The Metropolitan Rail Road.—We last week published the charter of a company for constructing this road. In the necessary absence of the editor from the printing office, numerous very awkward typographical errors occurred in it, as well as in other parts of the paper, both last week and the week before, but they were not such as to prevent the reader from gathering the meaning from the context. The charter is a good one, and ought to prove, and we doubt not will prove satisfactory to those who may wish to invest their funds in the enterprize. We learn that Northern Capitalists have had such an examination of the route made as satisfies them that the stock will yield a good profit, and are ready to take stock, when so much of it shall be taken in the neighborhood of the route as will secure the efficient management of the business of the company.

Another Southern Commercial Convention is to be held in Charleston on the 3d. April. A public meeting in the city appointed a large number of delegates to attend it. Delegates have also been appointed by meetings in some other places.

North Carolinian.—This is the title of a new weekly paper just issued in Fayetteville N. C. by Mr. H. L. Holmes. From the first number we judge that the paper will be ably conducted. It will be a party paper and will support the present Administration of the General Government. We hope it will be more *temperate* than most party papers of the present day, and that it will never descend to act upon the rule that its cause must be supported, by fair means if they answer, but by foul means if necessary.

Monthly Genesee Farmer. We have received the February No. of this cheap and excellent Periodical. Of its popularity some estimate may be found from the fact that FIVE THOUSAND new names were added to its subscription list during the month of January. It is a large sheet published in octavo form, for convenience of preservation and binding, and it contains the choice articles published in the Weekly Genesee Farmer The price is only *fifty cents* per annum ;—Eleven copies for five dollars. Persons wishing to subscribe, for it will address the publisher, LUTHER TUCKER, *Rochester, N. Y.*

The present No. contains 3 beautiful cuts representing the Leicester, Sheep, and the improved China and Berkshire hogs. It also contains a cut shewing the proper form of chimneys, to prevent smoking, and one shewing the fixtures for feeding silk worms.

The mails.—We have never heard more frequent complaints of the irregularity of the mails than at this time, and we know from experience that the complaints are well founded. There is certainly gross mismanagement somewhere Our latest paper from Washington, at the time of penning this paragraph, is *eleven days old.* Our latest news from Congress is often received from the Charleston papers; and even they, when sent by way of George Town, are not unfrequently suffered to pass on to Fayetteville and are then brought to us by the Northern mail; whilst our Northern papers are still more frequently sent on a visit to Charleston, or some other place perhaps farther out of the way, and are brought to us by the Southern mail. Letters are equally slow in their passage, and often travel equally circuitous routes before they reach us.

Family Visitor and Silk Culturist.—This is the title of a new periodical issued in New York, and edited by Theodore Dwight Jun. We have not seen it, but copy the following notices of it from two very respectable sources.

From the Congregationalist, of Hartford Conn.

THE FAMILY VISITER, AND SILK CULTURIST.—The first number of this Publication has been laid upon our table. It is edited by Theodore Dwight, Jun. and published by Theodore Foster, at New York. It is issued in weekly numbers at $2,50 per annum, or in monthly parts stitched in covers, at $3,00.—The work is designed chiefly for the benefit of families, and promises to furnish a variety of instructive reading "under the heads of Useful Arts, Science, Literature, Natural History, News, Juvenile Instruction, Poetry, Music, &c." Each number is to contain several engravings. The specimen before us is highly attractive in the interest and variety of its contents, the beauty of its embellishments, and the neatness of its typographical execution.

The Agent for the publication in Hartford is Westerly Perkins, No. 37 Mill Street.

From the Christian Advocate and Journal of New York.

FAMILY VISITER AND SILK CULTURIST, a splendid weekly magazine of the quarto size, elegantly printed and richly embellished with appropriate cuts, is published by Messrs. Dwight, Allen & Foster, 135 Nassau-street of which the first four numbers, making one monthly part, stitched and covered, have been shown us. This work we think bids fair to be a valuable addition to our periodical literature.

