

FOURTH'S VICTIMS

America's Natal Day Was Prolific in Fatal Accidents.

THE USUAL LONG LIST

Thirty-Seven Met Death, While 2,153 Were Burned or Maimed—List of Dead Four More Than That of Last Year.

The Chicago Tribune in Friday's issue says: Thirty-seven men, women and children are dead and 2,153 are maimed, lacerated or bruised as a result of Thursday's excess of patriotism in the United States. The number of dead does not include five drowned during the day.

The roster of the dead is four more than last year's mortality. A year ago thirty-three persons were dead on the morning after the fourth, including five drowned.

Unfortunately the death roll will increase day by day, and even the late days of August will witness additions to it. Tetanus (lockjaw), that grim aftermath of gunpowder wounds, claims its victims by scores and even by hundreds for weeks after the fourth. New York leads all cities of the United States in the number of killed, and injured. Ten persons are dead in that city, while six or more are so seriously hurt that it is expected they will die within a few hours. At the New York hospitals 423 were treated. No record was made of the number of dispensary cases cared for.

The police no doubt averted a greater casualty list by arresting 428 men and boys for carrying weapons.

There were 116 fires in Greater New York during the day. These figures break all fourths of July records for the big metropolises.

Pittsburg ran New York a close second in the grim race, nine persons yielding up their lives on the altar of frenzied patriotism.

Chicago, although the second city of the country, added only two dead to the nation's total.

Springfield, Ill., supplied three victims: Chatham, Ills., two, and Aberdeen, S. Dak., two. No other town or city in the country gave up more than one of its own to death.

The total number of injured, 2,153, is under last year's figures, which were 2,789.

The figures show that this year, as last year, the most of the casualties were due to carelessness in handling firecrackers and other forms of harmless explosives.

Victims of gunpowder stand second in number, but show a marked decrease from last year's figures.

The crusade against the deadly toy pistol seems to be bearing fruit, as this year only 205 victims were reported, as against 304 last year.

BANK TELLER IS NABBED.

Runyan, Who Stole \$54,410, Flushed in a Boarding House.

Chester B. Runyan, the defaulting teller of the Windsor Trust company, was arrested in New York Friday, and \$54,410 of the money stolen from the bank was recovered.

Runyan was found in an apartment, where he had been since he walked out of the bank on Saturday with all the money in the teller's vault packed in his suit case.

BARR IN FULL CHARGE.

Erstwhile Railroad Man at Helm of Jamestown Exposition.

The board of directors of the Jamestown Exposition company, at a meeting in Norfolk Friday night, adopted the report of the conference committee formally electing James M. Barr as director general of the exposition. Mr. Barr is given absolute power in the direction of the show.

SIX DAGOES HALED TO COURT.

Murderers of Kidnaped Boy Taken to Hahnville, La., for Trial.

Surrounded by police officers and special deputies, six Italians, four men and two women who have been held in the parish prison in New Orleans, in connection with the kidnaping and murder of eight-year-old Walter Lamana, were placed aboard a train on Wednesday and taken to Hahnville, the seat of St. Charles parish, to be arraigned on the charge of conspiracy to murder, for which they were all indicted several days ago.

THREE CHILDREN CREMATED.

Burglars Set Fire to Looted Store and Holocaust Results.

Fire started by burglars who looted a small grocery store in Houston early Tuesday caused the death of three children of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Prages, who conducted the store and whose family occupied the upper floor of the building.

CHALLENGED BY TILLMAN

Senator Dolliver of Iowa Rouses Ire of South Carolinian and is Asked to Fight a Duel.

Angered because Senator Dolliver took exceptions to his views on the race question, Senator Benjamin Ryan Tillman of South Carolina, who delivered an address in Jackson, Mich., on the fourth of July, has issued a challenge to Dolliver to fight a duel.

Tillman asserted that only by this method could his honor be vindicated. Tillman made his usual speech before a large and enthusiastic audience, and at the close he requested all who coincided with his views to stand up. Everybody in the audience stood.

