

SHAKE-UP IN STOCKS

Call Money in New York Soars to Thirty-Five Per Cent.

MORGAN COMES TO THE RESCUE

Various Gigantic Deals on Foot, Calling For Millions of Ready Cash, Given as the Cause of Big Shake Up.

Stocks broke disastrously in New York Monday when the rate for call money rose to 35 per cent and the market was almost in a panic just before the close.

After the close of the market, James R. Keene, the bull leader, said:

"The money situation alone has unsettled the stock market. Underlying conditions are safe and reassuring as ever. I think the plans of relief set afoot by the secretary of the treasury will ease the situation shortly."

The whole list went down in the day's slump, led by Louisville and Nashville, which lost over 11 points, and St. Paul, which lost about 10. Gilt edge stocks like Pennsylvania dropped from 4 to 6 points.

The Southern Pacific, that stock in which the largest pool ever known in Wall street history has been operating, and on which James R. Keene has staked his reputation as an operator, held firm until late in the day, when it was forced down, despite all the millions Keene could and in support of it.

J. P. Morgan poured millions into the market in vain. More than twenty million dollars was paid out by Morgan & Co. anticipating interest due October 1, but the only effect it had was to break the price of money from 35 to 20 per cent. It did not stay the downward deluge of liquidation.

CAUSE OF STRINGENCY

There is high authority for saying that the real cause of the money stringency is that J. P. Morgan & Co. are buying up all the foreign bills of exchange to pay the English stockholders cash for their stocks surrendered in the organization of the ship trust.

Mr. Morgan has already called on his syndicate for twenty-five million dollars for this purpose and it is stated that he will require that much more.

The reports that plans are well advanced for the Atlantic Coast Line to take over a majority interest in Louisville and Nashville stock is attributed by those in a position to know to the fact that the Louisville and Nashville stocks are now controlled by J. P. Morgan & Co. either by direct ownership or under the option given that firm by the interests represented by Gates and Hawley, will constitute a minority stock. It is also said positively that the dividend will remain at 3 per cent.

Among the heaviest sufferers in Monday's crash is said to be John W. Gates. He is in Europe, where he is said to be desperately endeavoring to unload his American stocks on the London exchange.

Above the crash of millions Russell Sage stood smiling. He had been selling stocks for a month, fairly tumbling them on the market at high prices.

A manipulator said after the flurry that the technical position of the market was much improved by the shake up.

The greatest loss was sustained by Louisville and Nashville. Disappointment regarding the probable disposition of the road as much as anything else is supposed to have caused the break.

Other features that combined to unsettle the market were disquieting reports concerning the president's condition, the prolongation of the coal strike and the undoubted fact that London and the continent are unloading "Americans" in large blocks.

Practically all the money loaned on call came from trust companies and out of town corporations and private individuals. The banks of the Clearing House Association stood aloof and made virtually no loans for speculative purposes. Moreover, the so-called substantial interests offered no support to the market.

SON FIGHTS FOR MILLIONS.

Harry Stratton Decides to Contest His Father's Will.

Harry Stratton, of Pasadena, Cal., after a conference in Denver between his attorneys, decided to contest the will of his father, which left the bulk of his estate, estimated to be worth from \$10,000,000 to \$12,000,000, for the establishment of a home for poor sick people at Colorado Springs.

Young Stratton forfeits \$50,000 which his father left him by making a contest.

THE MOROS ARE DEFIANT.

American Troops Having Trouble in Subduing Them.

That the task of reducing the Moros to terms is proving difficult is indicated by the following cablegram received Wednesday by the war department from General Chaffee:

"Manila, September 24.—Adjutant General, Washington: Captain John J. Pershing to Viceroy; unable to reach Maricor Forts; water and swamps prevented. CHAFFEE."

CARPENTERS RE-ELECT HUBER.

President of Association Given Another Two-Year Term.

General President William D. Huber, of Philadelphia, of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, was re-elected general president of the order for the coming two years at Friday morning's session in Atlanta.

Three ballots were necessary to complete the election. President Huber received the necessary majority on the third ballot.

TRAGIC DEATH OF EMILE ZOLA.

Noted French Novelist Asphyxiated by Gases While Asleep—His Wife Also Overcome, Survives.

Emile Zola, the novelist, who was born in Paris, April 2, 1840, died in that city Monday morning.