Virginia. The Legislature of this state, after spending several days in balloting for U. S. Senator in the place of Mr. Rives whose term of service expired with the session of Congress just closed, finally postponed the election *indefinitely.* Messrs. Tyler, Rives and Mason were the candidates first in nomination. Tyler received about 47 votes Rives 45 to 50 and Mason 68, for several ballotings. Tyler was then withdrawn, and Chapman Johnson nominated; after which Tyler, Johnson and Rives successively came within 4 votes of the number necessary to a choice; but either conservatives enough would adhere to Mr. Rives, or Whigs enough to one of the other candidates to prevent an election.

Border Troubles.—The difficulties between the state of Maine, and the British authorities in Canada on the boundary question seem to threaten serious consequences. The Governor of Maine, having ascertained that many persons were engaged in cutting timber on a part of the disputed territory, hitherto under the jurisdiction of Maine, sent a confidential communication to the Legislature, then in session, communicating the act, and asking power for the Land Agent, to put a stop to the trespassing. The Legislature gave him authority to arrest, detain and imprison all persons trespassing on the "territory of the state, as established by the treaty of 1783." The result is communicated by the governor to the Legislature, in the following message.

To the House of Representatives:

In compliance with the request of the House of Representatives. I herewith communicate such information as I have in relation to "the reported abduction of the Land Agent."

Under the resolve of the 24th of January last, entitled "Resolve relating to trespassors upon the public lands," the Land Agent repaired with about two hundred chosen men to the scene of operation on the Aroostook River Prior to his reaching there, it is understood that the trespassors, amounting to about three hundred in number, all well armed, had combined and were determined to resist every effort to break them up.—Finding, however, that the Land Agent had prepared himself with a six-pounder, they chose to retire from the ground, passing down the river.

The Land Agent, with his company, also, passed down the Aroostook to near its mouth, finding the several places of operation abandoned by the trespassers. On Monday last, they captured a gang of about twenty who had been operating further up the river, and sent several who were considered the ringleaders to Bangor, where it is supposed they are now in jail. On Monday the Land Agent sent a letter to Mr. McLauchlin, the Land Agent of the Province of New Brunswick, inviting a meeting with him at the house of a Mr. Fitzherbert, about four miles from where the company were then stationed, and on the same evening, with four others, Mr. McIntire repaired to the house of Mr. Fitzherbert, intending to pass the night there. The trespassers, however in some way became possessed of the facts, and detached a company of about fifty, who seized the Agent and those accompanying him, and transported them, it is believed, beyond the bounds of the State.

Our company is now at No. 10 on the Aroostook, fortified, and anticipating an attack, in case any attempt should be made on our part to execute the resolve of the 24th of January by destroying the timber which has already been cut.

I have advised the sending of a reinforcement of three hundred men, as it is probable the number of the trespassers will be constantly augmenting—and if a resolve to that effect be passed, shall appoint an agent to supply temporarily the place of Mr. McIntire, and lead on the expedition. I have also despatched a special messenger to Sir John Harvey, Lt. Governor of New Brunswick, for the purpose, among other things, of ascertaining whether these highhanded proceedings of the trespassers authorized or in any way countenanced by the Provincial Government; and to procure the release of the Agent and those taken with him. The Agent was also charged with other matters pertaining to this most extraordinary and outrageous proceeding.

The facts above related, except in relation to my own doings, have been communicated to me verbally by the Sheriff of Penobscot, who formed one of the company of the Land Agent.

This is the only communication from the Land Agent or his company, which I have had verbally or otherwise, that could be relied upon.

JOHN FAIRCHILD.

Council Chamber, Feb. 15, 1839.

The following from the Bangor Whig exhibits something of the excitement which prevails in some parts of Maine on this subject.

Office of the Bangor Whig,
Sunday evening, 6 o'clock.

Capture of Mr. McLauchlan, the Warden of the Disputed Territory.—Mr. McLauchlan, the Warden of the Public Lands in New Brunswick, and Capt. Tibbetts, of the Tobique settlement, have just been brought into the city, prisoners.

The excitement in Augusta, (where the legislature is in session,) in Portland and Bangor, on account of the seizure of the Land Agent, of Maine, is very great. A correspondent of the Portland Advertiser, under date of Augusta, Feb. 17, says: "All is bustle and confusion—horses, carriages men, and munitions of war, all preparing for the Aroostook country, which is soon to become the seat of war." "We will not be trifled with any longer—our cause is a righteous one and we will defend it with our best blood." "We can take Canada and the provinces single handed, especially in the present state of public feeling there."