Dolliver got into town Friday and immediately began to abuse Tillman. He ridiculed every statement the southern senator made. Tillman, who is the guest of acquaintances in a nearby lake resort, hurried into town inserted a notice in the evening papers of Jackson, in which he stated he had been grossly insulted, that in the south the way those things are adjusted is by the duel route. Dolliver read the story in the newspaper and met Tillman in the lobby of the Ostego hotel. A stormy interview was the result, and it was only through the efforts of bystanders that serious trouble was averted. Dolliver said he was not fighting duels, and Tillman branded him as a coward for not being able to back up his statement, and he declared that the time would come when he would square things with the gentleman from Iowa.

Dolliver left Jackson Friday evening. He was followed to the station by an angry mob of several hundred, and the police had difficulty in getting him through the mob in the train sheds. Tillman remained in the hotel, walking backward and forward in an excited mood. Tillman's speech caught the town, while Dolliver's efforts at answering the South Carolinian's senator's argument met with a flat failure.

"FEMALE SOLDIERS" UNDER BAN

Edict Issued Against Those Wearing Confederate Uniform.

At a meeting held in Nashville, Tenn., Friday night, Frank Cheatham bivouac, United Confederate Veterans, the second largest confederate organization in the south, adopted resolutions against women wearing confederate uniforms, and demanding that all "female soldiers" now attached to Confederate organizations withdraw at once.

These resolutions will be sent to all Confederate organizations in the south. The story behind the resolutions had its beginning at the recent reunion at Richmond, when there appeared on the staff of General Stephen D. Lee a Georgia woman clad in the full regalia of a general, sword and all. Her appearance created a great deal of antagonism among the old soldiers.

The resolutions were drawn up by Colonel John P. Hickman of Nashville. It recites that "some of the generals of the south have adopted the modern woman, which is repugnant to the men and women of the south."

The lady, it is stated, had nursed General Lee through a recent spell of illness, and for her services was adopted on the staff with the rank of surgeon general.

JAPS ENTERTAIN LUKE WRIGHT

Utmost Cordiality Expressed by Officials Toward Americans.

General Baron Kuroki, the Japanese Imperial envoy to the Jamestown exposition, who has returned home, gave a luncheon in Tokio Friday in honor of Luke E. Wright, the American ambassador. Field Marshal Oyama, representing the army, expressed himself in the most appreciative terms of the magnificent and enthusiastic reception accorded General Kuroki and his party everywhere in the United States.

FATALITIES OF THE FOURTH.

Chicago Record-Herald Makes Canvas of Accidents in United States.

Thirty-six persons were killed and 1,471 injured while celebrating Independence Day, according to the Chicago Record-Herald, which made a canvass of the accidents in the entire United States. In Chicago six persons were killed by revolvers, which were supposed to be unloaded, and with the deadly giant firecracker. New York furnished seven of the dead, while the remainder of the list of fatalities is scattered over the country.

FATALITY LIST INCREASES.

Additions Being Made Daily to Fourth of July Casualties.

A Chicago special says: With the grim returns still coming in the number of fourth of July casualties for 1907 have eclipsed all records in the last nine years. The total number of dead has reached fifty-nine. This figure was eight more than a year ago, and was only equaled twice before in the nine years.

LOCAL OPTION BEST

Resolutions Against State Prohibition in Georgia.

ATLANTANS FILE PROTEST

The Atlanta Journal, Governor Smith's Staunchest Supporter, Also Sounds Warning Note—State's Interests Would Be Injured.

At a meeting of about 150 prominent citizens held at the Piedmont hotel, in Atlanta, Wednesday afternoon, strong resolutions were adopted placing the meeting squarely on record as opposing state prohibition. The resolutions state that it is the belief of the citizens that prohibition is contrary to the best moral and material interests of Atlanta and other large centers. It is further stated that state prohibition is contrary to the principle of home rule, which permits one community to make its own laws to meet certain conditions.

The experience Atlanta had with prohibition some years ago is touched on, and it is declared that, in many respects, the morals of the community were worse then than they have ever been since that time.

The meeting in many respects was a remarkable one. It was composed of prominent men in all walks of life. The sentiment of the meeting was practically a unit for the continuance of local option.

The Atlanta Journal, Governor Smith's staunchest supporter in the state campaign, also comes out strongly against state prohibition in the following editorial utterance:

"After the most earnest and sincere deliberation, taking into consideration every aspect and bearing of the question, we have arrived at the conclusion that it is the solemn duty of this paper to enter its protest against the present movement to adopt state prohibition in the state of Georgia.

