

Mr. Hampton, on his arrival in New Orleans, as a private, volunteer troop of light dragoons, and continued in that situation, until his appointment as *Adjutant General*, which was announced in General Order, and in that capacity he served on the 24th January, and until the retreat of the British army, with which he followed, and satisfaction to his General may be presumed from the following paragraph contained in the General Order published in the *Advertiser* on the 20th, shortly after the action. As to Gen. Poindeux, he acted as an aid to Gen. Carroll. One of Gen. Jackson's aids was stationed in New Orleans; the other capt. Reed, served by the side of his gallant chief, at the lines; besides these his regular aids, Gen. Jackson had several volunteers, Livingston, Duncan, Davison, Duplessis, and Crymes. Mr. Hampton can assure "Abbeville" that he was by no means instrumental in throwing those gallant officers in the back ground; in procuring for himself a more prominent situation in Mr. White's picture, he has not the pleasure of that gentleman's acquaintance, nor has he ever corresponded with him on the subject of his paintings, or any other.

Mr. Hampton will rest satisfied with the decision of his superior officers, and to them he appeals, whether he has in his intercourse with them, depicted himself as one "puffed and inflated" by the circumstance to which "Abbeville" alludes. W. HAMPTON, Jr.

Extract from General Order, Head Quarters, 7th Military District, Camp below New Orleans, Adjutant General's Office, January 21st, 1815.

The General would not do justice to his Staff, if he did not bestow praise on the Adjutant General, Col. Butler, and his assistants, Major Chotard, for the zeal and activity in the important department of service confided to them, and for the bravery which led them wherever danger or duty required their presence. The vigilance, courage, and attention to duty exhibited during the campaign, by the Inspector General, Col. Hayne, and his two assistants, Major Davis and Wade Hampton, Jr. have been appreciated as they deserved to be by the General.

Mr. Editor.—Whoever "Abbeville" may be, I am inclined to think, that he has been guilty of an act of wilful injustice, in his attack on Mr. White's paintings. Thinking so, I cannot but condemn the critic and the man. Justice forbids, however, the thought of robbing from the brow of the false, a laurel, (however small it might be,) gained by bravely fighting for his country.

If "Abbeville" knew any thing about "the battle of Orleans," he must have known that the conduct of "young Mr. Hampton" met the approbation and applause of the gallant chief, who was the hero of that conflict. Why then should he attempt to throw a shade over the fame of a gallant soldier? Is this your sense of honour? Your love of truth? And why you justify your votes "Mr. Abbeville." If it is, I pray that none may be found so base and ignorant as to imitate your example.

For my own part, I always suspect the motives of the man, who by misrepresentation, and insidious assails the character of another. Truth and honesty fear nothing, and men of true spirit libel the use of other weapons. When "Abbeville" wishes to assail the character of "young Mr. Hampton," he will find that he mistakes the wind, in introducing the battle of Orleans.

The writer of this, to quiet the suspicions which might arise in the mind of "Abbeville" can assure him, that his intercourse with Col. Hampton is not greater than what it is with the honorable Abbés. Though notwithstanding he has the highest authority for believing that at the battle of Orleans, Col. H. sustained the character of the nation, as well as that of a brave, patriotic, and gallant officer. Knowing these facts, it would show a want of candour and honesty, to keep them back, when justice requires they should be told to vindicate the character of a meritorious warrior, from the shafts of a secret foe. The reputation of our statesmen, our patriots and heroes, belongs to the nation, and it is the duty of every citizen, to preserve, protect, and defend it, from unmerited reproach. This is my true, my motive and object.

Mr. Editor.—In the last State Gazette I observed a pitiful article, replete with quotation, over the signature of "Richard," in reply to one which appeared in your last week's paper over the signature of "Abbeville." I think there can be but little if any necessity for calling in *Tray, Blanche, and Sweetheart*, or every officious scribbler who may feel disposed to take the field and array himself against an individual for the purpose of giving a dark colouring to his motives. I would advise Richard to have recourse to the history of the revolution as well as to make himself better acquainted with the age of General Hampton and fully satisfy himself if he to the person represented on the "white horse," referred to in the communication of "Abbeville." I think there is no allusion to Gen. Hampton.

Richard says, "the strictures of Abbeville show clearly that he is not a confessor in the art of point-blank." By this he may, he has clearly proved to the public that he was sent to the house of representatives for the purpose of legislating for the good of the state and his own district, and not for the purpose of squandering away the people's money in palanquins which are exhibited to the public about four weeks in the year.