Sir John Harvey Lieutenant Governor of New Brunswick has issued a proclamation, calling on the civil authorities to adopt proper measures for resisting invasions of Her Majesty's teritory,—and also calling for a draught of militia to aid the civil authorities in this work. He has also addressed a communication to the Governor of Maine, in which he assumes that the disputed territory, was to remain in the exclusive jurisdiction of the British Government according to agreement with the United States Government, and complains that the Governor of Maine has undertaken to remove by force alledged trespassers without first applying to the proper British authorities for their removal.

These papers the Governor of Maine has sent to the Legislature of his State, informing them at the same time that he had despatched a force of between four and five hundred men to the disputed territory, and ordered a draught of 1000 more to be held in readiness for the same service. The Senate passed a resolution by unanimous vote, appropriating $300,000 to enable the Governor to stand his ground. The resolution doubtless passed the lower house also

A communication on the subject was also made by the Governor of Maine to the Governor Massachusetts, which owns a moiety of the vacant lands in Maine, according to stipulation at the time when Maine was seperated from Massachusetts and erected into a State. Governor Everett, however, takes the matter rather more cooly than his excellency of Maine. In a message communicating to the Legislatute the documents sent him, he says that "should a state of things unhappily arise in which the Government of the United States shall call upon Massachusetts for her assistance in assertiug the rights so long and so injuriously withheld, (he) is persuaded the call will receive a prompt response from the Legislature and the people."

Maine would have the two countries by the ears at once if she could. But happily the war power is not vested in her.

Our relations with Great Britain clouded !! Report of a Special Call of Congress

The conduct of the British authorities in New Brunswick has thrown the State of Maine into a violent ferment. A member of Congress writes us, on the 24th, "We are anxious about the State of our Northern Frontier. The whole border is bent on a war with England; and the recent events in Maine give rise to the most serious apprehensions

A passsenger, who, arrived in the Northern Car, yesterday morning, states as a prevalent report in Washington, that the Cabinet had been two days in Council, and that it was said there would be a special call of Congress. In fact, a letter which we received the day before mentioned the same circumstance—and stated that there were other circumstances in our relations with Great Britain, which were calculated to produce some uneasiness—that she had made a demand upon us to deliver up certain persons who had commited crimes in Canada; and it was said to be the President's opinion that he could not under the Constitution and the laws comply with this demand—and that he would probably at an early day make it the subject of a special message to the present Congress, &c., Our Correspondent adds, that if "prudence can overcome these difficulties they will be avoided."—*Richmond, Enquirer.*

UNEXAMPLED IN THE HISTORY OF RAILROADS.—The Georgia Railroad and Banking Company have, within the last three years, completed and put in operation eighty miles of railroad, and graded upwards of fifty more. At the same time they have been able to declare from their profits regular annual dividends of *eight per cent. per annum* upon the *whole capital* invested in the railroad and bank.

The receipts on that part of the road in operation for the last three months (72 miles in length) has averaged $16,000 per month. When opened to Greensboro', and the whole southern travel thrown on it, to that place, it is estimated that the receipts will reach $26,000 per month.—*U. S. Gaz.*

We understand that a delegation of several gentlemen is now in this city, in behalf of the American Society for the Diffusion Useful Knowledge, and that the Society are now taking measures to invite the attention of the General and State Governments, and of the citizens of the United States generally, to the important objects of the institution. A Public Meeting for this purpose will, we are informed, be held on Wednesday evening, of which more particular notice will be given.—*Nat. Intel.*

UNCOMMON PRESENCE OF MIND IN A BOY.—The following fact is related to us by a friend, who had it from the mouth of a gentleman from Machias: Mrs. ——, of Machias, left her five children in bed, the eldest a boy of nine years, and went to a neighbor's to spend the evening, locking the door after her. The eldest boy was awakened by the roaring of fire, and the falling of cinders on the bed. He sprang up, took the infant from the cradle, ran to the door, and, finding it fast, stove out a window, jumped out, and laid the infant in a place of safety; then returned and pulled the other children out of bed bed by their feet, and threw them in succession out of the window, and then got out himself, and began to cry fire at the top of his voice. The house was entirely destroyed.—*Bangor Whig.*

University of the City of New York.—The Council have elected the Hon. Theodore Frelinghuysen of New Jersey, to the Chancellorship in place of the Rev. Dr. Mathews, resigned.

