

THEY ARE A UNIT

The Democrats in the House Will Stand Together on the Tariff.

THE WOOL SPLIT FIXED

Apparently the Individuals Are Willing to Subordinate Their Personal Preferences to the Public Policy, and Have the Republicans Guessing What the Outcome Will Be.

The Washington correspondent of the State says the House Democrats have the Republicans guessing. Long before this it was the fond hope of the latter that a split would occur which would send the following of Thomas Jefferson to the eternal bowdows, but the spectacle of a perfect organization among the Democrats is the thing that is worrying the Republican leaders as they contemplate the 1912 situation. The latest example of what organization can accomplish is afforded by the house caucus on the wool tariff.

In this instance the members on the Democratic side, seemingly divided hopelessly, went into a meeting and, instead of throwing bricks and coming to blows, got through a resolution on which both the friends and the enemies of a duty on raw wool were able to stand and present at least a semblance of peace and unity.

It had been hoped by the Republicans that the Democrats would split irreparably over the question of a tariff on raw wool. The Republicans, therefore, are deeply disappointed to see that the Democrats are not going to make any bad breaks prior to 1912, and that the result will probably be the election of a Democratic president and a Democratic senate and another Democratic house.

Shrewd observers perceive, of course, that the Democrats are in reality split over the question of tariff. More particularly, there is a wide division of opinion over the question of free raw materials. But from the standpoint of practical politics the question that is facing the Republican leaders is whether the Democrats are going to be able to conceal their differences in the main until after the 1912 campaign.

Some indications are given that the Democrats will be able to do this. The House Democratic leaders in particular are bending every effort in this direction. That is why they are so mad at Bryan for stirring up the free raw wool issue.

But having for the time quieted things as to wool, the house leaders hope there will be peace. As the result of their efforts, most of the House Democrats are fully convinced that the one thing of supreme importance now is to have the Democratic party win in 1912, and that for this reason individuals should subordinate their views and promote the party welfare. That is why the leaders are able to call caucuses on important matters and bind practically the entire Democratic membership to a certain course of action.

Republican members of the house, especially the insurgents, are protesting against the rule of caucus by the Democrats. They insist that the sway of the Democratic leaders in the house today, though in different form, is just as tyrannical as the rule of Cannon. They say the steam roller was never applied more ruthlessly in the days of Cannon than it is being applied now by the reigning forces in the house. They say that through the medium of the caucus the control of the house by a small cot. of leaders is made possible, and this is just what is happening now.

But, however, much kicking there may be among insurgent Republicans or Democrats against the method of rule by caucus, it looks as though this method would continue in the house for the present. So long as the Democratic end of congress is convinced the party is going to win in 1912, differences of opinion will be sunk to a considerable extent. At least this is what is happening in the house. In the senate there is less sign that the cry of harmony in order to win in 1912 will control senators. Already the senate Democrats have split on reciprocity, and if general tariff revision comes up, they will be more badly divided.

However, if the men of the senate follow the lead of those in the house the olive branch will wave, and the Democrats will go into the White House in 1912.

PRAYER BOOK BURNED

Lightning Strikes Church Stunning Many Worshipers.

At Fort Wayne, Ind., during a severe electrical storm Sunday lightning struck the Trinity Church and stunned many of the worshiper. A prayer book held by Mrs. W. W. Shrock was burned from her hand, which was blackened by the bolt. The church was filled with light from the flash and when it had passed the organ which was operated by electricity, and on which the organist was playing at the time, was silenced and all electric lights were out. There was a momentary panic which was quickly subdued by the presence of mind of the rector and organist.

Ohio Mob After Negroes.

Two of the negroes were arrested in the murder of O. F. Bowers about a week ago. Led officers to remove the prisoners from the county jail at Eaton, Ohio, Monday. A crowd was gathered when the negroes were taken to the county jail.

INDICT T. B. FELDER

BILL WILL BE HANDED TO NEWBERRY GRAND JURY.

Governor Blease and Hub Evans on Felder's Latest Letter About Them and Their Acts.

The Columbia correspondent of The News and Courier says it is learned that at Newberry Monday Thomas B. Felder, the Atlanta attorney, will be formally indicted. It is understood that the indictment will be in accord with the warrant recently sworn out against Col. Felder, charging him with offering a bribe and conspiracy to defraud the State.

The following witnesses, it is also learned, have been summoned to appear at court: Governor Cole L. Blease, H. F. Evans of Newberry; John Bell Towill of Batesburg, and L. W. Boykin of Camden.

