

PERSONAL MENTION.

People Visiting in This City and at Other Points.

—Mrs. Robert Black spent Saturday in Augusta.

—Mrs. R. M. Hitt is visiting relatives in McCormick county.

—Miss Josie Lightsey, of Savannah, is visiting Miss Addys Hays.

—Mr. W. C. Patrick is spending a week or ten days at Glenn Springs.

—Mr. J. G. Black, manager of Thielen Theatre, spent Sunday in Smoaks.

—Miss Valerie Johnson is spending her vacation with her mother at Blackville.

—Mrs. J. H. Cope is spending some time in Washington.—Spartanburg Journal.

—Misses Thelma and Ray Miley, of Ruffin, are visiting Misses Eunice and Elaine Hunter.

—Miss Addys Hays has returned to the city from Savannah, where she spent several weeks.

—Misses Leone, Vista and Evelyn Brabham are visiting relatives at Florence and Marion.

—Mr. J. D. Copeland, Jr., left Sunday for Glenn Springs, where he will spend a week or two.

—Mrs. Edw. A. Inabinet, who has been visiting relatives at Clark's Hill, has returned to the city.

—Miss Daisy Free has returned home after spending several days with her grandmother at Govan.

—Mrs. E. H. Dowling, who has been quite ill, is much improved to the delight of her many friends.

—Mr. and Mrs. LaVerne Thomas, Miss Kate Rentz and Mr. J. J. Heard motored to Augusta last Thursday.

—Miss Salome Brabham, of Olar, is spending some time in the city with her sister, Mrs. M. T. Johnson.

—Dr. O. D. Faust left Saturday for Macon, Ga., where he will spend several weeks visiting his daughters.

—Miss Mary Livingston, who has been spending a while in Orangeburg with relatives, has returned to the city.

—Little Evelyn Cook, of Blackville, who has been visiting her aunt, Miss Valerie Johnson, returned home Monday.

—Misses Kathleen Oswald, of Olar, and Florrie Johnson, of Allendale, spent the week-end with Mrs. M. T. Johnson.

—Mr and Mrs. E. A. Hooton and Mr. D. F. Hooton left Monday by automobile for Glenn Springs to spend some time.

—Mr. and Mrs. John A. Newsom, of Florida, who have been visiting relatives in the city, have returned to their home.

—Hon. S. G. Mayfield, of Denmark, was in Hampton Monday and Tuesday on professional business.—Hampton Guardian.

—Mrs. J. C. Guilds and little daughter have returned to the city from Waynesville, N. C., where they spent a few weeks.

—Mrs. R. A. Ayer and Mrs. C. E. Simmons, who have been visiting relatives in the city, returned to Blackville Saturday.

—Miss Bessie Glover has returned to her home at Aiken after spending some time in the city with her sister, Mrs. H. W. McMillan.

—Mrs. H. W. Beard and little daughter, Jessie, are spending several weeks with their father, Mr. James O'Byrnes, at Waynesboro, Ga.

—Mr. C. W. Rentz, Jr., is visiting relatives near McCormick He will return today, accompanied by Mrs. Rentz, who has been spending several weeks there.

—Dr. H. F. Hoover was in the city Tuesday attending the meeting of the medical association. Dr. Hoover is now located in Columbia, going there last fall.

—Dr. George F. Hair attended the State Dental association meeting at Chick Springs last week. He also visited other points in the Piedmont section before returning.

—Misses Grace and Quin Hoffman and Alva and Hydra, their brothers, of Ehrhardt, are visiting their uncle, J. L. Rentz at Hotel Albert.—Walterboro Press and Standard.

—Misses Carey Graham, of Bamberg, and Lucile Laurey, of Charleston, and Miss Mitchell, of Bennettsville, are the attractive guests of Miss Orianna Berry at her home near Little Rock.—Dillon Herald.

—Mrs. Kirkland and children, of Ehrhardt, motored over and spent the fourth with relatives at Varnville. Mrs. B. F. Varn, who has been visiting in Bamberg and Ehrhardt, returned with them.—Hampton Herald.

—Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Black and daughters, Misses Alma and Nell, and son, Bennie, came over Sunday for a visit to relatives in town. Mr. Black is a son of the late Sheriff Robert Black, and has many relatives and friends who are always glad to see him and his folks.—Walterboro Press and Standard.

HOW ELECTRICITY IS PRODUCED

The Central Station Power House Keeps No Electricity in Stock.

No matter how much electricity is used for light, heat and power one seldom gives a thought to how this wonderful force is created and distributed for our service and convenience. At the pressure of a button the electric lamp bursts into brilliant light, the electric range is ready for cooking or the vacuum cleaner begins its sanitary work.