Zola was found dead in his house from asphyxiation. His wife is gravely ill. It is said that the novelist's death was accidental. He was asphyxiated by fumes from a stove, the pipes of which are said to have been out of order. At the same time it is stated that there are indications of suicide.

Zola and his wife returned to Paris Sunday after spending three months in the country, and owing to a sudden spell of cold weather he ordered the heating stove in his bedroom to be lighted. The stove burned badly, but Zola and his wife retired at 10 o'clock and the servants, not hearing any movement in the apartment Monday morning, entered the bedroom at 9:30 and found Mme. Zola lying on the bed, insensible.

Zola was lying half out of bed, with his head and shoulders on the floor and his legs on the bed.

Doctors were summoned, but they failed to restore Zola to life. After prolonged efforts they resuscitated Mme. Zola.

The rumor circulated regarding Zola's supposed suicide from poison was based on the fact that ejections supposedly from the stomach, were found on the floor, but the doctors say they came from Zola's dog, which also was in the bedroom and which did not suffer from asphyxiation.

Zola dined with a good appetite Sunday evening and the servants of the household partook of the same dishes. Nothing unusual was heard in the bedroom during the night.

NAVAL STORES COMBINE.

Companies in Savannah and Jacksonville to Pool Interests.

According to a Savannah dispatch the Consolidated Naval Stores Company is in process of formation. It will begin a factoring business on November 1, 1902, with a capital of \$2,500,000. Its headquarters will be Jacksonville, Fla., and it will handle naval stores at Savannah, Pensacola and Fernandina.

W. C. Powell, president of the Southern Naval Stores Company, of Savannah, will, it is understood, be president of the big concern. W. F. Coatsman, of Jacksonville, and R. B. Ballard, of Savannah, will, it is said, be vice presidents, and it is believed that other naval stores men, prominent in present companies, will be vice presidents.

The liquidation of the companies that are to be included in the Consolidated Naval Stores Company will soon begin. Notices from the Mutual Naval Stores Company, of Jacksonville, have been sent out to stockholders, apprising them of its early liquidation.

The companies that are to be consolidated into the monster concern are the Southern Naval Stores Company, of Savannah; the Emile Young Company, of Savannah; the Florida Naval Stores and Commission Company, of Jacksonville; the Mutual Naval Stores Company, of Jacksonville; the Gulf Naval Stores Company, of Tampa, Carrabelle and Pensacola; the West Coast Naval Stores Company, of Pensacola.

These six companies, it is estimated, handle the output of over 500 naval stores producers of Georgia, Florida, Alabama and Mississippi. Altogether their business exceeds, during a year, 300,000 casks of spirits of turpentine and 1,500,000 barrels of rosin. At present values this would mean an annual volume of about \$15,000,000.

GOVERNOR MAKES PROTEST.

Against the Landing of United States Marines at Panama.

The navy department Monday received the following dispatch from Vice Consul Ehrman, at Panama:

"Panama, September 28.—Trains running regularly. In the last few days bands of revolutionists have been seen on the line of the railroad. Governor has protested against the landing of Americans. EHRMAN."

GEORGIA MARBLE USED.

Supplants Maryland Article in State Capitol Annex.

Georgia marble has been substituted for Maryland marble by the building commission of the state capitol annex, says a Baltimore dispatch. The portion to be built of the Georgia stone, and it was decided to substitute marble for copper in the cornice.

Members of the commission said they favored Maryland marble, but owing to an apparent combination along local quarriesmen to raise prices, the Georgia stone could be had much cheaper.

M'GUIRE ANSWER CHARGES.

Former Official of Carpenters' Association Accused of Shortage.

P. J. McGuire, former secretary and treasurer of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, whose alleged shortage of \$10,000 has occupied the attention of the convention for the past two days, arrived in Atlanta Wednesday afternoon to make a personal defense before the convention.

TO BUY QUEEN AND CRESCENT.

Move of the Southern Railway to Get Into New Orleans.

According to a New Orleans special the Southern Railway Company is negotiating for the purchase of the Queen and Crescent system. President Spencer, of the Southern, is now in England, and it is reliably stated that the direct object of his visit is to effect the purchase of the line, which will give the system entrance into New Orleans over its own rails.

A REIGN OF TERROR

Strikers Become More and More Defiant and Bloodthirsty.

