

OFFICIAL RESULT FOR STATE OFFICES IN BAMBERG CO.

BOXES	Governor				Lt. Gov.		Sec. State		C. Gen.		State Treas.		Ad. G.		Sup. E.		A. Gen.		Co. Ag.		Railroad Commissioner				
	Blaise	Cooper	DesChamps	Duncan	Manning	Adams	Bellevue	Dove	Wrightman	Sawyer	Carroll	McIntosh	Moore	Sweatman	Peoples	Watson	Conner	Fant	Hampilton	Kelly	Thriver				
National Guard	1	1				3	3	3	3	3	2	1	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	2				
Clear Pond	2	2				13	3	14	12	5	17	16	21	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	27	7			
Midway	19	5				14	18	20	16	22	38	17	21	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	11	43	5		
Colston	19	13				30	4	57	33	27	62	56	6	62	62	62	62	62	62	19	26	36		1	
Ehrhardt	42	29				118	28	155	129	53	191	157	34	191	191	189	191	191	191	96	49	3		7	
Govan	26	7				37	6	64	47	23	70	55	14	70	70	70	70	70	70	23	29	24		1	
Denmark	52	55				99	71	138	139	77	215	154	61	214	215	213	215	215	215	104	30	57		17	
Hightower's Mill	7	15				14	8	25	11	24	37	30	6	37	37	37	37	37	37	17	2	1		10	
Olar	58	14				97	25	140	104	63	169	111	58	166	169	169	169	169	169	61	5	22		1	
Lees	6	1				18	1	24	19	7	26	19	7	26	26	26	26	26	26	15	1	4		1	
Kearse	10	7				50	25	40	29	38	68	46	21	68	68	68	68	68	68	26	1	2		1	
Bamberg	136	85				159	73	303	240	138	381	322	59	351	385	361	378	378	378	158	12	68		12	
Hunter's Chapel	2	17				28	4	44	32	16	48	44	4	48	48	48	48	48	48	15	25	3		3	
Edisto	42	22				22	13	70	38	47	86	70	16	86	86	86	86	86	86	47	9	22		6	
Total	422	273				8	2	700	279	1097	849	543	1411	1099	309	1374	1415	1387	1408	608	391	291		61	

BIG STRIKE IS AVERTED.

EIGHT-HOUR LAW ENACTED BY CONGRESS.

Upon insistence of President Wilson, Congress Takes Action to Prevent Tie-up of Railroads.

Washington, Sept. 2.—The threat of a general railroad strike, which has been hanging like a pall over the country for nearly a month, was lifted tonight.

Three hours after the senate had passed without amendment the Adamson eight hour day bill, passed by the house yesterday, the heads of the four great railroad employes' brotherhoods telegraphed 600 odd code messages to their general chairmen in all parts of the country cancelling the strike order issued a week ago to take effect next Monday morning at 7 o'clock.

The legislative expedient to avert the strike was passed in the senate by a vote of 43 to 28—almost a strict party vote—amid stirring scenes, after many senators, Democrats and Republicans, had fought desperately to amend the measure by provisions designed to prevent industrial disasters in the future. Some senators, thoroughly aroused, declared congress was being coerced into enactment of legislation that it did not desire and that it knew would return to plague it in the future.

In both houses the measure was signed within a few minutes after the final vote in the senate and it was sent at once to the white house, where President Wilson will sign it at 7 o'clock tomorrow morning after his return from Shadow Lawn. Officials of the brotherhoods who witnessed the final passage of the bill had announced early in the night that cancellation of the strike would not be ordered until the bill had been signed by the president and actually had become law. But later they conferred, changed their minds and flashed the code messages signaling to the waiting trainmen of the country through their chairmen the message that a satisfactory settlement had been secured.

The bill that stopped the strike provides that after January 1, 1917, eight hours shall be regarded as a basis of reckoning for a day's pay for men engaged in the operation of railroad trains in inter-State commerce (excepting roads less than 100 miles long and electric lines), that they shall receive pro rata pay for work in excess of eight hours and that their rate of compensation shall not be changed pending an investigation for from six to nine months of the effect of the eight hour day railroads by a commission to be appointed by the president.