From "Richard's" (pretended) knowledge of the Latin terms "quid pro quo" (I am totally ignorant of Latin) I would suppose him to be the shadow of a lawyer, and would advise him to apply himself more attentively to Blackstone in future, and read less news-paper communications, by doing which, he will reap more advantage from said things more conspicuous in his profession than he has heretofore done. Pray Mr. Richard how long have you been a confessor in the fine arts? PERGRINE.

From the Liverpool Mercury of June 16.

Mr. HUSKISSON, *Aquatic Excursion*.—Yesterday, the directors of the city of Dublin steam packet company, invited our new representative, distinguished party of four hundred of the principal merchants of Liverpool with an aquatic excursion on the river, on board the *Britannia* steam packet. The day was favorable, and the whole was extremely gratifying to all parties. The company's vessel, the *Hibernia*, was also in company, and added, by her appearance, to the general effect. Among those present we observed Mr. Randolph, the distinguished American senator, whose urbanity and kind feelings towards England were manifested on many occasions throughout the day.

After the company had partaken of the refreshments, which were prepared in the very best style, and with a profusion of all that was gratifying and necessary, Mr. Williams, in an appropriate manner, proposed the health of our representative; and after having regretted that it had not been in his power to convince Mr. Huskisson of the ardor with which he would have promoted his return, concluded by hoping that the union between the town of Liverpool and their distinguished representative might be as permanent as he was convinced it would be satisfactory to him, and beneficial to Liverpool.

Mr. Huskisson returned his thanks in a very feeling and impressive manner, and assured the gentlemen present, that in furthering the interests of Liverpool he should have the double gratification of doing his duty both to his constituents and to his country. Mr. Huskisson rose again to propose the health of Mr. Randolph, one of the senators of a sister kingdom, whose interest and prosperity he trusted would be always found to consist in an union of friendship and commercial intercourse.

Mr. Randolph, in an extremely happy manner, paid several compliments to this country. He said that America had derived many of her best institutions from Great Britain; she had imitated her in obtaining the trial by jury, religious and civil liberty, the habeas corpus act—and the power of expressing their opinion by their representatives; and he trusted, in allusion to the custom of giving expression to feelings on such occasions, that she might be allowed to imitate her in her minor virtues and graces. He spoke of Cobbett, and said, that he considered that Mr. Cobbett had qualified himself for a seat in the British house of commons, in the same way that some of the fair sex became qualified for a situation in a Magdalen Asylum. Mr. Randolph, in handsome terms, proposed the health of the distinguished nobleman at the head of the British government, whose title was taken from the place where they were—the earl of Liverpool.

Mr. Huskisson, after expressing his admiration of the steam-packet establishments of Liverpool, gave "prosperity to steam navigation," and Mr. Williams' health.

The company having enjoyed the excursion, and the treat so expectedly and handsomely prepared, returned on shore extremely gratified with the compliment thus paid to Mr. Huskisson and his friends.

FRANCE.

Some anecdotes relative to the influence of the clergy over the king of France, are on circulation in Paris. Before the king walked in the late jubilee procession, the duke of Fitzjames, a high royalist, conjured him not to go, and alluded to the execrations he had heard whilst by the king's side, in the former procession. "All that you say is true, (replied the king,) I heard them myself, and was much afflicted; but I must go this time, as the clergy have made it the condition of granting me absolution." On another occasion, recently, a protestant general remonstrated with the king on the improper conduct of the authorities of Nismes, during a marriage between a catholic and a protestant, which led to serious disturbances. The general drew an animated picture of what might ensue from such conduct. "I am much grieved, (says the king,) at the dissensions between the catholics and the protestants, but what grieves me more than all, is the eternal damnation of so large a portion of my subjects." The greatest proof of the influence of the Jesuits in France, is the following: A short time ago, there was a vacancy in the institute, for a correspondent; the candidates were captain Scoresby, the celebrated traveller and naturalist, who was proposed by Arago, the eminent French astronomer, and an Irishman of no talent, not at all known, except as being patronized by the Jesuits. Scoresby, however, had only fifteen or sixteen votes; and all the institute, with those exceptions, voted for his opponent.