TROOPS SWARM THE REGION

Bayonets Only Serve to Add to the Wrath of the Strikers—Whole Anthracite Region is Now Afire.

A Philadelphia special says: Of the ten anthracite coal producing counties of Pennsylvania, state troops are now camped in five. Despite the presence of the troops in these districts, rioting and general lawlessness continued Wednesday in the entire hard coal territory from Forest City, Susquehanna county, on the north, to Williamsport, Dauphin county, on the south, a distance of more than 100 miles.

The section of the strike region in the vicinity of Forest City, which has been comparatively quiet ever since the strike began, was greatly worried during the day by crowds of strikers interfering with and beating men who had returned to work, and as a result Sheriff Maxey, of Susquehanna county, asked Governor Stone for troops to assist him and other civil authorities to preserve the peace.

Many Troops in Field.

At present there are four full regiments, two companies of another and two troops of cavalry in the field. The Thirtieth regiment is camped at Okphant, six miles north of Scranton; the Ninth is quartered at its armory in Wilkesbarre; the Eighth regiment and the Second Philadelphia city troops are under canvas on the top of a hill overlooking Shenandoah; one battalion of the Twelfth and the Governor's troop are in the Panther creek valley and one battalion of the Twelfth in preserving order in the city of Lebanon, where the iron and steel workers are on a strike. If the disorder continues Governor Stone will be compelled to call out additional soldiers.

While there has been no big general riot the disturbances have been of such a serious nature as to cause the authorities much apprehension. Every effort is being made by the sheriffs of the several counties affected and the troops to prevent disturbances from growing to such an extent as to cause bloodshed.

Violence Everywhere.

Reports are coming in from every county of non-union men and others either being shot or clubbed. Houses of workmen have been burned or dynamited, and attempts have been made to hold up coal trains or derail them.

Coal is being shipped from many parts of the coal fields to market, but compared with the normal output the quantity is insignificant. The output for the week will be considerably less than the average normal production of one day, which is about 300,000 tons. The strikers claim that very little of the coal is freshly mined and that it is mostly coal "washed" from the culm banks. President Mitchell had no comment to make on the movement of the troops into Luzerne county. He said the general strike situation is unchanged.

ODELL RENOMINATED.

Present New York Governor Named For a Second Term.

The New York state republican convention in session at Saratoga Wednesday named the following ticket:

Governor—B. B. Odell, Jr., of Orange.

Lieutenant Governor—F. W. Higgins, Cattaraugus.

Secretary of State—John O'Brien, Clinton.

Treasurer—John G. Wickens, Erie.

Attorney General—Henry B. Conant, Madison.

For Comptroller—N. B. Miller, Cortland.

Engineer—E. A. Bond, Jefferson.

Judge of the Court of Appeals—W. E. Werner, Monroe.

The resolutions, after expressing sorrow for the death of President McKinley, endorse in strong terms the administration of President Roosevelt.

RUSSELL OUT OF RACE.

Announces that He is Not Candidate For Georgia Supreme Bench.

Judge R. B. Russell will not be a candidate for the Georgia supreme bench. He makes this an announcement through The Atlanta Constitution.

Judge Russell had never formally announced his candidacy. Still his name had been generally used in this connection and many of his friends have been working actively for him for several weeks.

PHIPPS GIVES HUNDRED THOUSAND.

A dispatch from The Hague confirms the report that the donor of the \$100,000 sent to General Botha for the relief of destitute Boers was Henry Phipps, of New York city.

OVER FIVE HUNDRED DROWNED.

Further Details of Frightful Storms that Swept Sicily.

Later advices received from Sicily show that the tempest that worked such damage in that island raged for several days. Details of the storm multiply the number of deaths. On the east coast 370 bodies have been recovered and the sea continues to give up corpses which were swept down by the torrents from the interior.

It is estimated that five hundred bodies have already been recovered. Three hundred lives were lost at Modica.

FOUR HUNDRED ON STRIKE.

Machinists in Shops of C., O. & G. Road Walk Out at Shawnee.

Four hundred machinists, boiler makers, blacksmiths and woodworkers went on strike Friday at the car shops of the Choctaw, Oklahoma and Gulf railroad, at Shawnee, Okla. The strikers demand that they be paid promptly every month as under the old management.

A SURPRISE TO EMPLOYEES.