Whence comes this mysterious force? How is electricity produced? Contrary to what most of us may be lead to believe electricity is not kept in stock at the electric light station, or power house, the same as sugar, flour or other necessary commodities are kept in a grocery store. Neither is it stored up, like water in the city reservoir, ready to be used on demand. When we turn the faucet at the sink the water which gushes forth has been stored in a large reservoir and conducted to the city through large iron pipes and then through smaller pipes to the houses where it is to be used.

No such system is employed in producing and distributing electricity. Electricity must be made at the power house the moment it is used. No matter how many lamps you have in your home, the lighting company must have the machinery ready to light these lamps at any moment, day or night. As a rule a few of the lamps are used at one time, but the central station must have the capacity to take care of all of them. This applies to your neighbors as well, and a lot of electrical machinery must be kept standing idle in the power house in order to be ready for instant "peak load."

Electricity is a form of energy. It requires power to produce it. At the electric light station the machines which produce electric current, called generators, are driven by steam, or gas engines, or by waterwheels. The electrical generator merely changes the mechanical energy of the steam engine, or the waterwheel, into electrical energy. Electricity cannot be seen; it cannot be "handled," yet it is a mistaken notion that we do not know much about it. We really know a great deal about it. We can measure its pressure, or voltage, its flow, or amperage, its work, or wattage. We can make it do a thousand tasks, to answer our every order and whim.

The electrical current produced by the generators is carried by heavy cables to a switchboard, which is merely a convenient device to handle and distribute the current about the city over slender wires, as needed. This switchboard carries the measuring instruments, the switches which send the current out over the various lines, etc. One switch "throws on" the street lighting circuit at dusk, and throws it off again at daylight. Another controls the power circuit, another the lighting circuit, and so on.

The question of cost for electricity is also very puzzling. Most of us cannot understand why we should pay more for electric light than for electric ranges or for electric power. This is easily explained. We use the electric lamps only a part of the day, often for only six or eight hours in the evening. The rest of the day the lamps are not burned, but the lighting company must maintain its plant, and keep its force and machines ready for twenty-four hours a day in order to serve all the people for the few hours the lamps are required.

Read The Herald, \$1.50 per year.

TRENCH RAIDING.

Grotesque War Sport Outcome of Unbearable Uncertainty.

Between the British and German modern machine warfare, wherein every man was supposed to have become a pawn without initiative of his own, writes a correspondent from British headquarters in France, has been developing perhaps the deadliest form of sport imagination can conceive.

Hardly a day passes without a trench "raid" by one side or the other, and sometimes several such sallies. No subject is more tabooed in its details by the censor. Commanders do not want to let the enemy know why their raids succeed or fail, or why the enemy's succeed or fail. Invention fights invention; secrecy fights secrecy.

All the elements of boxing, wrestling, fencing and mob tactics, plus the stealth of the Indian, who crept up on a camp on the plains, and team work of a professional baseball nine, are valuable to the player. The weapon that is least needed is a rifle. A club, or a sandbag, or an Indian battle axe or spiked club is better. A good slugger, without any weapon at all, may take an adversary's loaded rifle away from him and knocking him down and kicking him to death.

The monotony of trench existence these days is broken preparing for and against raids. Battalion commanders work out schemes of strategy which would have won them fame in smaller wars. Fifty or a thousand men may be engaged in a raid. It may be on a front of 50 or 1,000 yards. Its object is to take as many prisoners and kill and wound as many of the enemy as possible in a few minutes. The assaulters try to hold on to the piece of trench they have taken, the bombers close up on either side, and machine guns and rifles are prepared to sweep the zone of retirement.

An uncanny curiosity gives the soldiers incentive for the raids. Ordinarily they never see their enemy hidden in his burrows across "No Man's Land." Unseen bullets from unseen snipers crack overhead. Unseen guns suddenly concentrate in a deluge of shells. For months this sort of thing goes on and the trenches of the adversaries remain always in the same place; the grim monotony of casualties and watching continues. This arouses the desire to "get at" the enemy which the trench raid satisfies. It means springing over the parapet and rushing across "No Man's Land" into the very houses of the enemy and, man to man on his doorstep, proving which is a better fighter.

To go over the parapet ordinarily means death. In order to make any such rush there must be "interference" as they say in football, and the barb wire in front of the enemy's trench must be cut. This is usually done by guns, which become more and more deadly in their ability to turn accurate sprays of destruction on given points. They cover the rush and they cover the return of the raiders with their prisoners.

But the guns are not all; there is all kinds of organized trickery to enable a body of soldiers to get into the enemy's trenches for a few minutes of activity, when the occupants throw themselves on their invaders at such quarters that it is a question if even a revolver is now a practical weapon. It cannot be thrown over a traverse, and a bomb can.

