

THREE MEN ROB WALHALLA BANK

NEARLY EIGHT THOUSAND DOLLARS IN SMALL CHANGE MISSING.

SECURED \$300 IN PENNIES

Policeman Grant and a Taxi Driver Bound and Gagged and Later's Car Taken.

Anderson. — Three unknown men bound and gagged Policeman Guy Grant at midnight and robbed the Enterprise bank of Walhalla, according to reports received here from Walhalla.

They succeeded in getting \$776.16, although there was more in a safe, which they were unable to open. Policeman Grant, who was lying in the rear of the bank bound and gagged, said that it took the men three hours to jimmy the side door and get the money. They had blow torches and other implements of safe crackers, according to statement of Policeman Grant.

Approximately \$300 secured by the robbers was in pennies, the remainder in small change. After breaking in the men turned their torch on the door of the vault, melting a hole large enough for a man to get through.

Leaving Walhalla, they took Policeman Grant with them, and left him near West Union, still bound and gagged. After several hours Grant made his way to a phone, describing the three men as one being less than medium height, one wore overalls, the other a blue suit. Policeman Grant states that he could identify the men on sight.

Mayor James H. Moss stated that officials of the bank said that the bank was fully protected by burglar insurance.

The three men arrived in Westminster a few nights ago, saying they were government men, a taxi driver said, and before getting to Walhalla bound and gagged him, robbing him of his watch and several dollars, and left him in the woods, taking his car. This Ford touring car was found near Westminster.

Legion Gets Health Body.
Waterboro.—The American Legion post in Colleton county has rendered the citizens a signal service by bringing to a successful conclusion its fight to have a health unit established for the benefit of the mass of citizens.

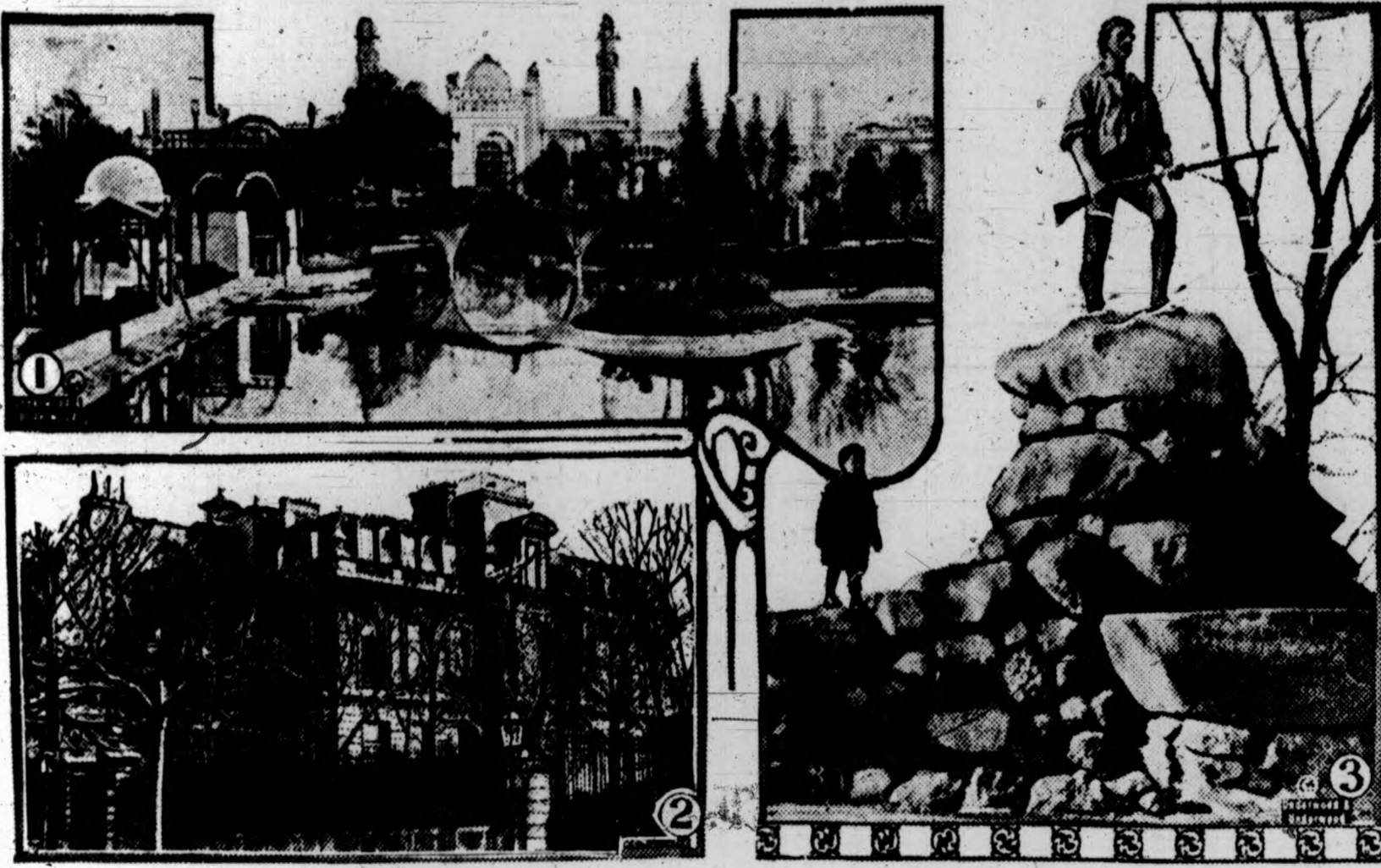
The post started its fight in this direction last August and did not meet with much enthusiasm until about two months ago when after good work by its publicity and through the efforts of E. J. Smith of the post's health and sanitation committee assisted by W. W. Smaok of the delegation and Dr. L. M. Stokes of the county medical association, it succeeded in having the bill passed.