The information at hand is that the bill of indictment will be placed before the grand jury upon the convening of court at Newberry Monday.

In regard to the open letter of Col. T. B. Felder, published in the Atlanta Constitution several days ago, charging in effect that Governor Blease, when a State Senator, represented certain liquor houses, and otherwise reflecting on South Carolina's Chief Executive in connection with the old State dispensary, Governor Blease had the following to say:

"I do not care to say anything as to such stuff emanating from a man that I have made a requisition for to answer to corrupt practices in attempting to bribe the former State official of this State. I shall not be diverted from my purpose to bring him to justice. The public will soon learn how foolish, malicious and foul have been and are the charges made against me by such persons and their friends, and will see how they will be confounded in their own filth. Let them go on. The commission will continue their work of investigation, and I will do my best to have Felder answer for the violation of our law and his friends here will find that there is a day of reckoning."

Referring to Col. Felder's recently issued open letters, "Hub" H. Evans, of Newberry, who was in Columbia Monday, entered a sweeping denial to all allegations made by Felder concerning himself (Evans) in connection with old State dispensary affairs and signifies his readiness to meet all charges made, even to the extent of giving "them personal satisfaction" at any time and place they or either of them may desire.

LET US HAVE IT ALL

Felder May Furnish Some Sensational Evidence.

A special dispatch to the Greenwood Journal says there seems to be no misgiving among the members of the dispensary commission as to their ability to bring Col. T. B. Felder to the town of Newberry on the charge of conspiracy to defraud the State. It is said that in case that Governor Brown should refuse to grant requisition papers that the dispensary commission will wait until Governor Hoke Smith takes office, as it is understood that he will grant requisition for Felder.

The old dispensary commission remain in Columbia and they hold frequent conferences behind closed doors but will not talk to reporters nor will Attorney General Lyon discuss his trip to the north recently. Intimations around the capital are that something may drop soon.

It is believed that Felder will come back good and strong with some evidence showing that he did not write the letters which were produced by H. F. Evans, of Newberry, although experts, it is said, declare that the writing is that of T. B. Felder. At any rate a sensational step will be taken and it is believed as stated above, that Felder will bring another man into the case.

DOES SOME GOOD.

The Torrid Weather Kills the Cotton Boll Weevil.

A dispatch from Tallahassee, La., is to the effect that the torrid weather of the past week has been effective in putting a big per cent of the dreaded cotton boll weevils out of business.

The tests conducted by the Delta Boll Weevil Laboratory, under the direction of G. D. Smith of the United States Bureau of entomology, indicate that the bug has sustained its most serious setback since its invasion of that territory.

Of the weevils placed in hibernating cages last fall half of one per cent only have emerged against 1 1/2 per cent last season, showing that the per cent surviving is considerably smaller.

Thrown From Buggy.

Rev. R. A. Yongue, pastor of the Chester Circuit, was painfully hurt Sunday while returning from church by being thrown from the buggy. His buggy was filled and he was standing on the back, when his horse took fright, and Mr. Yongue was pitched off. He was knocked unconscious and otherwise badly bruised, but fortunately no limbs were broken.

Six Injured in Storm.

At Baxley, Ga. six persons were injured and considerable property damage done by a severe wind and rain storm, which swept that section Monday afternoon. Mrs. H. J. Parker was shocked by a bolt of lightning. The others injured were young men who were caught in a garage which was demolished by the storm.

SUPPORTS TAFT

Former President Roosevelt Favors Taft For Republican Nominee.

MAY AID IN CAMPAIGN

At Cardinal Gibbons' Celebration in Baltimore the Two Presidents Met—Roosevelt Will Not Consider Taking the Nomination Himself for President in 1912.

President Taft, in his candidacy for the presidential nomination in 1912, will receive the unqualified endorsement of former President Roosevelt, which will be uttered just as certainly as it was in the last campaign. This is the best political news Mr. Taft has received in many months, and it comes to him in a manner that leaves no doubt as to its authenticity.

The information that Mr. Roosevelt, under no circumstances, will allow his name to be presented to a national convention was received several days ago, but it did not become known until Tuesday night. That Col. Roosevelt feels that the Taft administration should be continued was brought out as a result of the meeting between the two at the Cardinal Gibbons jubilee at Baltimore.

Whether the former president will enter the campaign, as an active worker, will be watched with interest.

