two years of age. Orangeburg Times and Democrat

DRANK DISPENSARY DRY.

Georgians Closed North Augusta Shop for a While.

The troubles of the North Augusta dispensary continue to exist. The people of the little South Carolina town have tried to close the liquor hop and failed on several occasions more successful. The little shop vas closed, the third time since its opening during the early afternoon, eenuse the stock had again been exhausted. And the dispensary trade in or from Augusta is increasing ev-

THLLED HIMSELF

Because His Sweetheart Refused to

Smile on Him.

"Smile just once at me, dear," pleaded John Tripp, aged 20 years and the Court had to wait until she Davis, a grass widow, 21 years of regained her composure before pro- at the latter's home at Indianapolis ceeding. The recital was one of the Ind., on Wednesday night. Failing most harrowing in the annals of to get the desired smile, Tript fired Blease to be a diplomatic acknowl- out a short time and when the ver- mortally wounded, at her feet. Tripp edgement of his connection with the diet was returned Rippey was sen- was a railroad man, recently from LaFayette, Ind.

Kingsmore. Deputy United States ty tons capacity were hauled to Su- of committing suicide from other we have an object lesson of the val- in Italy this mode of self-destruction The foolish young man admits the ue to farmers of water transportabe written in ink, or indelible pencil, charge and the only excuse offered tion and what the canaling of our

And the many transport to the

Morgan and Rockefeller.

The "interests" that inspired the postoffice for \$1.81 in favor of a Aldrich Currency bill will hardly Chicago mail order house. The mon-know it when the Senate gets ey order and order for goods were through with it. "Whatever the given to Warren to mail, but before minor eccentricities of it's varigated texture" remarks the New York Journal of Commerce, "one vicious When the package arrived at the pattern will run all through it. It express office it was delivered to War- will provide for an emergency addiren, who removed the articles which tion to the regular volume of curperefetly ignorant of the irregular cellaneous bonds and heavily taxed. This will be a mere exaggeration of was reported to the postoffice author- the radical defect of the existing or, with which it is infected into a Warren was taken before Robert morbid excrescence." This severe noner, who bound him over in the and financial newspaper of the country, should cause a Republican Congress to pause before it further complicates our cumbersome financial structure by makeshifts.

Controlled by the Few. Senator La Follette says that seventy six men, holding 1600 directorships in the great business enneerns of the country, control the business of the nation and that the railroads are controlled by eight men. No wonder the last Republican National Convention refused Senator La Folbut the people of Augusta have been lette a seat in that convention, and that there is an evident conspiracy | turns from the day they or to keep him out of the coming convention. The Republican machine does not allow such home thrusts to be made by those labeled Republi-

> FORMER Secretary of the Treasury Shaw is running about the country like a politician ont of a job, but anxious to get one.

THE Ohio Republicans are so bitter against each other that they are appealing to the Courts to decide which owns the "machine."

THE Anderson Mail thinks that Southern states that send Foraker delegates to the Chicago convention should require them to leave their razors at home. Not a bad idea.

lands. The most common European methods is by means of nanging, but

Drowning comes next in order, and twice as many women as men perish in this way each year in Europe Shooting is frequent in Italy and it Switzerland. Cut throat is common in England and Ireland; it does not seem to constitute anywhere else a frequent mode of ending life.

Poisoning is a specially Angle-Saxon method of suicide, we are told While suffocation by the tumes of earbonic acid gas, inhaled in a closed room, is very typical of suicide in

SOUTH AMERICAN RAILWAYS.

They Run East and West Instead of North and South.

Although to the North American exponents of that project there has seemed a discouraging lack of interest in the Pan-American Railroad men, there has really been no cessation of the activity of the latter in pushing development in their more immediate spheres

"Let us build the lines the country needs," they say, "and don't ask us to go out of our way to further a scheme which, however practicable from an engineering point of view, would not pay us dividends in this century, and possibly not in the next.

"We concede that we might benefit indirectly through the increased stability of government that would tollow the building of an intercontinental line, but that benefit is too remote to interest us at a time when we have ample opportunity for expending all our available funds in the construction of lines that will 1 renoned." So it happens that here has never been so much its in rattway construction 4th America as at the promoment, almost without exe ne new lines are callels rather than following cunning east and west intho: north and south. Reviews. view

r. Hunten-Um going to India to int six months:

Miss Catchem- And I suppose you III forget all about poor me. Mr. Hunten- My dear, it will take

terrible fierce elephant to make me forget you.

You can't make a nagging woman disposition in the neighborhood.

and on univerent means | Unief of the American Forces, and on his way to take command at Cambridge and Tryon, the English Gov. ernor, who had arrived the day before. It was about this time that the hist raising of any but the English tag in New York occurred. Before his, indeed, liberty poles had been al and and our down again; but now, March, 1775, a Union flag, with a red ield, was hoisted in New York upon . he liberty pole on the Common bearng the inscription "George Rex and the liberties of America," and upon the other Side "No Popery,"

The British, under Gov. Tryon, vasted New York in 1775, but there to record which gives any positive thie as to the raising of the American flag here.

The city was held by American troops, after this event, until September 13, 1776, when Washington retreated to mariem and afterward from the island, and the city was occupied by Sir Henry Clinion and from that time held by the B I ish until the close of the war. They evacuated the city Nevember 25, 1783. Since then no dag but the Stars and Stripes has waved over the city in token of powor and authority.

THE WALLS OG JERICO.

Important Discoveries Being Made by an Australian Professor.

Professor Sellin's exeavations on the site of the ancient city of Jericho are yielding unexpectedly rich treasares. In his last letters to the Vienna Academy of Science the professor writes that over a hundred men are digging at five different points.

One of the most interesting finds is the historical city wall, built of burns lime bricks. It was some ten feet in thickness, rising from a stone foundation. On the western side of the city the wall was nearly forty feet in width. At another point a private house was found built over another house of a still earlier epoch.

Other discoveries include lamps, plates, cups, needles, weights, mertars and mills of b.onze and stone, some of very rough and primitive handwork, and others very finely exccuted. In the inner city remains of rows of houses have been ascovered, and the ancient Hebrew lettering proves that the old Hebrew characters were in use

Professor Selli, hopes to renew the excavating work next winter. In the mean time he says that the work already done has opened up a wealth of material for the student of the pre-Israelite and Canaanite period. -Pall Mall Gazette.

Two Kinds--"A drowning man will believe that she hasn't the sweetest catch at a straw." "And so will a thirsty man."