

ASKED TO BAR LA FOLLETTE.

Minnesota Governor and Safety Commission Wants Him Ousted.

Washington, Sept. 30.—A communication from the Governor of Minnesota and the State Public Safety Commission requesting the expulsion from the Senate of Senator La Follette, of Wisconsin, was presented in the Senate today by Senator Kellogg, of Minnesota, and referred by Vice President Marshall to the Senate privileges and elections commission.

Senator Kellogg received the communication, which was adopted by the State commission as the result of Senator La Follette's recent speech at St. Paul. Before presenting it to the Senate he conferred with Vice President Marshall, Senator Martin, of Virginia, Democratic leader, and Senator Pomerene, of Ohio, chairman of the committee to which it was referred. Any further action will first come from the committee.

Senator La Follette was not in the chamber when the communication was presented and there was no discussion or other action.

Demands Impeachment.

Four other communications, one from the Washburn Loyalty League, of Washburn, Wis., and three from individuals, demanding the impeachment of Senator La Follette, were received by Vice President Marshall and presented to the Senate in the usual routine way.

Senator Kellogg explained that he presented the resolution according to the usual practice of filing communications from responsible organizations and that there was no other significance in his action.

Declared Treasonable.

Characterizing La Follette's speech in St. Paul September 20, before the Non-Partisan League, as "disloyal and seditious," the resolution declares the utterances already have served to create treasonable sentiment in Minnesota, and petitions the Senate to begin proceedings to expell La Follette as "a teacher of disloyalty and sedition, giving aid and comfort to our enemies and hindering the government in the conduct of the war."

Senator Pomerene indicated that the privileges and elections committee would take no action for the present at least. He said he could not decide until after conferring with other members, at which a quorum of the committee could not be obtained probably during the session.

National Debt Records.

The United States government has from the first day of its life, with the exception of a brief time during Jackson's presidency, been in debt, but never alarmingly so. With each war, there has been, of course, a sudden increase in debt, but after each war the paying off of the debt has always been carried out rapidly. It is interesting in view of the decision now committing the nation at one step to new indebtedness of \$7,000,000,000 to run over the debt record of the past in brief summary. This is as follows:

1791, after War of Independence	75,463,476
Beginning of 1812	45,209,737
1816, after war with England	127,334,933
1835, after surplus revenue	33,733
1851, after Mexican war	68,304,796
1857, before civil war	24,460,958
1865, end Civil war	2,318,530,294
1891, after surplus revenue	585,024,720
1896, after loans for gold reserve	847,364,260
1899, after Spanish war	1,046,048,850
1907, after surplus revenue	894,834,280
1917, after Panama financing	973,357,250

Our present national debt of less than one billion for a nation of 100,000,000 people is absurdly small compared with Great Britain's debt of \$15,000,000,000 imposed on a nation of much less than half as many people. All things considered the United States could carry a debt of thirty billion as well as Great Britain can carry half that amount. It is not only that our population is more than double but our natural resources have never been drawn upon as in ancient England. It was the blindness of madness on Germany's part to defy this country's entrance in the war.—Spartanburg Herald.

The Jury.

Citizen—What possible excuse did you fellows have for acquitting that murderer?

Juryman—Insanity.

Citizen—What? The whole twelve of you?

Emily Stevens in "The Slackers" at the Thielens Theatre on October 30. This is one of the best pictures of the season. Don't fail to see it.—adv.

MUST HAVE DEPENDENTS.

More Fact of Marriage No Grounds for Exemption.

Columbia, Sept. 30.—Dependency and not the mere fact of marriage is to be the criterion governing exemption boards in considering claims for exemptions, according to a telegram received by Governor Manning tonight from Provost Marshal Gen. Crowder. This was in answer to a wire from the Governor requesting an interpretation of the President's wish that married men would not be drafted. The wire follows:

"Dependency and not the mere fact of marriage is and has always been the criterion. The President expresses the hope that for the most part those accepted in the first call would be men who had not yet assumed the relation of the head of a family, but he distinctly held that the regulations were controlling and that the orders issued under the regulations, directing the exemption boards to establish the fact of marriage, ought not to be abrogated.