Underwood Fight Fails. Efforts to amend the bill in the senate were futile, the supreme effort to alter it having been led by Senator Underwood, who sought to provide that the inter-State commerce commission should have power to fix railroad wages and hours of service in the future. This amendment was defeated by a vote of 57 to 14.

Only two Democratic senators, Hardwick, of Georgia, and Clarke, of Arkansas, voted against the bill, and one Republican—La Follette, of Wisconsin—for it.

Blue Jay Stopped Scrap.

A black hen, a game rooster and a guinea hen on the farm of Samuel Dodd, near the Passaic county line, discovered and fought for nearly an hour yesterday over a good sized rat which had been crippled by the rooster.

Each bird asserted its claim to the prize in the best way it could. When the fight was tiring the combatants along came a blue jay, which settled the ownership by picking up the rat and flying into a corn crib.

The farm hands and others who had watched the battle asserted that the blue jay's trick entitled the bird to all the honors that have been heaped upon the species.—Brookdale (N. J.) correspondence New York Sun.

Doylestown, Pa., has dedicated a new museum building costing \$75,000.

CROP OF 11,800,000 BALES.

Condition of Plant on August 25th 61.2.

Washington, August 31.—Further deterioration of the growing cotton crop during August has reduced the estimated final production to 11,800,000 bales. That forecast of production was made today by the department of agriculture, basing its calculations on the condition of the crop on August 25.

That compares with 12,916,000 bales forecast from July 25 condition reports, and 14,266,000 bales forecast from conditions existing June 25. Last year's production was 11,191,820 bales, two years ago 16,134,930, three years ago 14,156,486, and four years ago 13,703,421. During July heavy storms caused damage to the crop, causing a loss in production calculated at 1,350,000 bales.

Weather conditions during August were not the best for cotton. In parts of the belt there was too much rain and in others the weather was too hot and dry, and there was a lack of rainfall. Toward the end of the period there was some improvement in central and northwestern districts, but the crop was in a very unsatisfactory condition in practically all of the gulf States. Excessive heat was making rapid progress difficult in picking in Arkansas, although this work was making satisfactory progress in the remainder of the cotton States.

Comparisons of condition on August 25, by States, follow:

	Aug. 25	July 25
Virginia	90	85
North Carolina	65	76
South Carolina	57	71
Georgia	62	69
Florida	58	70
Alabama	45	65
Mississippi	49	69
Louisiana	64	65
Texas	66	67
Arkansas	71	72
Tennessee	80	82
Missouri	80	81
Oklahoma	56	71
California	92	93
United States	61.2	69.2

In a statement summarizing conditions, the department said:

"August was unfavorable for cotton in almost all sections of the cotton belt. In the western section, the crop deteriorated severely in Oklahoma and Texas because of extreme drought over large areas, which caused the plant to stop fruiting ahead. Weevils damaged the crop considerably in eastern and southern Texas, southern Arkansas, western Florida and southwestern Georgia, and disastrously in Mississippi, Alabama and portions of Louisiana.

"Much of the crop in southern Mississippi and Alabama, because of rain and weevil damage, will require from ten to 20 acres of land to produce a bale of cotton. In the Carolinas and Georgia hot sunshine following the July rain on the sappy plant caused much shedding.

"Lack of fertilizer, which was leached from the soil by the July rain, or withdrawn by grass and weeds, is shown by the appearance of the plant, which seems to have reached maturity with a small stalk and lack of fruit. There are many grassy fields in the Eastern States. Caterpillars are reported in Texas, Louisiana, Florida and Georgia, but have done no material damage as yet.

"Picking is general over the southern half of the belt, and even in Oklahoma, where there is much premature opening. Virginia, Tennessee, northwest Mississippi, eastern Arkansas and Missouri have good to splendid crops of cotton.