There is no doubt that, in all countries, an artful and industrious clergy will exercise a considerable influence in society. It is in the very nature of things; they operate on the two most powerful of human feelings—hope and fear; and wielding them, they can guide a great portion of their disciples. But if the above statements be correct, we see, in the effects of the lamentable infatuation described, new reason for gratitude, that we live in a land where religion and politics are separated from each other; where the unavoidable influence of the clergy is not strengthened or extended by the sanction and assistance of those in high authority; where institutions so distinct—so alien in their nature—are not forced into an unnatural and mischievous union. The influence of religion, acting by itself upon mankind, is a salutary influence, because it is a check upon vice and immorality by its terrors, and by its inducements a temptation to virtue and social order. But swayed by political authorities it becomes the most dangerous of all the engines which tyranny ever employed. These remarks have no exclusive reference to the catholic religion; they apply to all creeds. Even the last English papers show their relevancy to the church of England; for we find, in the heat of election contests in some places, the parties which, on all other points, are at daggers' points with each other, uniting in the determination to reject every candidate who will vote for catholic emancipation. Where the machinery of religion, therefore, has been employed by the political authorities, let it be of what character it may, it acts with equal violence on the fabric of human happiness, and strikes at the foundation of all the institutions of human freedom.—*Nat. Journal*.

To the Intendant and Wardens of the Town of Columbia.

GEN. ORDER.—The land we live in is said to be free, sovereign, and independent—that all men have an equal share in the choice of their representatives—that the nation and its rights are exercised on the same principles on the day of election. If these are truths, how is it that the voice of the people has been treated with so much contempt? Election after election has been held in the upper part of our town, to fill a vacancy occasioned by resignation, and as repeatedly has a choice been made; but by some ungenerous (the people are not to be ignorant of the cause) the election has been declared illegal by your honorable body? What right has the council to object to any person who may be chosen by the people as their representative by cause of his not being able to figure as conspicuously as themselves in society? No right. The members of the Council are elected to discharge the duties of the Town and not to dictate to the inhabitants of any particular section who shall be their representatives. Why has the people's rights been thus encroached on? Why not order another election and select managers to conduct it who are always at home? The people of the upper ward want an equal representation or taxation.

MANY VOTERS

Boiling Springs Academy.

ON the 28th and 29th of JUNE, the annual examination of the students of the Boiling Springs Academy, was held in presence of a large and crowded assembly of respectable persons. The examining committee consisted of Messrs. Swann and Gates, Doctors of the Law, and Messrs. R. A. Anderson, Col. W. D. Martin, and the Rev. Mr. Marshall, a Presbyterian Clergyman, resident at the Springs.

We believe that at no period, since the first settlement of our district, has there been a more witnessed of more general satisfaction, or where parental solicitude was ever excited to a higher pitch.

The profound yet modest display of talents by our Teacher on the occasion, in connection with the rapid improvement of his scholars for the six preceding months, could not fail to draw from every person present, the smile of approbation; and it is yet left us to conjecture, what was most to be admired, the proficiency of the instructor, or the progress of the scholar. And although we would at any time disdain the mean resort of fulsome compliment, we cannot but think it would be doing manifest injustice to Mr. Wyman and the school under his care, to withhold the well earned meed of applause. It is, therefore, with increased pleasure, we are enabled to say, that as an instructor of youth, we think him inferior to none, that we know of, and that we have realized to the full, the satisfactory recommendations, which brought him to our acquaintance. Neglect we then appeal to a generous and enlightened community for a share of that patronage, which if bestowed, must unavoidably carry with it the great and important blessings of a liberal and improved mind to the rising generation.

Terms of Tuition, per quarter.

For Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, and English Grammar,	\$ 5.00
Geography, History, Rhetoric, Astronomy, Natural Philosophy, and Chemistry, with the above.	6.25
Latin and Greek Languages, Algebra, Geometry, and other branches of Mathematics including the above.	7.50

P. S. We again repeat it, that we shrink from no comparison in point of health or morals with any part of the state.

JOHN S. FOWKE, CHARLES R. STONE, FREDERICK J. HAY, WM. S. GILLETTE, WM. H. HAY, WM. H. SMITH, L. S. HAY.

Lower 3 Runs, Barnwell dist., Aug 5. 33-3

SOUTH-CAROLINA, Abbeville District.

William Hall Applicant against Joshua Brown and Elizabeth his wife, John Endsley and Eleanor his wife, George Miller, Jacob Miller, Archibald Miller and Robert Miller, defendants.

It appearing to my satisfaction that John Endsley and Eleanor his wife, George Miller, Jacob Miller, Archibald Miller and Robert Miller, five of the defendants, res. without this State: It is therefore ordered, that they do appear and object to the division or sale of the real estate of James L. Miller, deceased, on or before the first day of October next, or their consent to the same will be entered of record.