"But we believe that the highest interest of the state, and the dictates of true patriotism demand that we set our face against a movement which menaces the welfare of our people and is calculated to defeat the end which its well-meaning advocates have in view. We feel that we would be recreant to the people of Atlanta and to the people of Georgia, as a whole, if we did not voice a protest which hangs upon the lips of thousands of good men and true men, high in their morality, unimpeachable in their integrity and supremely devoted to the welfare of the state.

"In the first place, there has been no mandate from the people for this legislation. In the long campaign of last year many momentous issues were discussed. It was perhaps the greatest educational campaign ever held in the state. Matters of great importance were discussed and the controlling issues finally evolved.

"Prohibition was not among them. The declaration of the Macon platform was clear and explicit. It demanded the strictest enforcement of the local option laws, so that prohibition in such counties as have voted for it individually would be prohibitive in letter and in spirit.

It is the duty of this legislature to carry out that plank of the democratic platform."

The Savannah chamber of commerce and the Savannah board of trade have passed resolutions, declaring in the strongest terms against the passage by the state legislature of the prohibition measures. Separate resolutions were adopted by each body. All, however, join in declaring that the material interests of the cities of Georgia, and also of the country, are threatened by such legislation as is proposed.

The Columbus city council has adopted a resolution expressing disapproval of the state prohibition bills. The vote was 8 to 4, two members of council not voting.

ADMIRAL FARQUHAR DEAD.

Noted Retired Naval Officer Succumbed to Stroke of Apoplexy.

Rear Admiral Norman Farquhar, United States navy, retired, died suddenly at the Hotel Thorndyke, Jamestown, R. I., Wednesday night. Death was due to apoplexy. Rear Admiral Farquhar's home was in Washington, D. C., and the body was removed to that city.

ENGLAND PREPARING NOTE.

Will Address Sultan of Morocco Anent Capture of General Maclean.

It is understood that the British minister to Morocco, G. A. Lowther, is preparing to send a strongly worded note to the sultan on the subject of the capture of Caid General Maclean, commander of the sultan's body guard, who recently was made a prisoner by the bandit Raisuli.

CHINA TO VENT WRATH

On Uncle Sam Because of Alleged Ill Treatment of Yellow Men in the United States.

The most aggressive letter that has come from the pen of a Chinese agent the United States exclusion act is a document written by Kong Yue Wei, leader of the Chinese reform movement, who recently left Mexico City for New York.

The document was written in the form of a letter to President Roosevelt, seeking to enlist the president's aid in a revision of the present laws. Just before leaving Mexico City, Kong Yu Wei gave to The Daily Record, an afternoon paper published here, a local afternoon paper, a copy of this letter and authorized its publication.

After reciting what the Chinese have done for the development of the west, Mr. Kong details the treatment the Chinese people have received at the hands of the people of the United States and says:

"Two decades of rigid enforcement of the exclusion laws have brought about the ill will of four hundred million people.

A united Chinese nation will seek to assert its rights and avenge its wrongs. Its anger will be vented in ways that I dread to think of.

"The time will come when a small spark may start an uncontrollable conflagration and the friendly ties between our people be severed beyond remedy.

"Americans have been wont to condemn Russian cruelty toward the Jews. How much more humane has been America's treatment of the Chinese?

"Can civilized America reconcile such treatment of their fellow creatures with divine law? Courtesy and kindness should be reciprocated without a difference between the treatment Americans received in China and that accorded to Chinese in America."

Among the modifications he suggests in the existing law is the abolishment of the objectionable features of identification, such as photograph and the body marks; that no restriction as to ports of entry be made; that certificates issued to Chinamen by Chinese chambers of commerce endorsed by American consuls should entitle Chinese to free entry. He asks that this be applied in the Philippine and Hawaiian islands.

JAIL A FEW TRUST MAGNATES

Is Advice of Bryan at Banquet Given in His Honor.

"Send John D. Rockefeller and a dozen other trust magnates to prison for a long term of years and one of the most vital questions before the people of this country will have been solved," declared William J. Bryan, at a banquet given in his honor by Dr. Sol C. Dickey, president of the Winona Lake assembly at Warsaw, Indiana.

"President Roosevelt and others are now bringing to a successful issue the principles and ideas I advocated seventeen years ago," Mr. Bryan continued.

"This is particularly true as regards the tariff. The president is compelling my future speeches for me."