The Mails.—We learn from a gentleman who has recently travelled over the route, that by the present arrangement, the great Northern mail is stopped 5 hours at Richmond, 13 hours at Petersburg, and from 4 to 5 at Raleigh.—*Fayetteville Ob.*

More Wild Cat Intelligence.—A letter from Michigan, under date of January 26th, 1839, says: "The monied affairs of Michigan grow worse and worse. A year ago last December, there were in Michigan sixty-three Wild Cat Banks, and probably each Bank on an average put in circulation 50,000 dollars; some did much more. Now, of this Wild Cat establishment, the bills of only two Banks will pass. Much of this Wild Cat money travelled abroad, yet the probable loss to Michigan was two-thirds of the whole issue, or not less than 2,000,000 of dollars.

Among the deaths at Newport, R. I. during the last year, are twenty-nine persons reported as over seventy years of age, and one a hundred and ten. Their united ages were 2,477 years and the average eighty and a half years.

The whole number of members in the Methodist Episcopal Church in the United States, is 720,625. Total increase last year, from December 1837 to December 1838, 59,572.

FROM MEXICO.

Great uncertainty yet prevails as to the existing relations between Mexico and France. Reports have reached this through channels, representing that the controversy had been amicably adjusted. There are circumstances which go very strongly to confirm these statements. The return of the Prince de Joinville to Havana, and the announcement of his intention to proceed to France, are facts that show that the war with Mexico was over. The gallantry of the young Prince would not suffer him to leave the scene of conflict, while there was a chance of participating in the glory of a military conquest of Mexico. On the other hand, some doubts are suggested by accounts recently received from Tampico. A gentleman who sailed from that port on the 15th instant, states that nothing was said about peace at Tampico, although they had news from Vera Cruz to the 10th of February. The intelligence from the interior was favorable to the arms and progress of the Federal party. General Urrea had gone to San Louis De Potosi—General Mexia to Tuspan, and Gen. Demos to Metamoras. Every where on the road the people received them with open arms. It was said the force under Urrea at San Louis would be little short of 8000 men. The port of Tampico was not blockaded by any ships of war, nor was there any restriction upon commerce with the interior. Heavy gales of wind were experienced in the Gulf between the 1st and 12th of February, but no shipwrecks were reported.—*N. Orleans Bulletin.*

HARD TO KILL.—It is stated by a correspondent of the New Orleans Sun, that Desha, the son of a former Governor of Kentucky, who murdered a man named Baker, and was reprieved and who afterwards murdered a man in Texas, but died in prison before the day of executisn came, is since discovered to be alive His existence is accounted for by supposing that he did not absolutely die in prison, and that a log of wood, a counterfeit body, was buried instead of him.

BRITISH NAVY.

According to late English papers, Great Britain has besides 36 steam vessels of War, afloat and building, a navy consisting of 89 ships of the line fit for service, upwards of 100 Frigates ready for service or easily made so, with smaller craft in proportion, amounting in all to over 1000 sail,—a force said to be more than equal to the combined navies of France, Russia, and the United States.

For the Cheraw Gazette.

ACROSTIC.

Sunshine and clouds alternate high.
And day and night, changing, rush speedily by;
Refulgent in light, then inveloped in gloom,—
A fitful course, thus, is man's way to the tomb,
How brief and how few are the rays that are shed.

Enlightening and cheering his heart and his head!
Long, and heavy, and tedious the seasons of woe.
In the life which he spends 'mong his fellows below.
Zeal, and wisdom, and energy ne'er can redeem
A heart from the griefs which around it are teem.

Men in vain seek for joy and for happiness here,—
Youth and manhood are vain.—Tho' we gaily career.

