

# THE BAMBERG HERALD.

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ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR.

## RIOT CAUSED BY ANARCHISTS

Chicago Police Had a Serious Problem on Their Hands.

### WIDOW PARSONS IS ARRESTED

Relict of Long Dead Bomb-Thrower Instigator of Trouble in the Windy City.

An anarchist riot occurred in Chicago Sunday afternoon in which twenty-five people were bruised in a struggle with forty-five police, summoned to quell the disturbance.

Five persons were arrested, among them being Mrs. Lucy Parsons, widow of Albert R. Parsons, who was executed November 11th, 1887, in Chicago for aiding and abetting the bomb throwing in the Haymarket riot. She was charged with disorderly conduct, obstructing the street and resisting an officer.

The others arrested were: Paul Varney, charged with distributing incendiary literature; Clement Pfenner, charged with assault, disorderly conduct and obstructing the street; Herman Goodman, charged with distributing incendiary literature; Abraham E. Delstadt, charged with disorderly conduct, obstructing the street and resisting an officer.

A mass meeting had been called at West side Turner hall at which speeches were to be made by Mrs. Parsons and others on the topic, "The Execution of the King of Italy." The call concluded, "workmen, come in crowds and show that the feeling of brotherhood is strong among you."

Mrs. Parsons was on her way to the hall, when, feeling ill from the intense heat, she stepped into a shaded doorway to rest. Soon a crowd formed and a police officer, pushing through the crowd, caught a glimpse of Mrs. Parsons.

Thinking she was making an anarchistic speech she endeavored to arrest the crowd. His efforts were vain and the officer sent in a call for reinforcements. Additional officers arrived and immediately a general fight was precipitated. Fists and clubs were used and the officers, finding themselves being worsted, sent in a riot call. The number of police was increased to forty-five and they rushed into the throng. Mrs. Parsons was seized. It is claimed she resisted arrest and her associates fought for her. Bricks were thrown, clubs were wielded and a fierce struggle ensued before the crowd was finally dispersed.

Clement Pfenner, one of those arrested, was badly cut in the hand. A number of children in the crowd were knocked down in the melee and several persons were badly beaten and bruised.

After the affray numerous small cards were found on the street and in vicinity containing two verses of poetry, urging the workmen to be free, to throw off the yoke of bondage and fight for liberty and to lay down their lives, if necessary, to overthrow the government and attain freedom. The card bore the heading:

"Workmen, emancipate yourselves!"

The police assert that these cards were printed in San Francisco and were received here by the anarchists several days ago and have been secretly distributed. A large quantity of literature advocating anarchy and a book containing the names and addresses of several hundred anarchistic sympathizers were received by the police.

### UNDER GOOD ESCORT

Foreign Ministers Are Authorized to Leave Peking for Tien Tsin.

Cheng, director general of railways and telegraphs, has at last communicated to the consuls at Shanghai, according to a special dispatch to The Paris Temps, dated August 5th, authorizing the foreign ministers in Peking to communicate without restriction with their governments and ordering their departure for Tien Tsin under a good escort.

### KENTUCKY POPULISTS

Hold Convention at Louisville and Oppose Goebel Election Law.

The state convention of the People's party of Kentucky was called to order in Louisville Wednesday with the largest attendance ever seen at a Populist gathering in Kentucky. There was no question as to the platform, and as outlined, it was unanimously adopted.

It opposes the Goebel election law and demands direct legislation, these two planks composing its main features.

A. H. Cardin of Cretenden county was nominated for governor.

### TABACCO GROWERS SUE

They Allege That Warehouse Men Have Evaded a State Statute.

Forty tobacco growers filed suits in the circuit court Friday against various Kentucky tobacco warehouses, alleging that the warehousemen have evaded the recent state statute which forbids them to take ten pounds of tobacco from each hoghead for a sample. The plaintiffs ask a penalty of \$100 in each case and each seeks to establish from five to twenty-five cases.