It is not expected to prove pleasing to Republicans, who have made no secret of their desire to bring Col. Roosevelt forward as a formidable rival for the 1912 nomination. Many of these Republicans, no doubt, will refuse to abandon hope until Col. Roosevelt himself, in a quoted statement, announces his position and thus breaks the silence concerning the administration, which he has maintained since landing in New York on his return from Africa.

The information that Mr. Roosevelt would be found allied with the president rather than against him, was brought directly to Mr. Taft from Mr. Roosevelt by a mutual friend high in official life, who was connected with both the Roosevelt and Taft administrations in a capacity that enabled him to gain and retain the confidence of both men.

The meeting at Baltimore between the two was only incidental to the Cardinal Gibbons jubilee, but it awakened the political interest of men high in public life. They met first in the reception room in the 5th regiment armory, where the jubilee celebration was held. They talked together and shook hands with old friends, they chatted, laughed and behaved just as they used to do when Mr. Roosevelt was in the White House and Mr. Taft was secretary of war. They carried the spirit of friendship to the platform and, sitting side by side, they conversed and under tones through much of the afternoon.

Mr. Roosevelt reached Baltimore before the president, and was waiting for him at the armory.

"Hello, Mr. President," said he in the high pitched voice that Washingtonians know well. "I'm glad to see you. I want to inquire about Mrs. Taft."

"Hello, Theodore," replied the president. "How are you?"

Shortly after, Mr. Roosevelt was taken aside by the president. The two men were together about ten minutes, beyond ear range of any other person. Afterwards it was said they talked about Mrs. Taft's health.

The president invited the colonel to come to Washington on June 19 to his guest in the White House at his silver wedding anniversary. Mr. Roosevelt said he would try to make it. As he had to return immediately to New York he was not the president's guest Tuesday night.

The president arrived in Washington at 7 o'clock. After he had shaken hands with the cardinal, the president put out his hand to the colonel. "Goodbye, Teddy," said he. Then he leaned forward and said something. They both laughed and the meeting was over.

THE LORIMER CASE.

The Probers to Look Into the Matter Have Been Selected.

Senators Dillingham, Gamble, Kenyon and Jones, Republicans, and Fletcher, Johnston, Kern and Lea, Democrats, will constitute the subcommittee that will conduct the new investigation into the bribery charges against Senator Lorimer. They were named for this duty Monday by the committee on privileges and elections and are all ready to begin service with all the authority of a full committee as soon as the Senate approves.

Of the eight members, Messrs. Dillingham and Gamble, Republicans, and Fletcher and Johnston, Democrats, voted for Lorimer in the previous investigation. Mr. Jones, Republican, voted against him. Messrs. Kenyon, Republican, and Kern and Lea, Democrats, were not then members of the Senate. They are said to be against Mr. Lorimer.

Accidentally Killed.

Information was received Tuesday of the horrible and violent death of Mr. Grady Lane, son of Mr. Henry Lane, of Early Branch, Hampton county, a bright young man, who had not yet reached his majority. It seems that he had just returned to his work at the Cummings mills at Fiebtig from breakfast, was caught by the belting or shafting, and dashed to his death. Further particulars are lacking.

THE PAPER TRUST

GRIEVANCES OF PUBLISHERS BEING POINTED OUT.

New York Publisher and General Manager Stone Makes Earnest Appeals for Canadian Agreement.

Public hearings on the Canadian reciprocity bill were concluded by the Senate finance committee Monday, representatives of the American Newspaper Publishers Association and of the Associated Press being the last to appear before the committee.

Secretary of State Knox, at the request of Senator Bailey, has been asked to explain to the committee whether the Root amendment to the paper section of the bill, providing that the President is satisfied and has issued a proclamation to the effect that paper and word pulp are being admitted free into all the provinces of Canada, is in full accord with the agreement, as understood by the commissioners from both countries who prepared the treaty. On Wednesday the committee will take up the bill in executive session to discuss the Root amendment.

Both Herman Ridder, until recently president of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association and Melville E. Stone, general manager of the Associated Press, testified Monday, in answer to queries from various Senators, that in their opinion no effort had been made by the newspapers of the country to present only one side of the reciprocity argument to color their reports on the question or to suppress any facts which were of news value. Bruce Haldeman, president of the publishers' association, and Frank B. Noyes, president of the Associated Press, also appeared.