O'er the plains, where, 'tis said, these delights may be found;
When we'd quaff the rich draught, lo! 'tis dashed to the ground.
New pleasures are seen, but pursuit is vain—

Loss of loved ones and heart-ache are ours again!
Oh! these scenes I have passed; but yet find 'mid the gloom.
Vital comfort, tho' called to lament o'er the tomb:—
Ever trusting, secure, in the grace of the Lord!
Delighted in wo through the truth of his word—

We shall see him in LIGHT;—and while dwelling below,
I have strength as my day;—while to comfort in wo,
Find I all that can solace my bosom through life,
Even in thee, O, my Sarah! my own beloved WIFE!

MARRIED.

In Macon, Ga. on the 15th January Mr. Murdoch McCaskill, of this town to Miss Eliza Nixon of the former place.

In this District on the 20th February Mr. Neill Nicholson of Bennettsville to Miss Hannah Ellerbe.

Near Morven, Anson County, N. C. on Wednesday evening the 28th February, by the Rev. J. C, Coit Dr. Glass of Wadesboro' to Miss Ellen H. Parsons.

In this District on the 19th February by the Rev. John D. McFarland, Mr. John McColman to Mrs. Isabella McDuffie.

Notice.

THE subscriber having employed a blacksmith from North Carolina (the land of good blacksmiths) solicits a share of public patronage. His shop is situated on second street.

JOHN M. SMITH,

Cheraw, March 4th, 1839. 10 tf

CHERAW PRICE CURRENT

March 6.

Beef in market,	lb	4	6
Bacon from wagons,	lb	10	12½
by retail,	lb	12½	15
Butter	lb	15	20
Beeswax	lb	22	24
Bagging	yard	18	25
Bale rope	lb	10	12½
Coffee	lb	12½	16
Cotton,		13	15
Corn	bushel	75	100
Flour Country,	brl	650	800
Feathers from wagons	lb	40	45
Fodder,		75	100
Hides green	lb		5
dry	lb		10
Iron	100lbs	5 50	650
Indigo	lb	75	250
Lime	cask	3 50	4 10
Lard	lb	12½	15
Leather sole	lb	22	25
Lead bar	lb		10
Logwood	lb	10	15
Molasses	gal	45	50
New Orleans	gal	50	62½
Nails cut assorted	lb	7½	8
wrought	lb	16	18
Oats	bushel		50
Oil Burriers	gal	75	100
lamp		125	
linseed		110	125
Paints white lead	keg	325	452
Spanish brown	lb	8	12½
Pork	100lbs	600	800
Rice	100lbs	550	625
Shot, Bag			250
"	lb	225	
Sugar	lb	10	12½
Salt	sack	325	350
salt	bush	100	125
Steel American	lb	10	12½
English	lb	14	
German	lb	12	14
Tallow	lb	10	12
Tea Imperial	lb	100	137½
Hyson	lb	100	
Tobacco manufactured	lb	10	50
Window glass 8 x 0	50ft	3½	3¾
10 x		3½	3¾

Charleston, March 2, 1839.

Bacon, Hams, lb. 12 a 13
Shoulders and Middlings, 9 a 11
Coffee, Green Prime Cuba, 12½ a 13
Ordinary to Good. 10½ 12½
Porto Rico, 12 a 13
Cotton, Upland, Inferior, 12½ a 13
Fair, 13½ a 14
Good, 15 a 16
Lard, lb. 12 1-2 a 13 1-2
Molasses, New Orleans, gal. 35 a 37
Havanna, &c. sweet, 28 a 29
Nails, 4d to 20d, lb. 6 a 6½
Sugar, Louisiana, lb. 7 a 8
Havanna, white, 11 a 12
Brown, 7½ a 8
Muscovado, 9 a 9 1-2
St. Croix, 10 a 11
Porto Rico, 7 a 9
Flour, Philadelphia, 9 a 9 25
Baltimore Howard street, 9 25 a 9 50
New York, Canal, 10 00 a 0 00
Alexandria, 9 75 a 10
Iron, Russia, pig, ton 38 a 45
Bar, cwt. 5 a
Swedes assorted, 4 75 a
Lumber, Boards, W. P. Clear, M feet, 30 a
Merchantable. 16 a 18
P. P. in rafts, 9 a 10
Pork, Mess, N. Y. Inspection, 23 a 24
Prime, 18 a 20
Rice, prime, 100 lb 4 00 a 4 68
Inferior to good, 4 00 a 4 50
Rough, bush. 1 a 10
Salt, Liverpool ground sack 1 75 a 1 87
do bush. 00 a
Turk's Island, 40 a 50½

New Orleans Feb. 27.