Shop Force of Ellen N. at Pensacola Get a Raise.

Employees in the L. and N. railway shops at Pensacola, Fla., were very much surprised when the monthly pay roll was apportioned to them a few days ago and they found that their salaries had been voluntarily increased 10 per cent, without any previous notice having been given that such a step would be made.

A FIEND'S COWARDLY ACT.

Farmer, His Wife and Her Unborn Babe Shot to Death on Public Highway.

George Bundrick shot and killed John J. Shrouder Wednesday morning while the latter, with his wife, was proceeding in a buggy to their home near Raines, Ga.

Bundrick had claimed that a negro on Shrouder's place had stolen his pocket knife and had undertaken to arrest three of Shrouder's hands. Shrouder offered to pay for the knife in order that his farm force should not be interfered with at this time. Bundrick accused Shrouder of siding with the negroes. Shrouder said he would meet Bundrick as soon as he could take his wife home. They then parted.

Wednesday morning as Shrouder was going from the station with his wife, in a buggy, he met Bundrick on the road a short distance from the station and, without any warning, Bundrick emptied both barrels of a shotgun in Shrouder's face, killing him instantly. Shrouder either intentionally shot Mrs. Shrouder, or she was hit by stray buckshot from the load fired at her husband.

The shooting caused the horse to run away, and Mrs. Shrouder and her husband were thrown in the road.

Mrs. Shrouder, with her unborn babe, was mortally injured by the shot and the fall.

MATHIS AND LESTER DIE.

White Man and Negro Swing from Same Gallows in Mississippi.

At Oxford, Miss., Wednesday Will Mathis (white) and Orlando Lester, colored, were hanged for the murder of the Montgomery brothers.

On the 16th of last November, Deputy United States Marshals John A. and Hugh Montgomery went out 15 miles east of Oxford to arrest Will Mathis, upon the charge of illicit distilling. It was learned that the offenders arrived at Mathis' about sundown and although it was Saturday, Mathis was engaged in killing a hog. He met the officers at his gate and they proceeded to read a writ to him and informed him that they would take him on to Oxford that night. Mathis requested them to let him finish cleaning the dog, so his wife would have something to eat while he was gone.

The officers went into the house and that is the last known of them, of which any one is sure, until their charred and mutilated bodies were found in the ashes of Mathis' burned house next morning.

The negro, Orlando Lester, was helping Mathis and Bill Jackson was also on the premises. The part each played in the tragedy has been told differently by each one concerned. Mathis claims that Whit Owens loaned the negro a gun and told him to shoot the officers, which he did against Mathis' will. Lester claims that he was sent for the gun by Will Mathis and that Bill Jackson did the shooting. Bill Jackson said he left before the killing took place and Owens has never made any statement at all.

After the Montgomerys were killed, Mathis took his wife to her father, Whit Owens, and returned with Owens and Lester and burned the house in order to hide the bodies of the two murdered men. The bodies were mutilated and burned, but no one will probably ever know the details.

Sheriff's Good Luck.

Sheriff M. M. Buford has again shown his remarkable ability for keeping track of criminals. A little over five years ago a negro living in Laurens county by the name of Mart Blackburn, alias Mart Rook, was charged with murder. Some time ago a warrant for the negro was placed in the hands of Sheriff Buford, who had learned from some source that Mr. Buford was in possession of facts that would likely lead to the capture of the murderer. A few days ago Sheriff Buford and two trusted men boarded the outgoing Augusta train in Columbia. The party alighted from the train at Lewistown about 3 a. m., where they hired conveyances and went several miles in the country to a point above Pricerville on the plantation of Dr. James Draffs, where they succeeded by strategy in capturing the negro, who had assumed the name of Thomas Allen.

NON-REGANIAN JUDGE.

Judge O. R. Levy, who has just been elected by the people to serve Charleston another term as county judge, is probably the oldest public official in the United States. The venerable old gentleman recently celebrated his eighty-ninth birthday and he is still hale and hearty. In the war between this country and Mexico he distinguished himself in several sanguinary engagements. Toward the close of the civil war, though an old man, he saw that his services were needed in the Confederate cause, so he joined in the conflict. Judge Levy is regarded as an able and efficient exponent of the law. He is held in dire dread by the wrongdoers and has a stern manner of administering justice, yet his heart has been known to soften on certain occasions.