TEACHERS' EXAMINATION.

Pursuant to an order of the State Board of Education the fall examination for teachers' certificates will be held in the court house at Bamberg, S. C., on Saturday, the 6th day of October, 1917. Applicants are requested to be on hand promptly at 9 o'clock a. m.

R. W. D. ROWELL,
County Superintendent of Education.
Bamberg, S. C., Sept. 18, 1917.

TAX NOTICE.

The treasurer's office will be open for the collection of State, county, school and all other taxes from the 15th day of October, 1917, until the 15th day of March, 1918, inclusive.

From the first day of January, 1918, until the 31st day of January, 1918, a penalty of one per cent. will be added to all unpaid taxes. From the 1st day of February, 1918, a penalty of 2 per cent. will be added to all unpaid taxes. From the 1st day of March, 1918, until the 15th day of March, 1918, a penalty of 7 per cent. will be added to all unpaid taxes.

THE LEVY.

For State purposes.....8½ mills
For county purposes.....7½ mills
Constitutional school tax.....3 mills

Total 19 mills

SPECIAL SCHOOL LEVIES.

Hopewell, No. 1	3 mills
Midway, No. 2	2 mills
Hampton, No. 3	2 mills
Three Mile, No. 4	2 mills
Fish Pond, No. 5	2 mills
Hutto, No. 6	2 mills
Buford's Bridge, No. 7	2 mills
Olar, No. 8	9 mills
Salem, No. 9	4 mills
St. John's, No. 10	2 mills
Govan, No. 11	8 mills
Binnaker's, No. 12	3 mills
Lemon Swamp, No. 13	4 mills
Bamberg, No. 14	9 mills
Oakland, No. 15	8 mills
Hunter's Chapel, No. 16	8 mills
Colston, No. 18	4 mills
Clear Pond, No. 19	2 mills
Oak Grove, No. 20	4 mills
Denmark, No. 21	6½ mills
Ehrhardt, No. 22	13 mills
Lees, No. 23	4 mills
Heyward, No. 24	2 mills

All persons between the ages of twenty-one and sixty years of age, except Confederate veterans and sailors, who are exempt at 50 years of age, are liable to a poll tax of one dollar.

Capitation dog tax 50 cents.

All persons who were 21 years of age on or before the 1st day of January, 1917, are liable to a poll tax of one dollar, and all who have not made returns to the Auditor are requested to do so on or before the 1st day of January, 1918.

I will receive the commutation road tax of two (\$2.00) dollars from the 15th day of October, 1917, until the 1st day of March, 1918.