Anti-Aircraft Searchlights.

A curious difference in the light projected from the London anti-aircraft searchlights seems to be due to varying atmospheric conditions. Sometimes the beam shows uniform illumination throughout its entire length, then the beam is mostly faint with bright knots or patches at irregular intervals, and at other times only a bright patch on the clouds is seen, the course of the light being invisible.

THIS SNAKE IS TALENTED.

It Can Do Grapevine Twists and Blow Itself Up.

Keeper Charley Snyder, of the snake house up at the Bronx Park zoo, got a new bunch yesterday for his old scheme of crossing the hoop snake with the puff adder, and thereby turning out a constant supply of living tires for automobiles.

For the first time in the experience of even the noted snake expert of the Bronx Park reptile house, Dr. Raymond Ditmars, a snake came to the park yesterday which can blow itself up like a Wall street bull market.

The snake was sent to the zoo by a party of naturalists now in South America looking up specimens for the Zoological society. It is about four feet long and normally not fatter than a broom handle.

The minute that sightseers stop in front of its glass house it first seems to become obsessed with the notion that it is another Charlotte of the Hippodrome ice ballet and begins to throw itself into grapevine twists, figure eights and capital S's. There were hopes that it could also write its name with itself, but this feat seemed beyond it.

When it takes a deep breath or something, however, is the time that its great mental and physical gifts are displayed at their best. One moment the crowd yesterday saw a snake an inch or less in diameter and the next moment it was a Zepellin.

All four feet of snake begin to swell until the body measures from three to four inches in diameter from head to steering gear. The snake will remain inflated for some time then, or until it reaches a decision that enough is enough. Thereupon it collapses with the suddenness and general hullabaloon of an automobile tire.—New York Sun.

Mexico's New Army.

The Mexican army of today is as different from that of the time when Porfirio Diaz thought he had 32,000 soldiers and woke to find barely 14,000, as is the German army that swept through Belgium different from our handful of 50,000 down in Texas, writes Harry H. Dunn in Cartoons Magazine. Six years ago the Mexican army was composed of the riffraff of Mexico, convicts, political prisoners, drab slaves, who served because they owed money to some friend of the government, or wretches who had had the misfortune to marry women whose beauty attracted the eye of some other friend of those in power. Unlike the "rurales," who have been bandits and highwaymen, still preserved their air of freedom and independence because they had been bought and not enslaved, the regular army of the Diaz administration was herded to its work as the Russians were driven into battle at Port Arthur, or bound, as Guatemalan soldiers are chained to their barracks lest they flee.

Today the Mexican army is composed of free men, most of them bandits, it is true, many of them murderers, few of them to be trusted out of sight of their commanding officers, but all fighting because they want to fight, not because they have to fight. And those who judge the coming opposition of the Mexican army of 1916 by that which the forces of Santa Anna put up nearly seventy years ago are as mistaken as those who would attempt to compare the Armada with the British North sea fleet.

Where His Faith Broke Down.

"The late Bishop Hare," said a Sioux Falls physician, according to the Living Church, "used, very reasonably, to impute scepticism to misunderstanding.

"He once told me about a Philadelphia business man of sceptical tendencies, who said to him: "My dear Mr. Hare, I do not refuse to believe in the story of the ark. I can accept the ark's enormous size, its odd shape, and the vast number of animals it contained, but when I am asked, my dear doctor, to believe that the children of Israel carried this unwieldy thing for forty years in the wilderness—well, there I'm bound to say, my faith breaks down."

The Strong Withstand the Heat of Summer Better Than the Weak. Old people who are feeble, and younger people who are weak, will be strengthened and enabled to go through the depressing heat of summer by taking regularly Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. It purifies and enriches the blood and builds up the whole system. 50c.