INTERNATIONAL TOBACCO TRUST

American and British Interests Have at Last Been Consolidated.

A London special says: The tobacco war has been ended by the amalgamation of the American and British interests. An official statement containing the details and subscribed by the officers of both combines will be given out later.

Spain to Recognize Cuba.

According to advices from Madrid Spain has finally decided to establish fully accredited diplomatic relations with Cuba. A minister plenipotentiary and secretary of legation will be sent to Havana soon.

Coal Shortage Closes Schools.

Two of the largest schools in Pawtucket, R. I., have been closed on account of the scarcity of coal. It is said that a majority of the schools there may have to be shut up.

KING IS IGNORED.

Nothing Left to Leopold in Queen Henriette's Will.

The will of Marie Henriette, queen of the Belgians, was opened at Brussels Wednesday. It directs that she be buried beside her son and that there shall be no public lying in state. The queen bequeaths her twelve horses to her private secretary, Baron Goffinet. The other bequests made by her majesty were of a private character. She left nothing to King Leopold.

SOUTH CAROLINA STATE NEWS ITEMS.

Race for Speaker.

The race for speaker of the house of representatives is growing more interesting each day. W. L. Smith, of Kershaw, says he is confident of being elected speaker. Among other gentlemen are T. Yancy Williams, of Lancaster; R. A. Cooper, of Laurens, and T. H. Rainwater, of Edgefield.

Charter is Granted.

The secretary of state has issued a commission to the Columbia Metallic Roll Company, of Columbia, which will handle a very valuable patent obtained recently by Louis I. Guion on a piece of cotton mill machinery. The capital stock is to be \$400,000. The incorporators are Louis I. Guion, J. W. Babcock, L. J. Wrigley, W. B. Smith Whaley and August Kohn.

Preliminary Hearing Waived.

Dr. O. L. P. Jackson waived preliminary hearing in the case made out against him by the detective of the State Pharmaceutical Association, the charge being that at Dr. Jackson's drug store, in or near the mill village, prescriptions were compounded by a young man who is not a licensed pharmacist.

Spartanburg Rich County.

The abstracts in County Auditor Epton's office show that Spartanburg county leads as the richest and most thoroughly developed county—industrially speaking—in the state. The following are the figures:

Report of 1902, total value of railroads, \$1,047,820; total value of real estate, \$5,692,910; total value of personal property, \$5,115,653; grand total for 1902, \$10,856,383.

Report for 1901, total value of railroads, \$1,023,295; total value of real estate, \$5,391,295; total value of personal property, \$5,381,781; grand total for 1901, \$11,803,371.

The tax on the above amount is \$191,371.16. Total polls, \$11,053; total taxation, \$202,424.16.

Children Dropped From Mill Roll.

It was stated a few days ago that the Whaley cotton mills had issued an order for all children under 12 years of age to be kept out of the mills. As there is considerable agitation just now on account of the pending "child labor agitation," the statement is considered of some importance.

When asked if such an order had been issued, J. Sumner Moore, general manager of the Olympia mills, stated that the mills have not done more this year than has been their custom. It is true that there were forty or fifty children to quit the mills under instructions issued, but the reason of this is that the schools resumed work and the mills wanted to encourage the children to attend school.

With Appropriate Exercises Retreat of Georgia Veterans is Opened.

The new Georgia Soldiers' Home building at Atlanta was formally opened Thursday with exercises peculiarly appropriate to the occasion.

A large crowd was present, including the inmates of the home, Confederate Veterans of different camps, members of the Ladies' Memorial Association, Daughters of the Confederate Army and other auxiliary organizations.

Colonel W. Lowndes Calhoun, president of the board of trustees of the home, presided.

ENORMOUS PENSION LIST.

Report Will Show Increase of Nearly Six Thousand for Year.

The annual report of the commissioner of pensions, Eugene F. Ware, made public Monday, shows that the number of names on the pension rolls is still under the million mark, despite a net gain of 5,732 pensioners since 1898. The total enrollment July 1 last was 999,446, against 997,735 last year. The total comprises 738,809 soldiers and 260,637 widows and dependents. The aggregate includes 4,693 pensioners outside the United States.

DEADLY WORK OF EARTHQUAKE.

Frightful Calamity Visits Section of Russian Turkestan.