York Farmers Need Negro Labor.
Rock Hill.—Speaking of labor conditions on the farms of York county this Spring, County Agent L. W. Johnson reported that a preliminary survey indicated that many planters are in acute need of negro labor. The scarcity of such labor is accounted for through the wholesale migration of the negro to northern industrial centers. Those who predicted the return of the negro during the past winter in large numbers appear to have been wrong in so far as this section is concerned, for few that left are reported to have come back this spring to follow "Ole Beck" down a furrow.

Board of Health in Session.
Columbia.—Among important matters to come up before a meeting of the executive committee of the state board of health, held in the offices of the secretary in Columbia was a discussion of plans for the use of the appropriations for the department for the coming year, the appointment of a committee to draw up regulations in regard to the sanitary making of mattresses and bedding, a discussion of the lack of regulations in regard to the contents of self rising flour, and a discussion of the use of the \$5,000 appropriation for state care of crippled children.

Rock Hill to Reduce Tax Levy.
Rock Hill.—At the regular meeting at the Rock Hill city council a resolution providing that the tax levy for this city be reduced one mill was given its first reading. The levy is now 37 mills and if such a reduction is authorized, this levy would be dropped to 36 mills. Reports showed that the finances of the city are in excellent condition.

Sum Appropriated Greenwood Church.
Greenwood.—Members of the local Associate Reformed Presbyterian church were pleased over the news that the board of home missions and church extension at a meeting in Charlotte, N. C., appropriated the sum of \$30,000 for a new church building in Greenwood. The congregation recently purchased a lot on the corner of Calhoun avenue and Lander street, near Lander college, for \$7,350 and has raised a considerable sum by subscription to be applied, with the proceeds from the sale of property.



1—View in the great British Empire exhibition soon to open in Wembley, near London. 2—The Trevy mansion in Paris bought by Ambassador Herrick for the United States for its embassy. 3—The Minute Man statue at Lexington, Mass., where the one hundred and forty-eighth anniversary of Paul Revere's ride and the Battle of Lexington will be celebrated April 19.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Attorney General Daugherty Resigns at the Request of President Coolidge.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

AT LAST President Coolidge has rid himself and his administration of the incubus of Attorney General Daugherty. Last Thursday the President in writing asked the resignation of Daugherty from the cabinet. The resignation was received at the White House next morning and was immediately accepted. It went into effect at once.

Mr. Coolidge's immediate reason for requesting Daugherty to get out was the position the latter had taken in refusing to open the confidential files of the Department of Justice to the Brookhart investigating committee. Daugherty made good in his expressed determination not to leave the cabinet unless the President directly asked him to do so. Now he and his supporters feel that he has not been fairly treated, in that the investigation into his conduct has not been completed.

AL JENNINGS, ex-angelist, politician and former train robber, presented to the senate oil committee his promised "whale of a story." It was to the effect that in 1920 the late Jake Hamon, then Republican national committeeman from Oklahoma, told him that Hamon was to be nominated for president and that it had cost Hamon \$1,000,000. He said that \$250,000 of this was given to the late Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania and \$25,000 to Will Hays. Hamon told him, continued Jennings, that he was to be made secretary of the interior and was to share in public lands. However, he was killed soon after the election.