MOSES TAGGART, Ordinary of Abbeville District, Ordinariness Office August 3d 1816. 33-8

UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA. THE MEDICAL LECTURES will begin, as usual, on the first Monday of November.

P. S. FLYSICK M. D. ANATOMY, by W. E. HORNER, M. D. THEORY & PRACTICE OF MEDICINE, N. CHAPMAN, M. D. MIDWIFERY, THOS. C. JAMES, M. D. CHEMISTRY, W. F. DOWNS, M. D. SURGERY, ROBERT HARE, M. D. Wm. Gibson, M. D. CLINICAL LECTURES will be delivered at the Alms House Infirmary, on every Wednesday and Saturday during the course of the University, by Drs. Chapman and Gibson.

W. E. HORNER, M. D. Dean, No. 253, Chestnut-street. 33-12

Aug 7

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South-Carolina. Chester District, First Term 1820. IN EQUITY.

Jane Craig et al. vs. George Craig et al. Bill for partition and account.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the widow of John Craig deceased, (whose name is unknown) John Craig and James Craig, children of the said John Craig deceased, reside without the limits of this State. On motion of R. G. Miller, for the widow John Craig and James Craig do plead answer or demur to the said bill before the setting of the next Court, or that judgment be taken against them pro confesso.

CLOUGH S. SIMS, C. E. C. D. August 7 33-3

Valuable Property FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale, that large and elegant BUILDING formerly occupied as a Female Academy in this place, which is situated on a lot of about thirty acres of land, fronting the main-street, and which is well calculated for its use and room for a variety of purposes, he will also sell a small tract of LAND of about sixty acres quite convenient: which is of good quality and well timbered, it would be a very necessary appendage to the above property for the two-fold object of cultivation and firewood. It is deemed quite unnecessary to give a minute description of the above property or to speak of its value, as it is generally known by all those who have seen it or visited the place. A bargain will be given to an approved purchaser.

BENJAMIN CHAMBERS, Yorkville, August 7 33-8

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ONE OF THE OLD ARTILLERY. August 15 33-1

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Notice.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform the public that he is selling off his very extensive assortment of China, Glass, Crochery, Hardware, Dry Goods, &c. at very reduced prices for cash only. He respectfully requests those who are indebted to him to make an early settlement, and at the same time intimates to those who have not paid their accounts or notes of 1820, that they will be placed in suit the ensuing Court, if not paid before October next.

JOHN FERGUSON, 33-12

Sheriff's Sales ON WRITS OF FIERI FACIAS.

WILL be sold before the Court-house, in Columbia, on the first MONDAY and TUESDAY, in SEPTEMBER next, within the legal hours:—

No. 1. The House and Lot on Washington street, containing half an acre more or less; at the suit of the State vs. D. L. Wakely.

No. 2. The House and Lot on Washington street, containing half an acre more or less bounded by D. L. Wakely's lot; at the suit of the State vs. Jabez Warner.

No. 3. The House and Lot on Richardson street, containing half an acre more or less, bounded on one side by Samuel Guiley, and on the other side by N. Harbomont; at the suit of the State vs. John B. Hoff.

No. 4. Leveled on the House and Lot on Taylor street, containing two half acres more or less; at the suit of the State vs. Mitchell Ward.

No. 5. The House and Lot where the defendant lives, containing one fourth of an acre more or less, bounded south by Dr. James Davis' lot; at the suit of the State vs. Joseph T. Howell.

No. 5. The House and Lot on Washington and Assembly streets, containing half an acre more or less; at the suit of the State vs. Robert E. Russell.

No. 6. The House and Lot containing half an acre more or less, where the defendant lives on Gervais street; at the suit of Saml. Wilson vs. Edward Harris.

The same property at the suit of the same plaintiff vs. Edward Harris.

No. 7. One square of Land containing four acres more or less, on which the Steam Mill stands in Columbia; at the suit of Commissioners of Columbia vs. B. Harrison, sen.

No. 8. The House and Lot where the defendant lives, on Richardson street, containing half an acre more or less; at the suit of the President and Directors of the Bank of the State of South Carolina vs. Derrell Harrison.

No. 9. Also, the same property, at the suit of John Bryce vs. Derrell Harrison.

No. 10. The House and Lot on the corner of Ball and — streets, in the town of Columbia, containing one acre, more or less; at the suit of the Adm'rs and Adm'rs of Z. Phillips, vs. John R. Howell.