Mr. Bryan took a fling at the president's cabinet, saying that there was not a man in it who agreed with Mr. Roosevelt. Referring to the controversy between the United States and Japan, Mr. Bryan, who, during his trip around the world, visited the eastern empire, said a little more backbone at Washington would settle the differences for all time to come without a conflict between the two nations.

"Japan will follow in the path of Spain and other nations once powerful, unless there is a religious awakening in that country," he said. "There is one thing that can save Japan and that is the spread of Christianity."

KILLED ENEMY IN COURT ROOM.

Victim Shot in Back While Listening to Attorney's Argument.

While listening to Attorney F. A. Hopkins argue a case in the Prestonburg, Ky., court house Wednesday, Joe Fitzpatrick, it is alleged, walked up behind Andy Coburn and shot him three times in the back, killing him.

During the panic which ensued, Fitzpatrick and a crowd of relatives quietly left the courtroom, no attempt being made to arrest him. Coburn was later indicted upon a charge of killing a cousin of Joe Fitzpatrick.

FLORIDA BANK INSOLVENT.

Fort Dallas National of Miami Closed by Comptroller.

A Washington dispatch says: The Fort Dallas National Bank of Miami, Fla., was closed Friday by direction of the comptroller of the currency on information received from Bank Examiner McDonald that the bank is insolvent. The liabilities are given as \$308,466.

SCHMITZ DERIDED

Grafting 'Frisco Mayor Sentenced to Five Years.

JUDGE DUNNE IS LAUDED

Cheers of Big Crowd Broke Forth Unchecked in Courtroom When Sentence Was Pronounced—Scene Most Remarkable.

At San Francisco Monday Eugene E. Schmitz, convicted of extortion, was sentenced to five years in the penitentiary. When the sentence was pronounced there was a remarkable outburst of applause from the hundreds of persons who crowded Judge Dunne's courtroom.

Judge Dunne sentenced Schmitz to imprisonment in San Quentin penitentiary. Sentence followed the recent conviction of Schmitz for extorting \$1,175 from French restaurant keepers of San Francisco.

As the last words of the sentence fell from the judge's lips the great crowd that had stood throughout the dramatic scene sent up a thunderous cheer. "Good for you!" shouted a man in the back of the room. His ejaculation was echoed and re-echoed by one after another of the spectators. Several threw their hats into the air, others scrambled on chairs to look over the shoulders of the crowd. The greatest confusion prevailed.

Attorney Frairail of the defense raising his voice above the din, called out to Judge Dunne: "Your honor, this cheering is a very unseemly occurrence."

"Well," retorted Judge Dunne, with spirit, "if we had a sheriff worthy of the name, it would have been stopped instantly."

Sheriff Thomas Odell was standing inside the trial rail and he turned to the court and protested: "Nobody could have stopped that, your honor." Special Agent Burns of the prosecution led a number of bailiffs and said: "Clear the courtroom! Clear the courtroom!"

But only a few of the hundred, and odd apparently delighted men obeyed the sharp order. Some of them hustled unceremoniously out into the hallways. About one hundred others kept their vantage places around the counsel table, where Schmitz sat dictating a statement to the newspaper men. The dramatic atmosphere was heightened by a staff of newspaper photographers who exploded flashlight after flashlight until the courtroom was so filled with smoke that it became stifling.

The sentence of the convicted mayor was in one respect without a parallel in the criminal annals of San Francisco. Half a dozen times Judge Dunne was interrupted by Schmitz, who protested in strong words against the "delivery of a lecture" instead of the pronouncement of judgment. He accused the court of unnecessarily humiliating him and giving opportunity for further humiliation by the reporting of his remarks in the press. Once, replying to the prisoner, Judge Dunne said:

"Such brazen effrontery was probably no more than should be expected and it was the duty of the court to hear it in patience."

At another time Attorney Metson of the defense interposed a vigorous objection in support of his client "to the court's lecture."

Judge Dunne's reply was that Mr. Metson, instead of interrupting the proceedings, ought to be given a day in court to answer to the charge that he had attempted to tamper with the jury which convicted Schmitz.

Metson, restraining himself calmly, answered in the same spirit, saying that he was ready to answer any charge that was made against him.

Judge Dunne warned Metson that another interruption would provoke a jail sentence for contempt.