The chief interest which the newspapers of the country have in the matter, Mr. Ridder told the committee, is their desire to free themselves from the paper manufacturers' trust which now, he added, has the publishers at its mercy. The readers of the country would benefit by cheaper paper, as well as the publishers, he declared, because the money saved on paper would be used to furnish a larger and better news service.

Mr. Ridder acknowledged that the publishers' association had sent out bulletins and telegrams urging the passage of the reciprocity measure. "But I would not have favored the measure," he said, "if I had not thought it would be of benefit to the country as a whole, independent of my interest in it as a newspaper publisher."

When Mr. Ridder attacked the paper trust, which he said limited the output, fixed the price and told a publisher where he must buy his paper, both Senators Mcumber and Bailey, opponents of the bill declared that if there was such a trust they wanted to see it prosecuted by the government. Mr. Ridder insisted, in answer to numerous questions, that any amendment to the bill would, in his opinion, enlarge and probably kill the measure and that, therefore, he was in favor of seeing the bill passed exactly as it came from the House.

Mr. Stone testified that no instructions had been sent out to Associated Press correspondents as to Canadian reciprocity, except that they had been told to send any important matter connected with it because of the general interest of the subject. He was questioned in detail as to the Associated Press service by a number of Senators. All reports, he said, were supposed to be absolutely fair to both sides; to be a recital of facts on their news value only.

AN UNINVITED GUEST

Man Awakes to Find Snake Coiled About his Arm.

During the wind and rain storm Monday night after midnight, E. D. Arnet, an official of the Bibb Truck Company, living at 221 Clayton St., Vineville, Ga. awoke and was surprised and startled to feel something tightly wound around his arm.

Jumping out of the bed he turned on the electric light and saw a green moccasin, more than three feet long, head uplifted and fangs protruding, looking him in the face. He grabbed his coat, and using it as a shield and a glove managed to unwind the snake which he flung away from him.

The snake landed in the middle of the bed, promptly coiled and showed no signs of departing. Mr. Arnet immediately forsook his apartments, and despite the mosquitoes, spent the remainder of the night sleeping on the dining table downstairs. A hickory tree grows beside Mr. Arnet's bed room window, and it is supposed that the snake was driven from it into the room by the storm.

OUTLAWS PUT TO DEATH

Stand no Chance After Being Captured by Mexicans.

Twenty-eight followers of "Magnum's" Mexican liberals who were opposed to Madero, were summarily executed on Saturday and Sunday in the Altar district, near Compa and Altar, according to refugees. The districts have been cleared of the followers of Mazon, who were classed by the provisional government as bandits. The 28 executed were captured after a skirmish, in which there were a number of casualties on both sides. It is said that Madero troops have been put to death all over the country.

Took Po.

Rev. H. J. ... minister of ... paragonic.

STEEL TRUST

The War X ings of the Gigantic Corporation Laid Bare By Gary

ONE OF TEDDY'S PETS

While President, Roosevelt Personally Licensed It to Absorb the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company in Open Violation of the Laws of the United States.

Ellert H. Gary, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the United States Steel Corporation, told the House investigating committee recently that the Bureau of Corporations had been investigating the Steel Trust for five or six years and that "the bureau must have a household of facts."

None of these facts has ever been made public by the Government. The Bureau of Corporations was one of Mr. Roosevelt's pet hobbies. As he said in his first message to Congress Dec. 2, 1901:

"The first essential in determining how to deal with the great industrial combinations is knowledge of the facts, publicity in the interest of the public; the Government should have the right to examine the workings of the great corporations engaged in interstate business."

The same thought was expressed in a speech made by Mr. Roosevelt in Boston August 25, 1902:

"The first thing we want is publicity, and I do not mean publicity as a favor by some corporations—I mean it as a right from all corporations afforded by law."

Again at Wheeling, Sept. 6, 1902, Mr. Roosevelt said:

"The first thing to do would be to find out facts. For that purpose I am absolutely clear that we need publicity. Congress yielded to Mr. Roosevelt's entreaties and gave him a Bureau of Corporations, which was organized Feb. 25th, 1903. The act creating the bureau upon the Commissioner of Corporations power and authority to make, under the direction and control of the Secretary of Commerce and Labor, diligent investigations into the organization and management of the business of any corporation, joint-stock company or corporate combination engaged in commerce among the several States and with foreign nations, excepting common carriers subject to 'An act to regulate commerce,' approved on Feb. 4, 1887."

