THE BAMBERG HERALD, THURSDAY, AUGUST 9, 1917.

The Bamberg Herald ESTABLISHED APRIL, 1891. Thursday, August 9, 1917.

The Herald has not had anything to say about subscriptions for a long time, and we dislike very much to take up space now for this purpose will be the kind for which our forwhen we have so much other matter pressing us for space. But the business department must live. We have sent out cards to all who are in arrears and we must insist upon prompt settlement. The people are not so poor that they cannot pay out a dollar and a half. Anyway we are about as poor as any the rest of the people. We are printing what our friends say is the best weekly newspaper in this part of the State, and we certainly want to maintain the standard. Our subscribers can help us do this by keeping their subscriptions paid in advance. If any of our readers don't want the paper, we hope they will be frank enough to tell us so. We certainly are not able to send it to people who do not intend to pay for it.

We notice that the council of defense intends to inaugurate a campaign of enlightenment in regard to the war. We do not know along what line the council intends to direct its campaign, but we trust it will be to inform the people more thoroughly of the causes and the purposes of the war. The apathy toward and the resentment of many against the war is the result either of lack of information or misinformation. mainly from the latter cause, we believe. A large number of people are under the impression that America entered the war to fight England's battle. The impression also prevails that England has done practically nothing in this war, putting the burden on the other allies. Many people also believe that America has absolutely no cause for war. To dissipate these false impressions, the council will do well to tell the people just what America's aims are. The government has already prepared statements along this line, but all that we have seen are column after column in length-too long to be assimilated by common people-and couched in rather technical terms.

The Newberry Herald and News,

cannot say; but it is safe to say that they entertain no such sentiments. There are hundreds of sons of Bleasites now in the service and there will 1270 be hundreds more of them in the

draft, and there will be no better sol-1622diers in France. They will willingly 1179 give their lives that "the kind of 808 331 America after I am dead and gone" 1049 221 bears laid down their lives.

169

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SEND TROOPS FAST AS POSSIBLE.

Transports to be Pressed into Service 1686 to Carry Soldiers to France. 1183

A Washington dispatch says:

1477 American soldiers are going to 175 France just as fast as transports can 1192be pressed into service to take them. 1391Just how fast this will be is somewhat problematical. If there were enough transports available now, and the situation in respect of cargo ships 1023 were satisfactory, it is probable that 1511 the great bulk of the regular army and the federalized militia would be 1237in France within the next few months.

Cargo ships are just as important as transports, as the amount of supplies that must be taken to France for an army of any considerable size is tremendous.

Of course, it would be more than folly to send troops to Europe any faster than they can be supplied with food, munitions, transports of every character and the thousand and one things that go to make up the complete equipment of a modern army.

The war department, from the secretary down, is working with almost superhuman energy to overcome what at times seems insurmountable obstacles to land an effective fighting force in France at the earliest possible moment.

Up to a few weeks ago it was not thought good strategy to send more 1064 American troops to France this year than was necessary to evidence our

1054 good faith to our allies and for moral 523 867 effect on Germany. The allies had about given up all 1291hope of landing the knock-out blow | 1633 681 on Germany this year. 305 Russia's ability to renew an of-1520fensive on the eastern front was doubted, and it was thought America 1478 could best contribute to the final ov-1447erthrow of the kaiser by diverting all 1232714 Wilmot Jeter. possible shipping to the feeding of 862 which is one of the four or five her allies and supplying them with necessary war material, while train-.156 989 Suddenly Russia, contrary to expecdays ago says that while it does not tations, gathered herself together and began to strike. Then came well authenticated rumors of great dissatisfaction and unrest among the people of Germany. The possibility of defeating Germany this year again claimed the attention of the allied strategists, and it was decided to press the enemy on every front and try to force a decision.