A dispatch received in Berlin from Tashkent, capital of Russian Turkestan, reports a terrible earthquake August 22, the shocks continuing until September 3. One hundred persons were killed at Kashgar, in eastern Turkestan, four hundred in the village of Astyn, twenty at Jangli, while the town of Aksulitsche was completely destroyed.

ALGER FOR SENATE.

Michigan Republicans Indorse Former Secretary of War.

After a long and laborious session in Grand Rapids, in which more enthusiastic partisan strife was in evidence than has been seen in the councils of the republican party in that state for many years, the Michigan republican state convention Thursday indorsed the senatorial candidacy of General R. A. Alger, former secretary of war, and nominated William L. Carpenter, of Detroit, for justice of the supreme court, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Justice Charles D. Long.

LONDON WORRIED BY A "FAKE."

Bogus News that Anarchists Were After Roosevelt.

Great excitement was created in London Thursday evening by a story sent out by the Daizel news agency under a New York date saying it was supposed that an anarchist attempt on the life of President Roosevelt was involved in the wreckage of the Golden Eagle hotel, at Washington.

PROMINENT HOTEL MAN DEAD.

Edward McKissick passes away Sunday at Norfolk, Va.

Edward P. McKissick, one of the best known hotel men in the country and manager of the Battery Park hotel at Asheville, N. C., died suddenly at Norfolk, Va., Sunday morning, presumably from a stroke of apoplexy.

Mr. McKissick was well known throughout the south and had hundreds of friends who will be shocked to learn of his sudden death.

PRESIDENT AGAIN "KNIFED."

Another Slight Operation is Performed by Doctors on Roosevelt's Diseased Leg.

A Washington dispatch says: Another operation was performed Sunday on the abscess on the left leg of President Roosevelt. In the former operation a simple needle was used to relieve the trouble, but this time the surgeons, with a knife made an incision into the small cavity, exposing the bone, which was found to be slightly affected.

The president's case has been progressing satisfactorily, but it is believed by the physicians that the further operation was made will hasten his complete recovery. While none of the doctors are willing to be quoted, they give the most positive assurances that there is not the least alarm, and say, on the contrary, there is every indication of a speedy recovery; that the area of the bone affected is very slight, and will not result in an impairment of the president's limb, and that there is no evidence whatever of any matter that would produce blood poisoning. They confidently expect that the president will be on his feet within a reasonable time, and, with his robust constitution to assist recovery, soon will be himself again.

Unusual Case in Circuit Court.

An unusual case was tried in the circuit court at Anderson the past week. Walter Gilmer, a 12-year-old white boy, was tried for assault and battery with intent to kill. The prosecutor was Waddy Murray, another boy of about the same age.

The boys had been employed in the Pelzer cotton mill. They had a fight in the mill one day last November and the Gilmer boy cut the Murray boy on the neck with a pocket knife. It was a painful wound, but not at all serious. Murray's father had a warrant issued against the Gilmer boy for assault and battery with intent to kill. The magistrate sent the case up to the circuit court and the grand jury found a true bill.

It is said the solicitor did not know the age of the defendant until he was arraigned in court and he did not put much vigor into the prosecution of the case. In his charge to the jury Judge Watts very plainly indicated that he wanted a verdict of acquittal. The jury was not long in making up a verdict of not guilty.

ALFONSO'S MA MARRIES.

On Learning of the Fact, Young King of Spain Raised a Howl.

A special dispatch from Madrid, Spain, says it is reported there that Queen Marie Christina, mother of King Alfonso, married her master of horse, Count De La Escosura, while in Austria recently.

When Alfonso learned of his mother's marriage he became wildly enraged and violently abused the queen, ordering her to retire to the provinces or to go abroad with her new husband.

The queen refused to obey the young king's orders and the outcome is impossible to foresee.

RECEIVER IS ASKED FOR.

Boston People File Bill in Equity Against Coal Barons.

A committee of citizens, headed by the publishers of a Boston newspaper, Saturday sought relief in the courts from the present coal shortage and high prices by asking for a receiver for the coal companies and coal-carrying roads. A bill in equity was filed in the Massachusetts supreme court asking that a receiver be appointed for the benefit of all concerned upon such terms and in such manner, and with such agents and servants, and with such rates of employment and at such prices for coal produced and sold as the court shall from time