C. W. RENTZ, JR. Life, Health, Accident and Fire Insurance ALL RELIABLE COMPANIES

J. F. Carter B. D. Carter CARTER & CARTER Attorneys-at-Law GENERAL PRACTICE BAMBERG, S. C.

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY ENGINES AND BOILERS

Saw, Lath and Shingle Mills, Injectors, Pumps and Fittings, Wood Saws, Splitters, Shafts, Pulleys, Belting, Gasoline Engines

LARGE STOCK AT LOMBARD Foundry, Machine, Boiler Works, Supply Store. AUGUSTA, GA.

SUMMONS.

State of South Carolina, County of Bamberg—Court of Common Pleas.—British & American Mortgage Company, Limited, Plaintiff, against Sam Copeland, J. O. Patterson, C. F. Rizer, W. H. Ritter, Mrs. J. A. Byrd, as Executrix of the last Will and Testament of J. A. Byrd, deceased, S. E. Neeley, Bank of Olar, H. H. Kearse, J. J. Wilson, and Saltkeatchie Lumber Company, Defendants. To the defendants above named: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, of which a copy is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office at Orangeburg, S. C., within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint. Dated, April 8th, 1916.

J. STOKES SALLEY, E. H. HENDERSON, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

To the defendant, J. J. Wilson: Take notice that the complaint in this action, together with the summons, of which the foregoing is a copy, was filed in the office of the Clerk of Court of Bamberg County, S. C., on the 2nd day of June, 1916. J. STOKES SALLEY, E. H. HENDERSON, Plaintiff's Attorneys. 9-26.

The Quinine That Does Not Affect The Head Because of its tonic and laxative effect, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE is better than ordinary Quinine and does not cause nervousness nor ringing in head. Remember the full name and look for the signature of R. W. GROVE. 25c.

RUB-MY-TISM

Will cure your Rheumatism Neuralgia, Headaches, Cramps, Colic, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts and Burns, Old Sores, Stings of Insects Etc. Antiseptic Anodyne, used internally and externally. Price 25c.

E. H. HENDERSON Attorney-at-Law BAMBERG, S. C.

General Practice. Loans Negotiated.


FRANCIS F. CARROLL Attorney-at-Law Office Over Bamberg Banking Co. GENERAL PRACTICE. BAMBERG, S. C.

J. A. Klein Mrs. J. A. Klein Teachers of Piano and Organ Studio Over Herndon's Store Duos and Quartets for Two Pianos and the Proper Training of Beginners a Specialty

Dr. THOMAS BLACK, JR.

DENTAL SURGEON. Graduate Dental Department University of Maryland. Member S. C. State Dental Association. Office opposite new post office and over office of H. M. Graham. Office hours, 8:30 a. m. to 5:30 p. m. BAMBERG, S. C.

DON'T CARRY A SAFE!



full of money when you can easily open an account with us and then use checks instead of cash in making payments. You are protected thoroughly against burglars and fire without extra cost to you, besides enjoying all the conveniences of a bank account.

Enterprise Bank
5 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Savings Deposits. Bamberg, S. C.

Bring It In!



If you had brought your auto to us the last time, it wouldn't need another overhauling now. Our work is by experts and is thoroughly dependable. You will find nothing in our moderate bill that was not absolutely necessary. Promptness and thoroughness at the minimum charge, is our motto.

INSTANT SERVICE
THE MUTUAL GARAGE
House Phone 55 C. A. ASENDORF, Prop. Shop Phone 45
DENMARK, S. C.

ELECTION NOTICE.

For the purpose of nominating candidates for governor and all other State officers, congressman, solicitor and all county officers, a direct primary election will be held at the usual places of voting in Bamberg county on Tuesday, September 12, 1916.

The managers shall open the polls at 8 o'clock a. m., and shall close them at 4 o'clock p. m.

For the purpose of holding said election the following managers and clerks are hereby appointed:
Bamberg—P. B. Murphy, G. A. Rice, E. F. Free, W. D. Rowell, clerk.

Clear Pond—J. B. Padgett, J. B. Folk, C. K. Smoak, R. F. McMillan, clerk.