The United States Steel Corporation is the greatest of all trusts that control manufacture. As Judge Gary said in his testimony the other day, "the Steel Corporation does absolutely no operating. It manufactures nothing. It gets its income from the dividends declared by the subsidiary companies." Its control of these subsidiary companies is absolute, as Judge Gary's testimony shows.

"The subsidiary companies have their own directors and officers and have the right to act independently, but as the Steel Corporation owns the stock, if the conduct of a subsidiary company was antagonistic in any way it would only be a question of time when the administration of that subsidiary company would be changed."

"You mean the parent company would control the policies of any subsidiary company?"

"It might not for the moment, or the month, but when the time for elections arrived would."

Yet after five or six years of "diligent investigation" of the affairs of this gigantic trust the Bureau of Corporations has been unable to furnish any publicity in the interest of the public," says the New York World.

One Presidential campaign has been fought, and finished, since the bureau began its investigation of steel. The tariff has been revised and preparations are under way for the next Presidential campaign, but the facts collected by the Bureau of Corporations under two Republican Administrations have yet to see the light of day.

During the last five or six years the heavy hand of the United States Government has been laid upon Hammons, upon Beef, upon Turpentine, upon Sugar, upon Standard Oil, upon Tobacco, but no administrative finger has disturbed the serenity of the Great Steel Trust.

It has remained immune, and Mr. Roosevelt as President of the United States personally licensed the absorption of the Tennessee Coal and Iron Corporation in further recognition of the great influence of the Morgan interests which have been so friendly to us," thus giving it an ultimate monopoly of the high-grade iron ore of the country.

Is the United States Government another of the Steel Trust's subsidiary concerns?

The crops that are up are looking well.

Whips, Lap Robes and ... Prices as always in favor of Ark.

Free Round Trip to Charleston

The Retail Merchants Pay Your Fare.

Out-of-town shoppers may come to Charleston, stay from one to five days, attend the theatres, visit the Island resorts, etc., do buying and have their railroad fare paid for the round trip. The only conditions to be complied with are: First, that your combined purchases amount to \$25 or more. Second, that you come from a point twenty-five miles or more distant. Third, that your fare must not exceed 5 per cent. of your total purchases.

The merchants of Charleston carry large and well assorted stocks. The matter of selection is easy; you have a variety to choose from. Their stocks are kept fresh by being replenished often. Prices are very reasonable, considering quality.

The following merchants are members of this refund plan and will be very glad to serve you.

"Fourth—That you must buy a round trip ticket or get a receipt from your railroad agent at your home station, showing that you purchased a ticket."

If you cannot find what you want in your home town, remember you can always get it in Charleston.

ASK FOR REFUND BOOKS.

- Art Stores.
- Lanneur's Art Store, 238 King st
- Antique Furniture.
- Morgenstern Furniture Company, 623 King st
- Bakers.
- Condon's Bakery, 153 Rutledge ave
- Book Stores.
- Walker, Evans & Co., 3 Broad st
- C. L. Legerton, 263 King st
- Carpets, Mattings, Etc.
- Mutual Carpet Company, 247 King st
- China, Glass and Queensware.
- Charleston Crockery Company, 299 King st
- Cigars and Tobacco.
- Follin Bros. Co., 250 King st
- Clothing and Gents' Furnishing.
- Bentschner & Visanska, 252 King st
- Hirsch-Israel Company, 252 King st
- King and Wentworth
- Bluefield Bros., 494-496 King st
- W. S. Cook Company, 242 King st
- S. Brown Sons, 254-256 King st
- Banov & Volaski, 285 King st
- Department Stores.
- M. Furholt & Sons, 240-242 King st
- Louis Cohen & Co., 232-234 King st and 292 Meeting
- J. R. Reed Co., 249 King st
- The Kerrison Dry Goods Co., 282 Hasel st
- Druggist.
- Paragon Drug Co., 286-288 King st
- Fish and Oysters.
- Terry Fish Co., 123 Market st
- Florists.
- Connelley-McCarthy Co., 296 King st
- Furniture.
- Phoenix Furniture Co., 187-191 King st
- Buell & Roberts, 573 King st
- A. G. Rhodes & Son, 359-361 King st
- Furniture and Dry Goods.
- Buell & Roberts, 573 King st
- Grocers.
- J. H. Hesse, Montague & Coming
- The John Hurkamp Co., King and Broad sts
- Guns, Bicycles and Sporting Goods.
- The B. H. Worthen Arms Co., 230 King st
- Hardware.
- M. H. Lazarus, King and Hasel sts
- A. McL. Martin, 363 King st
- Strochewer & McDermaid, 237 King st
- Ball Supply Co., 377 King st
- Jewelers.
- Jas. Allan & Co., 285 King st
- Carrington, Thomas & Co., 271 King st
- Optician and Optical Supplies.
- Parsons Optical Co., 244 King st
- Pianos, Organs, Music and Musical Merchandise.
- Seigling's Music Store, 243 King st
- Stoves, Cooking Utensils, Etc.
- Minnis Stove Co., King and Burns Lane
- Shoe Stores.
- Robert E. Martin, 256 King st
- H. J. Williams, 248 King st
- Robert Martin, 129 Market st
- A. A. Hirs, 281 King st
- O'Brien & Sons, 381 King st
- W. F. Livingston, 386 King st
- Jacob's Shoe Store, 519 King st
- Trunks and Bags.
- Charleston Trunk Company, 270 King st
- Typewriters and Office Supplies.
- Edward J. Murphy, 157 Meeting