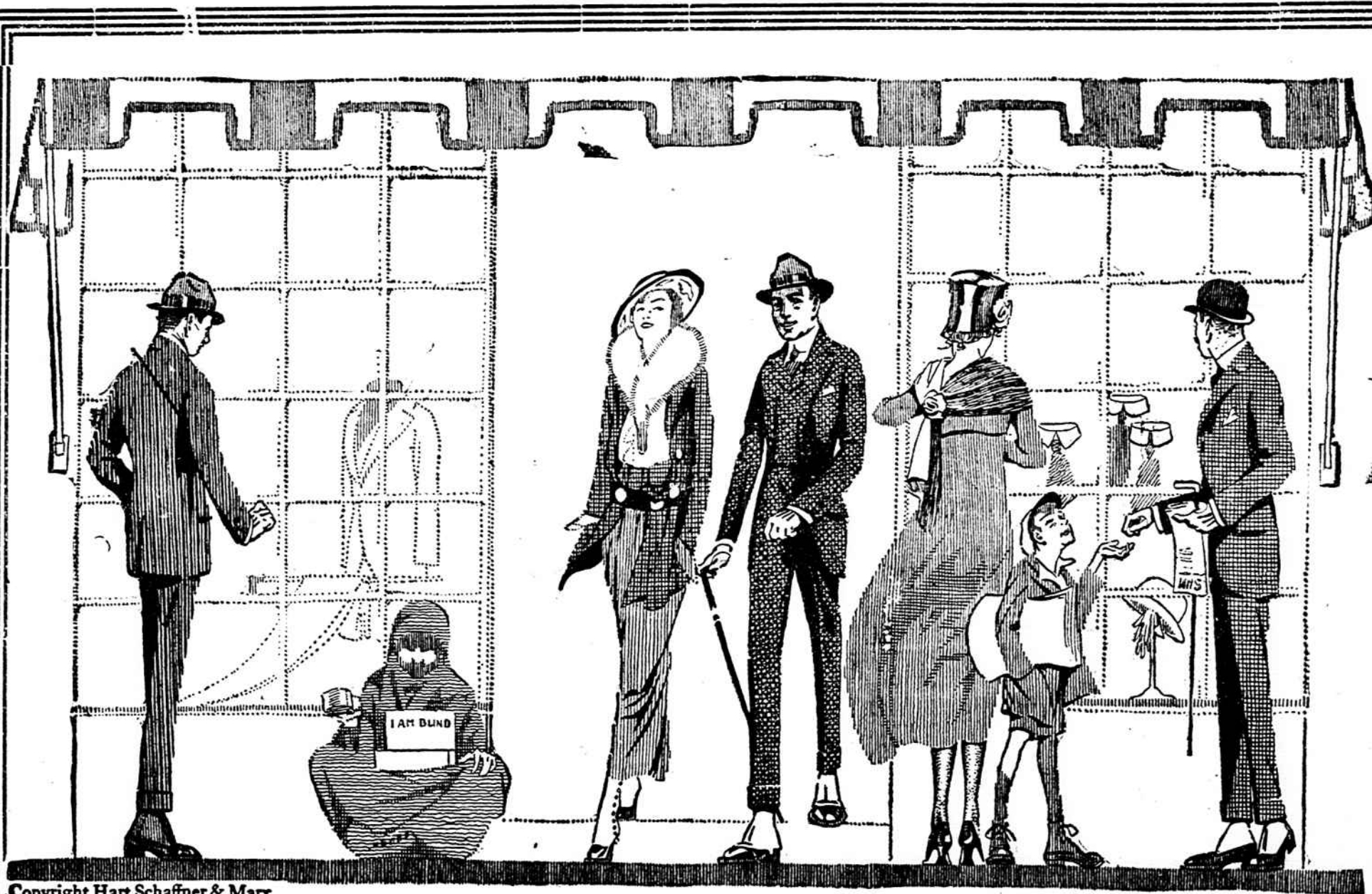
G. A. JENNINGS,
Treasurer Bamberg County.

COULD HARDLY STAND ALONE

Terrible Suffering From Headache, Sideache, Backache, and Weakness, Relieved by Cardui, Says This Texas Lady.

Gonzales, Tex.—Mrs. Minnie Philpot, of this place, writes: "Five years ago I was taken with a pain in my left side. It was right under my left rib. It would commence with an aching and extend up into my left shoulder and on down into my back. By that time the pain would be so severe I would have to take to bed, and suffered usually about three days ... I suffered this way for three years, and got to be a mere skeleton and was so weak I could hardly stand alone. Was not able to go anywhere and had to let my house work go. ... I suffered awful with a pain in my back and I had the headache all the time. I just was unable to do a thing. My life was a misery, my stomach got in an awful condition, caused from taking so much medicine. I suffered so much pain. I had just about given up all hopes of our getting anything to help me.

One day a Birthday Almanac was thrown in my yard. After reading its testimonials I decided to try Cardui, and am so thankful that I did, for I began to improve when on the second bottle. ... I am now a well woman and feeling fine and the cure has been permanent for it has been two years since my awful bad health. I will always praise and recommend Cardui." Try Cardui today. E 78



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You'll find Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes, the best made.

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