Jennings also quoted Hamon as having said that with the money he would make he eventually would become president of the United States.

"Wasn't Hamon for Wood at the start?" asked Senator Bursum. "He never liked Wood," Jennings replied. "He said Wood was too much impregnated with the d—d fool honesty of Theodore Roosevelt."

Roxie Stinson told the senate committee investigating Attorney General Daugherty a lot more alleged facts damaging to the reputation of him and his associates, and some of them were confirmed from other sources. Her most sensational story was about a "\$33,000,000 oil stock deal" carried out in the fall of 1922 by five men of national prominence, whom she declined, for the time being, to name. She said Daugherty and Jess Smith, her divorced husband, were sore because they were not in on it. This alleged deal was in Sinclair stocks, but Roxie's story was so vague that it was regarded generally as fanciful.

Harry Sinclair's refusal to answer any more questions of the Teapot Dome committee was reported to the senate and that body, by a vote of 72 to 1, decided to turn the matter over to the federal grand jury. The question is one of the constitutional limitations of the powers of congress, and it will ultimately be carried to the Supreme court for decision. C. C. Chase, son-in-law of Albert Fall, also refused to testify, and as he held the position of collector of customs at El Paso the senate voted for his impeachment for conspiracy by the house. It was informed that Chase had already resigned, but, as Senator Hellin boomed, "too late, too late, the day of judgment has come."

The President still, to all appearance, is not disconcerted by the oil and Daugherty revelations. Last week, at the suggestion of the general board of the navy, he appointed a commissioner to determine the best means of conserving the nation's oil supply. The members are George Otis Smith, director of the geological survey; Rear Admiral Hilary P. Jones, U. S. N., president of the general board and former commander in chief of the United States fleet, and R. D.

Bush of the bureau of mineralogy of the state of California.

REPRESENTATIVE LANGLEY of Kentucky and five other men were indicted in Washington for conspiracy to interfere with the operation of the prohibition law and to defraud the government.

JUST as plans for the peaceful settlement of the reparations and other post-war troubles of Europe were beginning to move steadily toward accomplishment, M. Lasteurie, French minister of finance, "pulled a boner" last Wednesday and compelled Premier Poincare and his cabinet to resign. There was considerable dismay in diplomatic circles, but this was allayed when M. Poincare, after consulting the presidents of the senate and chamber of deputies, yielded to the request of President Millerand and consented to form a new ministry. The incident, after all, turned out advantageously, for the premier was enabled to get rid of several ministers whose unpopularity has hampered him.

Lasteurie's failure to control the financial situation had made him the object of frequent attacks, and when on Wednesday he demanded an immediate vote by the deputies on the government's pension bill the chamber sent it to a committee for investigation. Lasteurie thereupon called for a vote of confidence—a parliamentary blunder—and this was refused, 264 to 271. The resignation of the cabinet followed as a matter of course. Poincare, however, felt that he must retain the reins of government until the report of the committee of experts has been published and also believed he should carry on the series of conversations with Prime Minister MacDonald concerning French security. Therefore he undertook the formation of a new cabinet.

THERE seems to be ground for the hope that the Anglo-French conversations will lead to an agreement giving security to France, and in conjunction with the Dawes plan, to a settlement of the reparations problem. It is taken for granted that Germany will accept the experts' report, but it will urge that the German railways be heavily mortgaged and put in the control of a board of trustees instead of being internationalized. The Berlin government announced that the agreement between the Ruhr industrialists and France, which provided France and the allies with coal, in exchange for which the manufacturers were allowed freedom of operations, could not be renewed on April 15, when it expires, because the government could no longer pay for the products delivered. The Association of Rhineland Industries therefore offered the following basis for a new agreement:

The German industrialists will deliver 12 1/2 per cent of the coal output, as called for in the previous agreement, provided France and Belgium in turn facilitate Ruhr production by reducing the reparations coal tax and the cost for the transportation of freight on the Franco-Belgian controlled railway system in the Rhineland and Ruhr.

Poincare, according to Paris dispatches, has an ambitious program by which he hopes to save Europe. If a pact for French security can be arranged with Great Britain, he will soon meet Premier Theunis of Belgium to consolidate their positions, and then will call three great conferences. The first will include the allies, the second the allies and Germany, and the third, intended to make a complete settlement of the European tangle, will include the allies, Germany, the United States and the larger neutral nations.