To Negotiate a Loan.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Express (London) says that Prince Vuchetshy will leave for America in a few days on important financial business, dealing with a new loan which Russia is negotiating in the United States.

Looks Like Carmack.

County Democratic primaries held throughout Tennessee Thursday practically ended the election of Congressman E. W. Carmack to the United States senate. David R. Swoelgrass, is the only other avowed candidate.

## ANOTHER BELATED MESSAGE

Received From Minister Conger Through Consul Goodnow at Shanghai.

A Washington special says: A belated message from Minister Conger was received Sunday at the state department. It came through Consul General Goodnow at Shanghai, who transmitted messages received by Mr. Ragsdale, United States consul at Tien Tsin, from Mr. Conger and Mr. Squires, secretary of the United States legation at Peking. The messages are the same as those received a day or two ago by the state department from Consul Fowler at Chee Foo. The message was transmitted to President McKinley at Canton, and Mr. Ade, acting secretary of state, issued the following statement concerning it:

"Consul General Goodnow, in a cablegram dated Shanghai, August 5th, which was received at the state department at 5 o'clock this (Sunday) morning, reports the receipt by Consul Ragsdale at Tien Tsin of message from Minister Conger and the secretary of the latter, Mr. Squires, dated July 21st, to the following effect:

"All well; no fighting since the 15th by agreement. Enough provisions. Hope for speedy relief."

"Mr. Goodnow adds that the director of posts, Sheng, had on the 5th communicated to him an imperial edict dated July 30th, ordering Jung Lu to provide an escort for the ministers to Tien Tsin when the ministers fix the date. The edict says the ministers can receive messages not in cipher, but notwithstanding this, plain messages were returned to some consuls on August 4th."

While the messages from Minister Conger and Secretary Squires bear the date of July 21st, the belief, founded not only upon them but also upon collateral and later information, is that the legations are yet safe from immediate harm.

At present there is no means of knowing whether the ministers will accept the offer of the Chinese imperial government to provide an escort for them to Tien Tsin, but it is surmised that they will prefer to remain within the British legation at Peking until the arrival of the allied forces. Should they start for Tien Tsin in all probability it would be because they regard that the safer course to pursue. It is thought to be very unlikely that the Chinese will be very insistent upon the departure of the ministers in the hope, if they can be gotten to Tien Tsin in safety, the storming of Peking may be averted. The inhibition of cipher dispatches to the ministers, while a serious breach of diplomatic usages, is not regarded here with apprehension. The Chinese government, it is pointed out, is suspicious of the actions and intent of the foreigners, and probably has adopted this precaution to prevent communication to the ministers of the details of military movements.

### ANARCHISTS MORE RETICENT

Since Detectives Are After Them They Have Changed Their Tune.

The tone of the anarchists at Peking, N. J., has greatly changed during the past few days. They are keeping very quiet and are even inclined to call back what they said early in the week. They know now that besides all that has been published about them the secret service agents are at work and must know more.

In the possession of the police and of the Italian authorities is evidence which the investigators regard as indisputable proof of the formation in New York in Pateron, N. J., of a gigantic plot against the lives of the crowned heads of the world. Various shreds and patches of proof have been gathered which indicate that the original fabric woven by the master weaver was intricate and subtle.

### NEW ORLEANS NEGROES

Hold Meeting and Resolve to Re-Establish Friendly Relations With Whites.

At large meeting of the most influential colored men in New Orleans, held Saturday, it was resolved to perfect an organization that would re-establish friendly relations between the whites and negroes in the city, discourage all incendiary pamphlets and literature intended to stir up trouble between the races, and refrain on the movement of the Southern Railway from other northern cities to send an agent or emissary to New Orleans to inquire into the condition of the negroes.

### POISONED BY TOADSTOOLS

Seven Persons Mistook Them For Mushrooms and Three Are Dead.