Valuable Information Secured. There have been trench raids where every man who went out was responsible for a casualty or prisoner while the raiders' own loss might not have been one in ten to the enemy's. There are also failures. Success requires that every detail should work out right. The British inaugurated trench raiding which the Germans promptly adopted. Where its development will end no one dares to say. One advantage of any raid is that those who return are bound to bring back some information of value to the intelligence corps.

Officers in the trenches, as well as officers in other military units, usually wear steel corsets as a protection against spent bullets. "Score one for the breastplate," said an officer who had been doubled over by a shell fragment which hit him in the abdomen. All that was visible was an abrasion on a steel surface.

Radios are Plentiful. The bureau of navigation, department of commerce, has issued the 1915 edition of "Radio Stations of the United States." This list shows that there are now 5,073 wireless stations in the United States, an increase of 1,139 since 1914. They are classified as follows: Government and commercial land stations, 224; government and commercial ship stations, 895; special land stations, 118; general and restricted amateur stations, 3836.—Wireless Age.

CANDIDATES' CARDS

The rates for cards inserted under this head are as follows: For magistrate, coroner, cotton weaver and county commissioner, \$3.00; for all other county offices, \$5.00; for congress and all State offices, \$10.00. Checks must accompany card. Please do not ask that I insert your card unless you send check or cash along with same. All cards will be published until the primaries.

CONGRESS.

I desire to announce to the people of the Second Congressional district that I am a candidate for the national House of Representatives. I will give my best services if elected and will at all times be faithful to the interests of my people. I respectfully ask your support.

ALVIN ETHEREDGE.

I hereby announce my candidacy for reelection as Representative in Congress from the Second District of South Carolina, pledging myself to abide by the rules of the primary and to support the nominees thereof.

JAMES F. BYRNES.

SOLICITOR.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Solicitor of the Second Judicial Circuit, and pledge myself to abide by the rules of the Democratic party and to support the nominees thereof.

R. L. GUNTER.

CLERK OF COURT.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Clerk of Court of Bamberg county, subject to the rules of the Democratic party.

R. L. ZEIGLER.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for clerk of court of Bamberg county in the Democratic primary, and pledge myself to abide by the rules of the party.

H. D. FREE.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for Clerk of Court of Bamberg county, subject to the rules of the Democratic primary.

J. D. COPELAND, JR.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for Clerk of Court of Bamberg county, subject to the rules and regulations of the Democratic primary.

A. L. KIRKLAND.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the office of Clerk of Court of Bamberg county in the Democratic primary, subject to the rules of the party, pledging my support to the nominees thereof.

J. Z. BROOKER.

I have decided to become a candidate for the office of Clerk of Court for Bamberg county, and will appreciate the support of my friends throughout the county for that position.

H. C. FOLK.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Clerk of Court of Bamberg county, subject to the rules of the Democratic primary, pledging my support to the nominees of the party.

J. S. J. FAUST.

PROBATE JUDGE.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Probate Judge of Bamberg county, and pledge myself to abide by the rules of the Democratic primary.

R. S. SIMMONS.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Judge of Probate of Bamberg county in the Democratic primary, subject to the rules of the party.

FRANCIS F. CARROLL.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Probate Judge of Bamberg county, subject to the rules and regulations of the Democratic primary, and pledge myself to support the nominees thereof.

R. P. BELLINGER.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for reelection to the office of Probate Judge of Bamberg county, subject to the rules of the Democratic party.

G. P. HARMON.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Judge of Probate of Bamberg county, subject to the rules of the Democratic party, pledging my support to the nominees thereof.

J. J. BRABHAM, JR.

AUDITOR AND SUPT. EDUCATION.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Auditor and Superintendent of Education of Bamberg county, subject to the rules of the Democratic party.

EDGAR PRICE.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Auditor and Superintendent of Education of Bamberg county, subject to the rules and regulations of the Democratic primary.

G. W. FOLK, Clear Pond.

SHERIFF.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for Sheriff of Bamberg County in the Democratic primary, subject to the rules of the party, pledging my support to the nominees thereof.

D. J. DELK.

I hereby announce my candidacy for reelection to the office of Sheriff of Bamberg county in the Democratic primary, subject to the rules of the party, pledging my support to the nominees thereof.

S. G. RAY.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Bamberg county, subject to the rules and regulations of the Democratic party.

J. P. O'QUINN.

STATE SENATE.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for reelection to the State Senate, subject to the rules and regulations of the Democratic party.

J. B. BLACK.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate to the State Senate from Bamberg county, subject to the rules and



SYSTEMATIZE your household expenses by opening a bank account for your wife. Give her a check book and teach her the use of it. Pay the butcher, the grocer, the baker, with a check. Then at the end of the month you'll find out just how much it costs you to run the home. When payment by check is made there never is any doubt as to whether or not a bill is paid. The check is a receipt.