Prime Minister MacDonald appears to be working along the same lines, for it is stated that he hopes, soon after the experts' report is submitted, to bring about a new allied conference, in which the United States would be asked to participate.

AT THIS writing the incomplete returns from the South Dakota primaries indicate that Hiram Johnson has defeated Coolidge for the Republican preference by a small majority. Belated reports may change this, but in any case the Coolidge campaign managers profess indifference. They

assert the President already has 250 delegates in hand and 350 more in sight, outside of contested states, and that with this minimum total of 600 votes he is assured of nomination on the first ballot in the Cleveland convention.

Some of the Coolidge leaders are talking quietly of the advisability of nominating John Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers, for the vice presidency. They believe this would be good politics and would in a measure offset the influence of Samuel Gompers, who each year comes nearer to becoming a Democrat. Lewis is held in high esteem by all union labor except the rabid radicals and by the people of the country generally. There is good reason to believe that he would accept the nomination.

TEN million dollars was voted by the house last week for the relief of hungry women and children in Germany. Only 97 members had the nerve to vote against the measure, 240 voting for it. The bill stipulates that the money is to be expended for foodstuffs in this country and the food is to be transported in shipping board vessels. Wherever possible the supplies are to be bought through farmers' organizations. Since the house repeatedly has been informed that there is no real food shortage in Germany, only a failure of proper distribution, it must be admitted that Representative Tucker of Virginia had reason for his assertion that the measure was designed to consolidate the German vote.

TWO more monarchs have been deposed—King George of Greece and the shah of Persia. In the former case the Greek national assembly voted for the deposing of the entire Glücksburg dynasty and its exile, and in favor of the establishing of a republic, subject to the decision of the people in the coming plebiscite. George is quoted as saying that he will not abdicate because he believes the Greeks want him and will vote to keep him on the throne. In Persia the assembly deposed the shah, who has spent most of his time in Europe, of late, but the republicans were for the present outnumbered so the shah's infant son was proclaimed ruler under a regency.

WITH all the pomp and splendid ceremony that surrounds such occasions, Archbishops Mundelein of Chicago and Hayes of New York were elevated to the cardinalate by Pope Plus XI. First came the secret consistory, in which the pope proposed the names of the two Americans to the sacred college and the cardinals formally acquiesced, after which the new princes of the church were notified, appeared and delivered addresses. Three days later, in public consistory, the pope invested them with the purple cloaks and red birettas. Seated on his scarlet draped throne, the holy father delivered a long eulogy of America in which he declared that America's "miracle of charity saved millions from starvation, just as the entry of the United States into the World war decided the fate of Europe and the world."

GROVER CLEVELAND BERGDOLL, draft dodger and deserter, is said to be on his way from Germany to America, ready to serve his sentence in order that the estate of his family may be untangled. Maybe he will be met by a reception committee from the group of half-baked student pacifists of Northwestern university who so gratefully listened to an anti-American lecture by a youth who served time in prison for refusing to serve in the army, and then hissed the American flag and its bearer, an ex-service man. But the less said about these young creatures the better, for they are untouched by denunciation and thrive on publicity.

MEXICO'S revolution has almost wholly collapsed. De la Huerta, its leader, has fled the country aboard a small vessel which may have been sunk in a recent storm. Nearly all the other chieftains have run away or surrendered, and the government forces are proceeding to clean up in Frontera, Chiapas and some other localities where there are still bodies of rebels.

SOJOURNER POULTRY FARM

Establishment Has Built Large Business in Three Years in Denmark.

Denmark.—The Sojourner Poultry farm in Denmark is being operated on a big scale and by the end of the summer this farm will have 5,000 laying hens. There are now 3,000. This farm is equipped with three 100 foot laying houses, 25 smaller colony houses, besides ten acres divided into feeding yards.

The poultry farm is situated on a 35 acre tract just outside of Denmark proper. The hatchery is located in the heart of the town of Denmark, in the business section, where it is easily accessible to ship the chicks by all express companies and postoffice. Three large incubators, which are operated by electricity, have a total capacity of 20,000 eggs and each week 5,000 baby chicks are hatched from this modern plant.