Three persons dead in the home of J. A. Norris, near Harvey, Ill., and four others seriously ill, was the result of eating toadstools which they mistook for mushrooms. The dead are: Mrs. Edith Norris, Maud Norris and Thomas Norris.

Thomas, thirteen years old, undoubtedly saved those yet alive. Half clad and suffering fearfully, he rode bareback to Homewood, three miles away, and fell exhausted as he reached the house of a physician. He died soon after the doctor reached the Norris home, in time to save four lives.

### SCOUTING PARTY REPLIED

Japanese Troops Find Obstacles in the Way While Reconnoitering.

The navy department Friday morning received the following cable from Admiral Remy:

"TAKU, August 1.—Bureau Navigation, Washington: Chinese reports that 800 Japanese, scouting toward Pei Tang, lost three men killed and twenty five wounded. The enemy is treacherous and hooped to be."

### WALK-OVER FOR RICHARDSON

James D. Richardson, leader of the minority in the house, was re-nominated for congress by the democrats of the Fifth Tennessee district in the primary Thursday. He had no opposition.

### FULL-BLOOD TICKET WON

Reliable returns of the election for governor held in the Cherokee nation Thursday show that Judge J. W. Dukes has been elected. He ran on the full-blood ticket.

## BIG BATTLE; HEAVY LOSS

Allies Go Against Chinese Forces On March to Peking.

### FOREIGNERS LOSE 1,200 MEN

Fight Occurred at Pitsang, a Village Six Miles Out From Tien Tsin on the Road to Peking.

The following cablegrams were received at the navy department Monday:

"Chee Foo, August 6.—Bureau Navigation, Washington: British officer reports, unofficial, engagement at Pitsang Sunday morning, 3 to 10:30. Allied loss, killed and wounded, 1,200, chiefly Russians and Japanese. Chinese retreating."

"Chee Foo, August 6.—Bureau Navigation, Washington: Unofficial report believed to be reliable. About 16,000 allies heavily engaged Chinese at Pitsang Sunday morning, 3 to 10:30. Light of the 5th, REMEX."

According to the information in possession of the war department, the town of Pitsang is at the head of a tidalwater on the Pei Ho, between eleven and twelve miles by road beyond Tien Tsin. It is a village of mud huts of considerable size, but not walled. The river at this point is not navigable by anything larger than a good sized steam launch, and it is thought that the troops probably reached there in small boats, towed by the naval launches.

The country all along the river between Peking to Tien Tsin is a low, alluvial plain, almost impassable for wheeled vehicles in the wet season and under quite a high state of cultivation. It presents no natural defensive features, and the war department knows no strategic reason why the Chinese should have made a stand there rather than at any other of the dozen villages east of the walled town of Tung Chow, where is stored an immense amount of provisions.

From the fact that the engagement lasted seven hours, it is argued in the department that either the Chinese must have been heavily entrenched or there was an immense force of them, or both. The Chinese government, it is pointed out, is suspicious of the actions and intent of the foreigners, and probably has adopted this precaution to prevent communication to the ministers of the details of military movements.

### CANDIDATE FOR REPEL

Negro Brutally Assaulted Young Lady and Leaves Her For Dead.

A negro brutally assaulted and nearly murdered Miss Ida Enzer, daughter of one of the most prosperous farmers of Cobb county, Ga., at Melver's station on the Western Atlantic railroad about ten miles from Atlanta, Monday afternoon.

The young lady was returning home after a visit to friends and was met in a lonely place on a public road by the negro. He beat her almost into insensibility and left, thinking, perhaps, that she was dead.

### MEAT FOR TROOPS IN ORIENT

Chicago Packers Have Been Asked by the Government to Furnish 2,000,000 Pounds of Meats Within Thirty Days for the American Soldiers in the Orient.

This is said to be the largest requisition ever issued by the government of the United States.

### CANAL CONCESSION REVOKED

The Governor of Nicaragua Seizes Property of the Maritime Canal Company.