Colston—G. W. Kearse, G. W. Beard, Jr., G. A. McMillan, C. M. Varn, clerk.

Denmark—W. B. Kittrell D. S. Hartzog, D. M. Cox, Sr., I. G. Jennings, clerk.

Edisto—J. W. Webster, Aquilla Drawdy, C. S. Herndon, B. C. Kinsey, clerk.

Ehrhardt—J. E. McMillan, M. W. Rentz, I. D. Copeland, J. J. Hiers, clerk.

Govan—B. P. Hartzog, D. W. Kittrell, J. B. Zorn, L. V. Williams, clerk.

Hightower's—C. J. Creech, A. B. Hightower, J. H. Hartzog, L. W. Abstance, clerk.

Hunter's Chapel—J. G. Rhoad, J. W. Wilson, J. W. Steedly, C. S. Rhoad, clerk.

Kearse—L. A. Brabham, W. H. Ritter, G. E. Kearse, H. W. Chitty, clerk.

Lees—H. B. Grimes, H. S. Walsh, J. C. Kemp, W. D. Mayfield, clerk.

Midway—B. D. Donald, W. E. Utsey, J. Y. Hicks, E. W. Duensing, clerk.

Olar—H. C. Kirkland, J. J. Brabham, G. W. Cave, G. O. Barker, clerk.

After tabulating the result the managers shall certify the same and forward the ballot boxes, containing the ballots, poll list and all other papers relating to the election, by one of their number to the chairman of the county committee within 36 hours after the close of the polls. The county committee will assemble at the court house on the morning of the second day (Thursday) after the election, at 10 o'clock, to tabulate the returns and declare the result of the primary. Managers will please telephone, telegraph or send by messenger to the county chairman, immediately after the votes are tabulated, a full statement of the result. The expense of same will be paid by the county chairman. The same managers and clerks will serve in second and third primaries if they are necessary.

The ballot boxes and ballots will be ready for delivery to managers of election on and after the Thursday before each primary election. Please call at the court house for same. H. C. FOLK, County Chairman.

RILEY & COPELAND Successors to W. P. Riley. Fire, Life Accident INSURANCE Office in J. D. Copeland's Store BAMBERG, S. C.

R. P. BELLINGER ATTORNEY AT LAW Office Over Bamberg Banking Co. General Practice

A UNIQUE RECORD

Very Few Like It In Our Broad Republic.

Home testimony for Doan's Kidney Pills, published in every locality, is of itself convincing evidence of merit. Confirmed testimony forms still stronger evidence. Years ago, a citizen of Bamberg gratefully acknowledged the benefit derived from Doan's Kidney Pills. The statement is now confirmed—the proof more convincing. Cases of this kind are plentiful in the work of Doan's Kidney Pills—the record is unique.

Thos. H. White, Main St., Bamberg, says "I suffered from weak kidneys for several years. My kidneys sometimes pained me and I had a very frequent desire to pass the kidney secretions and had to get up often during the night. Since I began using Doan's Kidney Pills, I am much better. I seldom have to get up during the night and my kidneys are stronger." (Statement given January 25, 1908.)

On February 22, 1915 Mr. White said: "I still hold a high opinion of Doan's Kidney Pills. I haven't taken them for a long time but if I ever have occasion to, I will use them as I know they have no equal."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. White has twice publicly recommended. Foster-Milburn Co., Props. Buffalo, N. Y.

Colds

should be "nipped in the bud", for if allowed to run unchecked, serious results may follow. Numerous cases of consumption, pneumonia, and other fatal diseases, can be traced back to a cold. At the first sign of a cold, protect yourself by thoroughly cleansing your system with a few doses of

THE FORD'S BLACK-DRAUGHT

the old reliable, vegetable liver powder. Mr. Chas. A. Ragland, of Madison Heights, Va., says: "I have been using The Ford's Black-Draught for stomach troubles, indigestion, and colds, and find it to be the very best medicine I ever used. It makes an old man feel like a young one." Insist on The Ford's, the original and genuine. E-67