Besides, a checking account will give your wife a business education. The number of ordinarily bright women who know absolutely nothing of banking is surprising. If you are a husband, father, brother, you cannot tell when death may overtake you, and it is well that your wife, daughter and sister know something of banking.

MAKE UP YOUR MIND TODAY TO GIVE YOUR WIFE A CHECK BOOK.

4 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Savings Deposits.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS \$100,000.00

Bamberg Banking Co.

PERHAPS HE MAY FALL ILL

Individuals all fall ill at some time or other. Sometimes it is a short indisposition—at other times a long illness. Suppose your Executor falls ill at a critical time for your Estate? Who is going to manage it—who is going to protect it—who is going to look after your heirs? Thousands of Estates have lost thousands and thousands of dollars because—to use a homely old phrase—the Executor didn't happen to be "Johnny on the spot" at a critical time. Do you want your Estate to suffer loss? Name us as your Executor and you no longer run this risk.

BAMBERG BANKING COMPANY
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A. M. DENBOW
President and Treas.

C. E. BLACK
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LOANS AND INSURANCE

See Us When You Need a Loan on Town and Farm Property

BAMBERG, SOUTH CAROLINA

regulations of the Democratic party.
B. W. MILEY.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

I hereby announce my candidacy for reelection to the House of Representatives from Bamberg county, subject to the rules and regulations of the Democratic party.

B. D. CARTER.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of County Commissioner of Bamberg county in the Democratic primary, subject to the rules of the party.

OTIS L. COPELAND.

Thanking the voters of Bamberg county for their past support, I hereby announce myself a candidate for reelection to the office of County Commissioner, subject to the rules and regulations of the Democratic primary.

W. D. BESSINGER.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of County Commissioner of Bamberg county, subject to the rules of the Democratic party.

W. W. STEEDLEY.

COTTON WEAVER AT BAMBERG.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Cotton Weaver at Bamberg, subject to the rules and regulations of the Democratic party.

NEB CRIDER.

Deeply appreciating the confidence of the voters in the past, I hereby announce myself a candidate for reelection as Cotton weaver at Bamberg in the primary election, subject to the rules of the party.

F. E. STEEDLY.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Cotton Weaver at Bamberg, subject to the rules and regulations of the Democratic party.

JOHN H. PEARSON.

EHRHARDT COTTON WEAVER.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Cotton Weaver at Ehrhardt, subject to the rules of the Democratic primary.

BRADLEY C. HIERS.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Cotton Weaver at Ehrhardt, subject to the rules of the Democratic primary.

D. J. TEMPLETON.

the Democratic party.
GEO. F. McMILLAN, JR.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for Cotton Weaver at Ehrhardt, subject to the rules and regulations of the Democratic primary, and pledge myself to support the nominee thereof.

BOYCE W. BISHOP.

MAGISTRATE AT EHRHARDT.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for reelection as Magistrate at Ehrhardt, subject to the rules of the Democratic primary, pledging myself to support the nominees thereof.

J. H. KINARD.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Magistrate at Ehrhardt, subject to the rules of the Democratic primary, pledging myself to support the nominees thereof.

J. A. JOHNS.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Magistrate at Ehrhardt in the Democratic primary, subject to the rules of the party, and pledging my support to the nominees thereof.

J. C. COPELAND.

MAGISTRATE AT BAMBERG.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Magistrate at Bamberg, subject to the rules and regulations of the Democratic primary, and will appreciate any support given me by the voters.

E. C. BRUCE.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Magistrate at Bamberg in the Democratic primary, subject to the rules of the party, pledging my support to the nominees thereof.

E. DICKINSON.

MAGISTRATE AT OLAR.

I hereby announce my candidacy for reelection to the office of Magistrate at Olar in the Democratic primary, promising to support the nominees thereof.

O. J. C. LAIN.

COTTON WEAVER AT OLAR.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for Cotton Weaver at Olar, S. C. I will appreciate the support of my friends and abide the result of the Democratic primary.

TO DEMOCRATIC VOTERS.

You must enroll your name again to vote in the August election.

You must enroll on your club roll by July 25th to vote.

You must write on the book: Your full name under the proper letter. Initials won't do, so do not put your initials.

Your place of address, post office.

Your place of residence.

Your age.

Your occupation.

The above is necessary to vote, and if you do not comply you will not vote in August.

The qualifications are as follows:

You must either be twenty-one years old or you must become so before November 7, 1916.

You must have lived in this State two years.

You must have lived in this county since May 6, 1916.

You must have lived in your precinct since June 29, 1916.

You do not have to have tax receipts nor registration certificates—you simply have to sign your name, or make your mark, if you cannot write. Signing in 1914 will not do.