Sugar.—Louisania prime, 6 1-4 a 7 cents; inferior, 5 1-2 a 6. Havana, white, 12 a—; brown 8 a 9 cts.

Molasses—On Levee, new 31 a 32 cts. per gal; sales on Plantation, 23 a — cts.

Pork—Clear, $21 a — per bbl.; mess. $19 a 20; M. O. $18 a — do; Prime $17; P O. $16; Bulk Pork 6 3-4 a 7 on the Levee.

Bacon—Hams, 10 a 11 cts. pr. lb; canvassed 12 a 12 1-2 do; Shoulders, 8 a do; Middlings, 9 a 10 do.

Lard—Per lb. 9 1-2 a 10 1-2 cts—sales.

Morus Multicaulis,

Or genuine new Chinese Mulberry.

A LARGE stock of best *Southern* raised lately put into the hands of the subscriber for disposal, at thirty dollars a thousand, for buds, and twenty cents a foot for main stem and root. And discount for large trade, say five per cent, for five hundred dollars worth, and ten for one thousand dollars or more. But as the price is still rising, (now four cents a bud in many places,) owing to the very inadequate supply for the increasing demand, it is suggested that, to prevent disappointment, those not *immediately* applying to *secure* at above prices, should expect an *advance* and say in order "at *going* rates." Again; as the season is advancing, and, little time for negociation, as to distant deliveries against early (*best*) time of spring planting, it is stated that no quota is to be forwarded until payment is *first made* or *secured* at place whither ordered; say here, Enfield, Halifax, Petersburg, Cheraw, Charleston, Baltimore, or any place in our country, accessible by water or rail road conveyance.

SIDNEY WELLER.

Brinkleyville, Halifax co.,
N. C. Jan. 29, 1839. 13 t

Prospectus of the American Museum.

THE *American Museum of Literature and the Arts* will combine the solidity of a review with the lighter miscellany of a magazine; besides impartial reviews of important works, and short notices of minor literary productions by the Editors, it will embrace essays, tales, histories, poetry, literary and scientific intelligence, and translations from standard and periodical works in other languages, contributed by some of the ablest writers of the day.

The Magazine will also contain a series of reviews of such writers as have by their talents shed lustre upon American literature. These reviews will be accompanied by potraits of the authors, engraved on steel by the best artists. The work will be beautifully printed, with new type, upon fine paper, and will make two volumes each year, of more than 200 pages each.

Agencies will be established in the principal cities, and arrangements made to deliver the work free of postage. As the Museum is printed on a medium and a half sheet, the highest postage that can be charged to any part of the country, for one year, will be $1 50. Persons desirous of acting as agents will apply post paid. Terms $5 per annum, payable on delivery of the first number—five copies $20.

NATHAN C. BROOKS,
J. E. SNODGRASS.

Editors and Proprietors, Baltimore.

Editors favorable to the cause of literature, and desirous of an exchange, will please copy the above.

Wines,

JUST received and for sale, Champaigne, Madeira, Teneriff, Sicily, Port, Muscat, Hoc and Malaga Wines, and for sale by

JOHN MALLOY & Co

November 23th, 1838. 9 tf

Removal.

D. L. McKAY Commission Merchant and Receiving and Forwarding Agent Georgetown S. C. has Removed from Waterman's to Taylor's Wharf.

Georgetown, 22nd Feb. 1839
16 6t

Dissolution.

THE Firm hitherto existing under the name of Middleton & King is this day dissolved by mutual consent of the parties—the business will be conducted by James King who will receive all debts due to said firm, and pay all demands against the same.

L. G. S. MIDDLETON.
JAMES KING,

22nd Feb 1839.
16

Law Notice.

THE Subscribers have entered into copartnership, and will practice Law under the name of McQueen & Ervin, in the Courts of Chesterfield, Darlington, Marlboro, Marion and Horry Districts. Their office will be at Marlboro' Court House, where one or both may at all times be found.