CLOSES FLOATING POOL ROOM.

Government Ousts a Gambling Syndicate at Chicago.

By the revocation of the passenger certificate of the steamboat City of Traverse, the government Monday dealt a heavy blow to the alleged gambling syndicate of the city of Chicago.

The City of Traverse leaves Chicago each day and anchors in Lake Michigan, near the lines of intersection of the states of Illinois, Indiana and Michigan, and, it is alleged, is operated as a floating pool room. The action taken revokes the vessel's license.

OTHERS ARE ALSO WARM.

Torrid Heat Wave is Stretching Over Entire Country.

Monday was the warmest day in Washington city this year. Up in the weather bureau the maximum temperature recorded was 93.3 at 4 p. m., but down town the mercury soared in official thermometers to over 99. A number of heat prostrations occurred.

JIM CROW CARS UPHELD

In Decision by Interstate Commerce Commission—Right to Separate the Races Sanctioned.

A Washington special says: The interstate commerce commission, in a decision Monday, in the case of Georgia Edwards, a negro woman, against the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railroad, held that where a railroad provided certain accommodations for a first class passenger of the white race, it is commanded by the law that like accommodations shall be provided for negroes who have purchased first class tickets. It holds that in this case it is manifest the railroad "has unduly and unjustly discriminated in some particulars against colored passengers" and orders that where the railroad provides a wash bowl and towels in the coaches of the white passengers and a separate smoking compartment, similar accommodations shall be provided for negro passengers paying similar fare.

The complainant who had purchased a first class ticket from Chattanooga, Tenn., to Dalton, Ga., was removed from a car for white persons to one for negroes and complained that she was discriminated against because of her color and not afforded equal facilities. Commissioner Lane, who rendered the decision of the commission, held:

"The expenses of the small smoking compartment in the latter (the car for whites) accounts for nearly all the difference in cost between the two cars."

He holds that the broad question of the right under the thirteenth and fourteenth amendments to the constitution to segregate white and colored passengers has been held by the supreme court of the United States. The opinion continues:

"Accepting these decisions as conclusive upon the constitutionality of such laws, we turn to the consideration of the reasonableness of such a rule when imposed by the carrier; and this we find to have been passed upon by this commission within a few months of its organization in the case of Council vs. Western and Atlantic railroad company, which was decided December 3, 1887, and which held this separation may be carried out on railroad trains without disadvantage to either race and with increased comfort to both.

"Again, in Heard vs. Georgia railroad company, decided February 15, 1888, the commission held that separation of white and colored passengers paying the same fare is not unlawful, if cars and accommodations equal in all respects are furnished to both and the same cars and protection of passengers is observed.

"While, therefore, the reasonableness of such regulation as to interstate passenger traffic is established, it by no means follows that carriers may discriminate between white and colored passengers in the accommodations which they furnish to each. The principle that must govern is that the carriers must serve equally well as passengers, whether white or colored, paying the same fare. Failure to do this is discrimination and subjects the passenger to undue and unreasonable prejudice and disadvantage."

SAME OLD TRAGEDY ENACTED.

Irate Husband Perforates His Wife's Illicit Lover.

News from Knoxville, Tenn., states that E. Macklin, aged 25, was shot and almost instantly killed by Edward McNew, while the former was in company of the latter's wife. The tragedy occurred on what is known as Luttrell's bluff, south of the Tennessee river. McNew had for some time suspected that his wife was on too intimate terms with Macklin.

Macklin and McNew saw each other about the same time and each pulled his pistol at about the same instant. McNew fired first, however.

STORY DENIED BY DOLLIVER.

Iowa Senator Says That He Had No Trouble with Tillman.

In regard to special reports from Jackson, Mich., regarding an alleged altercation between Senators Dolliver and Tillman at Jackson, Senator Dolliver says:

"There is not a shred of truth in the story, Senator Tillman spoke at Jackson on July 3 and left on the same day for Louisville. I made a speech there the next day and left for Chicago early on July 5. I have not seen Senator Tillman since March 4."

CHEWING GUM IS BARRED.

Ocean Grove, N. J., Prohibits Its Sale.

Ocean Grove, N. J., now prohibits the sale of chewing gum within the city limits. There has been a ban on tobacco at Ocean Grove for a long time, but chewing gum has always been sold until now.