Advices from Managua, Nicaragua, state that the governor of Nicaragua has taken possession of the property of the Maritime Canal Company and removed the company's cars, rails and property to the interior from Greytown, under article 54 of the concession.

### ALLIES OF NOBODY

The officials of this government insist that, so far as Americans are concerned, they are allies of nobody, though, of course, acting in co-operation with the forces of other governments toward the same end.

### GAMBLERS FALL OUT

Young White Man Killed By Two Negro Companions Over Cards.

Jack Gray, a well-known young man of Henry county, Ga., was murdered Saturday night by two negroes, with whom he was gambling in the woods, near Locust Grove.

Gray's body, with the back broken, was found Sunday morning by the side of the Southern railway track. It was thought at first that he had been killed by a train, but the coroner's inquest developed that he had been killed by two negroes, named Law.

### GOM PAUL MAKES A PROMISE

President Kruger and Commandant General Botha have issued a proclamation promising to pay all damage done to the farms by the British, provided the burghers remain with the commandos.

### SUSPECTS ARRESTED IN GERMANY

The police throughout Germany are arresting anarchist suspects. Among them is Professor Stahl, an Italian who has recently lectured on the subject of the Mafia in south Germany.

## ALABAMA'S ELECTION

Full State Ticket of Democrats Goes Through—Campaign Was the Quietest on Record.

The quietest state campaign witnessed in Alabama in ten years came to a close with the election which occurred Monday. The Democratic ticket went through by a larger majority than ever before.

In addition to statehouse officers, each of the counties in the state elected county officers, while members of the next legislature were also selected.

The following is the state ticket elected:

William J. Sanford, of Lee, governor.

Robert P. McDavid, of Montgomery, secretary of state.

John Craig Smith, of Dallas, state treasurer.

Charles G. Brown, of Jefferson, attorney general.

T. L. Sowell, of Walker, state auditor.

John W. Abernethy, of Calhoun, superintendent of education.

Robert R. Poole, of Marengo, commissioner of agriculture.

Declarations of the platform are summarized as follows:

Honest and economical government.

Consistent regard for the constitution.

Advocacy of commercial expansion.

Construction of the Nicaragua canal.

Denunciation of treatment of Porto Ricans.

Regulation of trusts.

Death to protective tariff.

Furtherance of public education.

Belief in Chicago platform.

Demand for Bryan's renomination.

### MAYOR'S VETO SUSTAINED

Atlanta City Council Reverses Its Action Regarding Electric Light Franchise.

By a vote of ten to three the Atlanta, Ga., city council sustained the mayor in his veto of the electric light franchise previously agreed on by that body at its last session, and subsequently unanimously adopted by both council and the aldermanic board.

Preceding the vote on the veto question Alderman Harvey Johnson made one of the hottest speeches the council has heard in many months. He scored the Atlanta Constitution for its editorials on the situation and roundly roasted President E. Woodruff, of the petitioning company, for claiming the streets of Atlanta. He referred to Mr. Woodruff as the "big-product president" of both Mr. Woodruff and Mr. Joel Hurt sat in the council chamber and heard the alderman's speech.

Alderman Johnson began his speech by saying he wanted to be fair to all parties concerned in the franchise situation. He said he would never vote, though, to give the street railway company a franchise for anything as long as it claimed the city's streets.

The argument was for an immediate settlement of the question whether the Atlanta Railway company controlled the streets of Atlanta under the state laws, or whether the city had the control. He said as long as the railway people claimed control and threatened to take the streets for their conduits, whether or not council was willing, he would never vote to give them the rights of the streets. He read parts of a letter Mr. Woodruff sent to electricity consumers, in which he said the company is now erecting a plant and would soon be able to furnish power and light, showing that the company was already in open defiance of the council.

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## SOUTH CAROLINA STATE NEWS ITEMS.

### A Campaign "Scrap."

Frank B. Gary and A. Howard Patterson have a rough-and-tumble fight before thousands of Laurens people, men and women. They fought with desperation and determination until Jim Tillman and others separated them, and then they wanted to get back at each other.