LOYALTY RATES FOR THE Summer School

BEGINNING JUNE FIRST.

Now is the time to begin to prepare for the fall and new year position. Lessons by mail if desired. Positions guaranteed. No vacation.

Southern Commercial School

Calhoun & Meeting sts., Charleston, S. C.; Wilmington, Winston-Salem, Salisbury, Durham, N. C. The highest endorsed Business College in the South Atlantic. Enter any time. Write for full information.

CLASSIFIED COLUMN

- 25 Beautiful Foreign View postal cards, 20c. Ferguson, 1042 Lafayette Ave., Kansas City, Kansas.
- Stop! Get wise to the best money-making opportunities. Send map U. S. Specialty Co., Greenville, Pa.
- At Glenn Springs, S. C., The Garner House offers good service. Splendid fare and the best location. Write for rates.
- Wanted—bookkeepers, stenographers and clerks for high-grade positions Southern Business Bureau, Charlotte, N. C.
- We want you to be one of 2,000 visitors to the Land of Waterfalls; write for booklet. Board of Trade, Brevard, N. C.
- Cow Peas—Seed Peas for sale. A limited quantity Clays and Clay Mixed. The H. G. Leding Co., Charleston, S. C.
- Agents.—We save you 25 or cent. on your portrait work. Big job lot frames 10x20. Owens Portrait & Frame Works, Hogansville, Ga.
- Mayberry's Chicken Remedy for Gaps, Roup and Cholera. Satisfaction guaranteed. Postpaid, 25c. Tells how to get future supply free. Guy Mayberry, Newberry, Ind.
- Eggs in incubator lots or single settings from S. C. Reds, \$1.60 per 15; \$8.00 per hundred. Nice cockerels, \$2.00 each. Eugenia Hammond, North Augusta, S. C.
- 1,000 acres, 2 1/2 miles Ry., 1,000 acres in cultivation, 50 tenant houses, good barns, excellent fencing, 3,000 acres timber; \$20 per acre. Harris Realty Co., Clarendon, S. C.
- Prices as always in favor of Ark.
- ever in Summer.
- Mail us \$10 and we'll send you a nice, new 36-pound and 6-pound pair pil-prepaid. Turner & other Dealers, Charleston, S. C.
- Charlie Brc Barwell, S. C.
- mb Rhode Island White Orping when others for sale. Sead A. Dobbs, Box
- When Medicine-Fall, will take your case. Diseases of Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys, Liver, Lungs and debility (either sex) permanently eradicated by Natural Methods. Interesting literature free. C. Culen Howerton, Durham, N. C.
- Wanted—Every man, woman and child in South Carolina to know that the "Alco" brand of Knab, Doors and Blinds are the best and are made only by the Augusta Lumber Company, who manufacture everything in Lumber and Millwork and whose watchword is "Quality." White Augusta Lumber Company, Augusta, Georgia, for prices on any order, large or small.
- Don't Delay Linger—in providing your home with a good piano or organ. Doubtless, you have promised your family an instrument. No home is complete without music, and nothing is so inspiring and cultivating. Music helps to drown sorrows, and gives entertainment for the children, and keeps them at home. This is our 27th year of uninterrupted success here, hence we are better prepared than ever to supply the best pianos and organs and will save you money. Write us at once for catalogs and for our easy payment plan and prices. Malone's Music House, Columbia, S. C.
- The world takes no stock in the man who plunders his fellowmen six days in the week and goes to church on the seventh day to worship God.