MEN EXAMINED FOR DRAFT. (Continued from page 1, column 5.) Ben Barnes. Daniel Cann. Peter Carter. Noah Jennings. Arthur Smith. Hobert Myers. Murray Smalls. McKinley Grimes S. H. Nimmons. Marion Winn. Mose Murray. Luther Kearse. Isadore Jones. Bunyan Sojourner. Ben Thomas. Paul Daniels. Abraham Legree. George Odom. Walter Kirkland. Jules Washington. Stanley Moore. Daniel Hammond. John Carter. David Wilson. Charley Williams. Willie Woodard. Lonnie Akin. Atticus Breland. Eugene Rump. Eddie Rush. Harvey Walker. George Can. Chester Wright. Handy Shepherd. David Hiers. Jim Alston. Charlie Sumter. Mancson McMillan. Frank Turner. Sam Rivers. Willie Risher. Nathan Brown. Richard Haynes. Asbury Caine. Johnnie Washington. Samuel Wells. Isaiah Williams. Winford Moye. J. A. Garfield Wilson. Henry Ransom, Jr. Robert Aldrich Bennett. Eddie Johnson.



born in Charleston in 1866, his father being a Cuban who became an American minister and served in the Confederate army. Mr. Gonzales is a newspaper man and was a volunteer in the Spanish-American war.

Love's Limit.

I'd swear for her, I'd tear for her, The dear knows what I'd bear for her; I'd lie for her, I'd sigh for her, I'd drink the river dry for her; I'd "cuss" for her, do "wuss" for her, Kick up a thundering fuss for her; I'd weep for her, I'd leap for her, I'd go without my sleep for her, I'd fight for her, I'd bite for her, Evans Grimes. I'd walk the streets all night for her, I'd plead for her, I'd bleed for her, I'd go without my feed for her; Tannie Thomas. I'd shoot for her, I'd boot for her, Leslie Walker. A rival who made "suit" for her; I'd kneel for her, I'd steal for her, Such is the love I feel for her; I'd slide for her, I'd glide for her, I'd swim against the tide for her; I'd try for her, I'd cry for her, But-hang me, if I'd die for her! Read The Herald, \$1.50 per year. N. B .- Or any other woman. Waterman's Ideal strength on the western front as large as possible, delivered as soon as possible. The reason for this is only partly military. The bigger reason is to ens A NEW LOT JUST RECEIVED These pens are all fully guaranteed, and we have a pen for every hand, ranging in price from \$2.50 to \$8.00. We also handle Waterman's and Carter's INK

Men with money began by putting money in the Bank.

BOYS!

You don't know how much joy you'll feel with that comfortable little bank book in your pocket. You will feel so independent and secure you can have a smile on your face and a smile in your heart. Your future will wear a smile. That bank account will grow and stand by you when you are old and unable to earn anything.

Put YOUR money in OUR bank

We pay 4 per cent interest on savings accounts.

Peoples Bank BAMBERG, S. C.



newspapers in the State that supports Ex-Gov. Blease, in commenting ing her armies here. on Blease's speech at Pomaria some consider Blease uttered treasonable language, he did employ words it does not approve of. The Herald and News says:

This is a time above all others for our people to get together, and to work for the good of the country. It is no time to be calling one ugly names.

Mr. Blease in his Pomaria speech used some adjectives that we would not have used in speaking of some men in high office. We would not use them about anyone. We no not believe in that kind of argument or oratory.

It will be noted that the Herald and News says this is the time above all others for the people to get together. Does the Herald and News consider that the leader of the faction of which it is a part is doing his part in getting the people together? What Blease says about the partisanship of the present administration is political bunk spoken for political reasons; but, for the sake of argument, grant that all he says about the administration is true, what is Blease doing toward helping the situation? He is making speeches in the interest of arousing resentment against the war with Germany. Is that getting the people together?

We do not believe that the personnel of the so-called Bleasite faction is lacking in patriotism any more than any other faction. In fact, we believe that the percentage of enlistments in the army and flavy by Bleasites is just about the same at the percentage of the anti-Blease faction in this State. In view of this fact, we hardly think the Bleasites can find much room for enthusiasm in a statement made by their recognized leader at the Filbert picnic, in York county, a few days ago. This statement is accredited to him, and we believe the meeting was reported by an adherent of his:

"***They talk about a free America. I don't care what kind of an America it is after I am dead and gone. neither does your boy whom they are sending to war."