JNO. McQUEEN,
ERASMUS P. ERVIN.

Marlboro' C. H., S. C.
Jan. 28, 1839.
12 4t

To Cotton Planters.

THE undersigned has located himself in Cheraw for the purpose of making and repairing Cotton Gins; and has taken a stand at the corner of front and market streets next door above Mr. F. Long. His Gins will be made on the plan of those of Messrs Wm. McCreight & Son of Winnsboro So. Ca.. He will not confine himself to eitl or the common or reverse Gins, but will make either to order.

He will also make Reversed Grist Mills; an article highly approved by those who have had them in operation. About five hundred have been sold in this and the adjoining states.

The undersigned hopes to give general satisfaction by assiduity and attention to business, and the character and finish of his work.

W. A. McCRIGHT.

Cheraw, Feb. 27. 1839.
15 tf

Standard Works.

IN elegant literature just received at the Book Store, viz:

Hoole's Tasso's Jerusalem Delivered.
Penny Magazine Complete.
Todd's Index Rerum.
English Translations, of Xenophon, Caesar, Sallust and Cicero. (Classical Library.)
Walter Scott's Works Complete, in 7 vols. 8vo.
Byron's Works, " 6 vols.
" " 1 vol. 8vo
Shakespeare's Works, 2 vols. "
Rogers's Poems, 1 vol "
Milton, Young, Gray and Beattie 1 " "
Campbell's Poems, Thomson's Seasons, Arabian Nights.

Jan. 30, 1839.
11 tf

New Works.

IN Classical and Miscellaneous Literature, just received at the Bookstore,

Prescott's History of Ferdinand and Isabella, 3 vols. 8vo,
Irvings Life of Columbus, 3 vols, 8vo.
McIntosh's History of England.
Scotts History of Scotland, Robertsons Historical Works 3 vols. 8 vo.
Vethake's Political Economy, 1 vol. 8vo.
Potter's Grecian Antiquities; Adam's Roman Do.
Leverettes Latin Lexicon; Andrews and Stodards Latin Grammar?
Felton's Homer's Iliad; Anthon's Caesar, Sallust and Cicero,
Anthon's new Greek Grammar; Kirkham's English Grammar.
Emerson's North American Arithmetic, 1st 2nd and 3rd Parts.

Jan. 30, 1839.

Notice.

PERSONS indebted to the Estate of David G. Coit, late of Marlborough District, are requested to make payment to the Rev. J. C Coit, whose receipts will be received by me for all payments that may be made between this time and the 15th of March next.

JOHN CAMPBELL,
Administrator.

January 16th, 1839.
10 tf

BURN'S MILLS.

THESE Mills five miles below Cheraw are now in complete order for sawing lumber, grinding corn and wheat and bolting flour. The bolting cloths are new and of a superior quality. The Proprietor intends to remain at the mills the present year and will give his personal attention to all the business of the mills. He hopes by punctual attention to business, not only merit, but get a large share of custom in the above line of business.

J. W. BURN

Chesterfield, District S. C. Jan. 22d, 1838.
12—tf

The Monthly Genesee Farmer.

VOLUME IV FOR 1839.

Published at Rochester New-York by Luther Tucker.

THE large circulation of this paper has made it extensively known as a depository of the most valuable facts connected with the science or practice of Agriculture; and the cordial and increasing favor with which it has been received, furnishes the best evidence that its merits and the exertion of both publisher and conductors to deserve the confidence and support of the public, are properly understood and appreciated. This confidence and support, it is trusted, for the future, will be equally deserved and bestowed.

The MONTHLY GENESEE FARMER is devoted to the advancement of agriculture and horticulture to the interest of the farmer and gardener; to the producers of grain, fruit and vegetables.—There is scarce a subject connected with these various interests, on which the Farmer will no contain papers illustrating their utility and relative importance; pointing out the best methods of cultivation; and the modes by which the propagation and success of trees, plants and fruits may be secured; and all this mostly from actual experience. In short, it is intended that the Farmer shall continue to be a repository of papers, communicated and selected, on all the great topics that interest the cultivator of the soil, or can add to his wealth, improvement or comfort.

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LUTHER TUCKER.

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