Had the incident occurred years ago in Laurens county, when there were a cartload of pistols at a meeting, there would have been funerals the next day. From day to day Patterson hammered at Gary about his Charleston speech. Gary thought this persistent effort was to make it appear indirectly that he straddled or favored local option while in Charleston, and that Patterson's effort was to place him in a false position as to what he had said and his announced attitude on the liquor question.

As persistently as Patterson would make his statements, so persistently would Gary insist that his position in Charleston, as elsewhere, was plain and unequivocal. On this occasion Patterson rejected about Gary's alleged straddle in Charleston. When Gary's turn came to speak he immediately replied that he did not "straddle," and that his position then, as now, was plain. Patterson was sitting about five feet behind where Gary was speaking, and got up and said:

"Mr. Gary, I want to explain some thing."

Gary turned squarely around and said:

"Now, Mr. Patterson, I want to ask you plainly, is what I have said about that Charleston matter true?"

Patterson said he would explain. Gary said there was no use to explain, but insisted on knowing whether what he had said about the whole matter was true or not. Patterson said he dared him to prove his statement by any of the candidates. Gary insisted on a direct reply as to whether his statement about the Charleston speech was true or not.

By this time the two men were within arm's length, looking fiercely at each other. Patterson said he would be correct what Gary had said, if he could not explain. Gary then said:

"If you say my statement is not correct, you say what is not so."

The two men struck. Patterson struck out and claims to have hit first. There was not a second's difference in the passage of blows. Patterson struck Gary on the forehead with the left eye, which cut the skin for half an inch long. Gary hit Patterson on the mouth and cut the lip and struck him on the nose.

It was not a minute before half a dozen men were around the two combatants. They were up against each other clinched and several blows were passed, but they were pulled apart, some yelling for one candidate and some for another.

When quiet was restored Mr. Gary faced the audience somewhat disheveled and bruised, and quivering all over and with clinched hand spoke, saying when he left home he had given up but he had a son and gave him no possible offense to any one and in turn he would not take any insult from any one. Mr. Gary apologized almost in tears for having fought before ladies.

Mr. Patterson was allowed to make a statement, and said he was very sorry for the occurrence. He did not like such things. He and Mr. Gary had been warm friends and he had been a staunch friend of the family, but when ever a man told him he had tried to put his fist in his mouth and give him the best he had in his shop.

When the two combatants had taken their seats a police officer good naturedly told each of combatants \$5, or they would have to go before the mayor's court. Gary paid his \$5 and Patterson, when asked, handed over his \$5, and the "incident" was closed.

### BUSINESS MEN AS POLITICIANS

There is exceptional interest being taken in politics in Charleston this year. For the first time in years business men are taking an active part. Besides local matters that attract attention, it is claimed that Charleston will give her vote to Governor McSwain; in fact, it is believed by many that he will be stronger than in any other county, and money is playing an important part in this campaign. Money talks in all campaigns, but it begins to look as if more money will be used in the present campaign than for many years past. The candidate who thinks he will make the campaign on the assessment fixed by the executive committee is laboring under a false idea. The regular assessment will sink into insignificance compared to the amount that each and every candidate will spend on the outside.

### IMPORTANT DECISION

The state supreme court has handed down a decision which nullifies the act which was intended to domesticate foreign corporations doing business in this state, requiring corporations to take out charters under the laws of this state.

The decision is far reaching and means that when sued for amount exceeding \$2,000 had to be sued through the United States circuit court and cannot be sued through the state courts. This holds whether the corporation has been rechartered in the state or not. In order to render its decision the supreme court was compelled to reverse its decision in the case of Mathis vs. the Southern railway, but started in doing so it is bound by the decisions of the United States supreme court. Dozens of cases pending in state courts are knocked out. During the last spring state courts have given heavy verdicts against interstate roads in numerous cases.