The same property at the suit of St. Ives Warner vs. John R. Howell.

The same property at the suit of Wm. Hall vs. John R. Howell.

The same property at the suit of John Bryce, & Co. vs. John R. Howell.

No. 11. 100 Acres of Land, more or less, where the defendant lives, about one mile from Columbia; at the suit of Patrick Belcher, vs. Isaac Hughes.

No. 12. Also, the same property, at the suit of J. Barrett & Co. vs. Isaac Hughes.

No. 13. 396 Acres of Land, more or less, where the defendant lives, on Tom's creek, bounded by lands of Dr. O'Glynn, and Jos. Scott; at the suit of George Scott, vs. John Blanks.

No. 14. Also, the same property, at the suit of William Scott, Jun. vs. John Blanks.

No. 15. The House and Lot where the defendant lives, on Richardson street, containing one fourth of an acre more or less, adjacent to Col. David Myers and R. L. Russell; at the suit of David Ewart, Jun'g of G. Heron, vs. P. Belcher.

No. 16. 35 1/2 Acres of Land, more or less, on a Broad River, bounded by lands belonging to the estate of Burrl. Faust, and Boatwright & Sharp's land; at the suit of Joseph Dabney, vs. John Glover.

No. 17. 300 Acres of Land, more or less, lying on Little River, bounded by lands belonging to Lee Lightner, Henry Lightner, Jacob Nuttz and Thomas Taylor; at the suit of Jas. McCants, vs. Christian Lightner.

No. 18. One half of a Tract of LAND, containing 600 acres, more or less, lying on both sides of Cedar creek, bounded by lands of Samuel and James Patterson, F. Meyer, and John Marshall; at the suit of C. Levy, Indorser, vs. Thos. Edmonds.

No. 19. Also, the same property, at the suit of F. Lykes, vs. Thomas Edmonds.

No. 20. Also, the same property, at the suit of Robert Latta, vs. Thomas Edmonds.

No. 21. 417 Acres of Land, more or less, in the fork of the Congaree and Wateree rivers, bounded by the lands of Eliza and Elijah Fox, and Thos. R. Brown; at the suit of John F. Marshall, vs. F. Meyer.

No. 22. Also, the same property, at the suit of White & Gibson, vs. F. Meyer.

No. 23. 250 Acres of Land, more or less, on Buffalo Springs, waters of the Wateree River, bounded on all sides, as appears by plat annexed, to the original grant, granted to Zachariah Kirkland; at the suit of Boyce & Henry, vs. Thomas Parrott, sen.

No. 24. 125 Acres of Land, more or less, bounded by Jonathan Morrell, Samuel Wadkins and C. Boyle; at the suit of B. Naim, vs. D. Bluford.

No. 25. Also, the same property, at the suit of Abigail Mulder, vs. Administratrix of A. Mulder, vs. Daniel Bluford and Henry Lee.

No. 26. 890 Acres of Land, more or less, on Rice Creek, bounded E. and N. E. by lands belonging to the estate of Samuel Dougherty and Jacob Perry, S. and S. W. by Clifford Brown's land, N. W. by Jacob Shirah, sen.; at the suit of Abigail Mulder, vs. Moses Dux and John Crin.

No. 27. 734 Acres, more or less, on Rice Creek; for description, see titles; at the suit of Andrew Wallace, vs. Moses Duke.

TERMS—CASH.

W. HILLIARD, S. R. D. Sheriff's Office, August 15, 1820. 33-11

Notice.

THE subscriber informs those indebted to him (previous to the first of January, 1820) that payment must be made on or before the 15th day of February next, as longer indulgence cannot be given. Persons having demands against the said estate are requested to render them in properly attested.

MARGARET B. MACKAY, Adm'rx. August 7 33-7

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Dr. A. JOHN MACKAY deceased, are requested to make payment before the first of October, or they will find their accounts in the hands of a proper officer for collection, as longer indulgence cannot be given. Persons having demands against the said estate are requested to render them in properly attested.

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Artillery!

MEMBERS of the late Artillery Company, and other persons who are willing to form a new Artillery Company, are invited to meet at Belcher's Long Room, on Thursday evening next, at 8 o'clock.

ONE OF THE OLD ARTILLERY. August 15 33-1

To Printers.

TWO Journeymen Printers may meet with immediate employ at this office. August 1. 33-1

Oration

JUST published and for sale at this office, Chancellor DeSaussure's Oration, delivered on the 50th anniversary of American Independence.—Price 25 cents.

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