The Sojourner Poultry farm specializes in the Paish 265 to 300 egg strain White Leghorns and sells eggs for hatching to customers all over the United States. Baby chicks, broilers and laying hens have been sold to remote points. The poultry farm has made arrangements by which it can draw Rhode Island Red eggs from three different farms of high repute and standing and this farm also hatches and sells baby chicks from these eggs. This concern has been remarkably successful, having built the business up from a very small beginning about three years ago. In a very short time this poultry farm is expected to be one of the largest in the south.

Social Workers Gather in May.
Columbia.—The annual convention of the Southern Textile Social Service association will be held in Columbia May 7, 8 and 9.

More than 200 delegates representing mill communities in all sections of the South will attend and a varied program of entertainment is being prepared.

Officers of the association are: M. W. Heise, Revolution mills, Greenville, president; Mrs. J. H. Nichols, Pacific mills, Columbia, vice president; Mrs. J. H. Spille, Pacific mills, Columbia, secretary; G. Carson, Highland Park mills, Charlotte, treasurer; L. P. Hollis, Greenville, chairman of program committee.

Contracts Given For New Schools.
Sumter.—The contract for the erection of school buildings amounting to \$290,000 was awarded here after the school board had been in session all day canvassing the bids. The contract for the buildings of the boys' high school, girls' high school and manual training building with heating, lighting and plumbing was awarded to Derby & Burns of Fayetteville, N. C., for \$256,714.66. The contract for the negro school was awarded to I. F. Broom & Bro., negro contractor of Sumter and Florence. It called for separate contracts for heating, lighting and plumbing, the total amounting to \$33,953.97.

Grady Appointed Prohibition Director.
Greenville.—Capt. Lloyd H. Grady, recently appointed prohibition director for South Carolina, officially assumed the duties of his office, relieving Edgar N. Read, acting prohibition director, after being administered the oath of office before a notary public. Captain Grady is a native of Pickens and comes to Greenville as prohibition director for the state with a record which commends him highly for the responsible office he has taken.

Salesman Meets Tragic Death.
Columbia.—F. R. Mason, 50 year old traveling salesman, having headquarters apparently at 16 1-2 South Twentieth street, Birmingham, Ala., and 142 Court Avenue, Binghampton, N. Y., met a violent death, possibly, and his body was found in a patch of pine trees close to the main highway between Columbia and Lexington. The remains were in a state of decomposition and it was evident that the body had been exposed to weather conditions for several days. On the forehead was an ugly gash and the front of the throat bore a long deep cut. Sheriff Roof and several deputies visited the scene and after a hurried investigation started on a search for a 23 year old white man, going by the name of W. H. Covington, who was seen in company with Mason. Covington and Mason traveled together and sold a polish called "Alcool."

Sheriff Roof examined the pockets of Mason's clothing and found a notebook and a bunch of keys. A scarf pin was on the tie of the dead man. At the camp site were picked up several flasks that bore labels indicating that Mason had been selling a liquid to polish motor cars and hardware. It was named "Alcool" and the Binghampton and Birmingham addresses mentioned above were printed on the labels.

Capture Many Bottles of Ginger.
Rock Hill.—Twenty-five hundred bottles of ginger shipped into Fort Mill by express camouflaged as stick candy were seized and confiscated by Magistrate Sam Parker and his constables. In that the ginger, which is charged with being intended for beverage purposes, had not been delivered, authorities were unable to make cases against those to whom it was consigned. On the other hand, however, it may be that claims for indictments will be brought against the concern making the shipment, it is said.

Aspirin

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Many a woman who doesn't know her own mind gives her husband a piece of it.

A woman's train of thought is apt to run toward her dressmaker.

WHEN DIZZY--- BLACK-DRAUGHT

Arkansas Lady, Learning From Parents, Says Black-Draught "So Easily" Corrected Her Constipated Condition.

Farmington, Ark.—"I have been keeping house for nineteen years," says Mrs. O. J. Guilliams, of near here, "and since I began housekeeping I can't remember a time when we haven't used Black-Draught, for my parents used it before me."

"I had suffered so much from constipation and, finding that Black-Draught corrected this condition so easily, I just kept it and use it. When I get dizzy and everything goes round, I know then that I must take Black-Draught. It regulates me, my head doesn't feel so heavy and I get all right."

"My husband has found it so beneficial for sick headaches." Poisons which may cause great pain and much danger to your general health are re-absorbed by your blood when not properly eliminated. Don't neglect your health.

Theodore's Black Draught acts on the liver and stomach, bringing on elimination, and, by regulating the action of the liver, when it is torpid, helps to drive out the poisons and tends to leave the digestive organs in a condition of healthy activity.

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