### WHITMAN AGAIN IN THE RACE

For four consecutive campaigns G. Walter Whitman has been a candidate for governor in this state. Until now, however, Whitman was a preacher, but since then he has been studying politics. He is now making the cam-

test under circumstances that are particularly unique and requiring great fortitude on the part of the candidate. Four years ago Whitman received 2,000 votes in a total of 80,000. Two years later his vote was 240. This year it is freely predicted that it will be even less, and yet Mr. Whitman is an absolutely confident of election as a man can be.

### SOMEONE TOO BUSY TO SERVE

Captain Ellison Smythe, president of the Polzer Manufacturing Company, has resigned his membership on the non-partisan municipal election board appointed by Mayor McKimley. His large business interests prevent him from giving the time necessary to the sessions of the committee held in various parts of the county.

He has recommended that D. A. Tompkins, well known throughout the south as an industrial economist and manufacturer of cotton mill goods, be appointed in his place.

Mr. Tompkins has many friends in this section and throughout the southern states who would be glad to see him on the commission.

### LIGHTNING'S DEADLY WORK

During an electric storm at Westminster a few days ago the lightning struck the residence of Rev. N. G. Christopher, killing Mr. Henry Simpson and severely shocking all in the house. There was a series of services being conducted in the Baptist church and Rev. Christopher had invited the prominent members of his church to take dinner with him.

Immediately after dinner they walked onto the piazza and before they were seated a terrific streak of lightning struck a post and ran to the floor, knocking three men—Messrs. Simpson, Bibb and Terrell—senseless. Messrs. Bibb and Terrell were not seriously injured, but Simpson was killed outright. He leaves a wife and a number of children.

### THIS FROM LI HUNG

Minister Wu at Canton Receives a "Delayed" Cable Dispatch.

A Washington special says: The Chinese minister called at the state department early Wednesday and presented to Secretary Hay a dispatch from Li Hung Chang, received from the Chinese minister in London:

"Just received a telegram from Pao Tien Foo of the sixth moon, twenty-third day (July 19th), that the privy council had that day received an imperial edict as follows:

"We have received the memorial of Li Hung Chang and others imploring us to save and protect the ministers of the various nations. Now the ministers are all safe and well, and Li Hung Chang is directed to write to Yang Wu and others that they may inform the respective secretaries for foreign affairs accordingly. Respect this."

"This telegram has been delayed in transmission. The other day I and other viceroys sent in a joint memorial, requesting that the different ministers be escorted out of Peking, or that they first be enabled to freely communicate by letter or with their respective governments. When an imperial answer is received, I will again communicate this to Minister Yang at Paris and Minister Wu at Washington for them to inform secretaries for foreign affairs."

### BRYAN'S PROGRAM

Breaks Outlines Work to Be Done by Him During This Month.

W. J. Bryan has outlined the following as his work for August:

After the notification at Indianapolis August 8th, he will return to Chicago or a few days to consult with the national committee. He will then return to Lincoln, and remain until August 30th, when he will go to Chicago to attend the national Grand Army convention. During his stay in Lincoln he will complete his letter of acceptance, and this will be issued. He will also prepare addresses for the Populist and silver Republican notifications.

### TAMPA SHUT OUT

Governor Johnston, of Alabama, Establishes a Quarantine.

Governor Johnston, of Alabama, issued a quarantine proclamation Thursday afternoon against Tampa, Fla., on account of two cases of yellow fever here. State Health Officer Porter, of Florida, notified Dr. Sander, the state health officer of Alabama, of the fact, and quarantine officers were ordered on all trains out of Tampa.

Upon the receipt of notice of declaration by the state of Alabama of quarantine against Tampa, Fla., instructions were at once issued by the Mobile board of health for stringent measures at Mobile Bay quarantine station to prevent the introduction of fever by water.

### LACK OF LIGHTERS

House Delay in Landing Cavalry Horses at Taku, China.

A Washington dispatch says: The operations of the American forces in China are seriously handicapped by the delay in the landing of the