Mr. Bleasite, what do you think of that for a patriotic speech? How does that sound from a would-be statesman? The ex-governor confessedly does not care what kind of a country we have after he is gone. Washington's men fought, starved and died that America might be saved for those who came after. They gave their lives willingly that the country might be saved from tyranny. They had no thought of

It is not too much to say that the allies hope the German people are sufficiently disheartened so that six months pounding on all fronts will convince them they are doomed to certain defeat, and cause them to turn against their rulers.

Under these suddenly changed conditions, it was decided that America could best contribute to the end sought by adding to the allies'

military. The bigger reason is to prove to the German people that their rulers lied to them when they told them America would fight only with her dollars, and could not send more than a handful of soldiers to Europe in less than two years.

When the news filters into Germany that shipload after shipload of American troops are landing in France a year and a half before the kaiser and von Hindenberg said they could, it is going to be pretty hard to restore the morale of the German people-at least this is the reasoning of the allied strategists and statesmen, and it seems both rational and logical.

While it is impossible to get any figures from the war department, it is probable there will be 200,000 American soldiers in France before the snow flies. It is possible there will be twice that number. The Pershing expedition is merely the advance guard.

It has not yet been determined in what order the militia divisions will be sent.

The difficulty of transport service will be somewhat relieved by the return to service of the German interned ships, aggregating 600,000 gross tons. These will be available for the war department from now on. Some of these ships are freight carriers, while the Hamburg-American liners are peculiarly adapted to fast transport work.

Candor

Willie Williams. 312 Charlie Moody.

Joe Connelly.

Ben Kinard.

Lewis Mingo.

Edward Izlar.

Joseph Bryant. Rheubin Goodwin.

When 1092 cars of the same make average 27.15 miles on one gallon of gasoline each

-when 2040 cars of the same make average 29.04 on one gallon each

-that car must be mechanically right.

The figures cited are the certified scores piled up in the historic Maxwell gasoline economy contests of May and June.

They were made by privately owned Maxwell cars in actual daily use by the purchasers.

Only the highest standard of efficiency in engine, clutch, transmission-every mechanical detail - permitted the achievement of such results.



BAMBERG AUTO COMPANY

G. FRANK BAMBERG, President

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His Other Copper.

A dog was in the habit of going daily to a baker's shop. His master would give him a penny, which he would drop out of his mouth on to the counter, receiving in exchange a penny bun.

One day his master said to the bakmuch my dog really does know. Try him with a halfpenny bunt morrow." ing properly. Waste material that

ped his penny and only a halfpenny That could not happen if the bowels bun was given to him, he sniffed at it, were kept open with Granger Liver turned it over and over with his paw. Regulator. This splendid preparation then in a dignified manner walked is purely vegetable and non-alcoholic. Demand Granger Liver Regulator at out of the shop, leaving the bun. In ten minutes he returned, accom-no other. There is nothing "just as good." panied by a policeman-Tit-Bits.

Auto-Intoxication Causes Death

Do you know why you have sick headache, diabetes, neuralgia, rheumatism and liver or kidney troubles? It's because you are being poisoned er: "I should like to know how by products of your own body. Your organs of climination are not work-When, the next day, the dog drop- should be thrown out is being retained to poison and intoxicate your system.

Mrs. Hirem Offen—Supposing, Bridget, I deduct from your wages the cost of all the dishes you broke? Bridget—Sure, mum, in that.case it's meself 'd be like the dishes.—The Mrs. Hirem Offen-Supposing, themselves. With what feelings such a statement can be received by Bridget. I deduct from your wages the cost of all the dishes you broke? the fathers, followers of Blease, of boys who have volunteered already to give their lives that the world it's meself 'd be like the dishes .- The might be safe from Prussianism, we Housekeeper.